Important

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INT CODE CHART



4500HD Crew Cab Diesel, 4500XD Crew Cab Diesel, 5500HD Crew Cab Diesel

6500XD Diesel Chassis Cab

Attention Body Builders! Chevrolet LCF Medium Duty Body Body Builder guides are now available for FREE!- go to: www.gmupfitter.com

Download the Body Builder Guide or sections for important information about up fitting your Chevrolet LCF Medium Duty Commercial truck. All printed material, specifications, and drawings contained in the Chevrolet LCF Medium Duty Body Builder Guide are based on the latest information available at the time of publication/posting. The manufacturer reserves the right to discontinue or change, at any time, without notice specifications, options, materials, equipment, design and models.

Information contained in the guide includes:

- FMVSS safety standard
- EPA requirements
- OE recommendations
- Cautions for successful application up fitting and Frame modification procedures

PAGE

0.1



This guide has been provided as an aid to final stage manufacturers in determining conformity to the applicable Emission Control and Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. Final stage manufacturers should maintain current knowledge of all Emission Regulations and Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards and be aware of their specific responsibility in regards to each standard.

Any manufacturer making material alterations to this incomplete vehicle during the process of manufacturing the complete vehicle should be constantly alert to all effects, direct or indirect, on other components, assemblies or systems caused by such alterations. No alterations should be made to the incomplete vehicle that directly or indirectly results in any either component, assembly or system being in nonconformance with applicable Emission Regulations or Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.

General Motors will honor its warranty commitment (for the cab-chassis only), to the ultimate consumer, provided: (1) the final stage manufacturer has not made any alterations or modifications which do not conform to any applicable laws, regulations or standards, or adversely affect the operation of the cab-chassis; and (2) the final stage manufacturer complied with the instructions contained in this guide with respect to the completion of the vehicle. Otherwise, the warranty becomes the responsibility of the final stage manufacturer.

The final stage manufacturer is solely responsible for the final certification of the vehicle and for compliance with Emission Control and Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. The information contained in this guide has been provided for the final stage manufacturer's information and guidance.

This guide contains information pertaining to the:

Diesel Models: 4500HD Regular Cab Diesel, 4500XD Regular Cab Diesel, 5500HD Regular Cab Diesel 5500XD Regular Cab Diesel

4500HD Crew Cab Diesel, 4500XD Crew Cab Diesel, 5500HD Crew Cab Diesel, 6500XD Diesel Chassis Cab



LCF MEDIUM DUTY V.I.N. IDENTIFICATION CALLOUTS

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	E	16001-19500	HYDRAULIC BRAKE																		
	К	23501-26000	AIR BRAKE																		
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	F		(DSL) 13,000 GVWR	1																	
	8		GAS) 12,000 / 14,500 GVWR	1																	
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2021 Chevrolet Low Cab Forward CAUTIONARY NOTES:

Electrical Sensitivity and Battery Relocation Warning

The Low Cab Forward Trucks are sensitive to poor electrical integrity of the starting circuit when compared to previous year models. This is due to the ever increasing electrical demands from the base vehicle that includes the new emissions componentry as well as more sophisticated engines and transmissions. The control modules for these devices require healthy electrical circuits without significant voltage drops through the supply and return circuits.

A relocation or modification of batteries coupled with insufficient wire gauge, poor terminal crimps, weak conductivity to frame rails, terminal corrosion, or loose bolts, could contributed to a possible no start condition.

All Fluids and Lubricants Caution

Any fluids or lubricants added to the chassis during the final manufacturing process must meet GM's fluids and lubricants specifications. These fluids and lubricant specifications vary based on model year and chassis model code. A recommended fluids list based on model and model year can be found in the Vehicle Owner's Manual.

Low Speed Applications for LCF Series Chassis

Any low speed vehicle applications using the Aisin Transmission such as sweeper, highway striping and road side mowing airport service must adhere to the following guidelines in order to prevent the over heating of the automatic transmission fluid.

FACTORY RECOMMENDATION:

Select Range 1 for low speed operations under 11 mph, (18km/h). Select Range 2 for low speed operation under 22 mph, (36km/h).

Auxiliary Transmission Cooler Warning

Installation of Auxiliary automatic transmission fluid cooler will void warranty on transmission/engine.

Transmission Temperature Warning Lamp

Automatic transmission fluid temperature warning lamp illuminates over 140 Centigrade/284°Fahrenheit.

Fuel Tank Caution

Fuel fill kit must be installed on cab chassis if it will be driven for an extended distance. (Note: fuel tank kit provides venting for the fuel tank)

Tapping into Engine Cooling System

Do not connect any auxiliary heating devices to the chassis cooling system. The chassis cooling system is part of the vehicle emission system and is used to thaw DEF fluid and meet mandatory emission thaw times.

Brake Override Logic

The ECM logic has adopted Brake Override Logic that will reduce engine RPM to idle RPM when the brake and accelerator pedals are applied simultaneously. This ECM logic has been adopted to enhance the safe operation of the vehicle. The brake override logic disables the accelerator pedal input and protects against vehicle malfunction in cases where the accelerator pedal and brake pedal are operated simultaneously, or if unintended driver acceleration pedal operations are detected.

2021 Chevrolet LCF

PAGE

1.2

NO-START CONDITION – CLICKING OR BANGING FROM STARTER

LCF Trucks Equipped with 5.2L (4HK1) Diesel Engines

It is possible to experience a no-start condition accompanied by a clicking or banging-type noise from the starter. This condition presents itself when vehicle battery voltage is low. The insufficient voltage/current will cause an improper ground for the X-17 starter relay. As a result, the starter will not remain engaged to start the engine. This is not an indication of a defective starter, alternator or ECM.

The following is a list of common causes for low battery voltage. Inspect these items as possible causes for the described condition before further diagnosis.

- 1. Extreme low ambient temperatures (below 10°C / 50°F). The chemical reactions inside of batteries take place more slowly when the battery is cold. The vehicle systems therefore have less energy to work with when it tries to start the engine.
- 2. Vehicles stored for long periods without proper battery charging and maintenance.
- 3. Batteries that have been relocated further away from the starter than the original designed location.
- 4. Batteries or battery cables that have been replaced with improper gauge.
- 5. Corroded battery terminals and cables.
- 6. Vehicles that are started and stopped multiple times without allowing the charging system to replenish the batteries' charge.
- 7. Excessive use of electrical equipment such as electric lift gates.
- 8. Interior and exterior lighting left "On" without the engine running.

NOTE: Do not diagnose starters, alternators, ECMs or other no-start conditions prior to ensuring the battery is fully charged and none of the above common causes exist

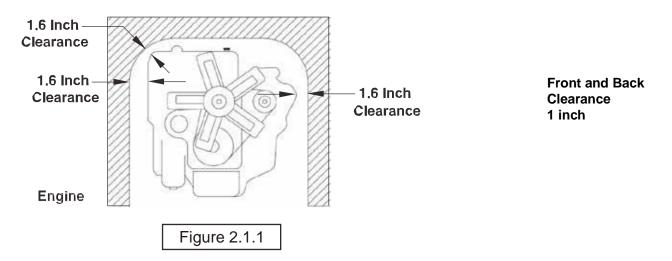


INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

<u>Clearances</u>

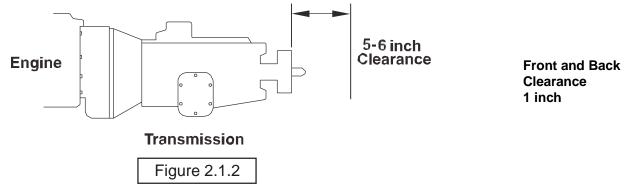
Engine

At least 1.6 inches of clearance should be maintained around the engine. No obstacles should be added in front of the radiator or intercooler.



Transmission

The transmission is removed from the rear. Enough clearance must be provided to allow rearward movement of the transmission assembly. Clearance should be sufficient to allow 5 to 6 inches of unrestricted movement of the transmission assembly. In addition, provide at least 2 inches of clearance around the control lever on the side of the transmission to allow free movement without any binding.

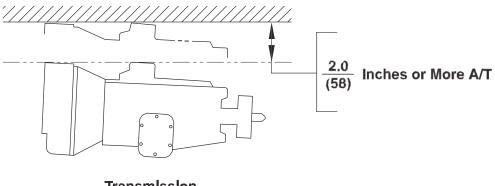




INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

<u>Clearances</u>

At least 2 inches of clearance should be maintained above the automatic transmission to allow for transmission removal.

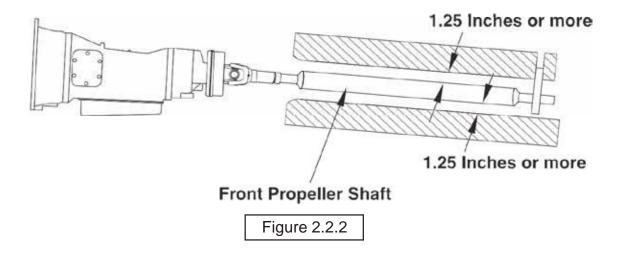


Transmission

Figure 2.2.1

Front and Center Propeller Shafts

At least 1.25 inches of clearance should be maintained around front and center propeller shafts.



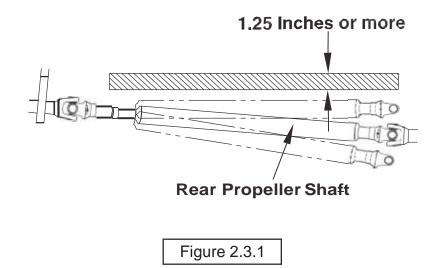


INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

<u>Clearances</u>

Rear Propeller Shaft

With the rear springs at maximum deflection, at least 1.25 inches of clearance should be provided over the rear propeller shaft.





INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

Clearances

Exhaust System

The exhaust system has a crucial role in meeting 2010 EPA regulations. In order to maintain compliance with the 2010 EPA emissions levels the Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) and SCR package must not be moved. The distance between the engine exhaust manifold down pipe and Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) / Selective Catalytic Reduction Package (SCR) must be maintained and the pressure in the system must be sustained at a constant level. Due to increased temperatures in the exhaust system during the regeneration cycle and the heat stress caused by these temperatures, body builders should closely evaluate the placement of equipment and provide protection to these added components as needed.

Diesel Particulate Filter and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Restrictions

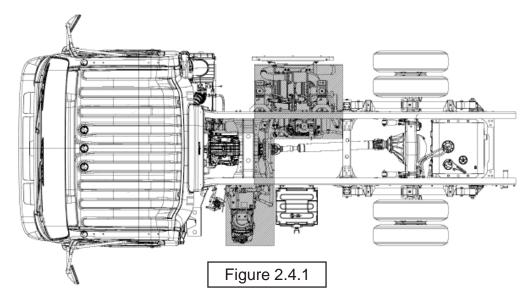
The DPF/SCR has exhaust pressure pipes and temperature sensors. Care must be taken when a body is installed so as to not damage pipe sensors.

The DPF/SCR should be free from impact or vibration during body installation. The DPF/SCR must have enough room for disassembly of the unit for service and cleaning.

The DPF/SCR switch in the cab should not be removed or disabled. No modification or relocation of the DPF/SCR unit, pressure pipes, and sensor is permitted.

No Modification Zones

The **DPF/SCR** unit **CAN NOT** be modified or moved . The **DEF** tank and pump **CANNOT** be modified or removed. **DEF** lines and coolant lines **CANNOT** be modified or rerouted.



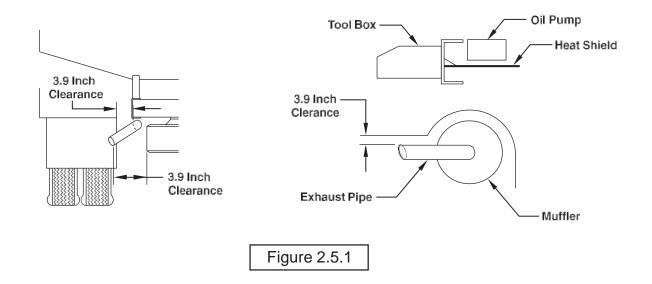


INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

Clearances

Exhaust Clearances

If flammable materials such as wood are used in the body, provide at least 3.9 inches of clearance between the body and any parts of the exhaust pipe, DPF/SCR Package. If it is impossible to maintain the minimum clearance, use a heat shield. Also use a heat shield if an oil pump or line is located above the exhaust pipe, muffler or catalytic converter.



 Clearances around SCR system components must be greater than 1.0 inch at all times to avoid potential contact between the body and the exhaust components. The 1.0 inch allows for thermal expansion and assembly tolerance of the exhaust system. It does not account for dynamic movement in the body due to road conditions and other loads. Body companies are instructed to adjust this 1.0 inch clearance as required to account for body displacement while driving. This guidance does not supercede guidance or exhaust clearances for temperature sensitive or flameable components.

2) Exhaust temperatures have not changed since the introduction of DPF in 2007.



INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

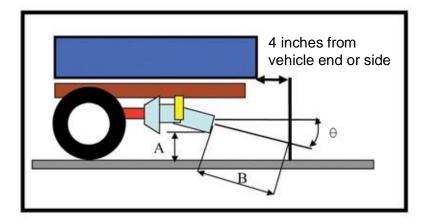
<u>Clearances</u>

Exhaust system surface temperatures During Manual Regeneration

LCF Diesel Modification Guideline (heat issue)

(EXHAUST PIPE HEAT)

During the DPF regeneration cycle, exhaust gas temperatures are hot. Therefore, care should be exercised in placement of the pipe's end location and angle. Do not locate any body parts around the exhaust pipe's end area.



A	В	θ
More than	More than	Less than
8 inches	18 inches	45 degree

Figure 2.6.1

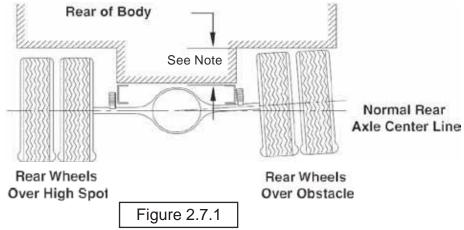


INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

Clearances

Rear Wheel Axle

The design and installation of the body should allow sufficient clearance for full vertical movement of the rear wheels and axle when the vehicle travels over rough or unlevel surfaces.



Note: For recommended clearances, please refer to the Rear Axle Chart in each model's respective section.

Other Clearances

The transmission control cable may be broken if it is bent by or interferes with the body and its fixtures. To prevent this, 1 inch of minimum clearance should be provided. When cable is detached from body mounting, be sure not to bend the cable.

Accessibility to the grease nipple on the rear spring bracket/shackle should be provided so that serviceability with a grease gun is not hampered.

Parts	Minimum Clearance	Location
Brake Hose	6.7 in.	Axle Side
	1.6 in.	Frame Side
Parking Brake Cable	1.2 in.	—
Fuel Hose	1.6 in.	—
Shock Absorber	2.4 in.	Axle Side
	1.2 in.	Frame Side





Body Installation

Mirrors

The Chevrolet LCF series chassis will accommodate up to 96 inch wide bodies without modification to the mirror brackets.

The Chevrolet 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD and 5500XD chassis will accommodate up to 96 inch wide bodies without modification to the mirror brackets. Bodies from 97 to 102 inches wide will require that the mirror brackets be modified. This Modification can be made at the port and the vehicle order/label will indicate a Regular Product Option of TBD indicating "Mirror Bracket for 102 wide body". The brackets can also be modified by the GM Chevrolet Dealer or the Body Company by installing mirror brackets ordered from General Motors Service.

Side Step Door Installation recommendations

Floor of body should be at least 10" above frame rail (2.5" wood + 4" long sill + 3" cross sill + 1.125" floor)

Forward end plate of step well area can interfere with SCR system

All body components should maintain a minimum 1.0" of clearance to exhaust components UNDER ALL (DYNAMIC) CONDITIONS. (Body company will need to add to this 1.0" clearance to account for flex or movement in the body)

Outer heat shield on SCR system can be removed prior to mounting body if required for clearance Care should be taken to adequately shield exhaust

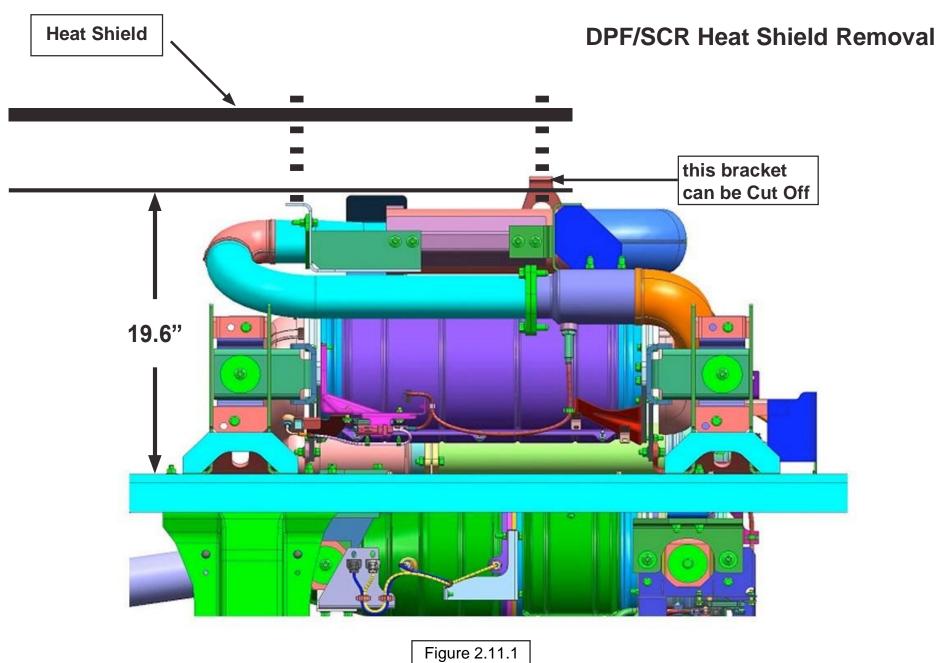
Driver's side steps can also be accommodated, if door is located behind DEF tank Battery may have to be relocated, depending on door location

Access hatch for DEF tank fill may have to be added, depending on door location

DPF/SCR Heat shield Removal

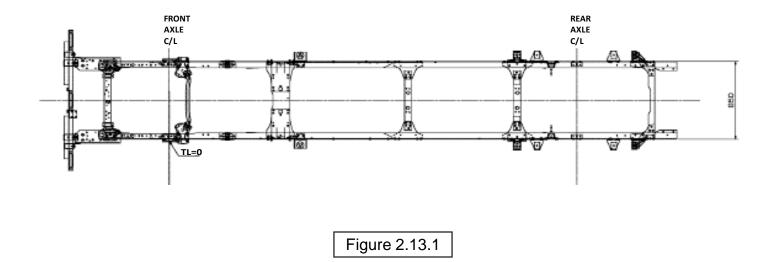
The exhaust external heat shield does not impact vehicle emissions or emissions system durability. This shield can be removed or modified in order to facilitate body or equipment mounting, but the completed vehicle manufacturer should ensure that, when completed, the exhaust will be adequately shielded to prevent unintentional contact with hot exhaust components, and that heat transfer to body components is not so high as to present safety or durability risks. www.gmupfitter.com





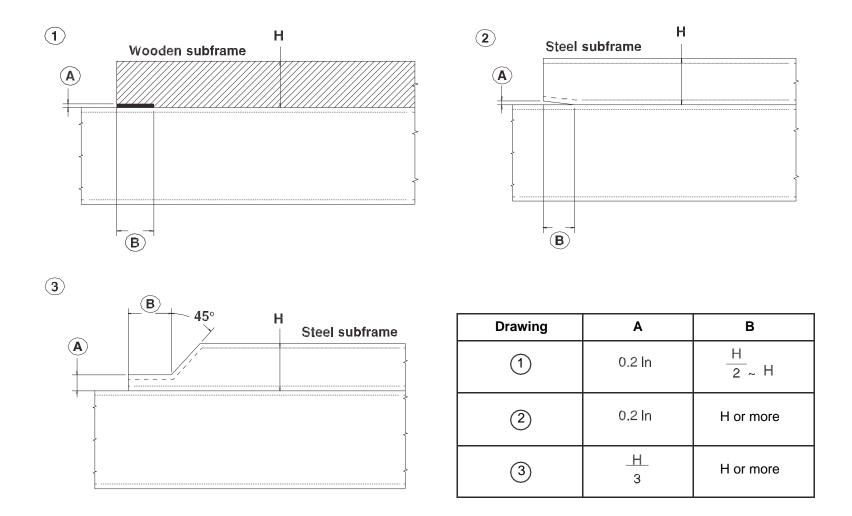
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LCF 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD

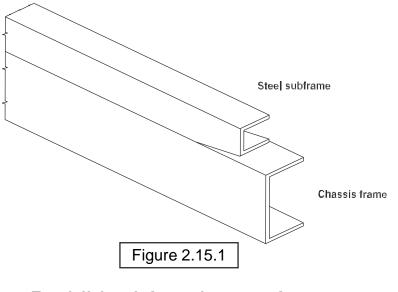


Subframe Contour

Contouring of the front end of the subframe members as shown in the three illustrations below will prevent stresses from being concentrated on certain areas of the chassis frame



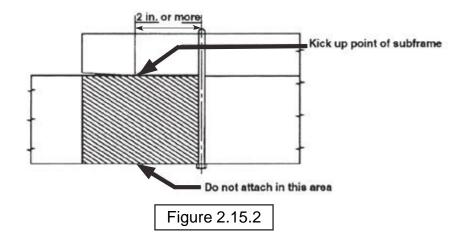
When using a steel subframe, do not close the end of the subframe.



Prohibited Attachment Areas

Do not attach the subframe with a bolt or bracket to the chassis frame at the points indicated in the following illustrations.

1. At the front end of the subframe. The attaching bolt or bracket must be at least 2 inches behind the kick up point of the subframe.

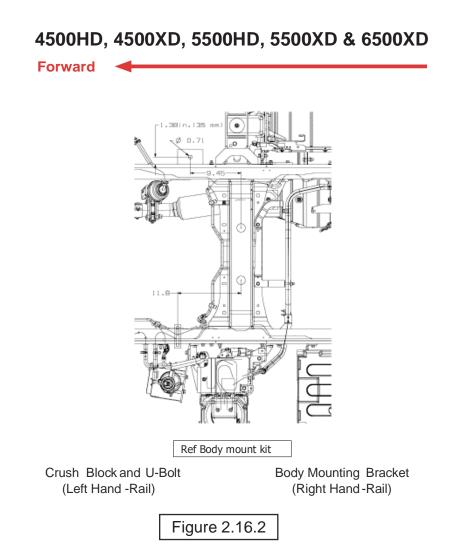




Prohibited Attachment Areas

2. Front U-bolt and Mounting Bracket, Mounting Locations Ahead of Transmission

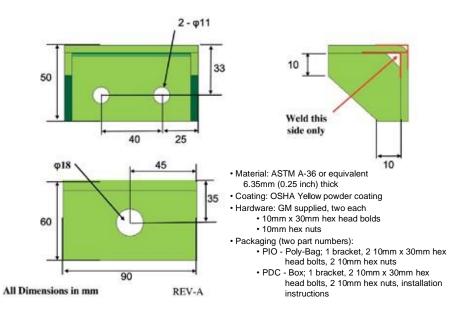
Mandatory location due to after treatment device location and interior frame components. The chassis will be supplied with one steel crush block in cab for left hand forward body attaching location as illustrated in the drawings below and one body mounting bracket (painted yellow) attached to the right hand frame rail in the location shown in the drawings below. Body Builder will be required to design a mating bracket for attaching the body to the yellow painted chassis body mounting bracket (Ref page 2.16 for illustration of bolt clamping 2 brackets). No U bolt type attaching allowed.





U-Bolt Placement – 150" W/B Crew Cab

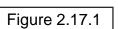
Front, RHS U-bolt on 150" Wheelbase Crew Cab interferes with after treatment system. General Motors will supply body mounting bracket on chassis to facilitate body mounting on the passenger side of the vehicle as Illustrated.



CREW CAB 150" WB

Body Mounting Bracket (A) Dimensions

Body Mounting Bracket will be painted "YELLOW" for easy identification



CREW CAB 150" WB Body Mounting Bracket (A) Location

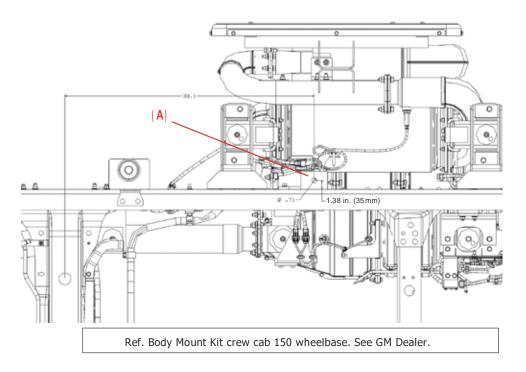
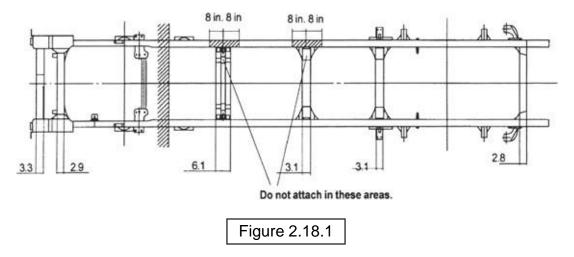


Figure 2.17.2

2.18

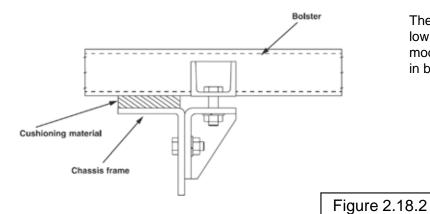
Subframe Mounting



Within 8 inches of bends in the chassis frame or the attachment points of any crossmembers.

Bracket Installation

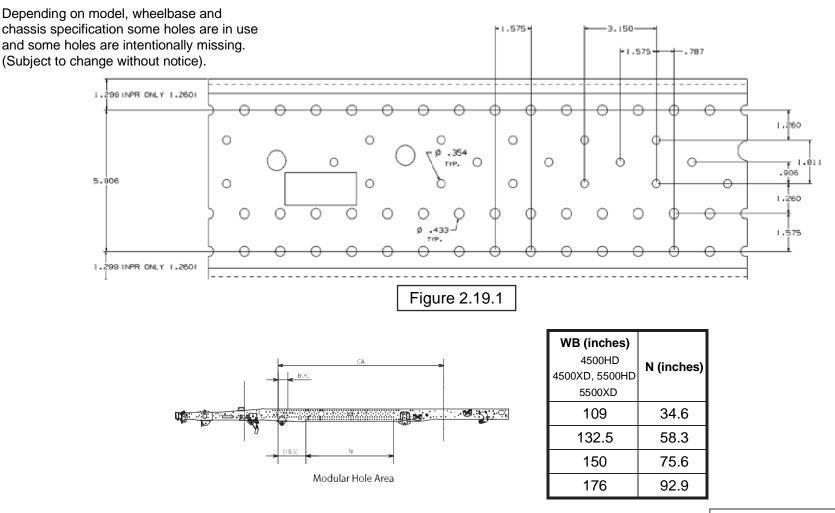
Mounting brackets should be clamped to the chassis frame using bolts. For proper positions in which to install the bolts, refer to the preceding section and the section "Modifications to the Chassis Frame." In addition to the illustrated bracket and U -bolts a shear plate may be required for adequately body mounting. The body company will be responsible for engineering their own mounting system.



The frame material is a heat treated, carbon manganese, low alloy steel with good weldability. The frame has a 80/40 mm modular hole spacing standard. This standard pattern will assist in body mounting.

MODULAR FRAME HOLE PATTERN

The frame material is a heat treated carbon manganese, and low alloy steel with good welding characteristics. The frame has an 80/40mm modular hole spacing standard. This standard pattern will assist with body mounting.



Note: Re-tighten all attaching parts that are loosened during body installation.



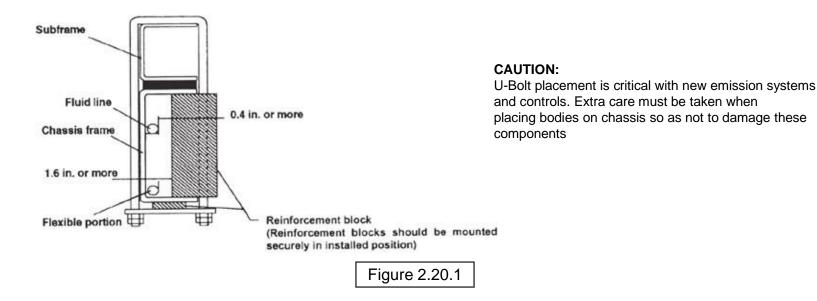
Figure 2.19.2



U-bolt Installation

When U-bolts are used to retain the subframe, reinforcement blocks must be installed in the frame members. This will prevent distortion of the frame flange as they are tightened. The drawing indicates the correct placement of reinforcement blocks. If you use wood blocks, be sure that there is sufficient clearance between them and any parts of the exhaust system. The use of J-bolts to retain the subframe is strictly prohibited.

If any fluid lines or electric cables are located near the reinforcement blocks, you must provide at least 0.4 inches of clearance between rigid or stationary portions, and at least 1.6 inches between moveable or flexible portions of the lines.



For the installation positions of the U-bolts, refer to "Prohibited Attachment Areas."

Crew Cab Body / Frame Requirements

The Crew Cab 4500, 4500HD, 4500XD, and 5500HD will be available in two wheelbases, 150 and 176 inches. CA will be 88.5 and 114.5 inches. On this model chassis, General Motors will require that the body installed on the chassis have an understructure manufactured with any of the following structural steel "C" channels:

4" x 1-5/8", 7.5 lb./ft. 5" x 1-3/4", 6, 7 or 9.0 lb./ft. 6" x 2", 8.2, 10.5 or 13 lb./ft.



Modification of the Frame

Modifications of the chassis frame should be held to an absolute minimum. Modification work should be performed according to the instructions in the following paragraphs.

When modification is complete, chassis frame members should be carefully inspected to eliminate the possibility of any safety-related defects.

NOTE: PLEASE REFER TO NOTES ON CHASSIS FRAME MODIFICATION WITH ANTILOCK BRAKES.

Working on Chassis frame

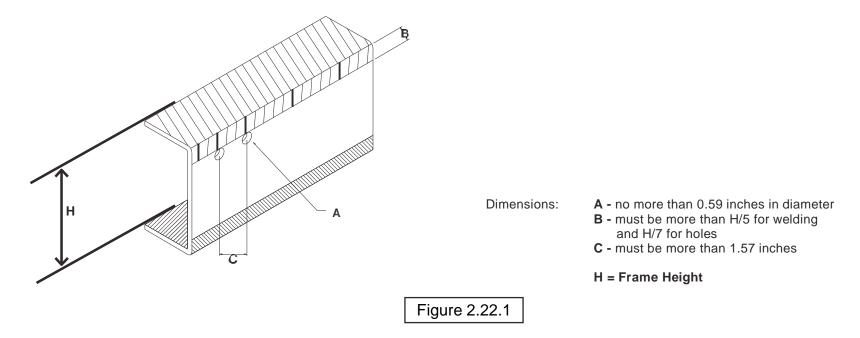
The chassis frame is designed and built with consideration for proper load distribution. Sufficient physical strength is provided when the load is evenly distributed. Installation of special equipment on the chassis frame can cause variations in load distribution. If even distribution of load is not kept in mind when the equipment is installed, localization of stresses on specific areas of the frame could cause cracking of the chassis frame members or other problems, even if the total weight of the equipment is within the design limit.

The chassis frame is designed as an integral unit. Therefore, we do not recommend cutting the chassis frame under any circumstances.

Drilling and Welding

IMPORTANT NOTE: For vehicles equipped with electronic engines and or electronic or hydra-matic transmissions, electric arc welding must be done with the negative battery cable disconnected.

- 1. Do not drill or weld in the shaded portions of the chassis frame members. Do not weld within 0.8 inches from the edges of any existing holes. (Ref. page 2.20)
- 2. Hold the length of any welding beads within 1.2-2.0 inches. Allow at least 1.6 inches between adjacent welding beads.
- 3. All holes must be drilled. Do not use a torch to make any holes.
- 4. All riveting must be done with cold rivets. Do not use hot rivets.
- 5. The flange of the chassis frame must not be cut under any circumstances.
- 6. The subframe must be attached to the chassis frame with bolts. Do not weld.
- 7. Repaint exposed metal after drilling.



Reinforcement of Chassis Frame

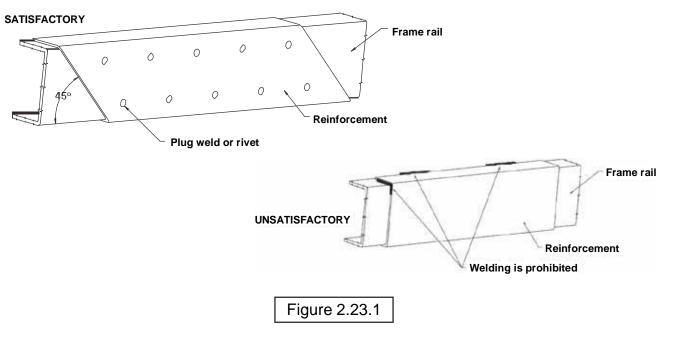
Reinforcements must be installed to prevent the considerable variation in the section modulus. They must be welded so as to avoid localized stresses.

The frame of the LCF is made of SAPH440 mild steel.

The drawing on the following page illustrates correct and incorrect methods of frame reinforcement.

Welding

- 1. Keep reinforcement plates and chassis frame free from moisture and water.
- 2. Avoid cooling with water after welding.
- 3. Use a suitable means to protect pipes, wires, rubber parts, leaf springs, etc. against heat and effect of sputtering.
- 4. Remove fuel tank assembly when welding portions near the fuel tank.
- 5. Remove coat of paint completely when welding painted areas. Repaint exposed metal after welding.



Fluid Lines

Do not disturb the layout of any brake lines or fuel lines unless absolutely necessary. When modification is needed, follow the instructions below carefully to ensure safety. Brake fluid lines must not be cut and spliced under any circumstances. We do not recommend the cutting or splicing of any fuel lines, but if it is absolutely necessary, be sure that the correct fitting and tools are used to form the joint, and then pressure test the joint. Steel lines are metric sizes.

Preparation of Additional Lines

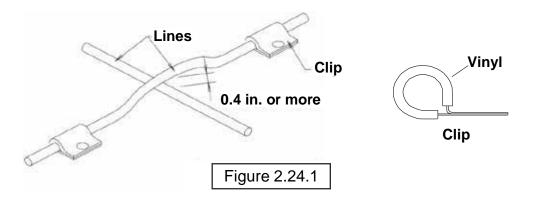
- 1. Where possible, use only genuine GM lines as supplied by authorized GM Chevrolet dealers.
- 2. Use the correct metric flaring and bending tools to form the lines.
- 3. Avoid repeated bending. Do not use heat for flaring and bending the lines. Before and after forming the new lines, examine them carefully for scratches, distortion, dents and the presence of any foreign matter.



Installation of Additional Lines

Install new lines away from adjacent parts and away from any sources of heat.

- 1. A minimum clearance of 0.4 inches must be maintained between lines. Where necessary, clip the lines into position in order to maintain this minimum clearance.
- 2. Minimize any crossing between lines. If a crossing is unavoidable, use the following procedure:
 - a. At least 0.4 inches of clearance should be maintained between lines at the crossing point.
 - b. If the 0.4 inches of clearance cannot be maintained, or if the lines are subject to vibration, clip them securely.
- 3. Plan the bends and clipping points of the lines to minimize vibration and the resulting fatigue.
- 4. Use rust-proofed clips and apply vinyl coating to the portions of the lines to be clipped.
- 5. Install new lines in positions where they are protected against water, dirt, grit, sand, rocks and other foreign matter that can come from above or below, or can be flung up by the wheels.



Electrical Wiring and Harnessing

To increase the reliability of the wiring, all frame harnesses are covered with corrugated vinyl tubing. The following instructions apply to extending or modifying these harnesses. See the Electrical Section for information on commonly used circuits in the 3500, 3500HD and 4500, 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, and 5500XD.



Electrical Wiring and Harnessing

Wiring

- 1. Most wiring connections on Chevrolet LCF vehicles are made with terminals. We recommend the use of terminals when splicing cables and wires.
- 2. When splicing, use new wire of the same gauge, and do not make splices inside the corrugated tubing.
- 3. When making connections to the end of the harness, make sure the connections are electrically perfect. Use insulating tape as needed to prevent the entry of water, which results in short circuits and/or corrosion.
- 4. When making new circuits, or modifying circuits already installed, make the cables only just taut enough to remove any slack. Use clips or grommets where required to protect cables from heat or sharp edges. When cables must run near the exhaust system, see the instructions in the "Exhaust System" section.
- 5. Always use rustproof clips, and apply vinyl coating to that portion of the clips in direct contact with the harnesses. No scotch clips or connectors.
- 6. To minimize the vibration of the harness, clipping points should be set up according to the table.

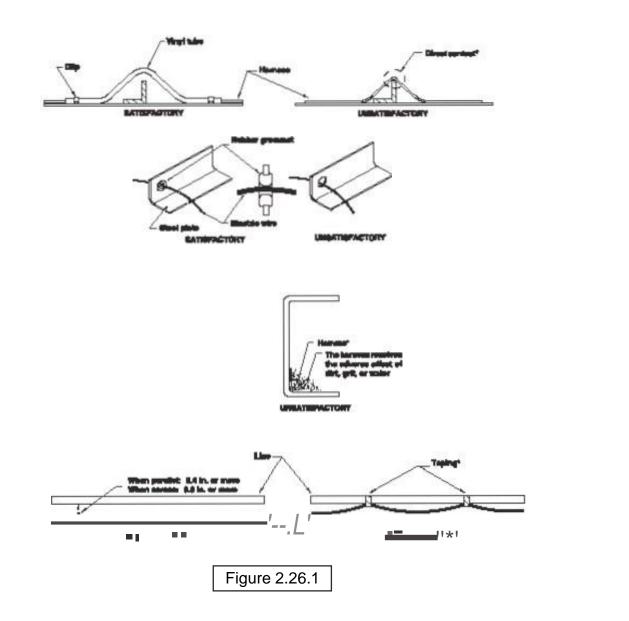
Harness Diameter	Clip Distance
less than 0.2 in.	less than 11.8 in.
0.2 in. ~ 0.4 in.	approx. 15.7 in.
0.4 in. ~ 0.8 in.	approx. 19.7 in.

Figure 2.25.1

- 7. When changing the length of the battery cable, do not cut or splice the existing cable. Make up a new cable of the correct length and wire gauge for the load and distance, without splices.
- 8. When using connectors, use a socket (female) connector on the electrical source side and a plug (male) connector on the electrical load side to lower the possibility of a short circuit when disconnected.
- 9. When connecting cables to moving or vibrating parts such as the engine or transmission, be sure to maintain sufficient slack in the wiring to absorb the vibration. Follow the example of existing cables connected by General Motors. Keep flexible cables clear of other parts.
- 10. Do not use vinyl tape in the engine compartment. The heat will tend to make it peel off. Use plated steel clips coated with rubber or vinyl.
- 11. When locating auxiliary equipment or lines near the ECM caution should be used in order to protect the ECM from excessive vibration, heat or chemical reactions.

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Electrical Wiring and Harnessing



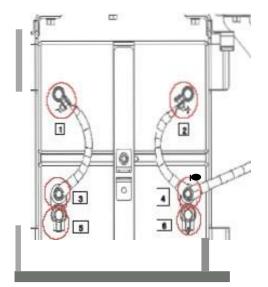


Figure 2.26.2

2.26



Electrical Wiring and Harnessing

Wire Color Code

The electrical circuits of the Chevrolet LCF Chassis Cab are connected with low-voltage stranded wire for automotive applications. The color coding standards are as follows for the Chevrolet LCF Chassis Cab:

- (1) Black
- B Starter circuits and grounds
- W Generator (alternator) circuit
- R Lighting circuit
- (3) Red(4) Green

(2) White

G Signal circuit

- (5) Yellow
- (6) Brown
- (7) Light Green
- (8) Blue
- Y Instrument circuit
- Br Accessory circuit
- Lg Other circuit
- L Windshield wiper motor circuit

Maximum Allowable Current

Harness Design Diameter (mm)	AWG Equivalent	No. of Wires/Wire Diameter (mm)	Cross Sectional Area (mm2)	Maximum Allowable Current (Amps)
100	00	217/0.80	109.1	363
85	0	169/0.80	84.96	305
60	1	127/0.80	63.84	248
50	1	108/0.80	54.29	223
40	1	85/0.80	42.73	191
30	2	70/0.80	35.19	171
20	4	41/0.80	20.61	123
15	6	84/0.45	13.36	93
8	8	50/0.45	7.952	68
5	8	65/0.32	5.228	51
3	12	41/0.32	3.297	39
2	14	26/0.32	2.091	29
1.25	16	16/0.32	1.287	21
0.85	18	11/0.32	0.8846	17
0.5	20	7/0.32	0.5629	13

Reference: The values given in the "maximum allowable current" column are based on the ambient temperature condition of 104°F with temperature increase of 104°F.

Figure 2.27.1



Electrical Wiring and Harnessing

Electrical System Modifications

Modifications/add-on wiring must be carefully reviewed to ensure compatibility with the base vehicle wiring by reviewing system schematics, wire routing paths, harness connections, etc. Due to the wide range of modifications that may be required for vocational needs, it is not feasible for the O.E.M. to take into account all potential revisions. For this reason, any person modifying existing vehicle wiring must assume responsibility that the revisions have not degraded the electrical system performance. Any add-on wiring needs to be properly fused and routed to prevent cut, pinch, and chafe problems, as well as avoid exposure to excessive heat. Care must be exercised that existing vehicle interfaces do not have their current load capabilities exceeded, and that the respective control devices are not overloaded. Added wire size should be at least as large as the wire to which it is attaching in order for fuse protection to be maintained

A Packard electric wiring repair kit is available through Kent-Moore (P/N J38125-B) (Phone # 1-800-345-2233). This kit contains instructions, tools and components for making repairs to wiring harness components. This kit would also greatly assist in accomplishing necessary add-on wiring such as body marker lamps, so that system reliability/durability is maintained.

Electrical wiring components can be obtained through your authorized Chevrolet dealers. Packard Electric components are also available through Power and Signal (www.powerandsignal.com). Power and Signal may also be able to assist in making necessary wiring additions by providing custom wiring stubs or jumpers to your specifications.

Caution: Before servicing any electrical component, the ignition key must be in the LOCK position and all electrical loads must be OFF, unless instructed otherwise in GM service procedures. If a tool or equipment could easily come in contact with a live exposed electrical terminal, also disconnect the negative battery cable. Do not disconnect cable within 3 minutes after turning the ignition key to the Lock position. Failure to follow these precautions may cause personal injury and/or damage to the vehicle or its components.

Electrical Caution: Please see note in Section 1 Introduction on page 1.9 of on the subject of "NO-START CONDITION – CLICKING OR BANGING FROM STARTER 2012-2015MY Chevrolet LCF Equipped with 5.2L (4HK1) Diesel Engines".

Exhaust System

Modification of the exhaust system should be avoided. If modifications are absolutely necessary, the following points should be maintained.

1. Maintain the clearance specified in the "Exhaust System" table between all parts of the exhaust system and any fuel lines, brake lines, brake hoses, electrical cables, etc. The exhaust outlet should not point toward any of these parts.

Clearance			
Brake lines	2.4 in. or more. (If the combined section of a group of parallel brake lines is more than 7.8 in., a clearance of 7 in. or more		
	should be provided.)		
Flexible brake hoses	7.8 in. or more. (The temperature of flexible brake hoses should not exceed 158°F. If the highest temperature is not		
	measurable, a clearance of more than 15.7 in. should be maintained between the hoses and the exhaust system.)		
Wiring harnesses and cables	7.8 in. or more. (The temperature of flexible brake hoses should not exceed 158°F. If the highest temperature is not		
	measurable, a clearance of more than 15.7 in. should be maintained between the hoses and the exhaust system.)		
Steel fuel lines	3.1 in. or more.		
Rubber or vinyl fuel hoses	5.9 in. or more.		



Exhaust System

- 2. If a tool box is installed, it should preferably be made from steel. If a wooden tool box is installed, at least 7.8 inches of clearance should be maintained between the tool box and any parts of the exhaust system.
- 3. If the exhaust system is modified, it is the responsibility of those making the modification to ensure that the noise level meets appropriate standards.
- 4. If the exhaust system is modified it is the responsibility of those making the modification to ensure that the emission levels meet appropriate standards.

Fuel System

Relocation of the fuel tank, or installation of additional fuel tanks, is not recommended. If modifications to the fuel system are unavoidable, follow these recommendations:

- 1. Maintain adequate clearance between the fuel tank and any other device or structure.
- 2. Do not connect any additional fuel hose.

Rear Lighting

Brackets installed are temporary. Please do not use these brackets for body installation.

Serviceability

No matter what other modifications or changes are made, access to components requiring daily preventive maintenance or other routine service must not be obstructed. This includes:

- 1. Inspection, filling and draining of engine oil and cooling water.
- 2. Inspection, filling and draining of transmission fluid.
- 3. Adjustment, removal and installation of the fan belts.
- 4. Inspection, filling and removal of the battery and battery cover.
- 5. Inspection and filling of brake fluid.
- 6. Inspection and bleeding of the brake system and servo unit.
- 7. Maintenance of clearance for tightening of check bolt on brake safety cylinder.
- 8. Operation of the spare tire carrier, including mounting and dismounting of the spare tire.
- 9. Adjustment, removal and installation of distributor and/or cover.



Wheelbase Alteration

With certain applications, it may become necessary to alter the wheelbase of the chassis. The next two sections provide the suggested guidelines for accomplishing either shortening or lengthening of the wheelbase.

Shortening/Lengthening the Wheelbase Without Altering the Frame

Since the frame is an integral part of the chassis, it is recommended that the frame not be cut if it is possible to avoid it. When shortening/lengthening the wheelbase on some models, it is possible to do so without cutting the frame. This is possible on models which have a straight frame rail. If the chassis does not have a straight frame rail, it may still be necessary to cut the frame. For instructions on shortening/lengthening these chassis, refer to the "Altering the Wheelbase by Altering the Frame" section of this book. Otherwise, the wheelbase may be shortened/lengthened by removing the rear suspension, drilling new suspension mounting holes at the appropriate spot in the frame, and sliding the rear suspension, suspension liner, and suspension crossmembers' rivet holes left in the frame rail flange must be filled with GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, HUC bolts or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut. When shortening/lengthening the wheelbase in this manner, the following guidelines must be adhered to:

- 1. All frame drilling must comply with the DRILLING AND WELDING section of this book.
- 2. All rivet holes left in the frame rail flange from the suspension and suspension crossmembers must be either filled with GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, HUC bolts or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut.
- 3. The components required to be slid forward or aft are the suspension and suspension hangers, suspension crossmembers and suspension frame liner.

Altering the Wheelbase by Altering the Frame

Even on a straight frame rail, it may be desirable to cut the frame and lengthen or shorten the wheelbase rather than simply sliding the rear suspension back or forward. The following section offers some guidelines and suggestions for cutting and lengthening or shortening the frame.

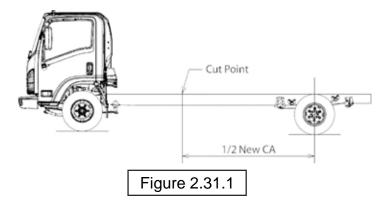
Glossary of Terms – Chassis Wheelbase Alteration

- CA Length from back-of-cab to rear axle centerline in inches.
- AL Added length (in case of a lengthened wheelbase). Difference between WB (new) and WB (old).
- SL Shortened length (in case of shortened wheelbase). Difference between WB (old) and WB (new).

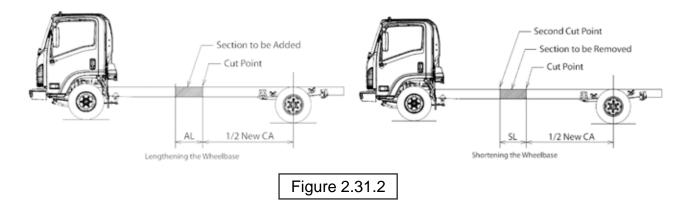


Wheelbase Alteration

- 1. Determine the added length (AL) or shortened length (SL) required to lengthen or shorten chassis. (For added wheelbase: New CA = CA + AL; For shortened wheelbase: New CA = CA SL.)
- 2. Obtain the material to be used as the insert for the lengthened wheelbase in the correct length (AL). The insert must have the same cross sectional dimensions and yield strength as the original frame rail.
- 3. Divide the new CA by two (2). Measure (new CA)/2 from the center of the rear axle forward and mark this point on the chassis frame (see figure below).



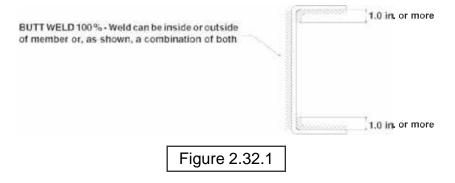
4. Cut the chassis frame at this point. If the wheelbase is to be lengthened, addition of the previously obtained insert (of length AL determined in step 1) will be made at this time. If the wheelbase is to be shortened, measure the distance (SL) forward of this cut and remove a length (SL) section from the chassis frame (see figure below). Ensure that an adequate area on the frame remains for the required addition of the necessary reinforcements. These are the only suggested places for cutting the frame and reinforcements but may be changed upon the advice of GM Upfitters Engineering.





Wheelbase Alteration

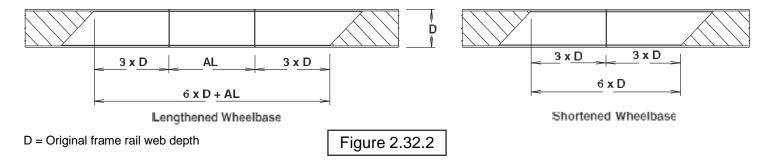
5. When welding the insert (length AL for wheelbase lengthening) to the original frame rail, a continuous butt weld must be used at the splices. When shortening the wheelbase, weld the ends of the chassis frame together with a continuous butt weld over the junction of the frame ends. Weld can be both the inside and outside of the frame rails using welding techniques prescribed by established welding standards (ref. SAE J1147) and in accordance with this guide. An example of this weld is shown below.



6. Determine the appropriate additional internal reinforcements which are required using this equation:

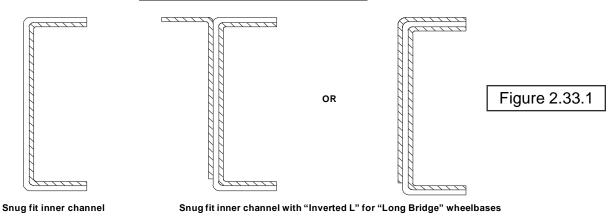
Reinforcement Length = AL + 6 x (original frame rail web depth).

The figure below shows how this reinforcement is to be placed over the extended or shortened section of the frame rail.

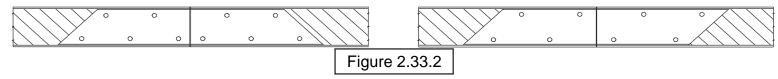


The suggested cross section of this reinforcement is a snug fit inner channel. If the new wheelbase exceeds the upper limit of the optional wheelbases of this model, i.e.; a "long bridge", it may be necessary to use an "inverted L" reinforcement in addition to the snug fit channel reinforcement (see figures on next page). Application Engineering should be consulted for approval of such cases. It should be noted that these methods of reinforcements, and any other methods which may be used, require a 45° angled cut at both ends to avoid stress concentrations in the frame (note the figures under item 7).

Wheelbase Alteration



7. The reinforcements must be fastened securely to only the web of the original chassis frame rail. The reinforcement must be held rigidly in place using either HUC bolts, GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut. Below are some suggested bolt patterns. It should be noted that these bolt patterns must not align the bolts vertically, i.e.: the bolt pattern must be staggered.



8. Lengthening the frame will also require extending the brake lines, basic chassis electrical harness. It is recommended that the original brake lines be removed and replaced with brake lines of the same diameter as the original lines and of the appropriate length. The extended ABS brake lines must be supported back to the frame to prevent vibration. The electrical harness must be extended in accordance with the ELECTRICAL WIRING AND HARNESSING section of this book. GM offers an electrical extension harnesses for the LCF chassis when a wheelbase is lengthened. One wheelbase longer is the recommended maximum wheelbase extension (please refer to the drive line section and particular models for number of drivelines and their maximum lengths). The extension of a wheelbase will require electrical extension harnesses.

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Diesel
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2016-2019	CHAS WRG HARNESS ASM; QTY 1 (See your GM dealer for parts.)
2016-2019	CHAS RR WRG HARNCLIP; QTY 5 (See your GM dealer for parts.)

9. The propeller shaft's overall length will also need to be lengthened or shortened. If the extension is within the limits of the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the exact propeller shaft lengths and angles are given on or about Page 12 of the respective sections of this book. If the modified wheelbase exceeds the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the following guidelines must be adhered to:



Wheelbase Alteration

a. Propeller Shaft Length

The maximum propeller shaft lengths (pin to pin) for the respective models are shown in the table below.

ENGINE	DIESEL		
MODEL	4500HD	4500XD/5500HD	5500XD
Propeller Shaft Diameter (in.)	3.25	3.54	3.54
Maximum Propeller Shaft Length (in.)	50.7	52.9	52.9

Figure 2.34.1

b. Propeller Shaft Angles

The maximum propeller shaft angles, with respect to the previous shaft, are shown in the table below.

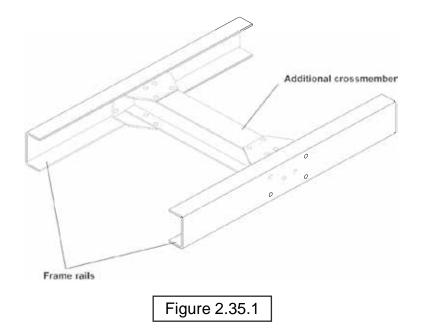
ENGINE	DIESEL		
MODEL	4500HD	4500XD/5500HD	5500XD
Maximum Propeller Shaft Angle	6.1°	6.1°	6.1°

Figure 2.34.2

- c. The propeller shaft angles must be designed such that the angles will cancel to avoid propeller shaft whip.
- d. The propeller shaft yokes must be assembled such that the propeller shaft yokes are "in phase."
- 10. Extending the frame will also require relocation and/or addition of crossmembers. If the extension is within the limits of the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the exact crossmember locations and dimensions are given in the respective model sections of this book. If the modified wheelbase exceeds the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the following guidelines must be adhered to:
 - a. The crossmember location will largely be determined by the propeller shaft lengths and where the center carrier bearing locations are for the propeller shaft assembly.
 - b. A crossmember must be located at the front and rear spring hangers of the rear suspension (refer to the appropriate section of this book to see where these suspension crossmembers are to be located).
 - c. The crossmember must be constructed such that it supports both the upper and lower flange on each frame rail (see drawing on next page). A crossmember such as the one on the next page may be constructed, or Chevrolet crossmembers may be obtained from your Chevrolet parts dealer.



Wheelbase Alteration



d. The maximum distance between crossmembers for the respective models is given in the table below.

ENGINE	DIESEL		
MODEL	4500HD	4500XD/5500HD	5500XD
MaximumDistanceBetweenCrossmembers(in.)	35.7	35.7	35.7
	Figure 2.35.2		

- e. The drilling for any additional holes in the frame rails must comply with the DRILLING AND WELDING section of this book.
- 11. All other aspects of lengthening or shortening the wheelbase must comply with the applicable section of this Body Builder's Guide. For special applications and longer than recommended body lengths, GM Upfitter Engineering must be consulted for approval.
- 12. Please contact GM Upfitter Engineering for guidelines on LCF CHASSIS frame modifications when the vehicle is equipped with an Antilock Brake System.

Gas (6.6L Engine) No Modification Zones

The vehicle exhaust, evaporative system, and fuel tank are integral parts of the evaporative/engine and emission/diagnostic control system and CANNOT be modified or rerouted.

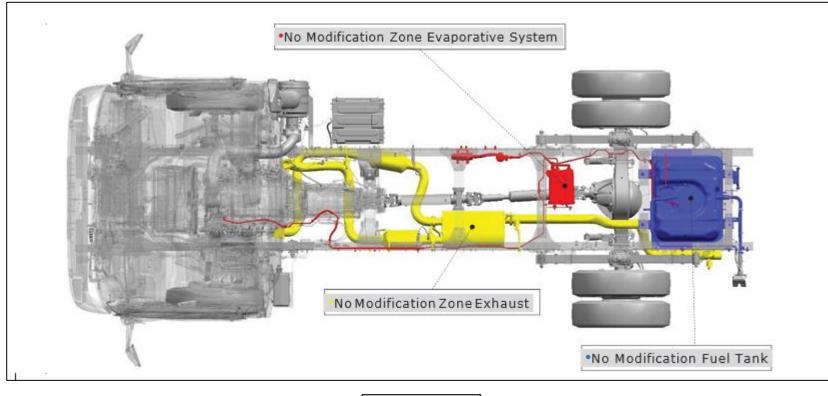
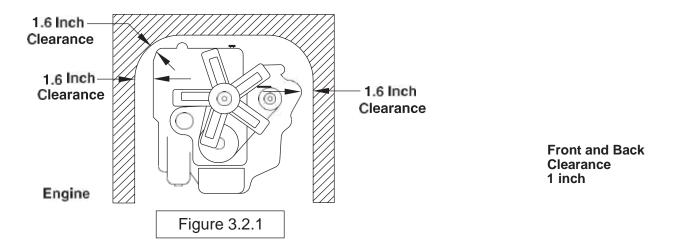


Figure 2.35.3

<u>INSTALLATION OF BODY AND SPECIAL EQUIPMENT</u> <u>6500XD CLEARANCES</u>

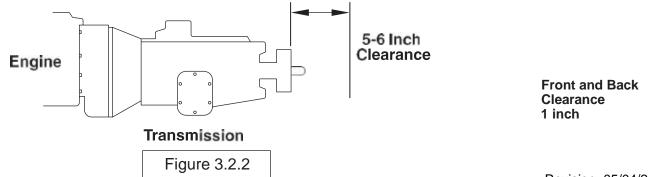
Engine

At least 1.6 inches of clearance should be maintained around the engine. No obstacles should be added in front of the radiator or intercooler.

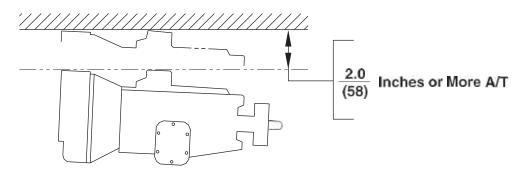


Transmission

The transmission is removed from the rear. Enough clearance must be provided to allow rearward movement of the transmission assembly. Clearance should be sufficient to allow 5 to 6 inches of unrestricted movement of the transmission assembly. In addition, provide at least 2 inches of clearance around the control lever on the side of the transmission to allow free movement without any binding.



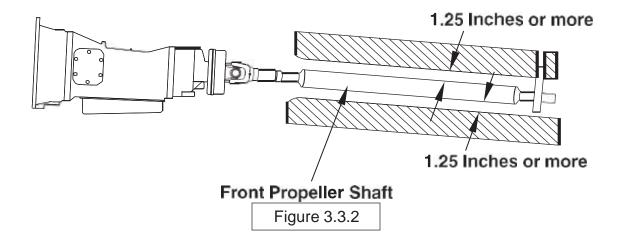
At least 2 inches of clearance should be maintained above the automatic transmission to allow for transmission removal.





Front and Center Propeller Shafts

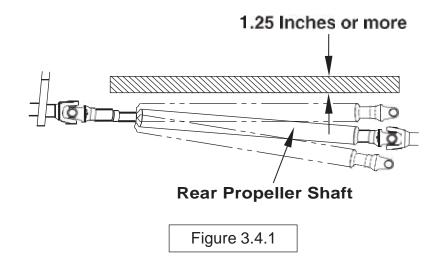
At least 1.25 inches of clearance should be maintained around front and center propeller shafts.





Rear Propeller Shaft

With the rear springs at maximum deflection, at least 1.25 inches of clearance should be provided over the rear propeller shaft.





Exhaust System

The exhaust system has a crucial role in meeting 2010 EPA regulations. In order to maintain compliance with the 2010 EPA emissions levels the Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) and SCR package must not be moved. The distance between the engine exhaust manifold down pipe and Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) / Selective Catalytic Reduction Package (SCR) must be maintained and the pressure in the system must be sustained at a constant level. Due to increased temperatures n the exhaust system during the regeneration cycle and the heat stress caused by these temperatures, body builders should closely evaluate the placement of equipment and provide protection to these added components as needed.

Diesel Particulate Filter and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Restrictions

The DPF/SCR has exhaust pressure pipes and temperature sensors. Care must be taken when a body is installed so as to not damage pipe sensors.

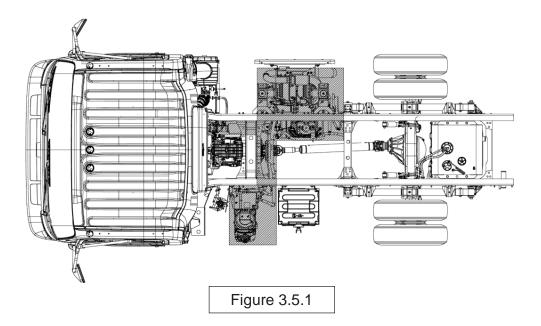
The DPF/SCR should be free from impact or vibration during body installation. The DPF/SCR must have enough room for disassembly of the unit for service and cleaning.

The DPF/SCR switch in the cab should not be removed or disabled. No modification or relocation of the DPF/SCR unit, pressure pipes, and sensor is permitted.

6500XD No Modification Zones

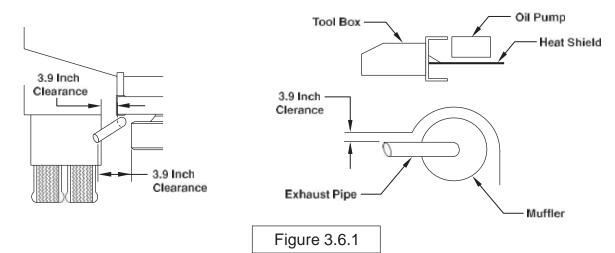
The **DPF/SCR** unit **CANNOT** be modified or moved .

The **DEF** tank and pump **CANNOT** be modified or removed. **DEF** lines and coolant lines **CANNOT** be modified or rerouted.



EXHAUST CLEARANCES

If flammable materials such as wood are used in the body, provide at least 3.9 inches of clearance between the body and any parts of the exhaust pipe, DPF/SCR Package. If it is impossible to maintain the minimum clearance, use a heat shield. Also use a heat shield if an oil pump or line is located above the exhaust pipe, muffler or catalytic converter.



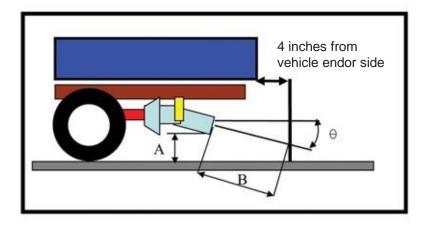
- Clearances around SCR system components must be greater than 1.0 inch at all times to avoid potential contact between the body and the exhaust components. The 1.0 inch allows for thermal expansion and assembly tolerance of the exhaust system. It does not account for dynamic movement in the body due to road conditions and other loads. Body companies are instructed to adjust this 1.0 inch clearance as required to account for body displacement while driving. This guidance does not supersede guidance or exhaust clearances for temperature sensitive or flammable components.
- 2) Exhaust temperatures have not changed since the introduction of DPF in 2007.

Exhaust system surface temperatures During Manual Regeneration

6500XD Modification Guideline (heat issue)

(EXHAUST PIPE HEAT)

During the DPF regeneration cycle, exhaust gas temperatures are hot. Therefore, care should be exercised in placement of the pipe's end location and angle. Do not locate any body parts around the exhaust pipe's end area.

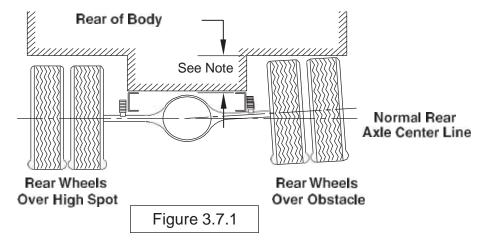


A	В	θ
More than	More than	Less than
8 inches	18 inches	45 deg

Figure 3.7.1

Rear Wheel Axle

The design and installation of the body should allow sufficient clearance for full vertical movement of the rear wheels and axle when the vehicle travels over rough or unleveled surfaces.



Note: For recommended clearances, please refer to the Rear Axle Chart in each model's respective section.

Other Clearances

The transmission control cable may be broken if it is bent by or interferes with the body and its fixtures. To prevent this, 1 inch of minimum clearance should be provided. When cable is detached from body mounting, be sure not to bend the cable.

Accessibility to the grease nipple on the rear spring bracket/shackle should be provided so that serviceability with a grease gun is not hampered.

Parts	Minimum Clearance	Location
Brake Hose	6.7 in.	Axle Side
	1.6 in.	Frame Side
Parking Brake Cable	1.2 in.	—
Fuel Hose	1.6 in.	—
Shock Absorber	2.4 in.	Axle Side
	1.2 in.	Frame Side



Body Installation

Mirrors

The LCF 6500XD chassis will accommodate up to 96 inch wide bodies without modification to the mirror brackets.

The LCF 6500XD chassis will accommodate up to 96 inch wide bodies without modification to the mirror brackets. Bodies from 97 to 102 inches wide will require that the mirror brackets be modified. This Modification can be made at the port and the vehicle order/label will indicate a Regular Product Option of XWL indicating "Mirror Bracket for 102 wide body". The brackets can also be modified by the Chevrolet Dealer or the Body Company by installing mirror brackets ordered from GM Service Parts.

Side Step Door Installation recommendations

Floor of body should be at least 10" above frame rail (2.5" wood + 4" long sill + 3" cross sill + 1.125" floor)

Forward end plate of step well area can interfere with SCR system

All body components should maintain a minimum 1.0" of clearance to exhaust components UNDER ALL (DYNAMIC) CONDITIONS. (Body company will need to add to this 1.0" clearance to account for flex or movement in the body)

Outer heat shield on SCR system can be removed prior to mounting body if required for clearance Care should be taken to adequately shield exhaust

Driver's side steps can also be accommodated, if door is located behind DEF tank

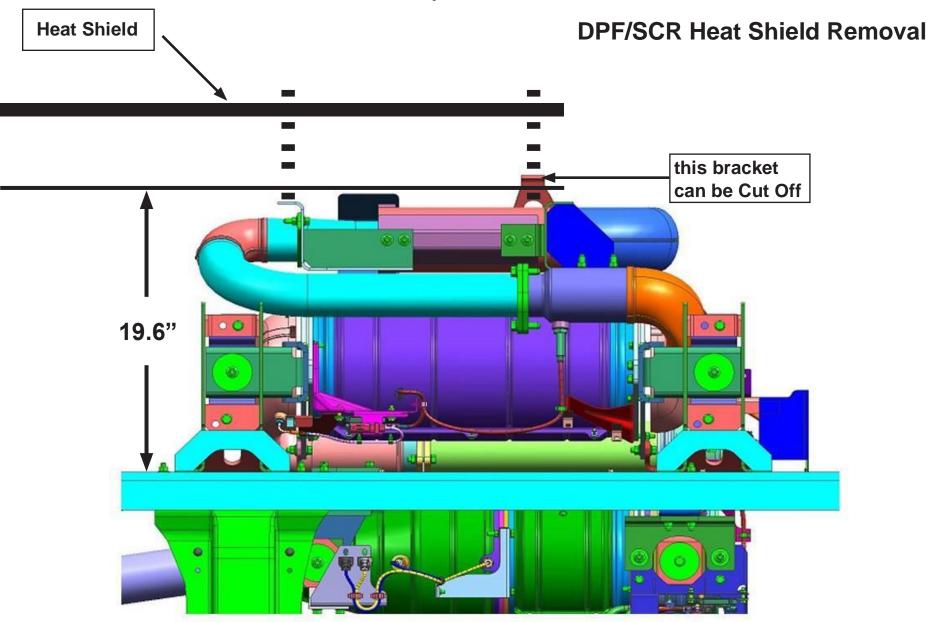
Battery may have to be relocated, depending on door location

Access hatch for DEF tank fill may have to be added, depending on door location

DPF/SCR Heat shield Removal

The exhaust external heat shield does not impact vehicle emissions or emissions system durability. This shield can be removed or modified in order to facilitate body or equipment mounting, but the completed vehicle manufacturer should ensure that, when completed, the exhaust will be adequately shielded to prevent unintentional contact with hot exhaust components, and that heat transfer to body components is not so high as to present safety or durability risks. Detailed information on removal of the heat shield can be found in the GM service manual.

Body Installation



BAGE **3.10**

<u>6500XD</u>

Special Equipment on the Chassis

When installing special equipment on the chassis, extra consideration must be given to the weight and construction of the equipment to assure proper distribution of the load. Localization of the load should be prevented. All special equipment should be properly secured into position. We recommend the use of sub frame members when installing special equipment. Sub frame Design and Mounting The sub frame assembly should be mounted as close to the cab as possible. It should be contoured to match the shape and dimensions of the chassis frame as closely as possible.

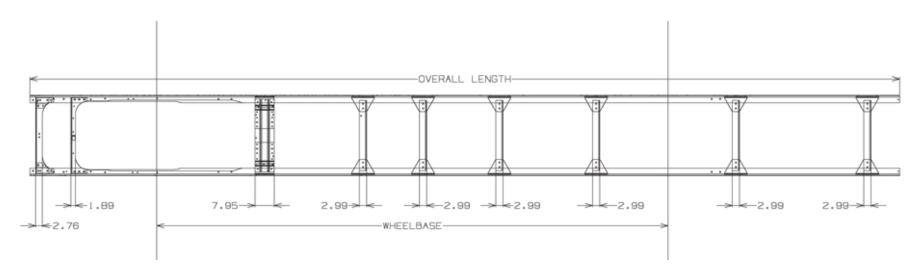
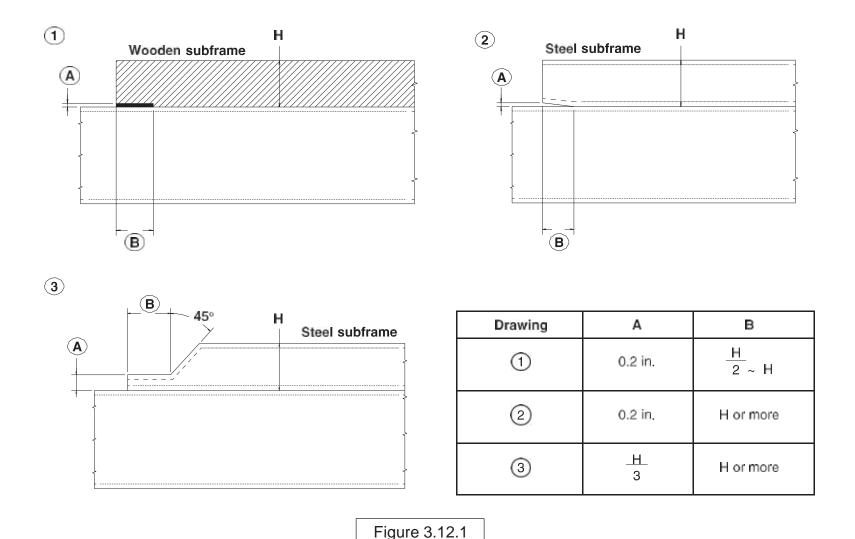


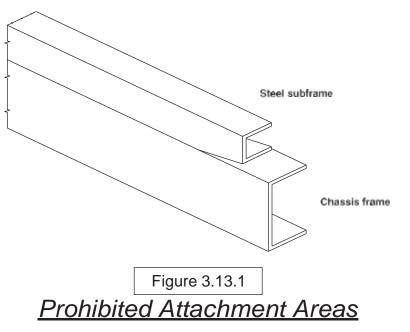
Figure 3.11.1

Subframe Contour

Contouring of the front end of the subframe members as shown in the three illustrations below will prevent stresses from being concentrated on certain areas of the chassis frame.

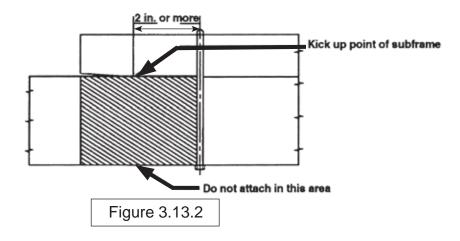


When using a steel subframe, do not close the end of the subframe.



Do not attach the sub frame with a bolt or bracket to the chassis frame at the points indicated in the following illustrations.

1. At the front end of the subframe. The attaching bolt or bracket must be at least 2 inches behind the kick up point of the subframe.



2. Front U-bolt and Mounting Bracket, Mounting Locations Ahead of Transmission

Mandatory location due to after treatment device location and interior frame components. The chassis will be supplied with one steel crush block in cab for left hand forward body attaching location as illustrated in the drawings below and one body mounting bracket (painted yellow) attached to the right hand frame rail in the location shown in the drawings below. Body Builder will be required to design a mating bracket for attaching the body to the yellow painted chassis body mounting bracket (Ref page 2.16 for illustration of bolt clamping 2 brackets). No U bolt type attaching allowed.

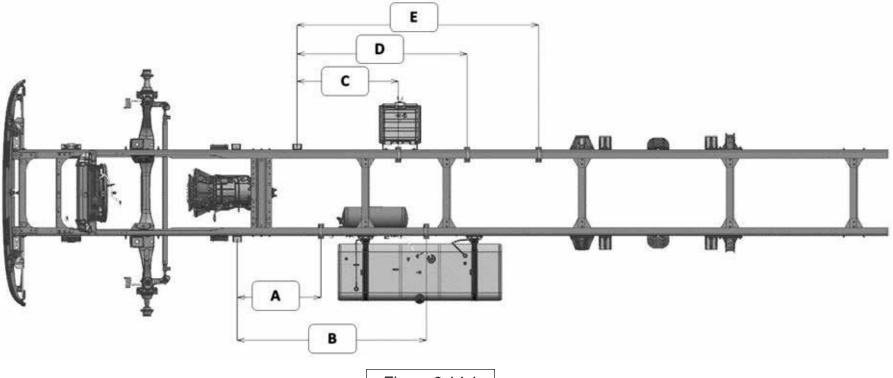
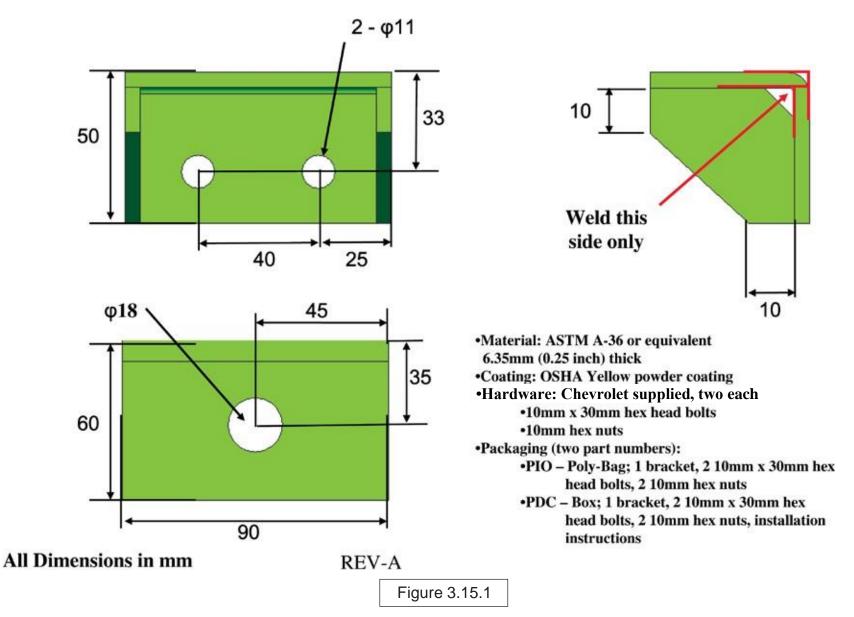


Figure 3.14.1

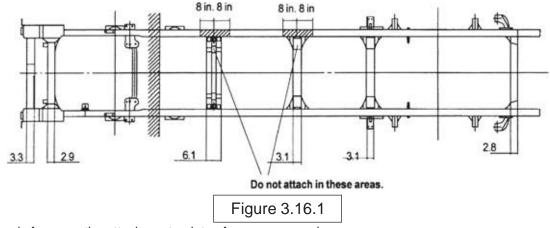
WHEELBASE		U	Bolt Crush Block Location	s (in)	
(in)	Α	В	С	D	E
152.0	32.8	79.0	39.6	N/A	N/A
170.0	32.8	N/A	39.6	64.6	N/A
188.0	32.8	68.9	39.6	59.6	82.5
200.0	32.8	74.0	39.6	66.5	94.5
212.0	32.8	82.7	39.6	73.0	106.5
224.0	32.8	82.7	39.6	85.0	118.5
236.0	32.8	82.7	39.6	82.3	130.5
248.0	32.8	82.7	39.6	94.3	142.5

Body Mounting Bracket Specifications



^{Byde} **3.15**

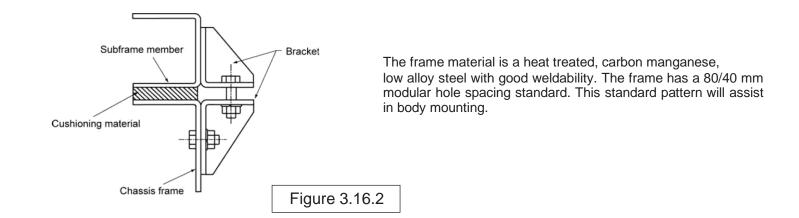




Within 8 inches of bends in the chassis frame or the attachment points of any crossmembers.

Bracket Installation

Mounting brackets should be clamped to the chassis frame using bolts. For proper positions in which to install the bolts, refer to the preceding section and the section "Modifications to the Chassis Frame." In addition to the illustrated bracket and U -bolts a shear plate may be required for adequately body mounting. The body company will be responsible for engineering their own mounting system.

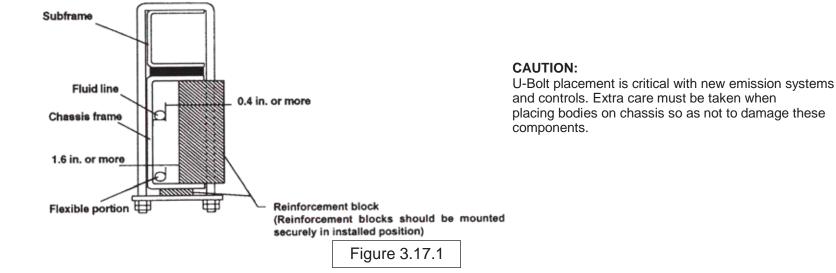




U-bolt Installation

When U-bolts are used to retain the subframe, reinforcement blocks must be installed in the frame members. This will prevent distortion of the frame flange as they are tightened. The drawing indicates the correct placement of reinforcement blocks. If you use wood blocks, be sure that there is sufficient clearance between them and any parts of the exhaust system. The use of J-bolts to retain the subframe is strictly prohibited.

If any fluid lines or electric cables are located near the reinforcement blocks, you must provide at least 0.4 inches of clearance between rigid or stationary portions, and at least 1.6 inches between moveable or flexible portions of the lines.



For the installation positions of the U-bolts, refer to "Prohibited Attachment Areas."

Modification of the Frame

Modifications of the chassis frame should be held to an absolute minimum. Modification work should be performed according to the instructions in the following paragraphs.

When modification is complete, chassis frame members should be carefully inspected to eliminate the possibility of any safety-related defects.

NOTE: PLEASE REFER TO NOTES ON CHASSIS FRAME MODIFICATION WITH ANTILOCK BRAKES.

Working on Chassis frame

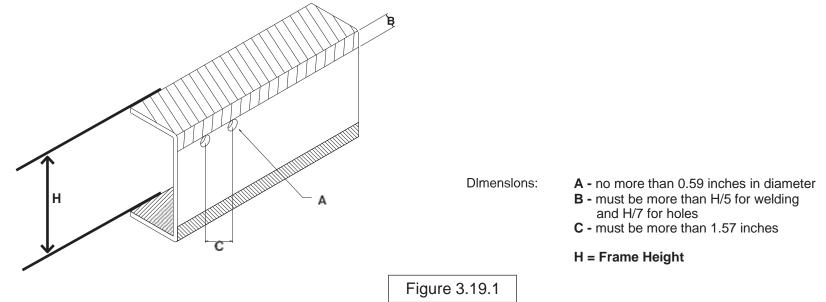
The chassis frame is designed and built with consideration for proper load distribution. Sufficient physical strength is provided when the load is evenly distributed. Installation of special equipment on the chassis frame can cause variations in load distribution. If even distribution of load is not kept in mind when the equipment is installed, localization of stresses on specific areas of the frame could cause cracking of the chassis frame members or other problems, even if the total weight of the equipment is within the design limit.

The chassis frame is designed as an integral unit. Therefore, we do not recommend cutting the chassis frame under any circumstances.

Drilling and Welding

IMPORTANT NOTE: For vehicles equipped with electronic engines and or electronic or hydra-matic transmissions, electric arc welding must be done with the negative battery cable disconnected.

- 1. Do not drill or weld in the shaded portions of the chassis frame members. Do not weld within 0.8 inches from the edges of any existing holes. (Ref. page 2.20)
- 2. Hold the length of any welding beads within 1.2-2.0 inches. Allow at least 1.6 inches between adjacent welding beads.
- 3. All holes must be drilled. Do not use a torch to make any holes.
- 4. All riveting must be done with cold rivets. Do not use hot rive ts.
- 5. The flange of the chassis frame must not be cut under any circumstances.
- 6. The subframe must be attached to the chassis frame with bolts. Do not weld.
- 7. Repaint exposed metal after drilling.



Reinforcement of Chassis Frame

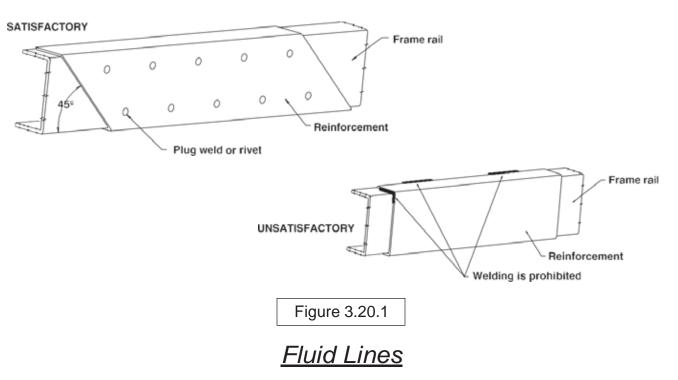
Reinforcements must be installed to prevent the considerable variation in the section modulus. They must be welded so as to avoid localized stresses.

The frame of the 6500XD is made of SAPH440 mild steel.

The drawing on the following page illustrates correct and incorrect methods of frame reinforcement.

Welding

- 1. Keep reinforcement plates and chassis frame free from moisture and water.
- 2. Avoid cooling with water after welding.
- 3. Use a suitable means to protect pipes, wires, rubber parts, leaf springs, etc. against heat and effect of sputtering.
- 4. Remove fuel tank assembly when welding portions near the fuel tank.
- 5. Remove coat of paint completely when welding painted areas. Repaint exposed metal after welding.



Do not disturb the layout of any brake lines or fuel lines unless absolutely necessary. When modification is needed, follow the instructions below carefully to ensure safety. Brake fluid lines must not be cut and spliced under any circumstances. We do not recommend the cutting or splicing of any fuel lines, but if it is absolutely necessary, be sure that the correct fitting and tools are used to form the joint, and then pressure test the joint. Steel lines are metric sizes.

Preparation of Additional Lines

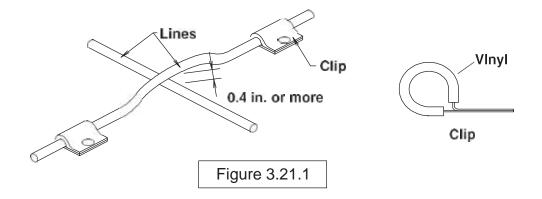
- 1. Where possible, use only genuine Chevrolet lines as supplied by authorized Chevrolet dealers.
- 2. Use the correct metric flaring and bending tools to form the lines.
- 3. Avoid repeated bending. Do not use heat for flaring and bending the lines. Before and after forming the new lines, examine them carefully for scratches, distortion, dents and the presence of any foreign matter.



Installation of Additional Lines

Install new lines away from adjacent parts and away from any sources of heat.

- 1. A minimum clearance of 0.4 inches must be maintained between lines. Where necessary, clip the lines into position in order to maintain this minimum clearance.
- 2. Minimize any crossing between lines. If a crossing is unavoidable, use the following procedure:
- a. At least 0.4 inches of clearance should be maintained between lines at the crossing point.
- b. If the 0.4 inches of clearance cannot be maintained, or if the lines are subject to vibration, clip them securely.
- 3. Plan the bends and clipping points of the lines to minimize vibration and the resulting fatigue.
- 4. Use rust-proofed clips and apply vinyl coating to the portions of the lines to be clipped.
- 5. Install new lines in positions where they are protected against water, dirt, grit, sand, rocks and other foreign matter that can come from above or below, or can be flung up by the wheels.



Electrical Wiring and Harnessing

To increase the reliability of the wiring, all frame harnesses are covered with corrugated vinyl tubing. The following instructions apply to extending or modifying these harnesses. See the Electrical Section for information on commonly used circuits in the Chevrolet LCF trucks.



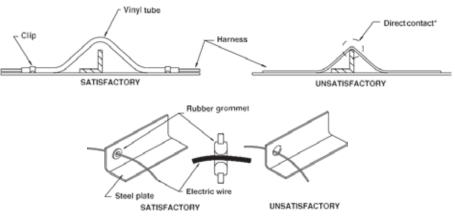
Wiring

- 1. Most wiring connections on LCF vehicles are made with terminals. We recommend the use of terminals when splicing cables and wires.
- 2. When splicing, use new wire of the same gauge, and do not make splices inside the corrugated tubing.
- 3. When making connections to the end of the harness, make sure the connections are electrically perfect. Use insulating tape as needed to prevent the entry of water, which results in short circuits and/or corrosion.
- 4. When making new circuits, or modifying circuits already installed, make the cables only just taut enough to remove any slack. Use clips or grommets where required to protect cables from heat or sharp edges. When cables must run near the exhaust system, see the instructions in the "ExhaustSystem" section.
- 5. Always use rustproof clips, and apply vinyl coating to that portion of the clips in direct contact with the harnesses. No scotch clips or connectors.
- 6. To minimize the vibration of the harness, clipping points should be set up according to the table.

Harness Diameter	Clip Distance
less than 0.2 in.	less than 11.8 in.
0.2 in. ~ 0.4 in.	approx. 15.7 in.
0.4 in. ~ 0.8 in.	approx. 19.7 in.

Figure 3.22.1

- 7. When changing the length of the battery cable, do not cut or splice the existing cable. Make up a new cable of the correct length and wire gauge for the load and distance, without splices.
- 8. When using connectors, use a socket (female) connector on the electrical source side and a plug (male) connector on the electrical load side to lower the possibility of a short circuit when disconnected.
- 9. When connecting cables to moving or vibrating parts such as the engine or transmission, be sure to maintain sufficient slack in the wiring to absorb the vibration. Follow the example of existing cables connected by Chevrolet LCF. Keep flexible cables clear of other parts.
- 10. Do not use vinyl tape in the engine compartment. The heat will tend to make it peel off. Use plated steel clips coated with rubber or vinyl.
- 11. When locating auxiliary equipment or lines near the ECM caution should be used in order to protect the ECM from excessive vibration, heat or chemical reactions.



* Cables should not be in contact with sharp edges or pierced holes.



* Harnesses should not be installed on inside lower face of the chassis frame.

* Hamesses should not be taped to fuel lines or other lines. A sufficient clearance should be maintained between hamess and pipe lines.

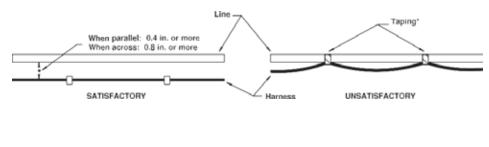


Figure 3.23.1

PAGE

3.23



Wire Color Code

The electrical circuits of the 6500XD Chassis Cab are connected with low-voltage stranded wire for automotive applications. The color coding standards are as follows for the 6500XD Chassis Cab:

- (1) Black
- (2) White
- (3) Red
- (4) Green
- W Generator (alternator) circuit R Lighting circuit

B Starter circuits and grounds

G Signal circuit

- (5) Yellow(6) Brown
- (7) Light Green
- (8) Blue

- Y Instrument circuit
- Br Accessory circuit
- Lg Other circuit
- L Windshield wiper motor circuit

Maximum Allowable Current

Harness Design Diameter (mm)	AWG Equivalent	No. of Wires/Wire Diameter (mm)	Cross Sectional Area (mm2)	Maximum Allowable Current(Amps)
100	00	217/0.80	109.1	363
85	0	169/0.80	84.96	305
60	1	127/0.80	63.84	248
50	1	108/0.80	54.29	223
40	1	85/0.80	42.73	191
30	2	70/0.80	35.19	171
20	4	41/0.80	20.61	123
15	6	84/0.45	13.36	93
8	8	50/0.45	7.952	68
5	8	65/0.32	5.228	51
3	12	41/0.32	3.297	39
2	14	26/0.32	2.091	29
1.25	16	16/0.32	1.287	21
0.85	18	11/0.32	0.8846	17
0.5	20	7/0.32	0.5629	13

Reference: The values given in the "maximum allowable current" column are based on the ambient temperature condition of 104°F with temperature increase of 104°F.

Figure 3.24.1



Electrical System Modifications

Modifications/add-on wiring must be carefully reviewed to ensure compatibility with the base vehicle wiring by reviewing system schematics, wire routing paths, harness connections, etc. Due to the wide range of modifications that may be required for vocational needs, it is not feasible for the O.E.M. to take into account all potential revisions. For this reason, any person modifying existing vehicle wiring must assume responsibility that the revisions have not degraded the electrical system performance. Any add-on wiring needs to be properly fused and routed to prevent cut, pinch, and chafe problems, as well as avoid exposure to excessive heat. Care must be exercised that existing vehicle interfaces do not have their current load capabilities exceeded, and that the respective control devices are not overloaded. Added wire size should be at least as large as the wire to which it is attaching in order for fuse protection to be maintained

A Packard electric wiring repair kit is available through Kent-Moore (P/N J38125-B) (Phone # 1-800-345-2233). This kit contains instructions, tools and components for making repairs to wiring harness components. This kit would also greatly assist in accomplishing necessary add-on wiring such as body marker lamps, so that system reliability/durability is maintained.

Electrical wiring components can be obtained through your authorized Chevrolet dealers. Packard Electric components are also available through Power and Signal (www.powerandsignal.com). Power and Signal may also be able to assist in making necessary wiring additions by providing custom wiring stubs or jumpers to your specifications.

Caution: Before servicing any electrical component, the ignition key must be in the LOCK position and all electrical loads must be OFF, unless instructed otherwise in Chevrolet service procedures. If a tool or equipment could easily come in contact with a live exposed electrical terminal, also disconnect the negative battery cable. Do not disconnect cable within 3 minutes after turning the ignition key to the Lock position. Failure to follow these precautions may cause personal injury and/or damage to the vehicle or its components.

Exhaust System

Modification of the exhaust system should be avoided. If modifications are absolutely necessary, the following points should be maintained.

1. Maintain the clearance specified in the "Exhaust System" table between all parts of the exhaust system and any fuel lines, brake lines, brake hoses, electrical cables, etc. The exhaust outlet should not point toward any of these parts.

	Clearance
Brake lines	2.4 in. or more. (If the combined section of a group of parallel brake lines is more than 7.8 in., a clearance of 7 in. or more
	should be provided.)
Flexible brake hoses	7.8 in. or more. (The temperature of flexible brake hoses should not exceed 158°F. If the highest temperature is not
	measurable, a clearance of more than 15.7 in. should be maintained between the hoses and the exhaust system.)
Wiring harnesses and cables	7.8 in. or more. (The temperature of flexible brake hoses should not exceed 158°F. If the highest temperature is not
	measurable, a clearance of more than 15.7 in. should be maintained between the hoses and the exhaust system.)
Steel fuel lines	3.1 in. or more.
Rubber or vinyl fuel hoses	5.9 in. or more.

Figure 3.25.1



- 2. If a tool box is installed, it should preferably be made from steel. If a wooden tool box is installed, at least 7.8 inches of clearance should be maintained between the tool box and any parts of the exhaust system.
- 3. If the exhaust system is modified, it is the responsibility of those making the modification to ensure that the noise level meets appropriate standards.
- 4. If the exhaust system is modified it is the responsibility of those making the modification to ensure that the emission levels meet appropriate standards.

Fuel System

Relocation of the fuel tank, or installation of additional fuel tanks, is not recommended. If modifications to the fuel system are unavoidable, follow these recommendations:

1. Maintain adequate clearance between the fuel tank and any other device or structure.

2. Do not connect any additional fuel hose.

Rear Lighting

Brackets installed are temporary. Please do not use these brackets for body installation.

Serviceability

No matter what other modifications or changes are made, access to components requiring daily preventive maintenance or other routine service must not be obstructed. This includes:

- 1. Inspection, filling and draining of engine oil and cooling water.
- 2. Inspection, filling and draining of transmission fluid.
- 3. Adjustment, removal and installation of the fan belts.
- 4. Inspection, filling and removal of the battery and battery cover.
- 5. Maintenance of clearance for tightening of check bolt on brake safety cylinder.
- 6. Operation of the spare tire carrier, including mounting and dismounting of the spare tire.



Wheelbase Alteration

With certain applications, it may become necessary to alter the wheelbase of the chassis. The next two sections provide the suggested guidelines for accomplishing either shortening or lengthening of the wheelbase.

Shortening/Lengthening the Wheelbase Without Altering the Frame

Since the frame is an integral part of the chassis, it is recommended that the frame not be cut if it is possible to avoid it. W hen shortening/lengthening the wheelbase on some models, it is possible to do so without cutting the frame. This is possible on models which have a straight frame rail. If the chassis does not have a straight frame rail, it may still be necessary to cut the frame. For instructions on shortening/lengthening these chassis, refer to the "Altering the Wheelbase by Altering the Frame" section of this book. Otherwise, the wheelbase may be shortened/lengthened by removing the rear suspension, drilling new suspension mounting holes at the appropriate spot in the frame, and sliding the rear suspension, suspension liner, and suspension crossmembers forward or aft.

The suspension and suspension crossmembers' rivet holes left in the frame rail flange must be filled with GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, HUC bolts or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut. When shortening/lengthening the wheelbase in this manner, the following guidelines must be adhered to:

- 1. All frame drilling must comply with the DRILLING AND WELDING section of this book.
- 2. All rivet holes left in the frame rail flange from the suspension and suspension crossmembers must be either filled with GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, HUC bolts or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut.
- 3. The components required to be slid forward or aft are the suspension and suspension hangers, suspension crossmembers and suspension frame liner.

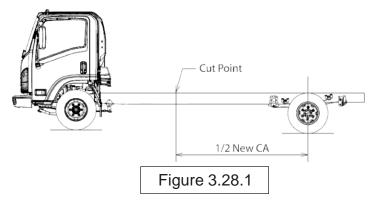
Altering the Wheelbase by Altering the Frame

Even on a straight frame rail, it may be desirable to cut the frame and lengthen or shorten the wheelbase rather than simply sliding the rear suspension back or forward. The following section offers some guidelines and suggestions for cutting and lengthening or shortening the frame.

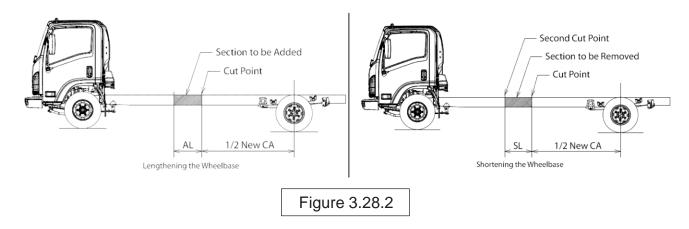
Glossary of Terms – Chassis Wheelbase Alteration

- CA Length from back-of-cab to rear axle centerline in inches.
- AL Added length (in case of a lengthened wheelbase). Difference between WB (new) and WB (old).
- SL Shortened length (in case of shortened wheelbase). Difference between WB (old) and WB (new).

- 1. Determine the added length (AL) or shortened length (SL) required to lengthen or shorten chassis. (For added wheelbase: New CA = CA + AL; For shortened wheelbase: New CA = CA SL.)
- 2. Obtain the material to be used as the insert for the lengthened wheelbase in the correct length (AL). The insert must have the same cross sectional dimensions and yield strength as the original frame rail.
- 3. Divide the new CA by two (2). Measure (new CA)/2 from the center of the rear axle forward and mark this point on the chassis frame (see figure below).

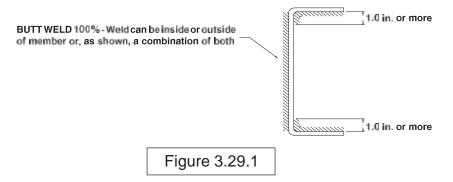


4. Cut the chassis frame at this point. If the wheelbase is to be lengthened, addition of the previously obtained insert (of length AL determined in step 1) will be made at this time. If the wheelbase is to be shortened, measure the distance (SL) forward of this cut and remove a length (SL) section from the chassis frame (see figure below). Insure that an adequate area on the frame remains for the required addition of the necessary reinforcements. These are the only suggested places for cutting the frame and reinforcements.





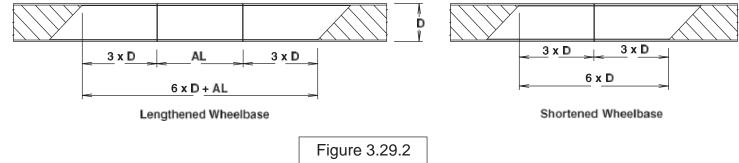
5. When welding the insert (length AL for wheelbase lengthening) to the original frame rail, a continuous butt weld must be used at the splices. When shortening the wheelbase, weld the ends of the chassis frame together with a continuous butt weld over the junction of the frame ends. Weld can be both the inside and outside of the frame rails using welding techniques prescribed by established welding standards (ref. SAE J1147) and in accordance with this guide. An example of this weld is shown below.



6. Determine the appropriate additional internal reinforcements which are required using this equation:

Reinforcement Length = AL + 6 x (original frame rail web depth).

The figure below shows how this reinforcement is to be placed over the extended or shortened section of the frame rail.



D = Original frame rail web depth

The suggested cross section of this reinforcement is a snug fit inner channel. If the new wheelbase exceeds the upper limit of the optional wheelbases of this model, i.e.; a "long bridge", it may be necessary to use an "inverted L" reinforcement in addition to the snug fit channel reinforcement (see figures on next page). Application Engineering should be consulted for approval of such cases. It should be noted that these methods of reinforcements, and any other methods which may be used, require a 45° angled cut at both ends to avoid stress concentrations in the frame (note the figures under item 7).

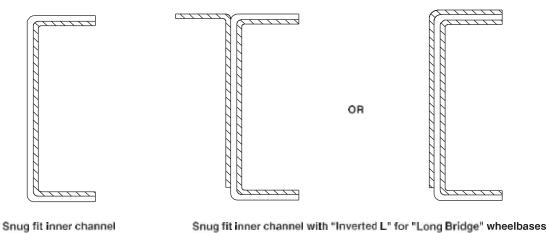
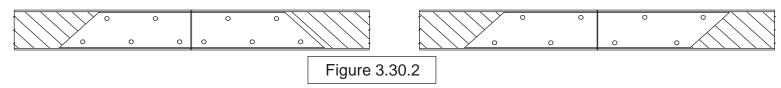


Figure 3.30.1

7. The reinforcements must be fastened securely to only the web of the original chassis frame rail. The reinforcement must be held rigidly in place using either HUC bolts, GRADE 8 bolts and hardened steel washers at both the bolt head and nut, or GRADE 8 flanged bolts and hardened steel washers at the nut. Below are some suggested bolt patterns. It should be noted that these bolt patterns must not align the bolts vertically, i.e.: the bolt pattern must be staggered.



- 8. Lengthening the frame will also require extending the brake lines, basic chassis electrical harness. It is recommended that the original brake lines be removed and replaced with brake lines of the same diameter as the original lines and of the appropriate length. The extended ABS brake lines must be supported back to the frame to prevent vibration. The electrical harness must be extended in accordance with the ELECTRICAL WIRING AND HARNESSING section of this book.
- 9. The propeller shafts' overall length will also need to be lengthened or shortened. If the extension is within the limits of the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the exact propeller shaft lengths and angles are given on or about Page 12 of the respective sections of this book. If the modified wheelbase exceeds the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the following guidelines must be adhered to:

a. Propeller Shaft Length

The maximum propeller shaft lengths (pin to pin) for the respective models are shown in the table below.

ENGINE	DIESEL
Model	6500XD
Propeller Shaft Diameter (in.)	4.0
Maximum Propeller Shaft Length (in.)	67.9

Figure 3.31.1

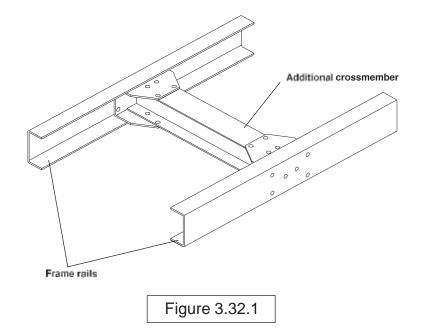
b. Propeller Shaft Angles

The maximum propeller shaft angles, with respect to the previous shaft, are shown in the table below.

ENGINE	DIESEL
Model	6500XD
Maximum Propeller Shaft Angle	3.4°

Figure3.31.2

- c. The propeller shaft angles must be designed such that the angles will cancel to avoid propeller shaft whip.
- d. The propeller shaft yokes must be assembled such that the propeller shaft yokes are "in phase."
- 10. Extending the frame will also require relocation and/or addition of crossmembers. If the extension is within the limits of the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the exact crossmember locations and dimensions are given in the respective model sections of this book. If the modified wheelbase exceeds the optional wheelbases of the respective model, the following guidelines must be adhered to:
 - a. The crossmember location will largely be determined by the propeller shaft lengths and where the center carrier bearing locations are for the propeller shaft assembly.
 - b. A crossmember must be located at the front and rear spring hangers of the rear suspension (refer to the appropriate section of this book to see where these suspension crossmembers are to be located).
 - c. The crossmember must be constructed such that it supports both the upper and lower flange on each frame rail (see drawing on next page). A crossmember such as the one on the next page may be constructed, or LCF crossmembers may be obtained from your Chevrolet parts dealer.



d. The maximum distance between crossmembers for the respective models is given in the table below.

ENGINE	DIESEL
Model	6500XD
Maximum Distance Between Crossmemebers (in.)	35.7
Figure 3.32.2	

- e. The drilling for any additional holes in the frame rails must comply with the DRILLING AND WELDING section of this book.
- 11. All other aspects of lengthening or shortening the wheelbase must comply with the applicable section of this Body Builder's Guide.
- 12. Please contact applications engineering for guidelines on 6500XD CHASSIS frame modifications when the vehicle is equipped with an Antilock Brake System.

2021 LCF Gas and LCF Diesel Body Application Summary

MODEL	WB	BOC					ENGTHS			
GVWR	(in)	(in)	10 ft.	12 ft.	14 ft.	16 ft.	18 ft.	20 ft.	22 ft.	24 ft.
	109	7.7	Х	Х						
3500 GAS	132.5	7.7			Х					
12,000 lbs	150	7.7				Х	Х			
.2,000.00	176	7.7						Х		
3500 CREW CAB GAS	150	5		Х						
12,000 lbs	176	5				Х				
	109	7.7	Х	Х						
4500 GAS	132.5	7.7			Х					
14,500 lbs	150	7.7				Х				
11,000100	176	7.7					Х	Х		
4500 CREW CAB GAS	150	5		Х						
14,500 lbs	176	5				Х				
	109	7.7		Х						
4500 HD DIESEL	132.5	7.7			Х				1	
14,500 lbs	150	7.7				X _[1]	Х			
14,500 lbs	176	7.7						X _[1]	1	
4500 HD CREW CAB	150	5.3		X _[1]	1					
DIESEL 14,500 lbs	176	5.3				X _[1]				
DIESEL 14,500 IDS	1/0	7.7	X	х		740				
	132.5	7.7	^	^	х					
4500 XD DIESEL	152.5	7.7			^	х	х			
16,000 lbs	176	7.7				~	x	х		
4500 XD CREW CAB	150	5.3		х			~	~		
DIESEL 16,000 lbs	176	5.3		~		х				
DIESEL 16,000 lbs	109	7.7	x			~				
	132.5	7.7	^	X _[1]	х					
5500 HD DIESEL	152.5	7.7		7[1]	^	х	х			
17,950 lbs	176	7.7				^	^	х		
17,950 153	200	7.7						^	x	
	150	5.3		х					^	
5500 HD CREW CAB	176	5.3		^		х				
DIESEL 17,950 lbs	109	7.7	x			^				
		7.7	^	X	х					
	132.5			X _[1]	^	v				
5500 XD DIESEL	150 176	7.7 7.7	l		 	Х	x	x		
19,500 lbs	200	7.7					^	^	х	
	200	7.7							^	x
				v						^
5500 XD CREW CAB	150	5.3		Х						
DIESEL 19,500 lbs	176	5.3	I			Х				

Notes:

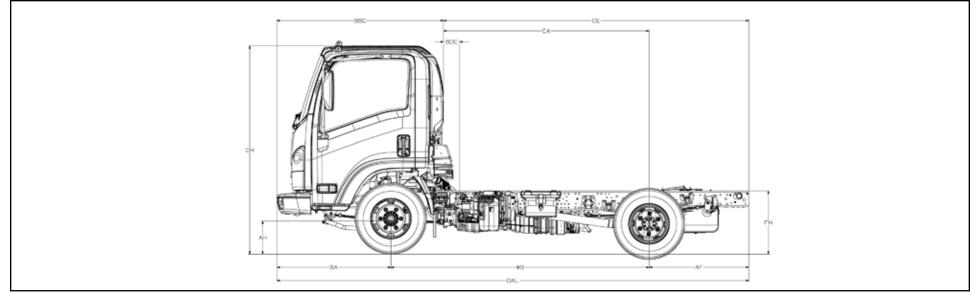
- Indicated body size and chassis wheelbase combination requires the installation of a liftgate for an acceptable weight distribution.
- [2] WARNING Body selection recommendations are based on water level weight distribution and no accessories (i.e.liftgates or refrigeration units). This table is intended for reference and does not preclude the necessity for an accurate weight distribution calculation.

[3] The BOC (back of cab) values shown are the minimum requirements for the chassis. A weight distribution analysis should be performed for the completed vehicle to determine the necessary BOC value. Revision: 05/04/21

2021 Chevrolet LCF



<u>4500HD</u>



- Body & Payload Weight Distribution (% Front/% Rear)

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16	18		
4500	14,500	109	86.5	129.6	200.5	7.7		6/94					
4500	14,500	132.5	110	153.1	224.0	7.7			14/86				
4500	14,500	150	127.5	170.6	241.5	10.2				14/86	6/94		
4500	14,500	176	153.5	196.6	267.5	10.2						13/87	

IMPORTANT:

Weight distribution percentages listed do not include added accessories, liftgate or refrigeration units. Percentages based on water-level distribution of body and payload weight which is determined by subtracting chassis wet weight (including 200 lb. driver) from GVWR. These tables are intended for reference and do not preclude the necessity for an accurate weight distribution calculation.



4500XD Diesel

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION														
MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	
4500XD DIESEL	16,000	109	86.5	129.6	200.5	7.7	17/83	6/94						
4500XD DIESEL	16,000	132.5	110.0	153.1	224.0	7.7			14/86					
4500XD DIESEL	16,000	150	127.5	170.6	241.5	7.7				16/84	8/92			
4500XD DIESEL	16,000	176	153.5	196.6	267.5	7.7					22/78	15/85		

5500HD Diesel

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

ALITOMATIC TRANSMICSION

MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	
5500HD DIESEL	17,950	109	86.5	129.6	200.5	7.7	17/83	6/94						
5500HD DIESEL	17,950	132.5	110.0	153.1	224.0	7.7			14/86					
5500HD DIESEL	17,950	150	127.5	170.6	241.5	7.7				16/84	8/92			
5500HD DIESEL	17,950	176	153.5	196.6	267.5	7.7					22/78	15/85		
5500HD DIESEL	17,950	200	177.5	220.6	291.5	7.7							19/81	

5500XD Diesel

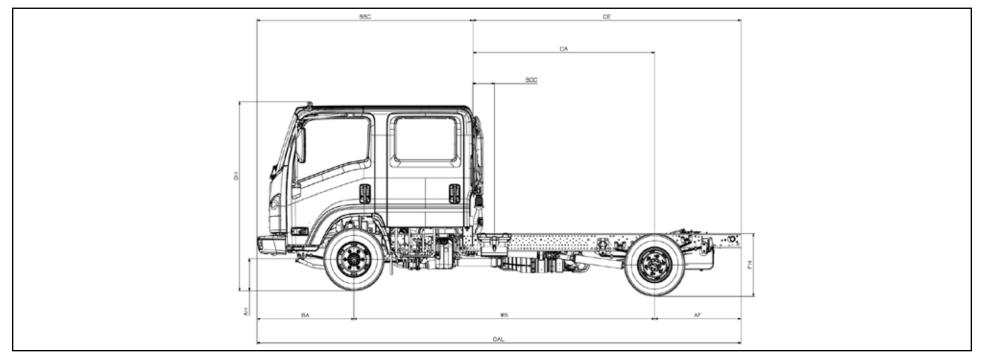
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	109	86.5	129.6	200.5	7.7	17/83	6/94						
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	132.5	110.0	153.1	224.0	7.7		23/77	14/86					
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	150	127.5	170.6	241.5	7.7				16/84	8/92			
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	176	153.5	196.6	267.5	7.7					22/78	15/85		
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	200	177.5	220.6	291.5	7.7							19/81	
5500XD DIESEL	19,500	212	189.5	232.6	303.5	7.7								18/82

IMPORTANT:

Weight distribution percentages listed do not include added accessories, liftgate or refrigeration units. Percentages based on water-level distribution of body and payload weight which is determined by subtracting chassis wet weight (including 200 lb. driver) from GVWR. These tables are intended for reference and do not preclude the necessity for an accurate weight distribution calculation.

4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD Crew Cab Diesel



- Diesel Crew Cab Body & Payload Weight Distribution (% Front/% Rear)

MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16
			÷	•	-		10	12	14	10
4500HD CREW CAB DSL	14,500	150	88.5	131.6	241.5	5.3				
4500HD CREW CAB DSL	14,500	176	114.5	157.6	267.5	5.3			14/86	7/93
MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16
4500XD CREW CAB DSL	16,000	150	88.5	131.6	241.5	5.3		7/93		
4500XD CREW CAB DSL	16,000	176	114.5	157.6	267.5	5.3			14/86	7/93
MODEL	GVWR	WB	CA	CE	OAL	BOC	10	12	14	16
5500HD CREW CAB DSL	17,950	150	88.5	131.6	241.5	5.3	15/85	7/93		
5500HD CREW CAB DSL	17,950	176	114.5	157.6	267.5	5.3			14/86	7/93

IMPORTANT:

Weight distribution percentages listed do not include added accessories, liftgate or refrigeration units. Percentages based on water-level distribution of body and payload weight which is determined by subtracting chassis wet weight (including 200 lb. driver) from GVWR. These tables are intended for reference and do not preclude the necessity for an accurate weight distribution calculation.



MECHANICAL AND CAB SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Horsepower and Torque Chart

ENGINE MODEL	VEHICLE MODEL	Net HP HP/RPM ¹	Net Torque LBS-FT/RPM ¹	Gross HP HP/RPM ¹	Gross Torque LBS FT/RPM		
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION							
ISUZU 4HK1-TC 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD 210/2500 441/1850 215/2500 452/1850					452/1850		

Figure 4.1.1

NOTE:¹ Horsepower and Torque Ratings are measured under SAE J1349 standards.

The following table presents GVW ratings and corresponding GCW ratings for each model truck

GVW/GCW Ratings

Truck Model	Transmission	GVWR(lbs.)	GCWR (lbs.) ¹
4500HD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	14,500	20,500
4500XD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	16,000	22,000
5500HD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	17,950	23,950
5500XD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	19,500	25,500

Figure 4.1.2

1 The Chevrolet Gas/Diesel engines are not approved for Hot Shot applications.



Rear Frame Height Chart

The following table provides the rear frame height for each model/GVWR with standard tires:

Model	GVWR (lbs.)	Standard Tire	Frame HT (in.) FH Std. Tires
4500HD Diesel	14,500	215/85R-16E	31.1
4500XD Diesel	16,000	225/70R-19.5F	33.0
5500HD Diesel	17,950	225/70R-19.5F	33.0
5500XD Diesel	19,500	225/70R-19.5F	33.0

Figure 4.2.1

4.21

BODY APPLICATION SUMMARY CHART

6500XD MODELS

RPO CODE	GVWR	WB	BOC	14 ft.	16 ft.	18 ft.	20 ft.	22 ft.	24 ft.	26 ft.	28 ft.	30 ft.
EG9		152		х	х							
EH8		170				х						
EK3		188					х					
EM2	05.050	200						х				
EL5	25,950	212	3.0						х			
EK6		224								х		
EG7		236									х	
ES5		248										х

Figure 4.21.1



Paint Code Chart

EXTERIOR PAINT CODE INFORMATION

GM Ordering Color Name Exterior	AKZO NOBEL CODE	DUPONT CODE	NEXA COLOR CODE	PPG CODE	SHERWIN WILLIAMS/ MARTIN SENOUR	SPIES HECKER CODE	STANDOX CODE	PANTONE (1)
White	FLNA40156	729	729	91508	729	729	729	7541C
Wheatland Yellow	FLNA10182	812	812	83931	812	812	812	137C
Dark Woodland Green	FLNA60181	807	807	48339	807	807	807	3308C
Cardinal Red	ISU736	736	736	75097	736	736	736	202C
Dark Blue	ISU695	695	695	909649	695	695	695	655C
Black	ISU508	508	508	N/A	508	508	508	Black 6C

(1) The Pantone colors listed are the closest Pantone color numbers to the OEMpaint colors and are given for reference only

Figure 4.3.1



Low Cab Forward Towing Procedure

WHEN TOWING A VEHICLE: Proper equipment must be used to prevent damage to vehicles during any towing. State and local laws which apply to vehicles in tow must be followed. Vehicles should not be towed at speeds in excess of 55 MPH (88 km/h). Connect to the main structural parts of the vehicle. Do not attach to bumpers, tow hooks or brackets. Use only equipment designed for this purpose. Follow the instructions of the wrecker manufacturer. A safety chain system must be used. The procedures below must be followed when towing to prevent possible damage.

FRONT END TOWING (FRONT WHEELS OFF GROUND)

To prepare a disabled vehicle for front end towing with front wheels raised off the ground, the following steps are necessary:

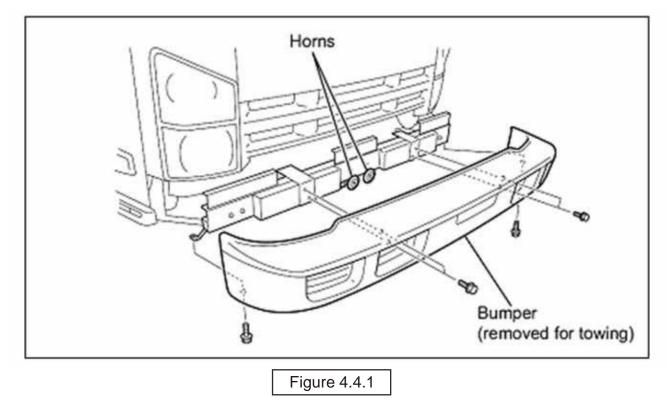
- · Block the rear wheels of the disabled vehicle.
- Disconnect the propeller shaft at the rear axle. Secure the propeller shaft to the frame or cross member.

CAUTION: WHEN TOWING, DISCONNECT THE DRIVESHAFT AT THE REAR AXLE TO ENSURE THE TRANSMISSION IS NOT DAMAGED.

If there is damage or suspected damage to the rear axle, remove the axle shafts.

Cover the hub openings to prevent the loss of lubricant or entry of dirt or foreign objects. Place a 10 cm (4 in) wood beam against the towing guide behind the bumper.

(If no 10 cm (4 in) is available, then remove the bumper.) Ensure towing chains do not come into contact with the horns or the bumper.





AFTER TOWING

After towing the vehicle, block the rear wheels and install axle shafts or driveshaft. Apply the parking brake before disconnecting from the towing vehicle.

FRONT END TOWING (ALL WHEELS ON THE GROUND)

Your vehicle may be towed on all wheels provided the steering is operable. Remember that power steering and brakes will not have power assist. There must be a tow bar installed between the tow vehicle and the disabled vehicle.

TOWING WITH ALL WHEELS ON THE GROUND

To prepare a disabled vehicle for front end towing with all wheels on the ground, the following steps are necessary:

- Block the wheels of the disabled vehicle.
- Disconnect the propeller shaft at the rear axle. Secure the propeller shaft to the frame or crossmember.

CAUTION:

When towing, disconnect the driveshaft at the rear axle to ensure the transmission is not damaged. Provide wood blocking to prevent towing chains and bar from coming into contact with the bumper. If there is damage or suspected damage to the rear axle, remove the axle shafts. Cover the hub openings to prevent the loss of lubricant or entry of dirt or foreign objects.

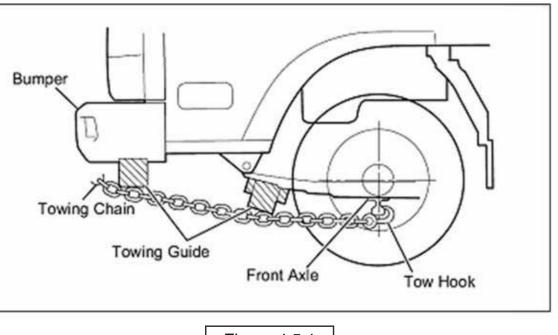


Figure 4.5.1

CAUTION:

When towing, disconnect the driveshaft at the rear axle to ensure the transmission is not damaged. Provide wood blocking to prevent towing chains and bar from coming into contact with the bumper. If there is damage or suspected damage to the rear axle, remove the axle shafts. Cover the hub openings to prevent the loss of lubricant or entry of dirt or foreign objects.

AFTER TOWING

After towing the vehicle, block the rear wheels and install axle shafts or propeller shaft. Apply the parking brake before disconnecting from the towing vehicle. Check and fill rear axle with oil, if required.

REAR END TOWING

When towing a vehicle with rear wheels raised, secure the steering wheel to maintain straight-ahead position. Make certain that the front axle is not loaded beyond the front axle gross axle weight rating (GAWR) as indicated on the vehicle's VIN and weight rating plate.

SPECIAL TOWING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All state and local laws regarding such items as warning signals, night illumination, speed, etc., must be followed.
- 2. Safety chains must be used.
- 3. No vehicle should ever be towed over 55 MPH (88 km/h).
- 4. Loose or protruding parts of damaged vehicles should be secured prior to moving.
- 5. A safety chain system completely independent of the primary lifting and towing attachment must be used.
- 6. Operators should refrain from going under a vehicle which is being lifted by the towing equipment unless the vehicle is adequately supported by safety stands.
- 7. No towing operation which for any reason jeopardizes the safety of the wrecker operator or any bystanders or other motorists should be attempted.

MECHANICAL AND CAB SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Horsepower and Torque Chart

The following table presents Net versus Gross Horsepower and Torque ratings for Isuzu Product Engines:

ENGINE MODEL	VEHICLE MODEL	Net HP HP/RPM ¹	Net Torque LBS-FT/RPM ¹	Gross HP HP/RPM ¹	Gross Torque LBS FT/RPM			
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION								
ISUZU 4HK1-TC	4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD	210/2500	441/1850	215/2500	452/1850			
ISUZU 4HK1-TC	6500XD	210/2500	520/1600	215/2500	520/1600			

Figure 5.0.1

GVW/GCW Ratings

The following table presents GVW ratings and corresponding GCW ratings for each model truck:

Truck Model	Transmission	GVWR (lbs.)	GCWR (lbs.) ³
4500HD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	14,500	20,500
4500XD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	16,000	22,000
5500HD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	17,950	23,950
5500XD DIESEL	AUTOMATIC	19,500	25,500
6500XD	AUTOMATIC	25,950	30,000

Figure 5.0.2

NOTE: 1. Horsepower and Torque Ratings are measured under SAE J1349 standards.

- 2. Governed RPM 4HK1-TC 2760 rpm
- 3. Diesel engines are not approved for Hot Spot applications

PAGE

5.01



6500XD Towing Procedure

When towing a vehicle: To move a disabled vehicle, it is best to rely on someone in the wrecker or tow truck business. If that is not possible, follow these procedures. When towing, use appropriate equipment and comply with state and local legal requirements. Do not try to start the engine by towing or pushing the vehicle.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to chock the wheels when disconnecting the axle shaft. The vehicle could start to move and cause a serious accident. The vehicle will start moving upon disconnecting the axle shaft.
- Place the gearshift lever in the "N" position, and tow for a maximum distance of 6.2 miles (10 km) at speeds less than 25 MPH (40 km/h). Other than the above, disconnect the axle shaft when towing to avoid damage to the transmission.
- Whenever possible, tow a vehicle with the engine started. If the engine is not started:
- The brakes will not be as effective
- The steering wheel will be hard to turn
- The steering wheel could lock, making it impossible to move. This is extremely dangerous. (When the ignition key is removed.)
- If you apply any one of the air brake parking controls while the vehicle is moving, your rig will stop suddenly. If you are not ready for this, you or others could be injured. Do not apply any one of these controls while you are driving, unless you have to make an emergency stop.

Front End Towing (All wheels on the ground, or the front wheels are off the ground): When it is possible to operate the steering wheel, the vehicle can be towed with all wheels on the ground. If the engine cannot be started, the power steering system does not work, making steering difficult. In addition, when air pressure is low, the brakes will not work. Either install a tow bar between the towing vehicle and the disabled vehicle, or use a tow truck to move the disabled vehicle. To prevent damage to the differential and pinion seal, the axle shafts need to be removed whenever the vehicle is towed with the rear tires on the ground. Remove the axle shaft and plug up the opening of the hub to prevent differential gear oil from leaking, or to prevent dirt or foreign objects from entering the axle. When towing, disconnect the axle shaft at the rear axle to ensure the transmission is not damaged.

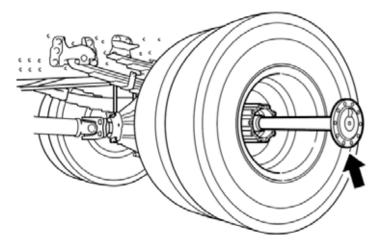


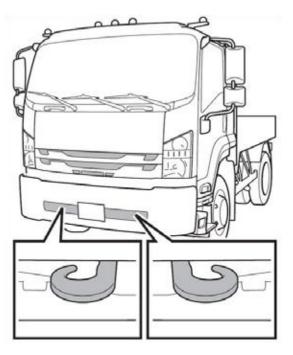
Figure 5.02.1

1. If the vehicle is towing or is towed, firmly attach a rope to the front towing hook on the same side.

2. During towing, carefully watch the stop lights of the towing vehicle in order to prevent slack in the rope. Ensure that there are no strong shocks or lateral force applied to the vehicle. Excessive towing load can damage the towing hook.

CAUTION:

- Do not tow a vehicle at an angle of greater than 15°. This could exert too much stress on the vehicle and damage it.
- Attach a rope to the towing hook only. Attaching a rope to any other part of the vehicle could damage it.
- Make sure there are no people near the towing rope and hook before towing a vehicle. If the rope snaps, people nearby could be injured.
- The towing hook is for use to tow a vehicle with about the same weight as the towing vehicle on good roads.
- When coming to channels or muddy areas, unload the vehicle. Do not use the towing hook to tow, but tow with a rope attached to the axle.



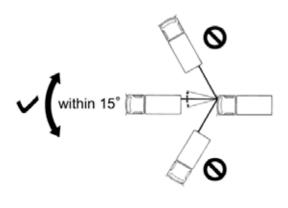


Figure 5.03.1

EIGHT DISTRIBUTION CONCEPTS

Weight Restrictions

The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) and the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR) of each Incomplete Vehicle are specified on the cover of its Incomplete Vehicle Document in conformance to the requirements of Part 568.4 of the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Regulations. The final stage manufacturer is responsible under Part 567.5 to place the GVWR and the GAWR of each axle on the Final Vehicle Certification Label. The regulation states that the appropriate rating "shall not be less than the sum of the unloaded vehicle weight, rated cargo load, and 150 pounds times the vehicle's designated seating capacity."

Unloaded vehicle weight means the weight of a vehicle with maximum capacity of all fluids necessary for operation of the vehicle, but without cargo or occupants.

During completion of this vehicle, GVWR and GAWR may be affected in various ways, including but not limited to the following:

- 1. The installation of a body or equipment that exceeds the rated capacities of this Incomplete Vehicle.
- 2. The addition of designated seating positions which exceeds the rated capacities of this Incomplete Vehicle.

3. Alterations or substitution of any components such as axles, springs, tires, wheels, frame, steering and brake systems that may affect the rated capacities of this Incomplete Vehicle.

Use the following chart to assure compliance with the regulations. Chassis curb weight and GVW rating is located on Page 2 in each vehicle section. Always verify the results by weighing the completed vehicle on a certified scale.

Curb Weight of Chassis (lbs.)		(From required vehicle section)
PLUS weight of added body components, accessories or other permanently attached components.	+	(Body, liftgate, reefer, etc.)
PLUS total weight of passengers, air conditioning and all load or cargo.	+	(Driver, passengers, accessories and load)
EQUALS Gross Vehicle Weight (lbs.) (GVW) of completed vehicle.	=	(Should equal GVWR from required vehicle section)



Gross Axle Weight Rating

The Gross Vehicle Weight is further restricted by the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR). The maximum GAWR for both front and rear axles is listed in each Vehicle Section. Weight distribution calculations must be performed to ensure GAWR is not exceeded. Always verify the results by weighing the completed vehicle on a certified scale.

NOTE: Although the Front Gross Axle Weight Rating (FGAWR) plus the Rear Gross Axle Weight Rating (RGAWR) may exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR), the total GVW may not exceed the respective maximum GVWR.

The variation in the GAWRs allow the second stage manufacturer some flexibility in the design of the weight distribution of the attached unit.

Weighing the Vehicle

Front and rear GAWRs and total GVWR should be verified by weighing a completed loaded vehicle. Weigh the front and rear of the vehicle separately and combine the weights for the total GVWR. All three weights must be less than the respective maximum shown in the vehicle sections.

Tire Inflation

Tire inflation must be compatible with GAWR and GVWR as specified on the cover of the Incomplete Vehicle Document for each vehicle.

Center of Gravity

The design of the truck body should be such that the center of gravity of the added load does not exceed the guidelines as listed in each Vehicle Section. If the body is mounted in such a way that the center of gravity height exceeds the maximum height of the center of gravity designated for each model, the directional stability at braking and roll stability at cornering will be adversely affected. A vertical and/or horizontal center of gravity calculation must be performed if a question in stability arises to ensure the designed maximum height of the center of gravity is not violated.



Weight Distribution

A truck as a commercial vehicle has but one purpose. That purpose is to haul some commodity from one place to another. A short distance or a long distance, the weight to be hauled, more than any other factor, determines the size of the truck. A small weight requires only a small truck; a large weight requires a large truck. A simple principle, but it can easily be misapplied. In any case, selecting the right size truck for the load to be hauled will ensure that the job will be done and that it will be able to be done with some degree of reliability and within the legal limitations of total gross weight and axle gross weights.

Not only must a truck be selected that will handle the total load, but the weight must also be properly distributed between the axles. This is of extreme importance from both a functional and economic aspect. If a truck consistently hauls less than its capacity, the owner is not realizing full return on his investment and his operating costs will be higher than they should be. If the truck is improperly loaded or overloaded, profits will be reduced due to increased maintenance costs and potential fines resulting from overloading beyond legal limitations. Careful consideration must be given to distribution of the load weight in order to determine how much of the total, including chassis, cab, body and payload, will be carried on the front axle and how much will be carried on the rear axle, on the trailer axles and the total. Moving a load a few inches forward or backward on the chassis can mean the difference between acceptable weight distribution for the truck or an application that will not do the job satisfactorily.

Every truck has a specific capacity and should be loaded so that the load distribution is kept within Gross Axle Weight Ratings (GAWR) and the truck's Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Combination Weight Rating (GCWR) for a tractor/trailer and the weight laws and regulations under which the truck will operate. Improper weight distribution will cause problems in many areas:

- 1. Excessive front end wear and failure
 - a. Tie-rod and kingpin wear
 - b. Front axle failure
 - c. Overloading of front suspension
 - d. Wheel bearing failure
- 2. Rapid tire wear
 - a. When the weight on a tire exceeds its rating capacity, accelerated wear will result and could result in tire failure.



Weight Distribution

3. Rough, erratic ride

- a. If the center of the payload is directly over or slightly behind the rear axle, the lack of sufficient weight on the front axle will create a bobbing effect, very rough ride, and erratic steering. This condition will be magnified when the truck is going uphill.
- 4. Hard steering
 - a. When loads beyond the capacity of the front axle are imposed upon it, the steering mechanism is also overloaded and hard steering will result.
 - b. Excessive overloading could result in steering component damage or failure.
- 5. Unsafe operating and conditions
 - a.Poor traction on the steering axle effects the safety of the driver and equipment, particularly on wet, icy and slippery surfaces. Experience indicates that approximately 30% of the total weight at the ground on a truck or tractor should be on the front axle with a low cab forward vehicle.
 - b.When a truck is overloaded, a dangerous situation may exist because minimum speeds cannot always be maintained, directional control may not be precise and insufficient braking capacity can cause longer than normal braking distances.
- 6. High maintenance costs
 - a. Improper weight distribution and overloading cause excessive wear and premature failure of parts. Additional stresses imposed on the frame by the misapplication of wheelbases may be instrumental in causing the frame to crack or break.
- 7. Noncompliance with weight laws and regulations
 - a. When there is the possibility that axle loads will exceed existing weight laws and regulations, careful weight distribution is necessary to provide a correct balance between front and rear axle loads and total load within legal limitations.

In this way, maximum payloads may be carried without exceeding legal limits. If the body is too long for a wheelbase, the center of the body and payload is placed directly over the rear axle. This places all the payload on the rear axles, resulting in overloading the rear tires, rear axle springs and wheel bearings and potentially exceeding the rear axle legal weight limit. The front axle is then carrying no part of the payload and is easily lifted off the ground when going over rough terrain, creating a very rough ride and temporary loss of steering control. If the body is too short for the wheelbase used, frame stress may be increased and may result in excessive loads on the front axle. Excessive front axle loads increase wear on the kingpins and bushings, wheel bearings and steering gear. Excessive front axle loads also overstress the front axle, springs, tires and wheels. All of these contribute directly to higher maintenance costs and hard steering, both of which are undesirable.



Weight Distribution

Weight distribution analysis involves the application of basic mathematical principles to determine the proper positioning of the payload and body weight in relation to the wheelbase of the truck chassis.

It is much less expensive to work all of this out on paper, make mistakes on paper and correct them there than to set up the truck incorrectly and either have it fail to do the job or, much worse, fail completely.

It is important to become familiar with the dimensions of the truck, as these will be needed to perform the necessary calculations.

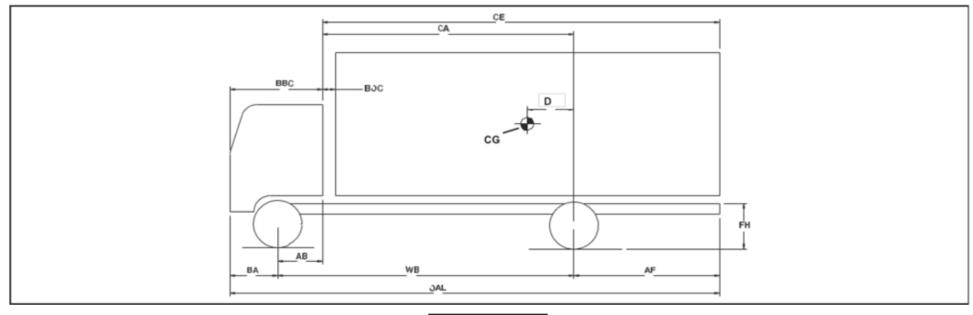


Figure 5.5.1

Glossary of Dimensions

CG

- **BBC** Bumper to back of cab
- **BA** Bumper to axle
- CA Cab to axle
- AB Axle to back of cab
- BOC Back of cab clearance
- CE Cab to end of frame

- Center of gravity of body and payload
- WB Wheelbase
- OAL Overall length
- AF Axle to end of frame
- **FH** Frame height

Weight Distribution Formulas

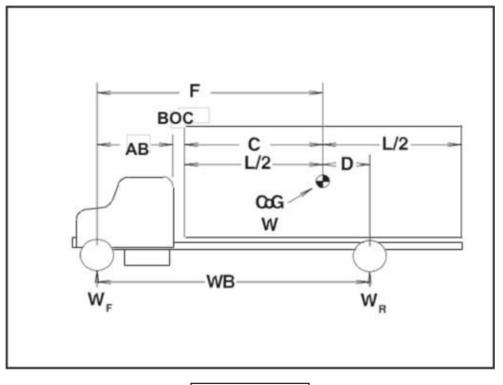


Figure 5.6.1

- **AB** Front axle to back of cab
- **BOC** Distance between cab and body or trailer
- **C** Front of body to C.G. or front of trailer to kingpin
- D Distance C.G. of body or fifth wheel is ahead of rear axle
- F (AB + BOC +C) or distance C.G. of weight of fifth wheel is behind front axle
- WB Wheelbase
- W Weight of body plus payload, or kingpin load
- WF Portion of W transferred to front axle
- WR Portion of W transferred to rear axle
- **C** Length of body divided by 2
- L/2 Load location at half of body length
- L Distance over which the payload is spread within the Body

^{BVG} **5.6**

Weight Distribution Formulas

Basic Formulas (a) $W \times D = Wf \times WB$ (c) WB = (AB + BOC + C + D) = (F + D)or (b) $W \times F = Wr \times WB$ (d) W = Wf + Wr $1. W = W \times D$ = WxF 5. W f WB WB **2.** $D = W \times WB$ 6. F = W x WB W W 3. WB = $W \times D$ **7.** WB = W x F W W 4. W = $\frac{W \times WB}{D}$ **8.** W = W × WB

Weight Distribution Formulas in Words

To find:			
1.	Weight transferred to front axle	=	(Total weight) x (Distance C.G. is ahead of the rear axle) (Wheelbase)
2.	Distance C.G. must be placed ahead of rear axle	=	(Weight transferred to the front axle) x (Wheelbase) (Total weight)
3.	Wheelbase	=	(Total weight) x (Distance C.G. is ahead of the rear axle) (Weight to be transferred to the front axle)
4.	Total Weight	=	(Weight to be transferred to the front axle) x (Wheelbase) (Distance C.G. is ahead of the rear axle)

5.7

Weight Distribution Formulas

1.	Weight transferred to rear axle	=	(Total weight) x (Distance C.G. is behind the front axle) (Wheelbase)
2.	Distance C.G. must be placed behind the front axle	=	<u>(Weight transferred to the rear axle) x (Wheelbase)</u> (Total weight)
3.	Wheelbase	=	(Total weight) x (Distance C.G. is behind the front axle) (Weight to be transferred to the rear axle)
4.	Total Weight	=	(Weight to be transferred to the rear axle) x (Wheelbase) (Distance C.G. is behind the front axle)
9.	Remember	=	Total weight must always equal weight transferred to the rear axle plus the weight transferred to the front axle
	 ₽ Ib.	20"	100 lb. 8"Pivot

Figure 5.8.1

To find the value of "P", the leverages must be equal for balance.

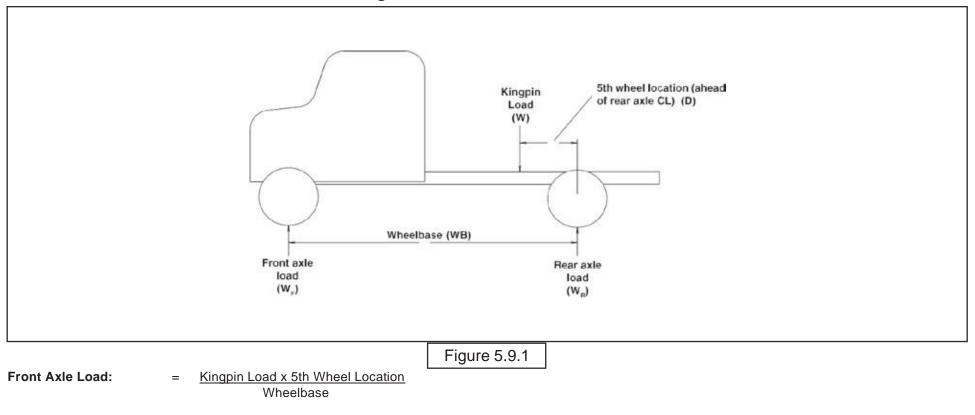
Example:100 lbs. x 8 in. = "P" x 20 in.or"P" = $\frac{100 \text{ lbs. x 8 in.}}{20 \text{ in.}}$

Therefore: "P" = 40 lbs.

This same approach is used to determine axle loadings on a tractor or truck chassis. Assuming the rear axle serves as a pivot point, the front axle load can be determined by applying the lever principle.

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Weight Distribution Formulas



Rear Axle Load: = Kingpin Load – Front Axle Load

Example: (4) A tractor has a wheelbase of 150 inches. If the kingpin load is 20,000 lbs. and the fifth wheel location is 15 inches, find the total weight on the front and rear axles. The tare weight of the tractor is 7,000 lbs. on the front axle and 4,400 lbs. on the rear axle.

Front Axle Load $20,000 \times 15$ = 2,000 lbs. 150 WB = 2,000 lbs. Rear Axle Load = 2,000 + 7,000 lbs. = 9,000 lbs. Therefore: Total Front Axle Weight = 2,000 + 9,000 lbs. = 11,000 lbs. Total Rear Axle Weight = 4,400 + 18,000 lbs. = 22,400 lbs. 2021 Chevrolet LCF PAGE

5,9

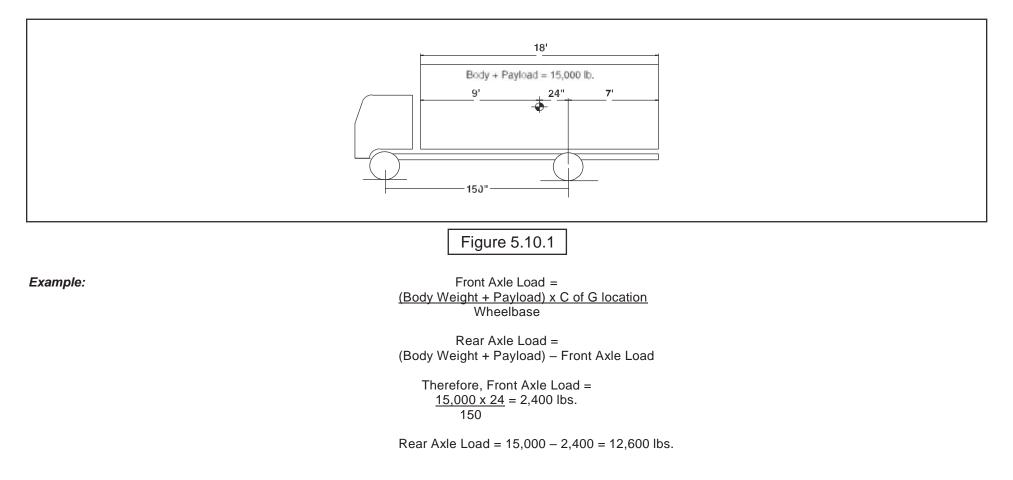


Weight Distribution Formulas

In calculating the weight distribution for a truck, the same lever principle is applied; however, there is one change in the initial consideration of the method of loading the truck body. Instead of the trailer kingpin location ahead of the rear axle centerline, we must determine the position of the center of gravity of the pay-load and body weight in relation to the rear axle centerline.

For our calculations, we assume that the payload is distributed in the truck body so that the load is supported evenly over the truck body floor (water-level distribution). The weight of the body itself is also considered to be evenly distributed along the truck frame. In this manner, we can add the payload and body weights together and calculate the distribution on the vehicle chassis as an evenly distributed load on the truck frame rails.

So that we can make the necessary calculation in a simple manner, the total body and payload weight is considered to act at the center of gravity which will be at the center of the body length.



Weight Distribution Formulas

If the truck tare weight without the body is 5,000 lbs. on the front axle and 2,400 lbs. on the rear axle, then

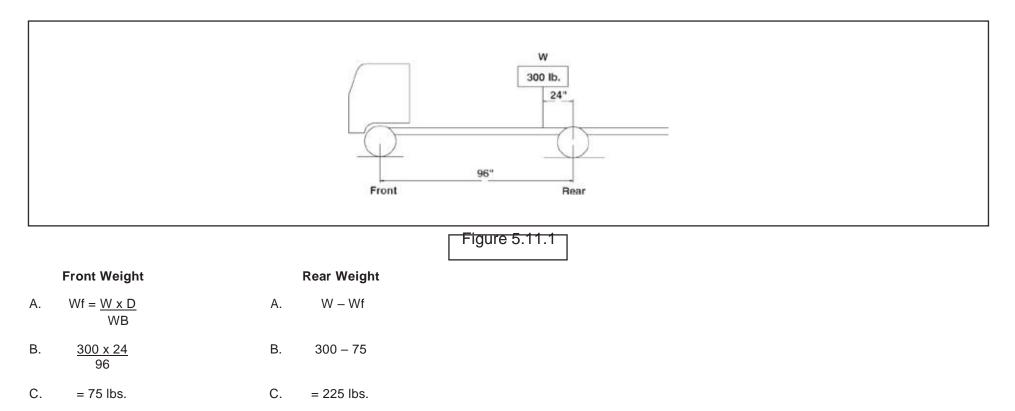
Total Front Axle Weight = 5,000 + 2,400 = 7,400 lbs. and

Total Rear Axle Weight = 2,400 + 12,600 = 15,000 lbs.

This same lever principle is applied in all calculations of weight distribution, whether we are dealing with concentrated loads as with a kingpin load acting on a fifth wheel or if it be with an evenly distributed load as with a truck body. The same approach is made in calculating an evenly distributed load on a trailer.

In the case of a tractor/trailer or a tractor with a set of double or triple trailers, each unit is handled as a separated unit and then combined to determine the total.

This simple example illustrates how the principles are applied. Using the formulas, find the weight distributed to each axle.

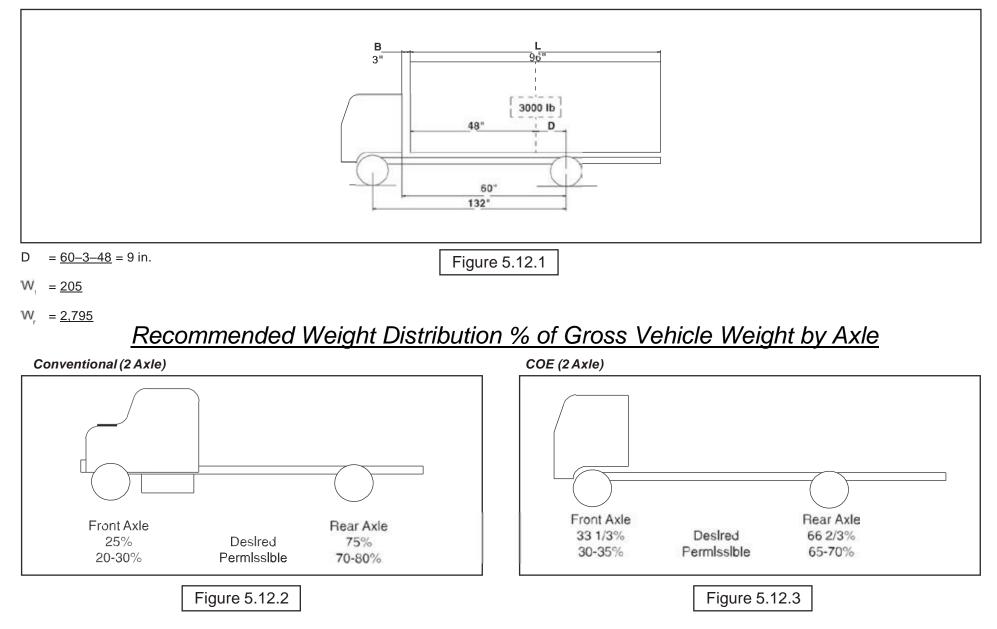


The body manufacturer can provide the body length and weight, or actual measurements of the body may be taken with a tape. Generally, (D) is unknown. This you must find logically, or with a tape measure.



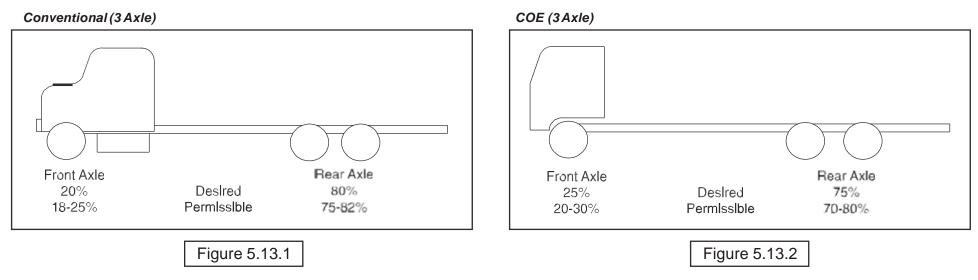
Weight Distribution Formulas

Find (D) and then solve for Wf and Wr.

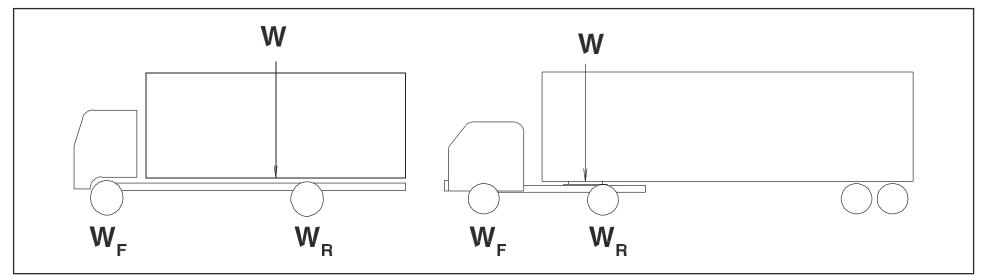




Recommended Weight Distribution % of Gross Vehicle Weight by Axle



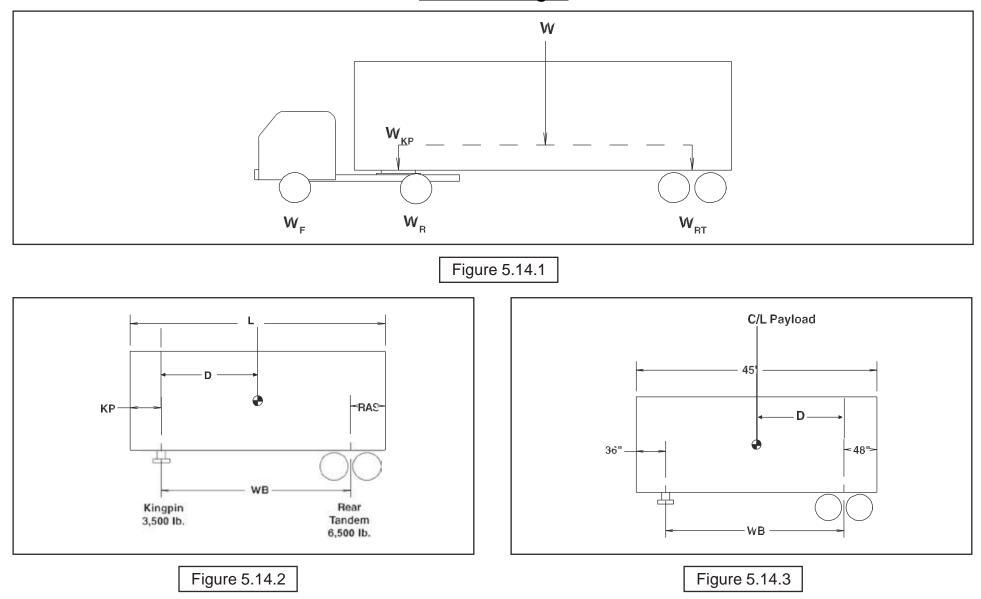
Calculating tractor/trailer weight distribution can be thought of in the same terms as calculating full trucks.



The weight at the center of the body and the load when applied is the same as the single point load of the kingpin on the fifth wheel.



Trailer Weight



In the following example, a 50,000-pound payload at water-level loading. Calculate the payload (PL) weight transfer to kingpin and the rear axle. **NOTE:** Apply the same principles used with truck chassis.

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Trailer Weight

Payload at Kingpin

$$PL_{kp} = \frac{W \times D}{WB}$$

Calculate the "D" dimension.

OAL/2 - AF = D45 feet/2 - 48 inches - 36 inches = 186 inches

 $\mathsf{PL}_{\mathsf{kp}} = \frac{50,000 \text{ lbs. x } 186 \text{ in.}}{456 \text{ in.}} = 20,394 \text{ lbs.}$

PL_{kn} =20,394 lbs.

Payload at Rear Tandem

 $PL_{d} = W - PL_{kp}$

 $PL_{\pi} = 50,000 \text{ lbs.} - 20,394 \text{ lbs.} = 29,606 \text{ lbs.}$

PL_{rt} = <u>29,606 lbs.</u>

Once the weight on the kingpin is determined, it can then be treated on the tractor the same as a weight on a straight truck.

Due to the variations in hauling and wheelbase requirements from one truck application to another, there is no one specific fifth wheel setting that will apply in all cases.

A "rule of thumb" which has proven satisfactory in many cases sets the fifth wheel one inch ahead of the rear axle for every 10 inches of wheelbase. In the case of tandem axles, the wheelbase is measured from the center line of the front axle to the midpoint between the tandem rear axles. The location of the fifth wheel fixes the load distribution between the front and rear axles. Too far forward and the front axle is overloaded. If too far back, the front axle may be too lightly loaded and cause an unsafe steering and braking control situation at the front axle.

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Trailer Weight

A tractor on a hill with the fifth wheel set at the axle center line or too close to it will result in an unsafe handling situation by transferring too much weight to the rear axle and actually unloading the front axle

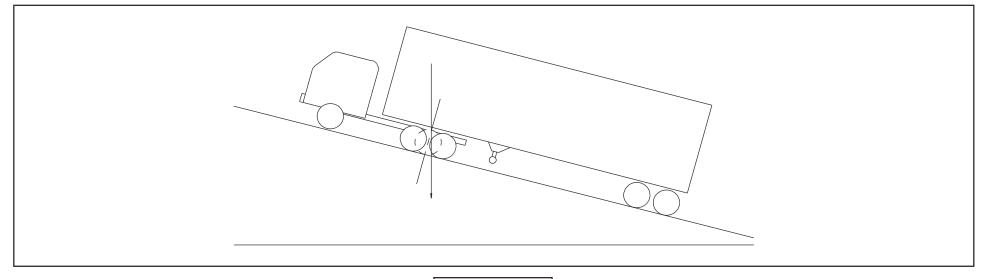


Figure 5.16.1

Performance Calculations

The following calculations have been included to help you determine the performance characteristics required by your customers and to select the appropriate model vehicle:

1. Speed Formula

This formula can be used to determine:

- 1. Top speed of the vehicle.
- 2. Speed in a given gear.
- 3. Final ratio required for a given speed.

MPH @ Governed Speed =

(60) x (RPM) (Rev/Mile) x (Gear Ratio)

Performance Calculations

Definitions in formula:

RPM	=	Revolutions per minute of the engine at Governed Speed
Rev/Mile	=	Tire revolutions per mile
Gear Ratio	=	The product of the axle ratio times the transmission ratio
60	=	Time Constant

Example: 3500 12,000 GVWR automatic transmission.

RPM	=	3,000
Rev/Mile	=	674
Gear Ratio	=	.703 x 5.375

MPH @ Governed Speed = $\frac{(60) \times (3,000)}{(674) \times (.703 \times 5.375)}$

MPH @ Governed Speed = 70 MPH

2. Grade Horsepower Formula

This formula can be used to determine horsepower required for a given grade and speed.

Horsepower Req'd. for a given grade	= GVWR x Grade x Speed	
	37,500 x Efficiency Factor	+ AHP

Definitions in formula:

GVWR	_	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
• • • • • • •	_	0 0
Grade	=	Grade anticipated in percent
Speed	=	Speed in miles per hour
37,500	=	Constant
Efficiency Factor	=	Factor for losses in drivetrain due to friction
		(use 0.9 for a 90% efficient driveline)
AHP Resistance	=	Horsepower required to overcome wind force

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Performance Calculations

Example: 3500 11,050 GVWR automatic transmission with a van body.

GVWR=Grade=Speed=37,500=Efficiency Factor=AHP Resistance=		12,000 lbs. 1 percent 55 MPH Constant 0.9 53.6 HP (see the following formula for calculation)	
HP Required for Grade	=	12,000 x 1 x 55 	

HP Required for Grade = 73.22

3. Air Resistance Horsepower Formula

This formula is used to determine the horsepower required to overcome air resistance at a given speed.

Air Resistance Horsepower = $\frac{FA \times Cd \times (MPH)^3}{156,000}$

Definitions in formula:

FA	=	Frontal area of vehicle in square feet
Cd	=	Aerodynamic Drag Coefficient
MPH	=	Speed of vehicle in miles per hour
156,000	=	Constant

Frontal area is calculated by multiplying the height of the vehicle by the width of the vehicle and subtracting the open area under the vehicle from the total.

Aerodynamic Drag Coefficients (Source Material: Motor Truck Engineering Handbook):

- 0.70 for most trucks, semitrailer combinations with tanks or van bodies
- 0.77 for double and triple trailers and flatbeds with loads

Performance Calculations

Example: 3500 12,000 GVWR van body with 96" wide, 115" high (84" body height + 31" frame height).

FA	=	(96) x (115)	- 3.2	
	-	(12) x (12)	- 3.2	
FA Cd Speed	= = =	73.47 ft.2 0.70 55 mph		
Air Resistance HP			=	73.47 x 0.70 x (55) ³ 156,000
Air Resis	tance	HP	=	54.85

4. Engine Horsepower Formula

This formula can be used to derive the output at a given RPM and torque.

Horsepower	=	Torque x RPM
-		5,252

Definitions in formula:

Torque	=	Twisting output of engine given in lbsft.
RPM	=	Revolutions per minute of engine
5,252	=	Constant

Example: 3500 12,000 GVWR automatic transmission.

Torque	=	347 lbsft.
RPM	=	2,000
132 HP	=	(347) x (2,000)
		5,252

Performance Calculations

5. Gradeability Formula

This formula can be used to determine how large of a grade a vehicle can climb.

Percent Grade = $1,200 \times (T) \times (E) \times (C) \times (R)$

– RR

GVWR x r

Definitions in formula:

1,200	=	Constant
Т	=	Maximum Torque of Engine
E	=	Engine Efficiency (0.9)
С	=	Driveline Efficiency (0.9)
R	=	Transmission Ration x Axle Ratio
RR	=	Rolling Resistance (see following chart)
GVWR	=	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
r	=	Loaded radius of tire

Example: 350012,000 GVWR automatic transmission on concrete highway.

T E C R RR GVWR r	= = = = =	0.9 0.9 .70 1.0 12,	7 lbsft. 3 x 5.375 (in overdrive) 000 1 in.	
Percent G	rade	=	1,200 x (347) x (0.9) x (0.9) x (.703) x (5.375)	- 1.0
			12,000 x 14.1	- 1.0
Percent Gr	ade	=	7.53 - 1	

Gradeability = 6.53%

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Performance Calculations

		ing Resistance	
	Road Rolling Resistance	- Expressed in Percent Grade	
Road Surface	Grade Road	Surface	Grade
Concrete, excellent	1.0	Cobbles, ordinary	5.5
Concrete, good	1.5	Cobbles, poor	8.5
Concrete, poor	2.0	Snow, 2 inches	2.5
Asphalt, good	1.25	Snow, 4 inches	3.75
Asphalt, fair	1.75	Dirt, smooth	2.5
Asphalt, poor	2.25	Dirt, sandy	3.75
Macadam, good	1.5	Mud	3.75 to 15.0
Macadam, fair	2.25	Sand, level soft	6.0 to 15.0
Macadam, poor	3.75	Sand, dune	16.0 to 30.0

Figure 5.21.1

- 10%

6. Startability Formula

This formula is used to determine what type of a grade a vehicle can be started on.

Startability =(1,200) x (CET) x (E) x (C) x (R)Definitions in formula:(GVWR x r)

1,200	=	Constant
CET	=	Clutch Engagement Torque
E	=	0.9
С	=	0.9
R	=	Transmission x Axle Ratio
10%	=	Average break away resistance and static inertia constant
GVWR	=	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
r	=	Loaded radius of tire

Performance Calculations

Example: 3500 LCF 12,000 GVWR manual transmission.

CET R GVWR r	= = =	260 lbsft. 6.02 x 4.10 12,000 lbs. 14.1 in.	
Startability	=	(1,200) x (260) x (0.9) x (0.9) x (6.02 x 4.10) (12,000 x 14.1)	- 10%

7. Vertical Center of Gravity Formula

=

26.86%

These formulas are used to estimate the vertical center of gravity of a completed vehicle in order to determine whether maximum allowable limits have been exceeded. This formula should be used when encountering high center of gravity loads.

 $\begin{array}{rcl} 7.1 \ Wv \ x \ (Vv) & = & Mv \\ 7.2 \ Wb \ x \ (Vb) & = & Mb \\ 7.3 \ Wp \ x \ (Vp) & = & Mp \\ 7.4 \ We \ x \ (Ve) & = & Me \end{array}$

Startability

7.5 VCg = $\frac{(Mv+Mb+Mp+Me)}{(Wv+Wb+Wp+We)}$

Definitions in formula:

- VCg = The total average vertical center of gravity of the completed vehicle (vehicle, body, payload and equipment)
- Wv = Weight of vehicle
- Wb = Weight of body
- Wp = Weight of payload
- We = Weight of equipment

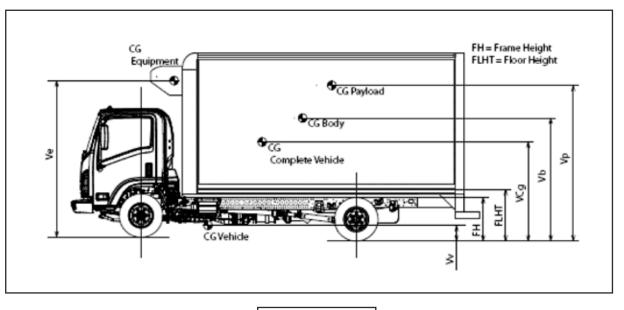


Figure 5.22.1

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Performance Calculations

Definitions in formula (continued):

- Vv=Distance from ground to center of gravity of the vehicleVb=Distance from ground to center of gravity of the bodyVp=Distance from ground to center of gravity of the payload
- Ve = Distance from ground to center of gravity of the equipment
- Mv = Moment of vehicle
- Mb = Moment of body
- Mp = Moment of payload
- Me = Moment of equipment

Example: 3500 12,000 GVWR automatic transmission, 132" WB, 14' body length, 84" high body, full payload of boxes stacked to a maximum height of 48" above the flooring.

Wv 5.291 lbs. (from vehicle specifications) = Wb = 2,100 lbs. (from body manufacturer) Wp 4,609 lbs. (GVWR - (Wv + Wb + We))= 24.9 in. (from Body Builder's Guide, 3500 Section) Vv = Vb = 80 in. (from body manufacturer) 62 in. (1/2 of payload height + frame height + height from frame to flooring) Vp = 5,291 x 24.9 = 131,746 lbs.-in. (from 7.1) Μv = $2,100 \times 80 = 168,000$ lbs.-in. (from 7.2) Mb = (from 7.3) Mp = 4,609 x 62 = 285,758 lbs.-in.

We, Ve, Me = None in this example

$$VCg = \frac{(131,746+168,000+285,758)}{(5,001-0,100-1,000)}$$

(5,291 + 2,100 + 4,609)

VCg = $\frac{(528,504)}{(12,000)}$ = 48.8 inches

48.8 < 54.0 inches (54 inches is maximum allowable VCg per mfg. specifications from Body Builder's Guide, 3500 section) Since maximum VCg for this truck is not exceeded, 48" stack height above flooring is acceptable.



Performance Calculations

8. Horizontal Center of Gravity Formula

These formulas are used to estimate the horizontal center of gravity of a completed vehicle in order to determine whether it exists between the centerlines of the front and rear axles. This formula should be used when a load and/or permanent equipment (liftgate, reefer unit, snowplow, etc.) is installed on either extreme along the completed vehicle's overall length.

8.1 Wv x (Hv) = Mv

8.2 Wb x (Hb) = Mb

8.3 Wp x (Hp) = Mp

8.4 We x(He) = Me

(Mv+Mb+Mp+Me)

8.5 HCg

(Wv + Wb + Wp + We)

Definitions in formula:

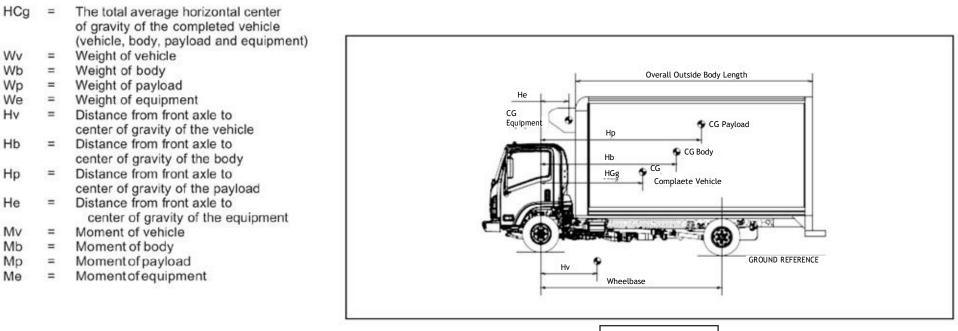


Figure 5.24.1

Performance Calculations

Example: 3500 Gas 12,000 GVWR automatic transmission, 132" WB, 14' body length, full payload of boxes stacked and distributed evenly throughout the flooring, 1,000 lb. reefer unit attached in front of body.

Wv Wb We Hv Hb Hp*	= = = = =	5,291 lbs. 2,100 lbs. 3,609 lbs. 1,000 lbs. 42.4 in. 107.5 in. 107.5 in.	(from vehicle specifications) (from body manufacturer) (GVWR – (Wv + Wb + We)) (from equipment manufacturer) (from Body Builder's Guide, 3500 Section) (from body manufacturer) (1/2 of payload length + distance from front axle to front of body)
He	=	17.5 in.	(from equipment manufacturer)
Μv	=	5,291 x 42.4 =	224,338 lbsin. (from 8.1)
Mb	=	2,100 x 107.5	= 225,750 lbsin. (from 8.2)
Мр	=	3,609 x 107.5	= 387,967 lbsin. (from 8.3)
Me	=	1,000 x 17.5 =	: 17,500 lbsin. (from 8.4)
HCg	= <u>(22</u>		<u>+387,967+17,500)</u> 0 + 3,609 + 1,000)
HCg	=	<u>(855,555)</u> =	71.3 inches

71.3 < 132 inches (132 inches is the wheelbase dimension)

(12,000)

Since HCg for this truck is not greater than the WB or negative (-) (denotes HCg forward of front axle centerline), it exists between the centerlines of the front and rear axles.

NOTE: Hp and Hb dimensions are the same in this example because CG of body and payload happen to be at the same point.



Bridge Formula Weights

To calculate maximum acceptable axle weights for use on the Interstate Highway System, use the Department of Transportation link shown below.

http://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/freight/sw/brdgcalc/calc_page.htm



<u>COMMODITY AND MATERIAL WEIGHTS</u>

Approximate Weights of Commodities and Materials

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Acetone			50	6.6 / gallon
Alcohol,	Commercial		51	6.8 / gallon
	Proof spirits		57	7.6 / gallon
Alfalfa seed		bushel		60 / bushel
Aluminum,	Pure (cast)		165	4,450 / cu. yard
Apples,	Fresh	basket-bushel		48 / bushel
	Western, box	11.5" x 12" x 20"		50 / box
	New England, box	11.25" x 14.5" x 17.5"		56 / box
	Standard barrel	17" head, 28.5" stave		160 / barrel
	Dried	bushel		24 / bushel
Apricots,	Fresh	bushel		48 / bushel
	Western, box	5.5" x 12" x 20"		23 / box
Artichokes,	Box	10" x 11.5" x 22"		44 / box
Asbestos			153	4,130 / cu. yard
Asparagus,	crate, Loose	11.5" high x 9.75" top		38 / crate
	Bunches	11" bottom x 19.38" long		31 / crate
Avocados,	Box	5.75" x 11.25" x 17.5"		16 / box
Bananas,	Single stem	bunch		45-65 / bunch
Barley		bushel		48 / bushel
Barytes,	Mineral		280	7,560 / cu. yard
Basalt,	Rock		185	5,000 / cu. yard
Beans, dry,	Lima	bushel		56 / bushel
	White	bushel		60 / bushel
	Castor	bushel		46 / bushel
Beans, fresh,	Lima	bushel		39 / bushel
	String	bushel		36 / bushel
		hamper, 5 peck		45 / hamper

Figure 6.1.1

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Beef,	Slack barrel	21"x 30"stave (200 lbs.net)		254 / barrel
Beer,	Wood barrel	.5 barrel (16 gal.)		205 / barrel
	Wood barrel	.25 barrel (8 gal.)		105 / barrel
	Steel barrel	.5 barrel (16 gal.)		190 / barrel
	Steel barrel	.25 barrel (8 gal.)		95 / barrel
	Dutchman	.13 barrel (4 gal.)		51 / barrel
Casecarton,*	Regular bottles	17.25" x 11.5" x 9.88"		45 / case
24, 12 oz.	Steinie bottles	18.38" x 12.13" x 7.38"		40 / case
	Tin cans	16.13" x 11" x 5.13"		28 / case
Wooden case,*	Regular bottles	21" x 13.5" x 10"		35 / case
24, 12 oz.	Steinie bottles	22" x 13.75" x 7.5"		46 / case
Beets		bushel		50-60 / bushel
	Small crate	9.75" x 13.75" x 24"		50 / crate
	Western crate	14" x 19" x 24.5"		95 / crate
Berries, crate,	24 pint	9.75" x 9.97" x 20"		25 / crate
	24 quart	11.75" x 11.75" x 24"		48 / crate
	32 quart	15.5" x 11.75" x 24"		63 / crate
Bluegrass seed	1	bushel		44 / bushel
Bluestone			120	3,240 / cu. yard
Bone			115	3,110 / cu. yard
Borax			110	2,970 / cu. yard
Bran		bushel		20 / bushel
Brick,	Soft	2.25" x 4" x 8.25"		4,320 / thousand
	Common	2.25" x 4" x 8.25"		5,400 / thousand
	Hard	2.25" x 4.25" x 8.5"		6,480 / thousand
	Pressed	2.38" x 4" x 8.38"		7,500 / thousand
	Paving	2.25" x 4" x 8.5"		6,750 / thousand
	Paving block	3.5" x 4" x 8.5"		8,750 / thousand
	Fire	2.5" x 4.5" x 9"		7,000 / thousand

* Note: Beer cases vary as to size and shape. Suggest checking with local source.

Figure 6.1.2

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Broccoli,	Bushel crate	12.75" x 12.75" x 17"		30 / bushel
Brussels spr	outs, Crate	7.75" x 10.5" x 21.38"	——	26 / crate
Buckwheat		bushel		49 / bushel
Butter, tub,	Small	15" dia. x 5.75"		25 / tub
Standard		15" dia. x 15"		70 / tub
Butter, case,	30 – 1-lb.bricks	10.75" x 8.75" x 10.5"		32 / case
	9-lb. pail	pail		10 / pail
Cabbage		bushel		38 / bushel
	Hamper	1.5 bushel		58 / hamper
	Crate	12.75" x 18.5" x 19"		60 / crate
	Western crate	14" x 19" x 24.5"		85 / crate
	Barrel crate	12.75" x 18.75" x 37.38"		110 / crate
Calf,	Live (average)	per head		140-160 / head
Cantaloupe,	crate, Pony	11.75" x 11.75" x 23.5"		58 / crate
	Standard	12.75" x 12.75" x 23.5"		68 / crate
	Jumbo	13.75" x 13.75" x 23.5"		78 / crate
	Pony flat	4.75" x 12.75" x 23.5"		26 / crate
	Standard flat	5.25" x 14.25" x 23.5"		28 / crate
	Jumbo flat	5.75" x 15.25" x 23.5"		32 / crate
	Honeydew (Casaba)	6.38" x 15.13" x 23.5"		35 / crate
Carbolic acid	1		60	8.0 / gallon
Carrots,	Topped	bushel		55 / bushel
	With tops	bushel		40 / bushel
	Crate	11.75" x 14.13" x 24"		60 / crate
Castor oil			61	8.1 / gallon
Cauliflower		bushel		30 / bushel
	Crate	9.38" x 19" x 24"		50 / crate
Cedar*	(lumber)		30	2,500 / M. Bd. ft.
Celery,	Standard crate	11.63" x 22" x 22.63"		70 / crate
	Half crate	10.75" x 13" x 20.38"		35 / crate
	Northern crate	16.5" x 21.25" x 22"		85 / crate

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Cement,	Block	8" x 8" x 16"		42 / each
	Block	8" x 12" x 16"		58 / each
	Portland	sack		94 / sack
	Portland	barrel (4 sacks per)		376 / barrel
Chalk			137	3,700 / cu. yard
Charcoal,	Oak		33	890 / cu. yard
	Pine		23	620 / cu. yard
Cheese,	Small box	15" dia. x 5.25"		25 / box
	Medium box	15" dia. x 7.5"		35 / box
	Large box	15" dia. x 15"		70 / box
Cherries,	Unstemmed	bushel		56 / bushel
	Stemmed	bushel		64 / bushel
	Lug box	5.63" x 11.88" x 19.75"		17 / box
Chestnut*	(lumber)		37	3,080 / M. Bd. ft.
Chestnuts		bushel		50 / bushel
Chickens,	Live, broilers (20 avg.)	standard crate		58 / crate
	Fowl (12 avg.)	standard crate	——	78 / crate
	Standard crate,	empty 24" x 35" x 13"		18 / crate
Cinder blocks		8" x 8" x 16"		35 / each
		8" x 12" x 16"	——	45 / each
Cinders			50	1,350 / cu. yard
Clay,	Dry lumps		85	2,300 / cu. yard
	Wet lumps		110	2,970 / cu. yard
	Wet packed		135	3,650 / cu. yard
	Fire		125	3,375 / cu. yard
Cork			15	405 / cu. yard
Corn,	Ear	bushel		35 / bushel
	Shelled	bushel		56 / bushel
	Sweet corn (green)	bushel		43 / bushel
	Crate	12.88" x 12.88" x 24"		60 / crate
Corn meal		bushel		44 / bushel

Figure 6.2.2

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.

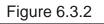
Figure 6.2.1

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Corn oil			58	7.8 / gallon
Corn syrup			86	11.5 / gallon
Cotton,	Gin bale	30" x 48" x 54"		515 / bale
	Standard bale	24" x 28" x 56"		515 / bale
	Comp. bale	20" x 24" x 56"		515 / bale
Cotton seed		bushel		32 / bushel
Cottonseed of	bil		58	7.8 / gallon
Cottonwood*	(lumber)		37	3,080 / M. Bd. ft.
Cow,	Live-Feeder (average)	per head		600 / head
	Butcher (average)	per head		800 / head
	Butchersteer(average)	per head		1100 / head
Cranberries,	1/4 barrel box	9.5" x 11" x 14"		28 / box
	1/2 barrel box	12.25" x 14.75" x 22"		60 / box
Cream			64	8.5 / gallon
Creosote			68	9.2 / gallon
Crude oil			56	7.5 / gallon
Cucumbers		bushel		55 / bushel
	Crate	9.75" x 13.75" x 24"		75 / crate
	Case	5" x 13.25" x 19"		26 / case
Earth,	Loose, dry loam		76	2,050 / cu. yard
	Packed		95	2,565 / cu. yard
	Wet		125	3,375 / cu. yard
Eggplant,	Hamper	bushel		40 / bushel
	Crate	14" x 11.75" x 24"		54 / crate
Eggs,	30 dozen crate	12" x 12" x 26"		55 / crate
Elm,*	Soft		38	3,170 / M. Bd. ft.
	Rock		45	3,750 / M. Bd. ft.
Fertilizer,	Commercial	burlap bag		100-200 / bag
Fir,*	Douglas		32	2,670 / M. Bd. ft.
	Eastern		25	2,080 / M. Bd. ft.

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Fish,fresh,	Barrel	19" head, 29" stave		300 / barrel
	1/2 Barrel	18.5" head, 23.5" stave		160 / 1/2 barrel
Flour,	Barrel	19.13" head, 30" stave		215 / barrel
Fueloil,	Furnace grade		56	7.5 / gallon
	Diesel engine		52	7.0 / gallon
Furniture,	Household		7	1,915 / cu. yard
Garbage,	Dry, paper wrapped		15-30	405-810 / cu. yard
	Wet		50	1,240 / cu. yard
Gasoline			45	6.0 / gallon
Glass,	Common window			162 / cu. foot
	Plate or crown			161 / cu. foot
	1/4" plate			3.3 / sq. foot
Glue			80	2,160 / cu. yard
Glycerine			79	10.5 / gallon
Grapefruit,	Western box	11.5" x 11.5" x 24"		68 / box
	Southern box	12.75" x 12.75" x 27"		90 / box
Grapes,	Basket	bushel		48 / box
	Lug box	5.63" x 16.38" x 17.5"		30 / box
	Western keg	15.5" dia. x 14"		45 / keg
	Basket	12 quart		18 / basket
Gravel,	Dry		95	2,565 / cu. yard
	Wet		125	3,375 / cu. yard
Greens		bushel		25 / bushel
Groceries,	Misc. assorted		30	810 / cu. yard
Hay,	Bale	26" x 30" x 46"		210 / bale
	Bale	17" x 22" x 43"		115 / bale
	Bale	14" x 16" x 43"		85 / bale
Hog,	Live (average)	per head		225-250 / head
Honey			90	12.0 / gallon
Horse,	Live (average)	per head		1,200-1,500 / head

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.

Figure 6.3.1



Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per	Product
Horseradish r	roots	bushel		35 / bushel	Linseed oil
Ice			57	1,540 / cu. yard	Lubricating oi
Ice (mfg.),	Block	11"x22"x32"		250 /block	Malt,
	Block	14"x 14"x 40"		255 /block	
	Block	11"x 22"x 56"		440 /block	
Ice Cream,	2.5 gallon can, Full	9" dia. x 11"		18/can	Maple syrup
	Empty			6/can	Maple,*
	5 gallon can, Full	9" dia. x 21"		35/can	Meal-corn
	Empty			11/can	Milk,
Kale		bushel		25 / bushel	,
Kerosene			50	6.6 / gallon	
Lamb, Live (average)		per head		75-85 / head	
Lard,	Barrel	18" head, 30" stave		425 / barrel	
Lath, Standard length 29"		Packed in bundles of 50		25 / bundle	Millet
		Average bundle, dia.9"			Molasses
Leather,	Dry		55	1,485/cu.yard	
	Wet		65	1,755 / cu. yard	Mortar,
Lemons,	Western box	10" x 13" x 25"		80/box	Mud,
	Southern box	12.75" x 12.75" x 27"		90/box	
Lentils		bushel		60 / bushel	Muriatic acid,
Lettuce,	Hamper	bushel		25/bushel	Naptha,
	Hamper	1.5 bushel		38/hamper	Nitric acid, Oak-red.*
	Basket	8.5"x11.75"x21.38"		17/basket	Oak-reu,
	Crate	18.75" x 17.5" x 24.5"		75 / crate	Oats
	1/2 crate	9.5" x 13.5" x 24.5"		40 / 1/2 crate	Okra,
Lime,	Hydrated	bushel		30/bushel	
	Barrel (small)	16.5" head, 27.5" stave	62	210/barrel	Oleomargarin
	Barrel (large)		62	320/barrel	
Limes,	Western box	10" x 13" x 25"		80/box	L
	Southern box	12.75" x 12.75" x 27"		90/box	

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per	
Linseed oil			59	7.9 / gallon	
Lubricating oil			52	7.0 / gallon	
Malt,	Barley	bushel		28 / bushel	
	Rye	bushel		32 / bushel	
	Brewer's grain	bushel		40 / bushel	
Maple syrup		gallon	82	11.0 / gallon	
Maple,*	Hard (lumber)		44	3,670 / M. Bd. ft.	
	Soft		34	2,830 / M. Bd. ft.	
Meal-corn		bushel		44 / bushel	
Milk,	Bulk		64	8.6 / gallon	
	5 gallon can	10.25" dia. x 19"		62 / can	
	10 gallon can	13" dia. x 23"		115 / can	
	Crate, 20.5 pt. bottles	8.5" x 12.75" x 16.75"		33 / crate	
	20 pt. bottles	8.5" x 12.75" x 16.75"		54 / crate	
Millet		bushel		50 / bushel	
Molasses			90	12.0 / gallon	
	Barrel	20.25" head, 34" stave		675 / barrel	
Mortar,	Lime		110	2,970 / cu. yard	
Mud,	Flowing		106	2,860 / cu. yard	
	Packed		125	3,375 / cu. yard	
Muriatic acid,	40%		40	10.0 / gallon	
Naptha,	Petroleum		42	5.6 / gallon	
Nitric acid,	91%		94	12.5 / gallon	
Oak-red,*	Black		42	3,500 / M. Bd. ft.	
	White		48	4,080 / M. Bd. ft.	
Oats		bushel		32 / bushel	
Okra,	Hamper	1/2 bushel		18 / hamper	
	Hamper	bushel	——	34 / bushel	
Oleomargarine	e, (mfgtub)	21" head, 34" stave		70 / tub	
	Cases			15-65 / case	

Figure 6.4.2

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Olive oil			58	7.7 / gallon
Onions,dry,	Basket	bushel		55 / bushel
	Bag	17" x 32"		50/bag
	Crate	20.5" x 11.5" x 10.5"		58/crate
	Green (with tops)	bushel		32 / bushel
Oranges,	Western box	11.5" x 11.5" x 24"		80/box
	Southern box	12.75" x 12.75" x 27"		90/box
	Bushel box	10.75" x 10.75" x 23.5"		65/box
Oysters (shu	cked or meats)			
	Crate with 5.1 gal. cans	18" x 12" x 24"	(11.5 lbs. per gal.)	67 / crate
	With shells (bags)	bushel		75/bushel
Paint,	Lead and oil		127	17 / gallon
Paper,	Averagesolid		58	1,565/cu.yard
	Newspaper rolls	34.25"x 35"dia.		500 / roll
		51.5"x 35"dia.		1,000/roll
		64.25"x 35"dia.		1,300/roll
Paraffin			56	1,510 / cu. yard
Parsley,	Bushel crate	12.75" x 12.75" x 17"		30 / crate
Parsnips		bushel		50 / bushel
Peaches,	Basket	bushel		48/bushel
	1/2 bushel			25/basket
	Crate	10.5"x 11.25"x 24"		50 / crate
	Western box	5.5" x 12.25" x 19.75"		22 /box
Peanuts,	Unshelled	bushel		22/bushel
	Bag			100 /bag
Peanut oil			57	7.6 / gallon
Pears,	Basket	bushel		50 / bushel
	Western box	9.63" x 12.13" x 19.75"		51 / box
Peas,	Dry	bushel		60/bushel
	Fresh hamper	bushel		35/hamper
	Hamper	40 quarts		45/hamper

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Pecans,	Large bag			100 / bag
	Small bag			50 / bag
Peppers,	Basket	bushel		25 / basket
	Crate	14.13" x 11.75" x 24"		45 / crate
Petroleum			56	7.5 / gallon
Phosphate r	ock		200	5,400 / cu. yard
Pine,*	Long leaf		44	3,670 / M. Bd. ft.
	North Carolina		36	3,000 / M. Bd. ft.
	Oregon		32	2,670 / M. Bd. ft.
	Red		30	2,500 / M. Bd. ft.
	White		26	2,170 / M. Bd. ft.
	Yellow, long leaf		44	3,670 / M. Bd. ft.
	Short leaf		38	3,170 / M. Bd. ft.
Pineapples,	Crate	11" x 12.5" x 36"	——	85 / crate
Pitch			70	1,900 / cu. yard
Plums,	Basket	bushel		56 / bushel
	Western box	5.63" x 16.38" x 17.5"		25 / box
Pomegranat	tes, Box	6.5" x 12" x 24.63"		30 / box
Popcorn,	Ear	bushel		70 / bushel
	Shelled	bushel		56 / bushel
Poplar*			27	2,250 / M. Bd. ft.
Porcelain			150	4,050 / cu. yard
Pork (dresse	ed), Barrel (200 lbs. net)	18" head, 29" stave		240 / barrel
Potatoes,	Sweet	bushel		55 / bushel
	White or Irish	bushel		60 / bushel
	Bag	1.67 bushel		102 / bag
	Barrel	17.13" head, 28.5" stave		185 / barrel
Prunes,	Box	5.63" x 16.38" x 19.75"		25 / box
	Box	5.63" x 11.88" x 19.75"		22 / box
Quinces		bushel		50 / bushel

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.



Figure 6.5.1

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Radishes,	Basket	bushel		34 / bushel
	Crate	9.75" x 13.75" x 24"		40 / crate
Redwood*			30	2,500 / M. Bd. ft.
Resin			68	1,835 / cu. yard
Rhubarb (pie	plant)	bushel		50 / bushel
	Box	5.25" x 11.5" x 22"		24 / box
Rice,		Unhulled bushel		43 / bushel
Rock,	Crushed (average)		100	2,700 / cu. yard
Romaine,	Crate	13.88" x 18.88" x 24.5"		64 / crate
	Crate	12.25" x 13" x 15.25"		27 / crate
Rubber goods	3		94	2,540 / cu. yard
Rutabagas		bushel		56 / bushel
Rye		bushel		56 / bushel
Salt, rock,	Solid		136	3,670 / cu. yard
	Coarse		45	1,215 / cu. yard
	Fine		50	1,350 / cu. yard
	Barrel (average)			280 / barrel
Sand, fine,	Dry		110	2,970 / cu. yard
	Wet		125	3,375 / cu. yard
Sand, coarse,	Dry		95	2,565 / cu. yard
	Wet		120	3,240 / cu. yard
Sand,	Mixed		115	3,100 / cu. yard
Sandstone,	Solid		147	3,970 / cu. yard
	Crushed		86	2,325 / cu. yard
Shale,	Solid		172	4,645 / cu. yard
	Crushed		92	2,485 / cu. yard
Sheep,	Live (average)	per head		125-150 / head
Shingles,	Bundle	Pkg. in bndls. of 200-250		50 / bundle
		Size(avg.)24"x20"x10"		
Snow,	Moist-packed		50	1,350 / cu. yard

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No.ofLbs./Per
Softdrinks.	Halfdepthbottlebox	0.20 01 001144101		
Containinto,	24-6 to 8 oz. bottles	12.25"x 18.75"x 8.5"		39/box
	Full depth bottle box	12.20 × 10.10 × 0.0		007.007
	12-24 to 32 oz. bottles	13.38"x18.5"x12.25"		60/box
Sorghum syr		13.30 × 10.3 × 12.23	86	11.5 / gallon
	up		00	60 / bushel
Soybeans		bushel		
Soybean oil			58	7.7 / gallon
Spinach,	Hamper	bushel		20 / bushel
	Basket	bushel		27 / bushel
Spruce*			28	2,330 / M. Bd. ft.
Squash		bushel		46 / bushel
Starch			96	2,590 / cu. yard
Stone,	Crushed, (average)		100	2,700 / cu. yard
	Rip-rap		65	1,755 / cu. yard
Straw,	Bale	17" x 22" x 42"		110 / bale
	Bale	26" x 30" x 46"		180 / bale
Street sweep	ings	——— 32		865 / cu. yard
Sugar			100	2,700 / cu. yard
Sugar,	Bag	(100 lbs. net)		101 / bag
	Barrel (22 lbs. empty)	19.13" head, 30" stave		345 / barrel
	Case	24 – 5-lb. cartons		135 / case
	Case	60 – 2-lb. cartons		135 / case
Sugar cane s	syrup		85	11.3 / gallon
Sulphur			125	3,375 / cu. yard
Sulfuric acid,	87%		112	15 / gallon
Sweetcorn,	Basket	bushel		45 / bushel
	Crate	13" x 13" x 24"		60 / crate
Sycamore*			37	3,080 / M. Bd. ft.
Tallow			60	1,620 / cu. yard

Figure 6.6.2

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.

Figure 6.6.1

Product		Size of Container	Lbs. Per Cu. Ft.	No. of Lbs. / Per
Tanks, Acety	rlene, 102 cu. foot	empty		70 / tank
		filled		75 / tank
310 cu. foot		empty		200 / tank
		filled		220 / tank
Tanks, Oxygen, 150 cu. foot		empty		80 / tank
		filled		92 / tank
300 cu. foot		empty		133 / tank
		filled		153 / tank
Tar			65	1755 / cu. yard
Tile,	Solid		115	3,100 / cu. yard
	Partition (construction)		40	1,080 / cu. yard
Tomatoes,	Basket	bushel		55 / bushel
	Lug box	7.25" x 14" x 17.5"		35 / box
	Crate	10.5" x 11.25" x 24"		48 / crate
	Basket	8.5" x 8.75" x 20"		18 / basket
	Basket (paper)	4.25" x 8.5" x 16.25"		9 / basket
	Basket (wood)	5.5" x 7.25" x 16.5"		10 / basket
Turpentine			54	7.2 / gallon
Turnips,	Basket	bushel		54 / bushel
Vetch seed		bushel		60 / bushel
Vinegar			64	8.5 / gallon
Walnuts,	Bulk	bushel		50 / bushel
	Bag	2 bushel		100 / bag
Water,	Fresh		63	8.4 / gallon
Wheat,	Bulk	bushel		60 / bushel
	Bag	1.5 bushel		90 / bag
Wool,	Pressed		82	2,215 / cu. yard

*Kiln dried lumber averages 10% to 15% lighter, and green lumber 40% to 50% heavier, than air dried.

Figure 6.7.1

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – 3500 Gas Specifications</u>

MODEL	3500 Gas
GVWR / GCWR	12,000 lbs.
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in.
ENGINE	GMPT L8T (Gen V), 8-cylinder, V Block 4-cycl, OHV, Direct Fuel Injection, Oil Jet Piston Cooling
MODEL/DISPLACEMENT	GMPT- 8/400 CID (6.6 liters)
HP (GROSS)	350 HP @ 4500 RPM
TORQUE (GROSS)	425 lbft. @ 3800 RPM
EQUIPMENT	Direct injection technology, mass air flow meter, powertrain interface module (PIM), onboard diagnostics, oxygen sensors, catalytic convertor, map sensor, with external oil cooler, engine cruise control, and rear engine cover.
TRANSMISSION	6L90 Hydra-Matic 6-speed automatic with lock-up converter and double overdrive. No PT opening.
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot "I" -beam rated at 6.830 lbs.
FRONT SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.
FRONT GAWR	4.860 lbs.
REAR AXLE	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.
REAR SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.
REAR GAWR	8,840 lbs.
WHEELS	16 x 6.0 - 6-hole disc wheels, painted white.
TIRES	215/85R-16E (10 ply) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season front and rear
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.
FUEL TANK	38.6 gal. rectangular stainless-steel fuel tank. Mounted between the frame rails with electric type fuel pump (mounted in tank) and fuel tank zone module (mounted on rearward crossmember). Through the rail fuel fill.
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches wide through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in ³ ., RBM 316,800 lb-in
САВ	All steel, low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.
CAB EQUIPMENT	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger
	seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass. AM/FM/CD Radio with Aux input/USB port and Bluetooth. Rear body dome lamp switch. Cab latch switch and indicator with buzzer.
ELECTRICAL	12-volt, negative ground, 750 CCA maintenance free battery located on frame, 170 Amp alternator with integral regulator.
OPTIONS	See last page for options.
L	

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – 4500 Gas Specifications</u>

MODEL	4500 Gas
GVWR / GCWR	14,500 lbs.
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in.
ENGINE	GMPT L8T (Gen V), 8-cylinder, V Block 4-cycl, OHV, Direct Fuel Injection, Oil Jet Piston Cooling
MODEL/DISPLACEMENT	
HP (GROSS)	GMPT- 8/400 CID (6.6 liters) 350 HP @ 4500 RPM
TORQUE (GROSS)	425 lbft. @ 3800 RPM
EQUIPMENT	
	Direct injection technology, mass air flow meter, powertrain interface module (PIM), onboard diagnostics, oxygen sensors, catalytic convertor, map sensor, with external oil cooler, engine cruise control, and rear engine cover.
TRANSMISSION	6L90 Hydra-Matic 6-speed automatic with lock-up converter and double overdrive. No PT opening.
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot "I" -beam rated at 6,830 lbs.
FRONT SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.
FRONT GAWR	6,630 lbs.
REAR AXLE	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.
REAR SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.
REAR GAWR	11,020 lbs.
WHEELS	19.5 x 6.0 - 6-hole disc wheels, painted white.
TIRES	225/70R-19.5 (14 ply) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season front and rear
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.
FUEL TANK	38.6 gal. rectangular stainless-steel fuel tank. Mounted between the frame rails with electric type fuel pump (mounted in tank) and fuel tank zone module (mounted on rearward crossmember). Through the rail fuel fill.
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches wide through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in ³ ., RBM 316,800 lb-in
САВ	All steel, low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.
CAB EQUIPMENT	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger
	seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass. AM/FM/CD Radio with Aux input/USB port and Bluetooth. Rear body dome lamp switch. Cab latch switch and indicator with buzzer.
ELECTRICAL	12-volt, negative ground, 750 CCA maintenance free battery located on frame, 170 Amp alternator with integral regulator.
OPTIONS	See last page for options.



OAL

129.6 200.5 43.1

241.5

224.0

AF

43.1

43.1

43.1

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

CA*

86.5

110.0

127.5

153.5

CE*

* Effective CA & CE are CA or CE less BOC

153.1

196.6 267.5

170.6

Unit WB

Inch 109.0

Inch 132.5

Inch 150.0

Inch 176.0

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

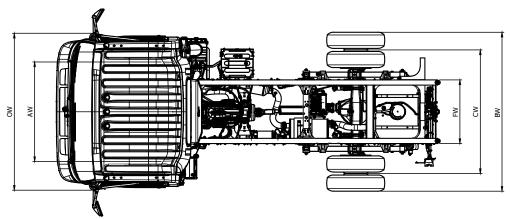


Figure 8.2.1

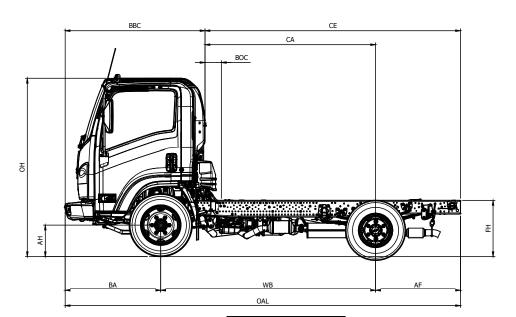


Figure 8.2.2

Dimension Constants:

Code	Inches	Code	Inches
AH	7.5	BW	83.3
AW	65.6	CW	65.0
BA	48.3	FW	33.5
BBC	70.7	OH	90.8
BOC	7.7/10.2	OW	81.3
FH	31.1		

* BOC 7.7 in. w/ 109.0 and 132.5 wb BOC 10.2 in. w/ 150.0 and 176.0 wb

Vertical Exhaust Option Dimensions:

Variable Chassis Dimensions:							
Unit	WB	EFF CA*	EFF CE*	OAL	AF		
Inch	109.0	62.5	105.6	200.5	43.1		
Inch	132.5	86.0	153.1	224.0	43.1		
Inch	150.0	103.5	146.6	241.5	43.1		
Inch	176.0	129.5	172.6	267.5	43.1		

* Effective CA & CE listed are standard CA or CE less vertical exhaust BOC of 24 inches. Vertical Exhaust BOC = 24 inches

In-Frame Tank

14,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T31003	109.0 in.	EB4	lb.	3907	2057	5964	8536
T32003	132.5 in.	FNJ	lb.	3999	2054	6053	8447
T33003	150.0 in.	FWH	lb.	4061	2034	6095	8405
T34003	8 176.0 in.	FNW	lb.	4123	2027	6150	8350

Side Mounted Tank (Aux. Tank)

14,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T34003	176.0 in.	FNW	lb.	4258	1903	6161	8339

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Vehicle Weight Limits

Vehicle Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum	14,500 lbs.
GAWR, Front	5,360 lbs.

GAWR, Rear 9,880 lbs.

Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

Weights for Options						
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.				
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100				
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0				
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0				
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0				
ATG	Keyless entry	3 / 0				
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0				
AJG	Suspension seat	18/0				
KO5	Block Heater (cord)	1/0				
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0				
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0				
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0				
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3 / 0				
G7M	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0				
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19/0				
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2 / 0				
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0				
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab	(7)				
ΡΤΟ	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0				
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0				
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0				
9W8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	6/0				
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0				
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0				
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 5 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0				
UZF	Back up alarm	0 / 2				
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0				

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Frame and Crossmember Specifictions

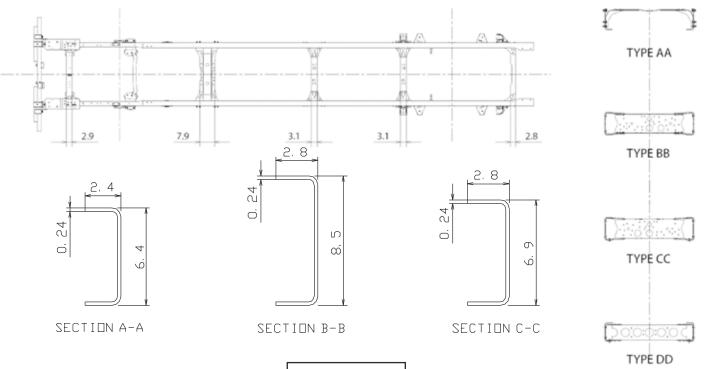


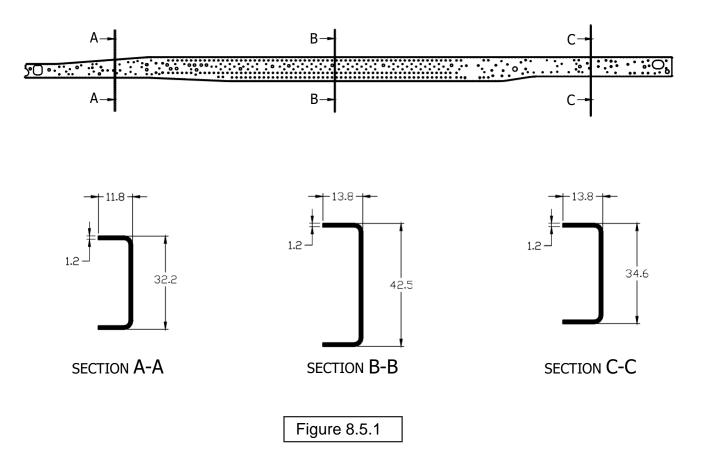
Figure 8.4.1

Wheelbase	Frame Thickness		Crossmember Type/Location								
		В	С	D		E		F		G	
109	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	-		CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.5	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.9	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

Figure 8.4.2

Dimensions in inches

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Frame Chart

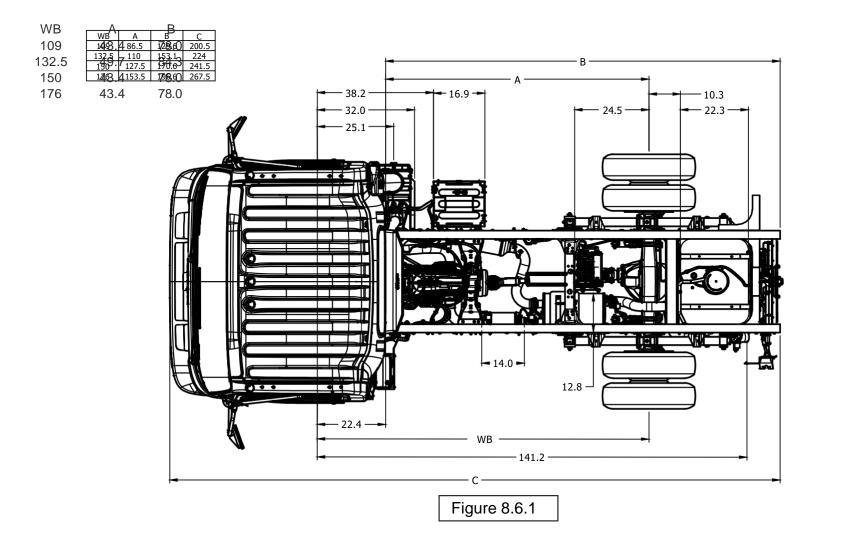


Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24

Figure 8.5.2

8.7

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Top View</u>





<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Left Side View</u>

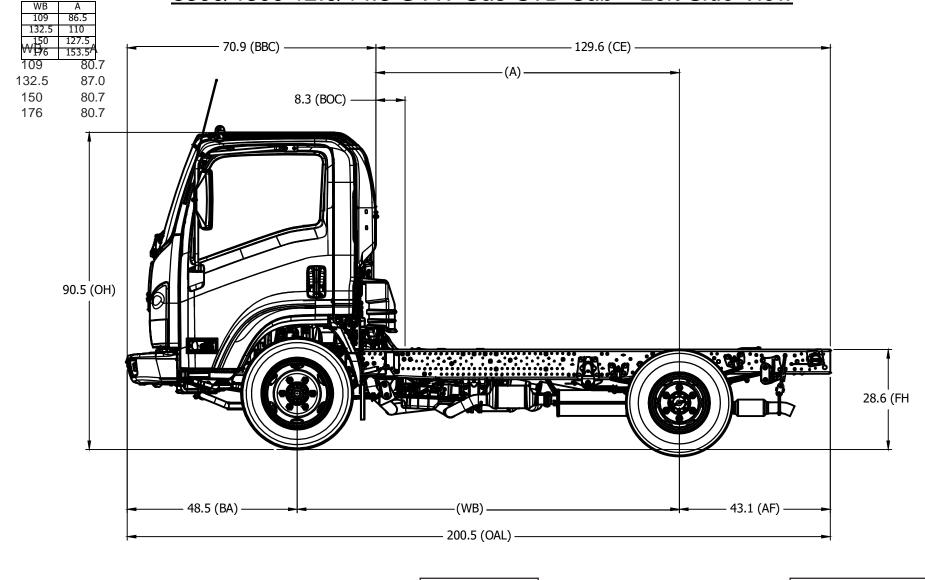
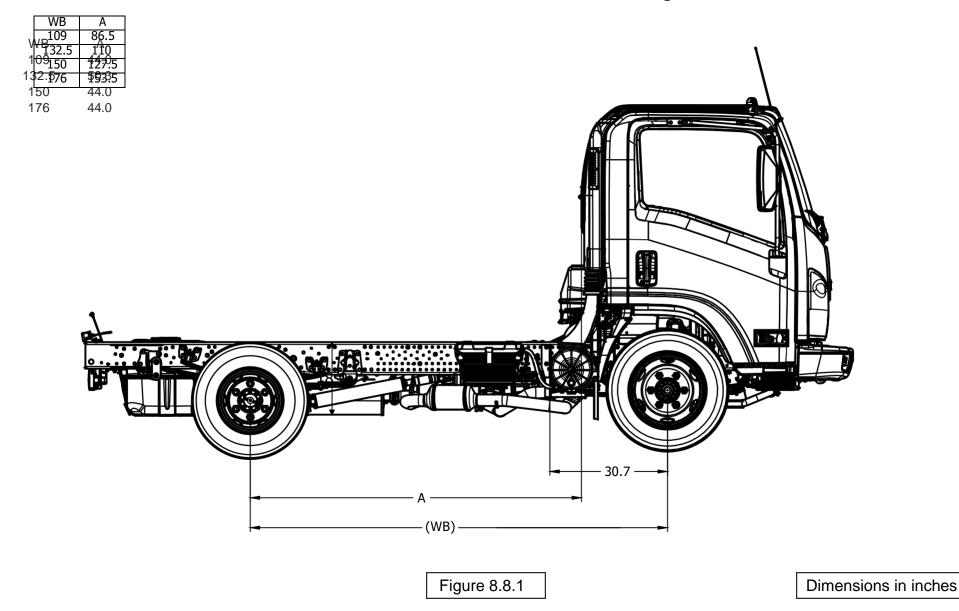


Figure 8.7.1

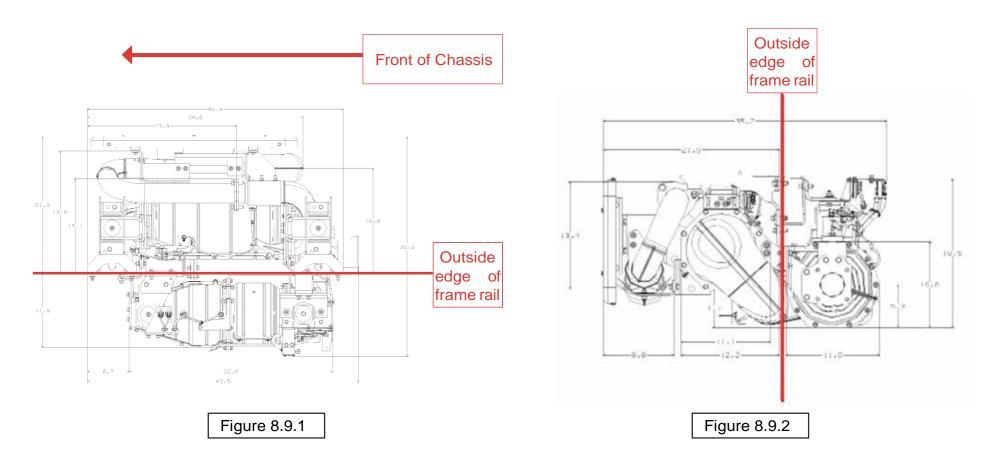


<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Right Side View</u>



8.10

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC</u>



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab</u>

Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 150 Wheelbase

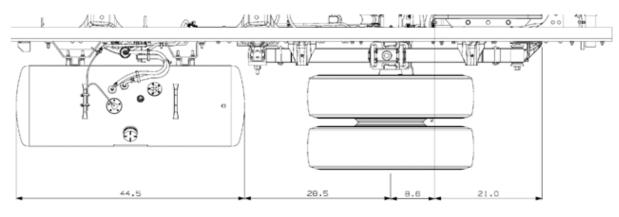
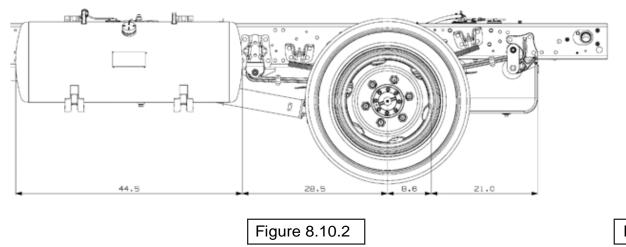


Figure 8.10.1



Dimensions in inches

PAGE

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab

Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase

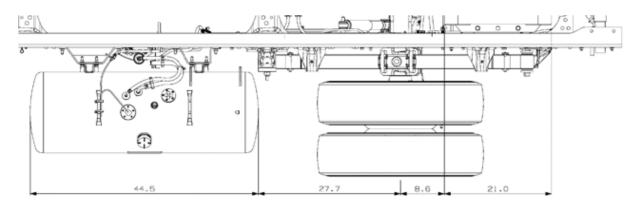
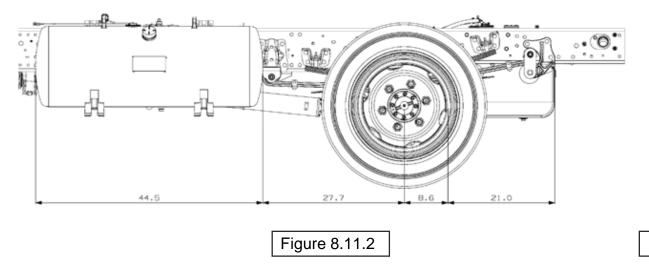


Figure 8.11.1



Dimensions in inches

PAGE

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab

Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank on

<u>T34003 ONLY</u>

Side View 176 Wheelbase

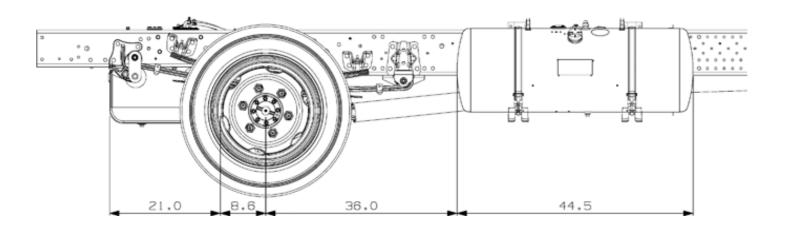


Figure 8.12.1

Dimensions in inches

PAGE

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab

Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX (150 and 176 WB, LH rail only)

> <u>Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel Tank</u> (176 WB only, RH rail only)

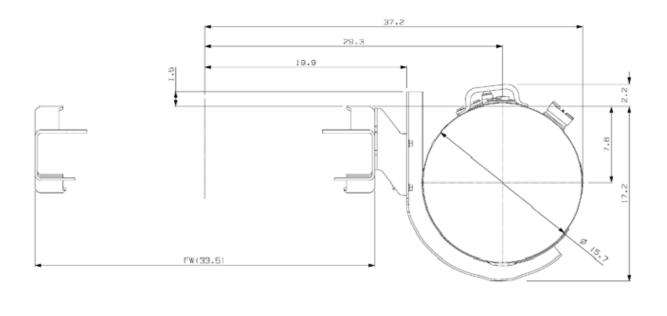
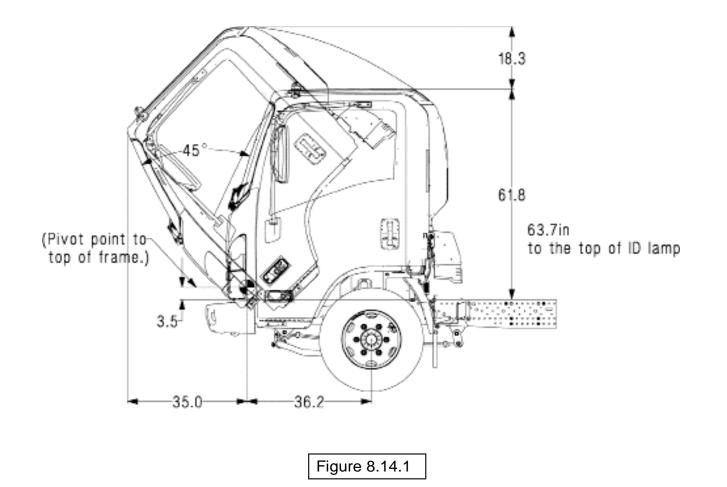


Figure 8.13.1

Dimensions in inches

PAGE

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Cab Tilt



Dimensions in inches



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Turning Diameter</u>

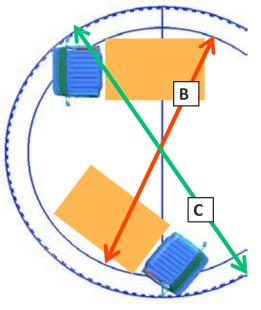
TURNING DIAMETERS

The LCF steering also features a 49.5 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=Minimum turning diameter curb to curb

C=Minimum turning diameter wall to wall

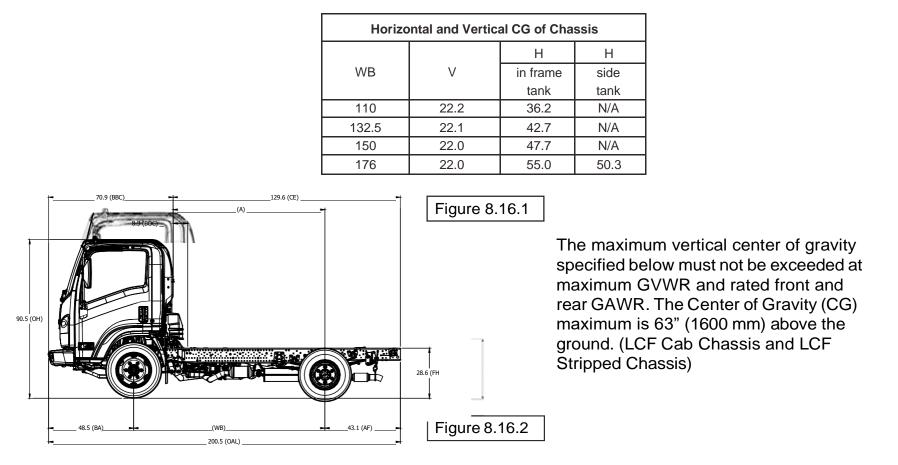
WB	B aurb to aurb	C
		(ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	31.5	37.1
132.0	38.7	44.0
150.0	42.7	48.9
176.0	51.2	56.4



LCF Diesel Turning Circle Diagram

Figure 8.15.1

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Center of Gravity

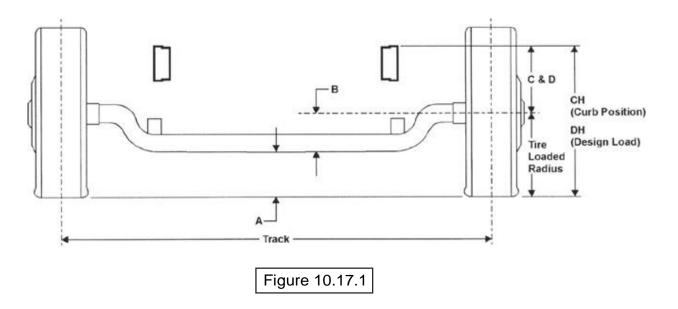


NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us on GMUpfitter.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Front Axle Chart</u>



Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

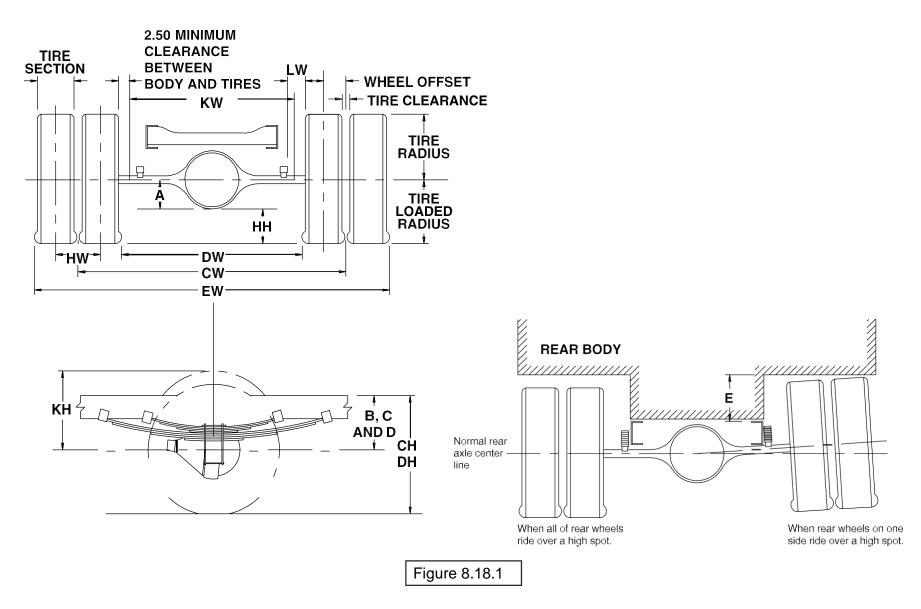
- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
215/85R 16-E	14,500 lbs.	5,360 lbs.	7.5	6.6	12.8	11.7	27.4	25.8	65.5	14.6	14.1

Figure 10.17.2



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Rear Axle Chart





3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Rear Axle Chart

		Defi	nitions
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.		Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.	HH	Rear Tire Clearance:
			Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
E	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the	HW	Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire
	top of the frame at the vertical centerline of the rear axle, when		bounce as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the
	rear wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		rear tire when one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		
CH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and	CW	Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicles:
	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle		Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	at curb position.		
	Rear Frame Height:		
DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and		
	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at		
	design load.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Tire Chart for Values
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Tire Chart for Values

Figure 8.19.1

Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions						
CW = Track	ΗH	= Tire loaded radius – A				
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B				
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches				
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches				
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance LW = 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs						

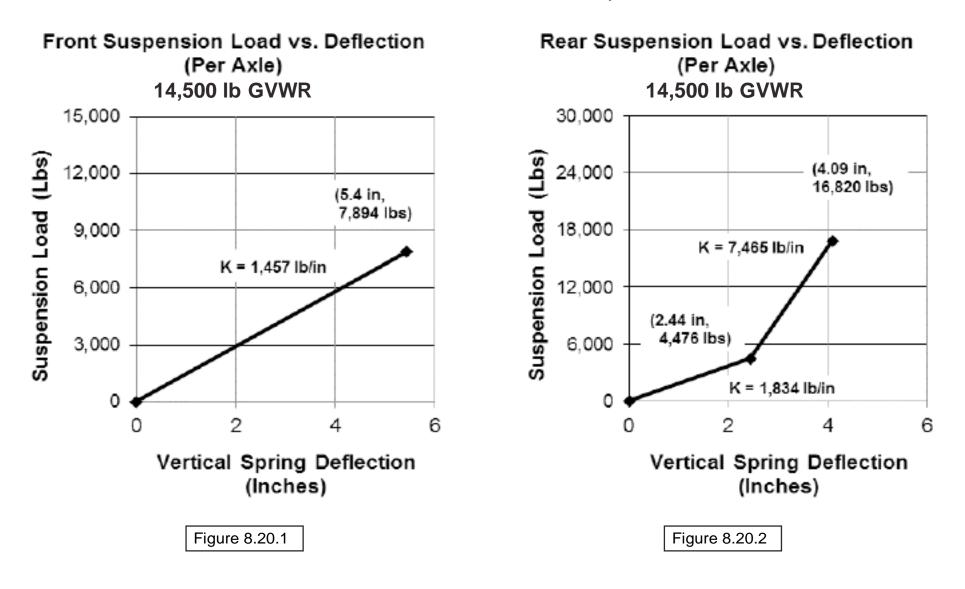
Figure 8.19.2

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Δ	В	C	D	F
TILO	OAIIN	THUCK OT	A	6	•	D	
215/85R 16-E	9,880 lbs.	65.0	6.5	9.3	15.4	13.0	7.8



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Suspension Deflection Chart





3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Tire and Disc Wheel Chart

Tire

	Tire	Load Limit and Co	Id Inflation Press	ures	Maximum Tire Loa		
Tire Size	Sir	ngle	Dual		Front Rear		GVWR (Lbs.)
	Lbs.	PSI	Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual	
215/85R-16E	3,315	85	3,115	85	6,630	12,460	14,500

Figure 8.21.1

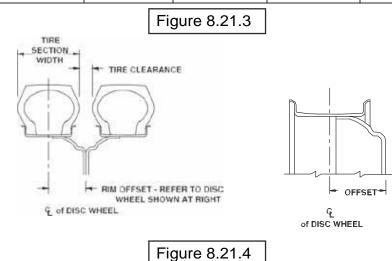
		Tire Radius						
Tire Size	GVWR (Lbs.)	Loaded		Unloaded		Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width		Width
215/85R 16-E	14,500	14.1	14.1	14.6	14.6	8.2	1.8	6.0

Disc Wheel

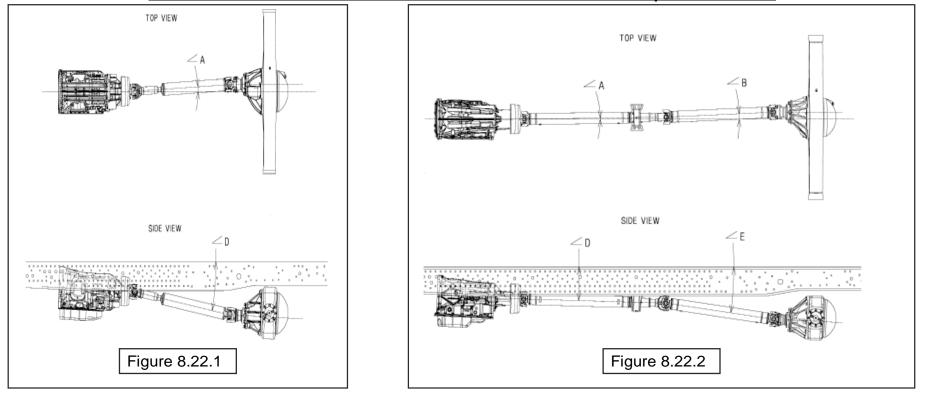
Figure 8.21.2

Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
16 x 6 K	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ft-lb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.37	5º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Propeller Shaft</u>



WheelBase	Top View		Side View				
(in.)	∠A	∠B	∠D	∠E	Trans	Rear Axle	
109	2.5°	-	10.6°	-	2.5°	2.5°	
132.5	0°	2.7°	5.3°	7.4 ⁰	2.5°	2.5°	
150.0	0°	2.7º	2.6°	8.0º	2.5°	2.5°	
176	0°	1.8º	2.1°	5.4°	2.5°	2.5°	

Notes: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.

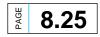


3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Propeller Shaft

Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176	
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2	
Trans. Type 6A/T		6A/T	6A/T	6A/T	
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"	
Thickness	0.0906"	0.0906''	0.0906''	0.0906"	
Length	36.69"	16.97"	34.29"	43.47"	
Туре	А	В	В	В	
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"	
Thickness	N/A	0.0906''	0.0906''	0.0906"	
Length	N/A	33.78"	34.17"	50.71"	
Туре	N/A	С	С	С	

Figure 8.23.1

Туре	Description	Illustration
Туре А	1st shaft in 1-piece driveline	
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Brake System Diagram 14,500 GVW

Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.

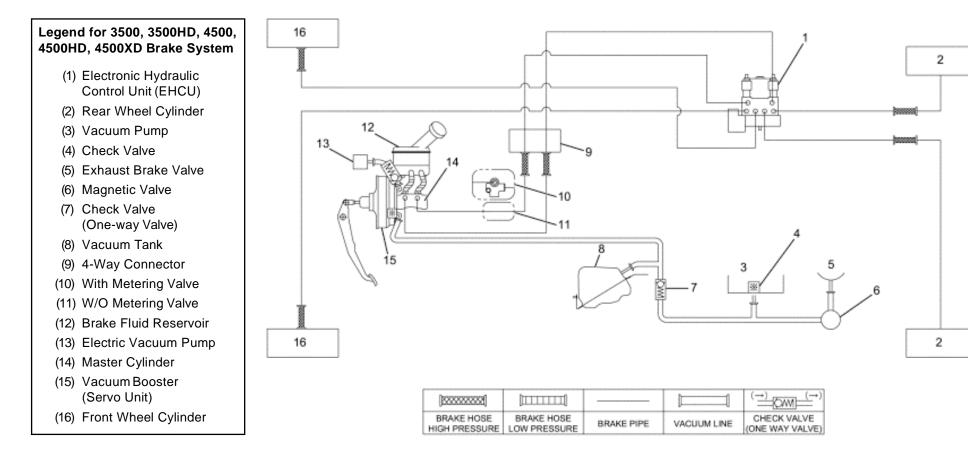
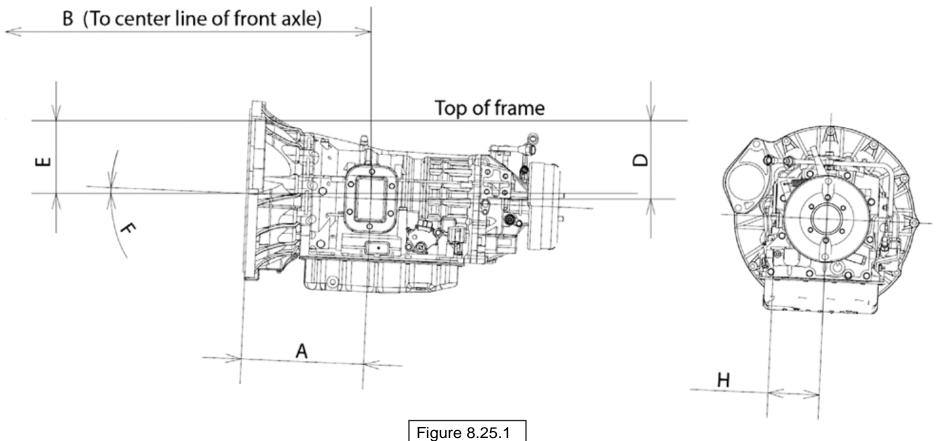


Figure 8.24.1



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – PTO Location</u>

Drive Gear and Opening Information



Trans.	Opening Location	Bolt Pattern	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear Location	Ratio of PTO Drv. Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	No. of Teeth	Pitch	Helix Angle	Max. Output Torque
Aisin 465	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	0	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 8.25.2

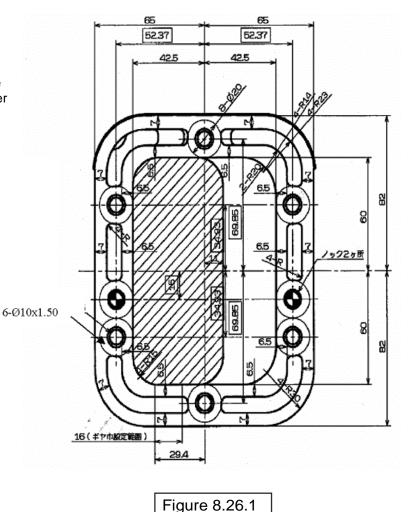


<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Opening Diagram</u>

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM.

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the transmission from the stationary mode.



Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - In-Frame Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Remove the short filler hose and the short breather hose from the breather and fuel filler pipes and the filler neck bracket assembly.
- 3. Filler kit hoses are designed for the 102 inch wide body width. Modify the hoses as required to fit the desired body width (Figure 15 Dimension D).
- 4. Install flexible filler hose (Item 1) to fuel filler pipe and filler neck bracket assembly using existing screw clamps.
- 5. Install flexible breather hose (Item 2) to fuel breather pipe and filler neck bracket assembly using new clamps (item 3)
- 6. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the filler neck bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 7. Filler neck (Figure 14 Dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 8. Secure the filler plate and ground strap to the bottom of the body and check for leaks. Ground straps should be connected to brackets or flanges, not the fuel filler hose or breather hose. Ground straps should have a minimum of 10mm clearance, in all deflected positions, from any metallic portions of the fuel filler hose or breather hose assembly.
- 9. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 10. Reconnect battery.

Fuel Type

Use regular unleaded gasoline rated at 87 octane or higher that meets specification ASTMD4814 in the U.S. Blended gasoline is suitable

for use in the LCF Gas Chassis.

Ethanol is ethyl or grain alcohol. Properly-blended fuel that is no more than 10% ethanol is fine for your vehicle. NOTICE:

Fuel that is 15% Ethanol is not suitable for your vehicle. Fuel that is than 85% Ethanol is not suitable for your vehicle. Methanol is

methyl or wood alcohol.

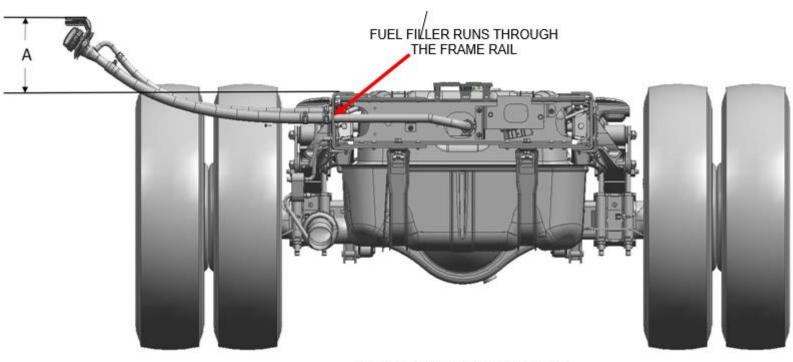
NOTICE:

- 6.6L Engine: Fuel that is more than 5% methanol is bad for your vehicle. And even at 5% or less, there must be "co-solvents" and corrosion preventives in this fuel to help avoid damage to the fuel system from methanol.

- 6.0L Engine: Methanol-Gasoline mixtures are not suitable for your vehicle.



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Rear View Fuel Fill</u>

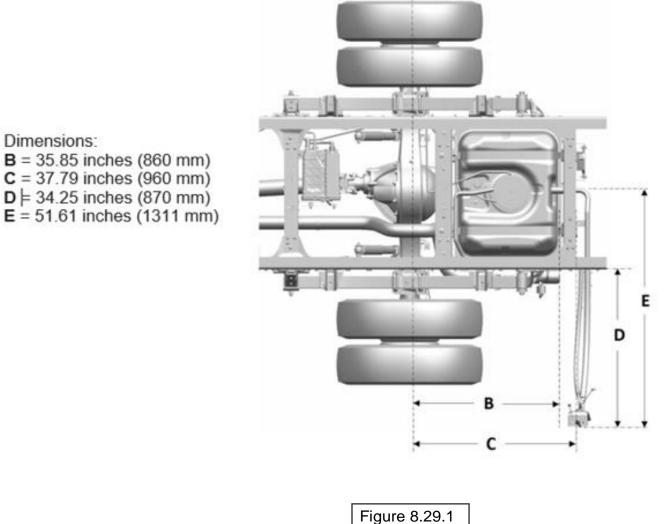


Dimension A = 6.85-8.5 inches (174-216 mm) *6.6L Gas engine shown, Dimension "A" applies to all 21/22MY gas chassis

Figure 8.28.1



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Top View Fuel Fill</u>



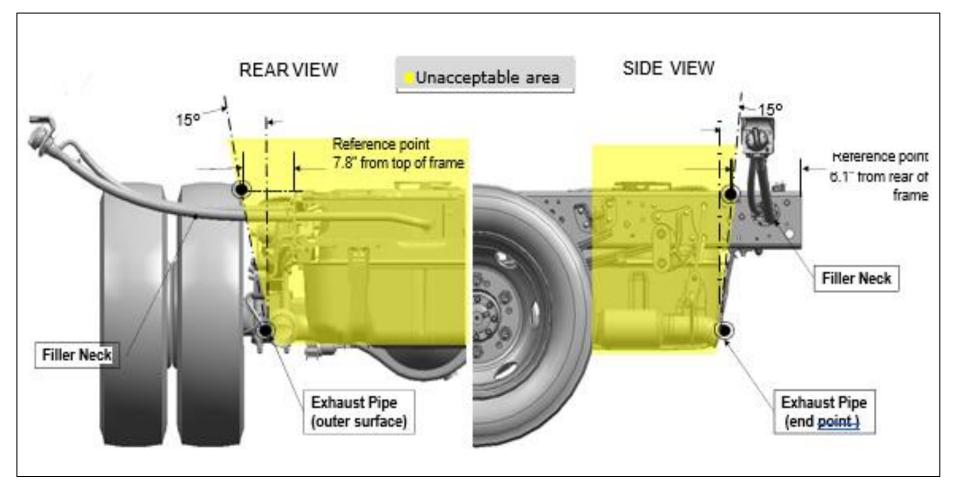
Dimensions:

C = 37.79 inches (960 mm) D = 34.25 inches (870 mm) E = 51.61 inches (1311 mm)



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Hose Modifications</u>

Various Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



Notes:

1. Modification of the filler neck outside the frame rail must comply with FMVSS regulations for avoiding fuel dripping on hot surfaces.

2. Do not install the connection point of Filler neck, pipe and hoses in unacceptable areas shown in the side and rear view above.



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Through the Rail

Fuel Fill Frame Hole

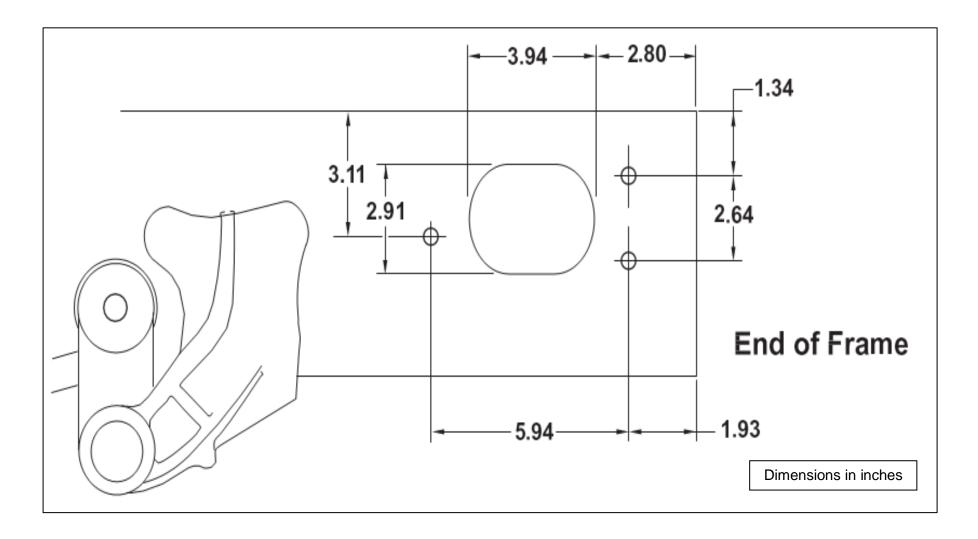
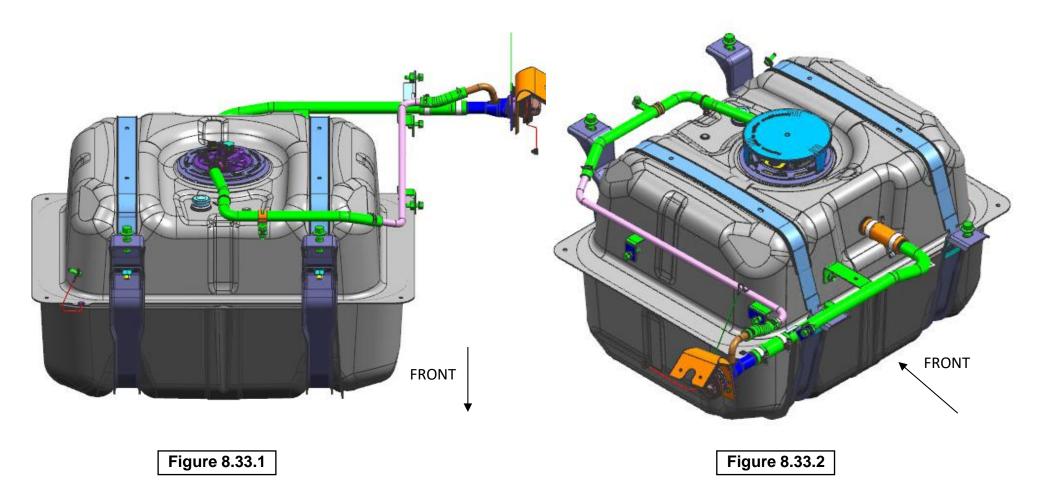


Figure 8.32.1

8.33

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVWR Gas – Fuel filler Assembly



Parts Kit: For LCF 3500/4500 GAS Fuel Filler chassis installation as shown. See authorized GM Dealer for Parts list and availability.



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab – Installation Instructions and Considerations

The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is located on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 10.34.1*. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figure 10.34.2*.



The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 10.34.3* to the right.



Figure 8.34.2

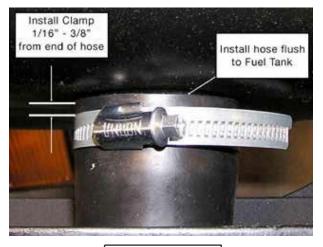
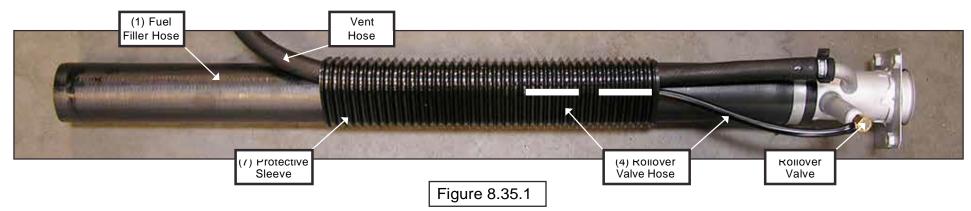


Figure 8.34.3



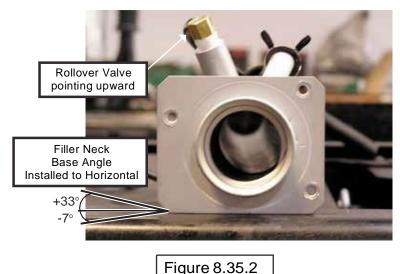
3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 10.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

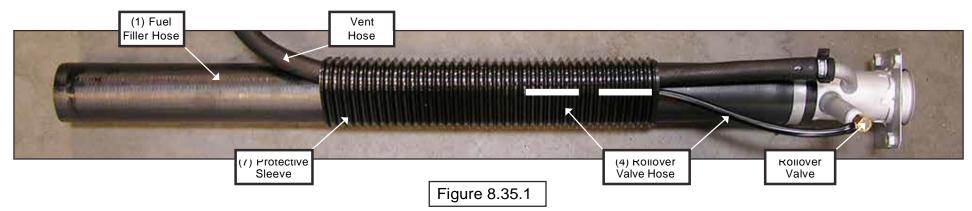
The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 10.35.2* for the proper orientation.





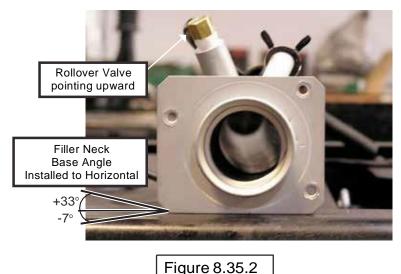
3500/4500HD 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-STD Cab - Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 10.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 10.35.2* for the proper orientation.



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab Cab – 3500 Gas Specifications

MODEL	3500 Crew Cab Gas
GVWR / GCWR	12,000 lbs.
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in.
ENGINE	GMPT L8T (Gen V), 8-cylinder, V Block 4-cycl, OHV, Direct Fuel Injection, Oil Jet Piston Cooling
MODEL/DISPLACEMENT	GMPT- 8/400 CID (6.6 liters)
HP (GROSS)	350 HP @ 4500 RPM
TORQUE (GROSS)	425 lbft. @ 3800 RPM
EQUIPMENT	Direct injection technology, mass air flow meter, powertrain interface module (PIM), onboard diagnostics, oxygen sensors, catalytic convertor, map sensor, with external oil cooler, engine cruise control, and rear engine cover.
TRANSMISSION	6L90 Hydra-Matic 6-speed automatic with lock-up converter and double overdrive. No PT opening.
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot "I" -beam rated at 6,830 lbs.
FRONT SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.
FRONT GAWR	4,860 lbs.
REAR AXLE	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.
REAR SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.
REAR GAWR	8,840 lbs.
WHEELS	16 x 6.0 - 6-hole disc wheels, painted white.
TIRES	215/85R-16E (10 ply) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season front and rear
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.
FUEL TANK	38.6 gal. rectangular stainless-steel fuel tank. Mounted between the frame rails with electric type fuel pump (mounted in tank) and fuel tank zone module (mounted on rearward crossmember). Through the rail fuel fill.
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches wide through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in ³ ., RBM 316,800 lb-in
САВ	All steel, low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.
CAB EQUIPMENT	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger
	seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass. AM/FM/CD Radio with Aux input/USB port and Bluetooth. Rear body dome lamp switch. Cab latch switch and indicator with buzzer.
ELECTRICAL	12-volt, negative ground, 750 CCA maintenance free battery located on frame, 170 Amp alternator with integral regulator.
OPTIONS	See last page for options.

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab Cab – 4500 Gas Specifications

MODEL	4500 Crew Cab Gas
GVWR / GCWR	14,500 lbs.
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in.
ENGINE	GMPT L8T (Gen V), 8-cylinder, V Block 4-cycl, OHV, Direct Fuel Injection, Oil Jet Piston Cooling
MODEL/DISPLACEMENT	
	GMPT- 8/400 CID (6.6 liters) 350 HP @ 4500 RPM
HP (GROSS)	425 lbft. @ 3800 RPM
TORQUE (GROSS) EQUIPMENT	
	Direct injection technology, mass air flow meter, powertrain interface module (PIM), onboard diagnostics, oxygen sensors, catalytic convertor, map sensor, with external oil cooler, engine cruise control, and rear engine cover.
TRANSMISSION	6L90 Hydra-Matic 6-speed automatic with lock-up converter and double overdrive. No PT opening.
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot "I" -beam rated at 6,830 lbs.
FRONT SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.
FRONT GAWR	6,630 lbs.
REAR AXLE	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.
REAR SUSPENSION	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.
REAR GAWR	11,020 lbs.
WHEELS	19.5 x 6.0 - 6-hole disc wheels, painted white.
TIRES	225/70R-19.5 (14 ply) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season front and rear
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.
FUEL TANK	38.6 gal. rectangular stainless-steel fuel tank. Mounted between the frame rails with electric type fuel pump (mounted in tank) and fuel tank zone module (mounted on rearward crossmember). Through the rail fuel fill.
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches wide through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in ³ ., RBM 316,800 lb-in
САВ	All steel, low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.
CAB EQUIPMENT	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass. AM/FM/CD Radio with Aux input/USB port and Bluetooth. Rear body dome lamp switch. Cab latch switch and indicator with buzzer.
ELECTRICAL	12-volt, negative ground, 750 CCA maintenance free battery located on frame, 170 Amp alternator with integral regulator.
OPTIONS	See last page for options.

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

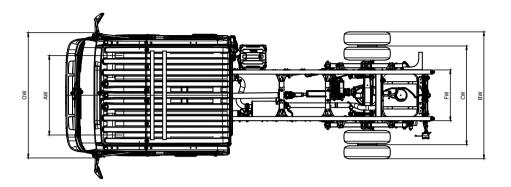


Figure 9.3.1

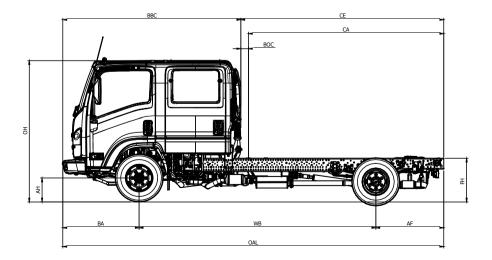


Figure 9.3.2

16000 lb.	41003109.0 inEB4lb.410322906393960742003132.5 inFNJlb.419422886482951843003150.0 inFWHlb.4256226765239477						
Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T41003	109.0 in	EB4	lb.	4103	2290	6393	9607
T42003	132.5 in	FNJ	lb.	4194	2288	6482	9518
T43003	150.0 in	FWH	lb.	4256	2267	6523	9477
T44003	176.0 in	FNW	lb.	4296	2283	6579	9421

Side Mounted Tank

16,000 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T44003	176.0 in	FNW	lb.	4430	2160	6590	9410

Vertical Exhaust Option Dimensions:

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

Unit	WB	EFF CA*	EFF CE*	OAL	AF
Inch	109.0	62.5	105.6	200.5	43.1
Inch	132.5	86.0	153.1	224.0	43.1
Inch	150.0	103.5	146.6	241.5	43.1
Inch	176.0	129.5	172.6	267.5	43.1

* Effective CA & CE listed are standard CA or CE less vertical exhaust BOC of 24 inches. Vertical Exhaust BOC = 24 inches

Variable Chassis Dimensions:									
Unit	WB	CA*	CE*	OAL	AF				
Inch	109.0	86.5	129.6	200.5	43.1				
Inch	132.5	110.0	153.1	224.0	43.1				
Inch	150.0	127.5	170.6	241.5	43.1				
Inch	176.0	153.5	196.6	267.5	43.1				
* Effe	ctive CA	& CE a	re CA &	CE less	BOC				

Dimens	sion Con	stants:	
Code	Inches	Code	Inches
AH	7.5	BW	833
AW	65.6	CW	65
BA	48.4	FW	33.5
BBC	70.7	OH	92.4
BOC	7.7	OW	81.3
FH	33.0		

2021 Chevrolet LCF



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Vehicle Weight Limits

Vehicle Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum	16,000 lbs.
GAWR, Front	6,660 lbs.
GAWR, Rear	11,020 lbs.

Technical Notes:

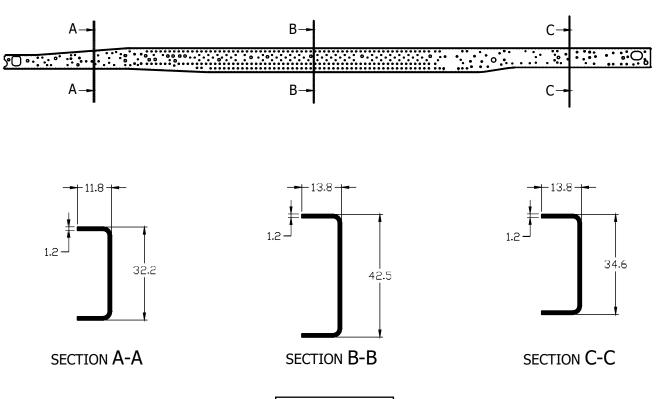
Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

Weights for Options						
RPO	Option Description	Front / Rear				
(1)		Lbs.				
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100				
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0				
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0				
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0				
ATG	Keyless entry	3 / 0				
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0				
AJG	Suspension seat	18/0				
KO5	Block Heater (cord)	1/0				
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0				
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0				
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0				
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3/0				
G7M	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0 2 / 0				
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer					
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	0/0				
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	(7)				
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab Heated Mirrors	1/0				
ΡΤΟ	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)					
DB8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	<u>1/0</u> 6/0				
TBD	Rigger Bay techfer 1977' switch refy	1/0				
9W8						
IX2		3/0 0/0				
UL5	Baktaស្គារកd AM/FM/CD Radio	0/2				
KQN	Engmen ብር ያከutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	1/0				
UZF						
V22						
SEO	Option Description	w/p power windows and power door locks				
(1)	Standard model specifications	Lbs.				
00	Standard model specifications with power windows and power door locks	Standard chassis weight includes these				
		features				
54 	In rail fuel tank with power windows, power door locks and air conditioning	80 / 0				
64	In rail fuel tank with power windows, power door locks, air conditioning and LSD (3)	80 / 15				
	Side mounted fuel tank w/power windows, power door locks and air conditioning (5)	215/124				
84	Side mounted fuel tank w/power windows, power door locks, air conditioning and LSD (3) (5)	215/109				



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab Cab – Frame and Crossmember Specifictions



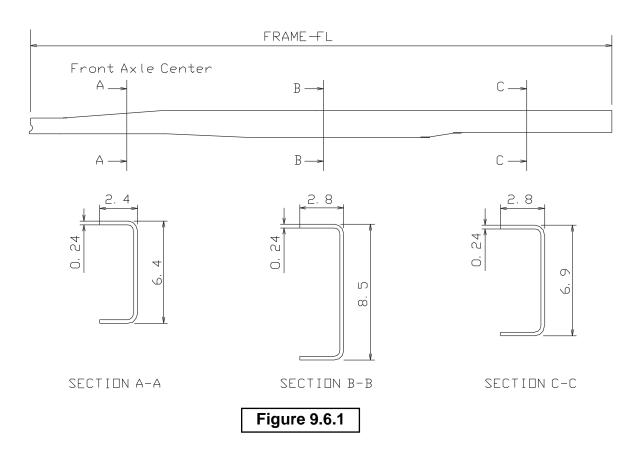
Higguaee **9.5.1**

Wheelbase	Frame Thickness			1	C	Crossmen	nber Type/L	ocation		1	
		В	с)		E		F	G	;
109	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	5.5	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	5.9	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

Figure 9.5.2



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Frame Chart</u>



Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Top View</u>

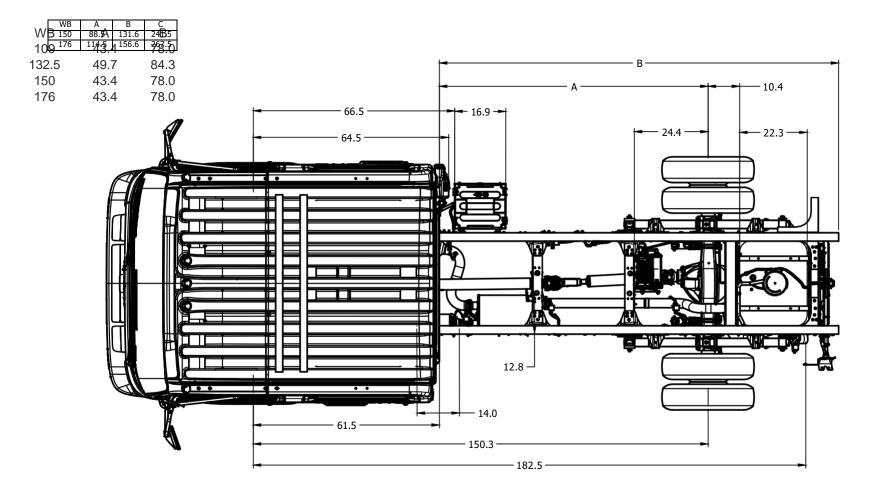


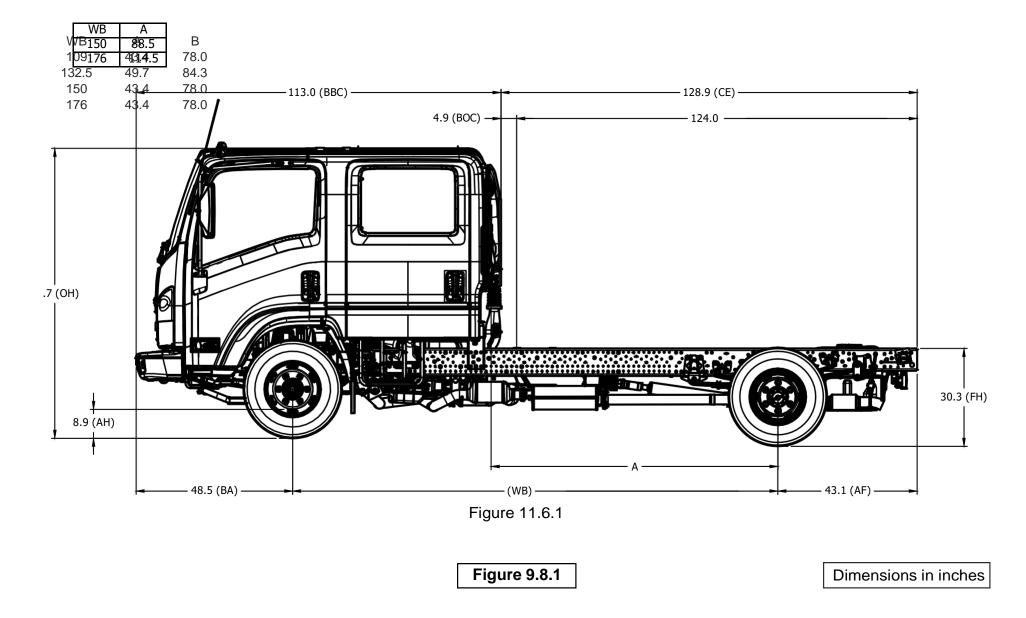
Figure 11.6.1

Figure 9.7.1

Dimensions ininches



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Left Side View</u>





<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Right Side View</u>

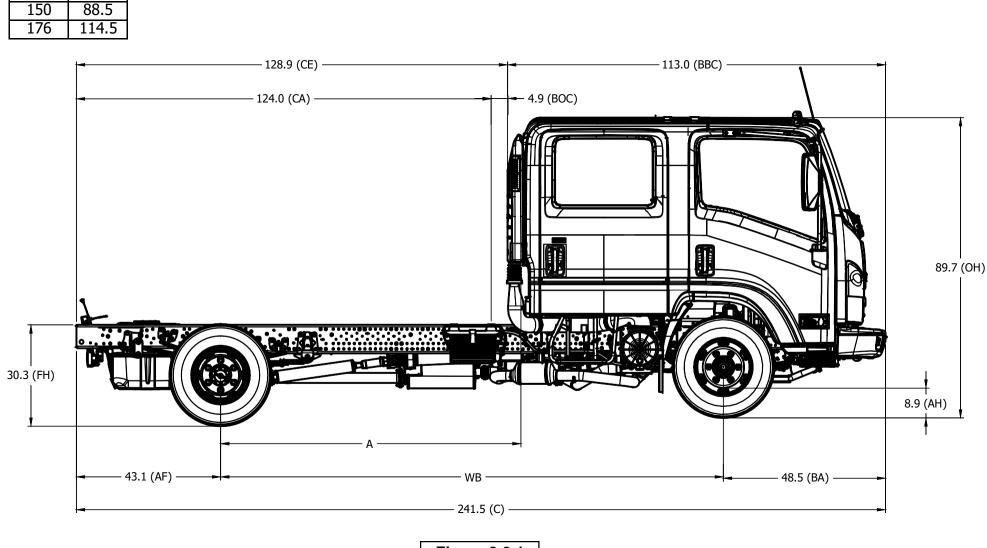


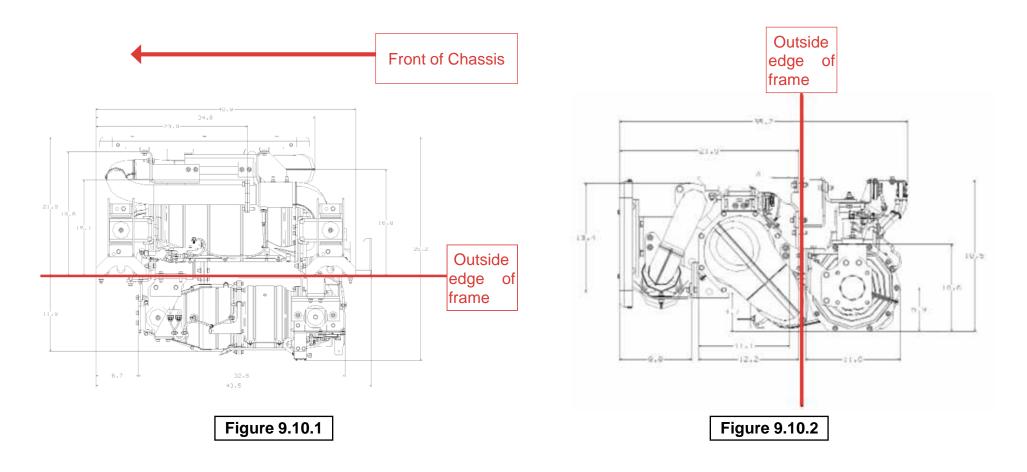
Figure 9.9.1

WB

А



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC</u>

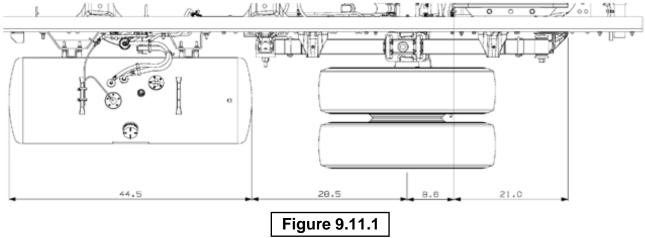


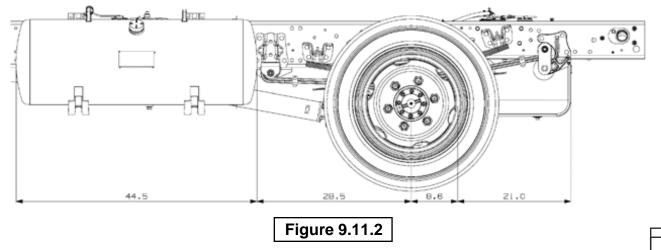
Dimensions in inches

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab

Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

<u>Side View 150 Wheelbase</u>





Dimensions in inches

PAGE

9.11

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab</u>

Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase

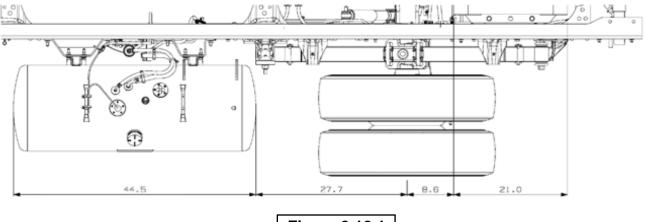
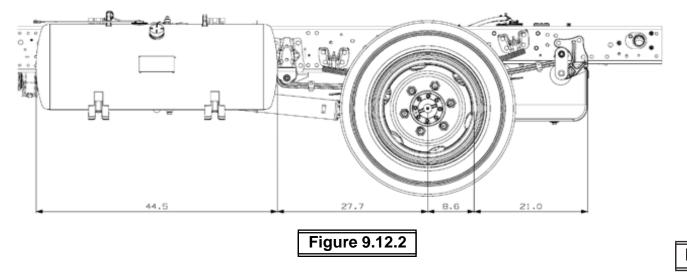


Figure 9.12.1



Dimensions in inches

PAGE

9.12



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab</u>

Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank

<u>T44003 ONLY</u>

Side View 176 Wheelbase

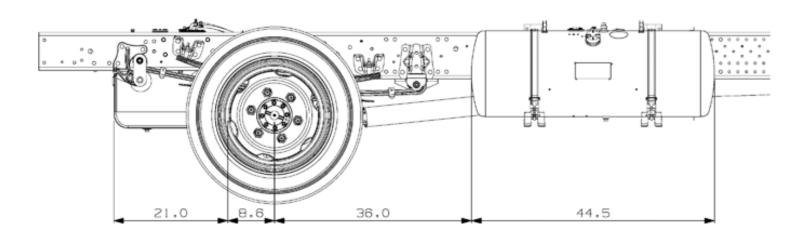


Figure 9.13.1

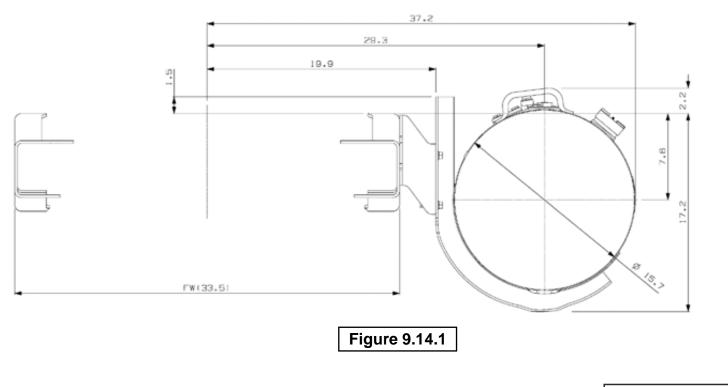
Dimensions in inches

9.14

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab

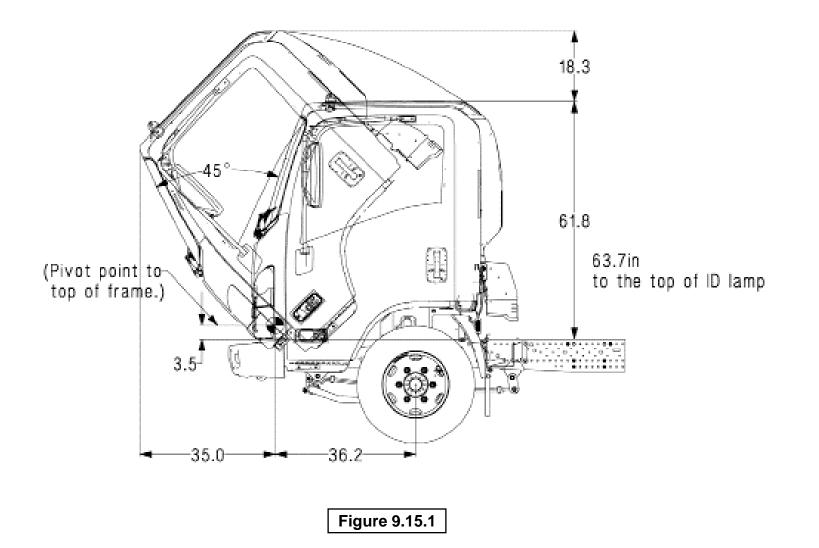
Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX (150 and 176 WB, LH rail only)

> Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel Tank (176 WB only, RH rail only)



Dimensions in inches

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Cab Tilt</u>



Dimensions in inches

PAGE

9.15

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Revision: 05/04/21



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Turning Diameter

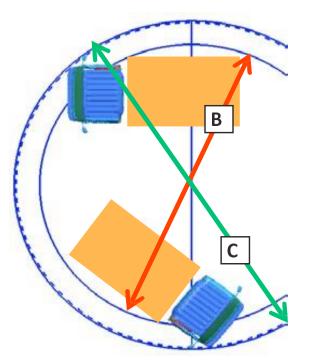
TURNING DIAMETERS

The LCF steering also features a 49.5 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF an extremely maneuverable truck.

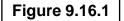
B=Minimum turning diameter curb to curb

C=Minimum turning diameter wall to wall

WB	B curb to curb	C (ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	32.8	38.7
132.0	40.0	44.9
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1



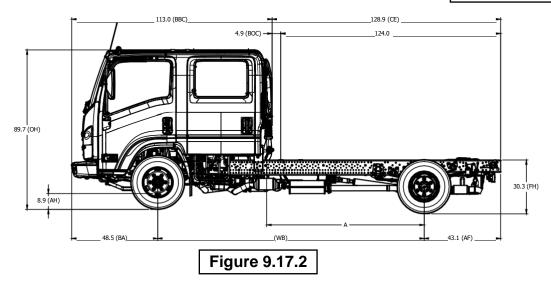
LCF Diesel Turning Circle Diagram



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Center of Gravity

Horizontal and Vertical CG of Chassis									
		Н	Н						
WB	V	in frame	side						
		tank	tank						
110	23.5	38.4	N/A						
132.5	23.3	44.9	N/A						
150	23.3	49.9	N/A						
176	23.3	57.2	52.5						

Figure 9.17.1



The maximum vertical center of gravity specified below must not be exceeded at maximum GVWR and rated front and rear GAWR. The Center of Gravity (CG) maximum is 63" (1600 mm) above the ground. (LCF Cab Chassis and LCF Stripped Chassis)

NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

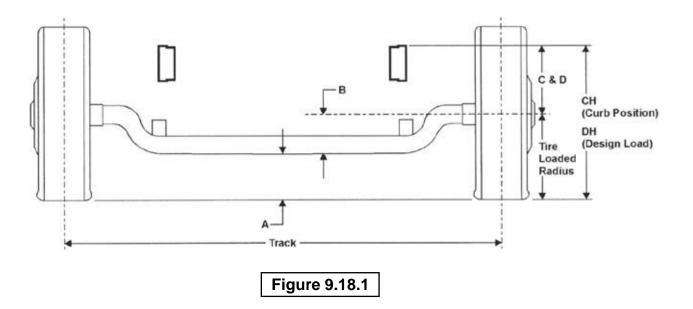
The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us at GMUpfitter.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Dimensions in inches

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Front Axle Chart</u>



Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

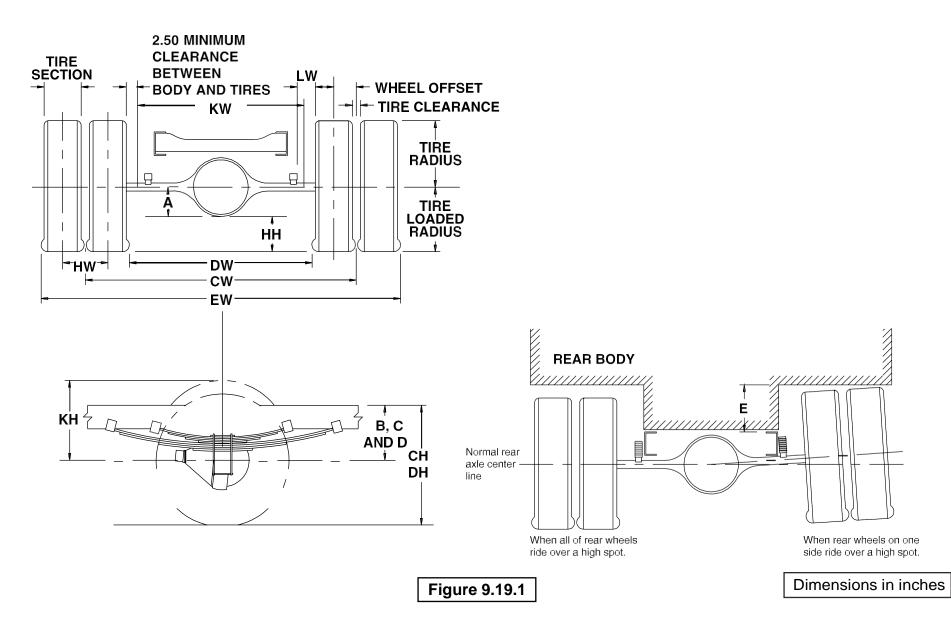
	Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
											Unload	Load
225/7	70R 19.5F	16,000 lbs.	6,630 lbs.	8.3	6.6	13	11.5	29	26.4	65.5	16	14.93

Figure 9.18.2

Dimensions in inches



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Rear Axle Chart</u>





3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Definitions

		D	Definitions
			Rear Frame Height:
A	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
C	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	ΕW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗH	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
E	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	ΗW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
Cł	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Chart for values.

Figure 9.20.1

	Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions									
CW	/ = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A							
СН	= Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B							
DH	= Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches							
DW	= Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches							
EW	= Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs							

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Figure 9.20.2

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R 19.5F	11,020 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.3	13.4	8.4

Figure 9.20.3

Dimensions in inches

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Tire and Disc Wheel Chart

Tire

	Tire L	oad Limit and Co	Id Inflation Press	ures	Maximum Tire Lo		
Tire Size	Sin	Single		Dual		Front Rear	
	Lbs.	PSI	Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual	
225/70R 19.5F	3,315	85	3,115	90	6,900	12,980	16,000

Figure 9.21.1

			Tire R	adius				
Tire Size	GVWR (Lbs.)	Loa	ded	Unloaded Front Rear		Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear			Width		Width
225/70R 19.5F	16,000	14.93	14.98	16	16	8.7	1.3	6.0

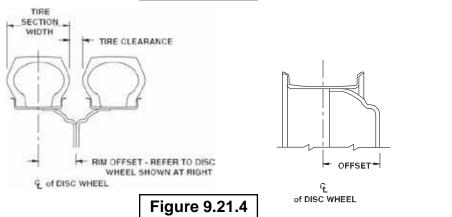
Figure 9.21.2

Disc	Wheel	

Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
19.5 x 6.00	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	15º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

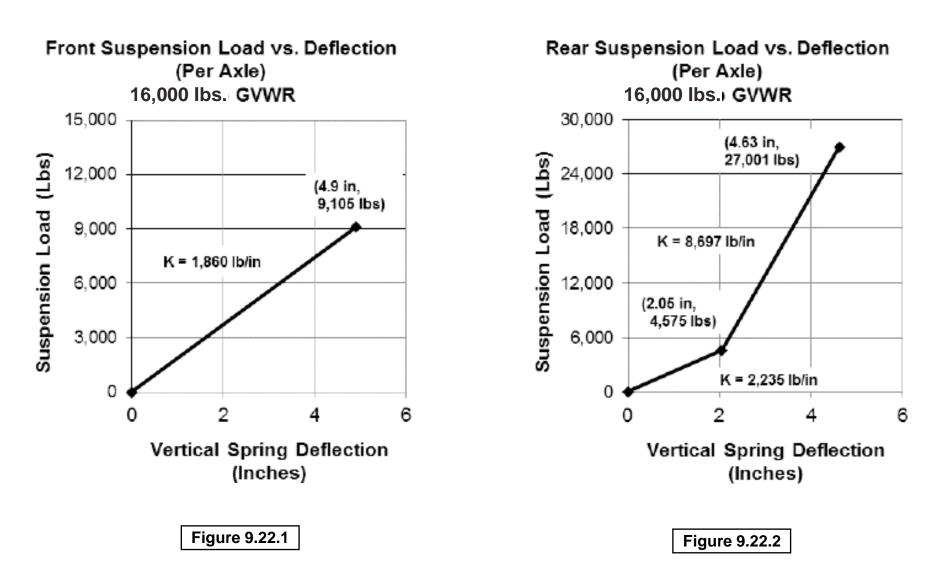
Figure 9.21.3



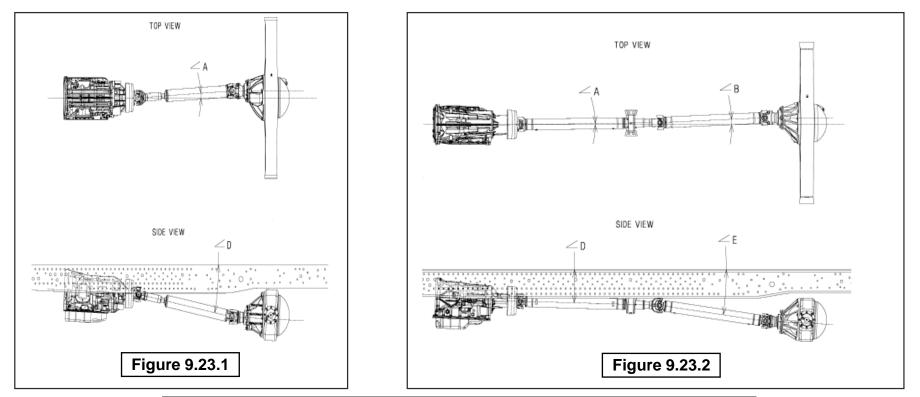




3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Suspension Deflection Chart



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Propeller Shaft



Тор	View	Side View				
∠A	∠B	∠D	∠E	Trans	Rear Axle	
3.4°	-	11.3°	-	2.5°	2.7°	
0°	3.3°	5.3°	7.7°	2.5°	2.7°	
0°	3.2°	2.6°	8.0°	2.5°	2.7°	
0° 2.2°		2.1°	5.6°	2.5°	2.7°	
	∠A 3.4° 0° 0°	3.4° - 0° 3.3° 0° 3.2°	$\angle A$ $\angle B$ $\angle D$ 3.4° - 11.3° 0° 3.3° 5.3° 0° 3.2° 2.6°	$\angle A$ $\angle B$ $\angle D$ $\angle E$ 3.4° - 11.3° - 0° 3.3° 5.3° 7.7° 0° 3.2° 2.6° 8.0°	$\angle A$ $\angle B$ $\angle D$ $\angle E$ Trans 3.4° - 11.3° - 2.5° 0° 3.3° 5.3° 7.7° 2.5° 0° 3.2° 2.6° 8.0° 2.5°	

Figure 9.23.3

Notes: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Propeller Shaft

Trans. Type	6 Automatic. Transmission									
Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176						
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2						
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54						
Thickness	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126						
Length	35.7	22.91	40.24	49.69						
Туре	А	В	В	В						
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.54	3.54	3.54						
Thickness	N/A	0.126	0.126	0.126						
Length	N/A	36.16	36.53	52.93						
Туре	N/A	С	С	С						
Shaft #3 O.D.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Thickness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Length	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Туре	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						

Figure 9.24.1

Туре	Description		Illustration
Туре А	1st shaft in 1-piece driveline		
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline		
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline		
	·	Figure 9.24.2	Dimensions in inches

2021 Chevrolet LCF

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Brake System Diagram 16,000 GVW

Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.

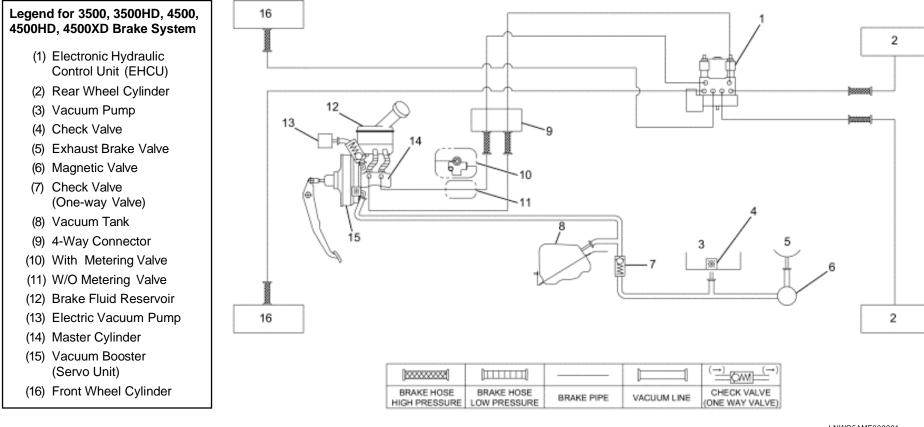


Figure 9.25.1

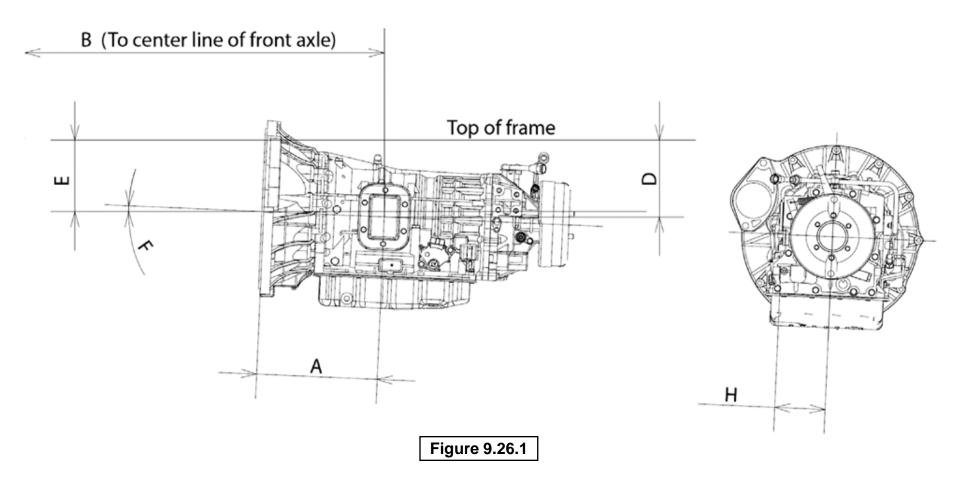
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Revision: 02/28/2018



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – PTO Location</u>

Drive Gear and Opening Information



Trans	. Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin 4	65 Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	0	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

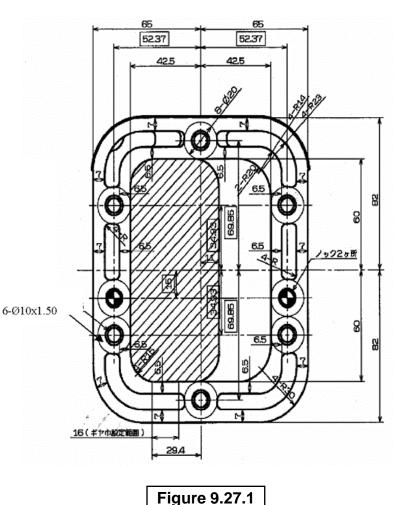
Figure 9.26.2

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM.

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the transmission from the stationary mode.



Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – In-Frame Fuel Fill</u>

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

9.29

<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Rear View Fuel Fill</u>

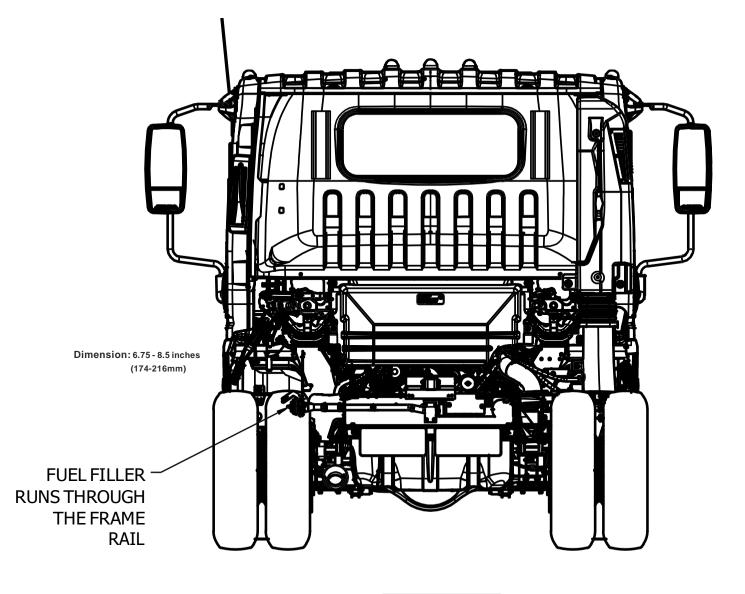
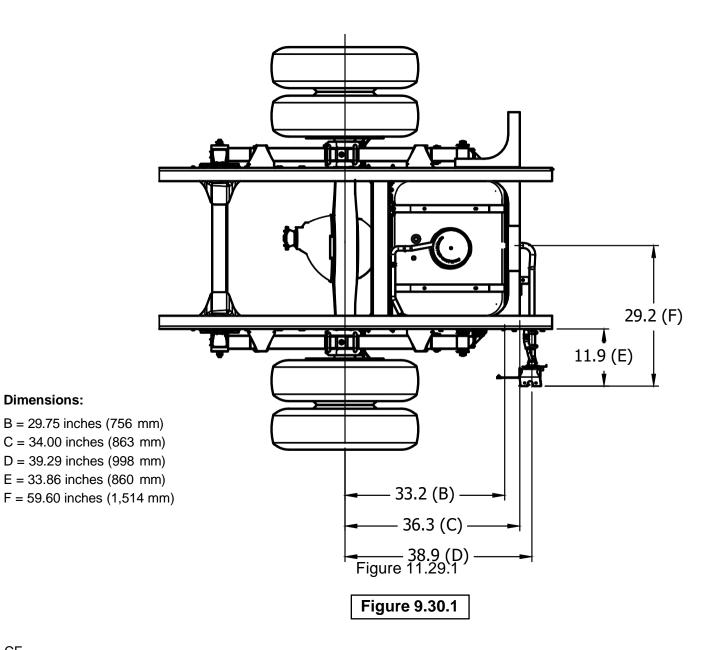


Figure 9.29.1

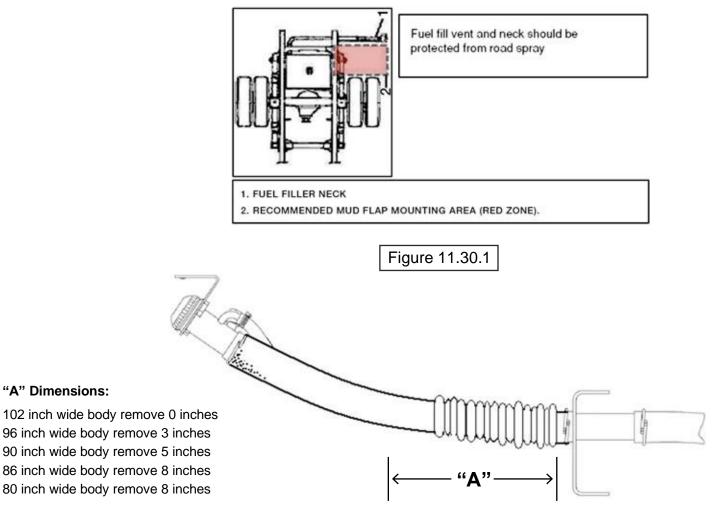


<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Top View Fuel Fill</u>



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Hose Modifications

Various Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 9.31.1

"A" Dimensions:



<u>3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Through the Rail</u>

Fuel Fill Frame Hole

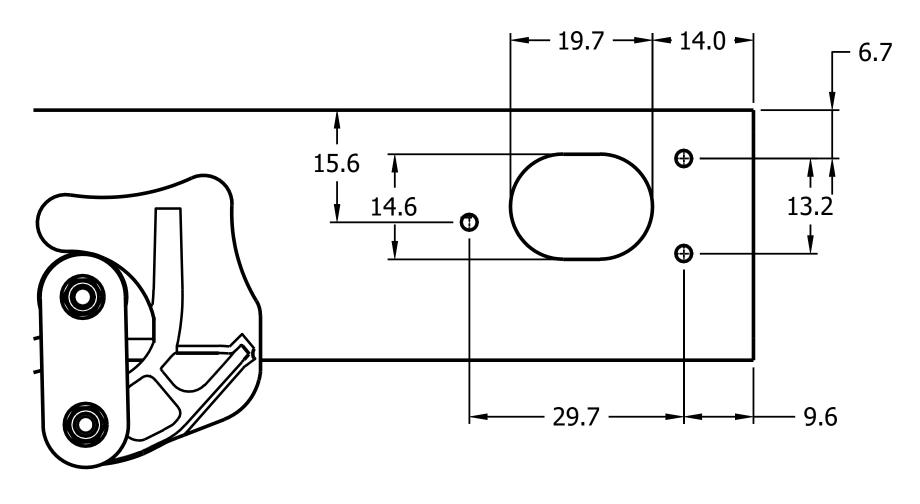
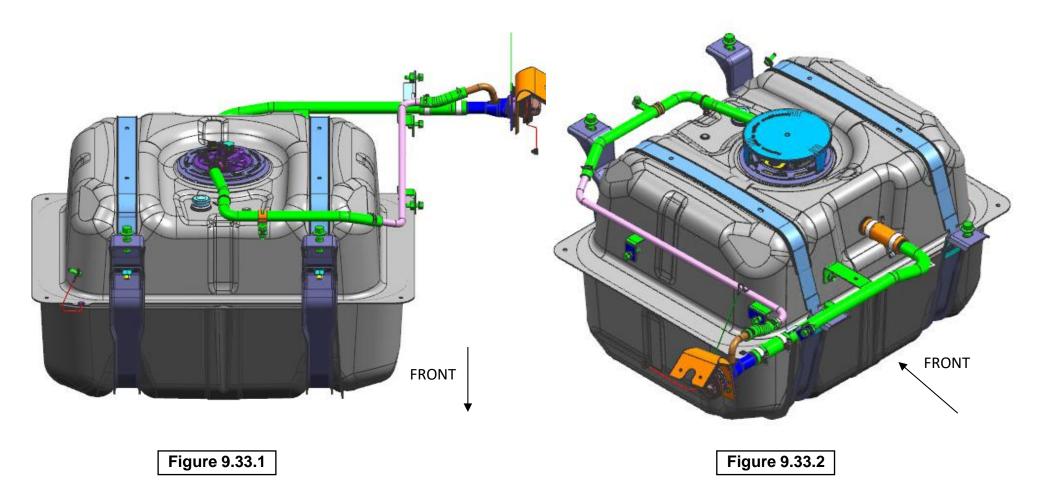


Figure 9.33.1

Dimensions in inches

9.33

3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVWR Gas - Fuel filler Assembly



Parts Kit: For LCF 3500/4500 GAS Fuel Filler chassis installation as shown. See authorized GM Dealer for Parts list and availability.



3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab – Installation Instructions and Considerations

The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is located on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 11.34.1*. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figure 11.34.2*.



Figure 9.35.1

The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 11.34.3* to the right.



Figure 9.35.2

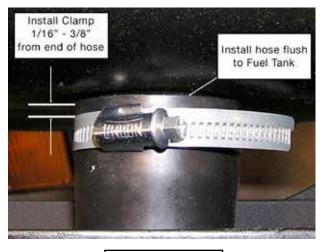
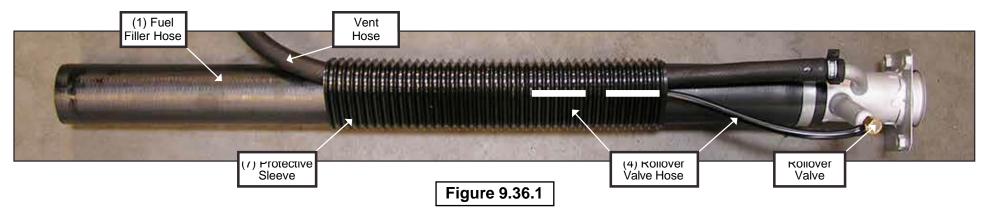


Figure 9.35.3



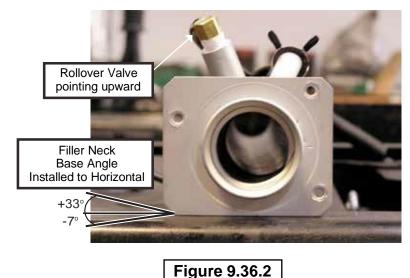
3500/4500 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 11.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

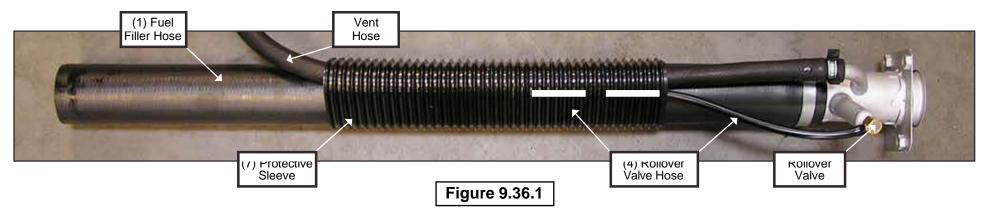
The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 11.35.2* for the proper orientation.





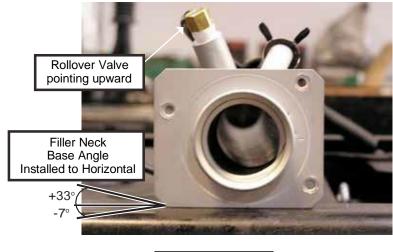
3500/4500HD 12.0/14.5 GVW Gas-Crew Cab - Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 11.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 11.35.2* for the proper orientation.







4500HD Diesel Specifications

MODEL	4500HD Diesel				
GVWR	14,500 lbs.				
WB	109 in, 132.5 in, 150 in. 176 in.				
ENGINE	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.				
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/317 CID (5.19 liters)				
HP (Gross)	14,500 GVWR 215 HP @ 2500 RPM w Automatic Transmission				
Torque (Gross)	14,500 GVWR 452 lb/ft torque @ 1850 RPM w/ Automatic Trans				
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 in ² . radiator; 7 blade 20.1 in diameter fan with viscous drive. Cold weather				
	starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check. Engine warning system with audible warning for low oil pressure,				
	high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function. Rear engine cover.				
TRANSMISSION	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fifth and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th.				
	PTO capability with automatic torque converter lockup in stationary PTO mode.				
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.				
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot I" -Beam rated at 6,830 lbs.				
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.				
GAWR 5,360 lbs.					
REAR AXLE Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 11,020 lbs.					
Suspension Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.					
GAWR	9,880 lbs.				
WHEELS	16x6.0-K 6 hole disc wheels, painted white.				
TIRES	215/85R-16E (10 pr) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season front and rear.				
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD				
	(Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-ad just outboard mounted				
	drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust brake is standard and is				
	vacuum operated. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.				
FUEL TANK	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail behind rear axle. Fuel water separator with indicator light on instrument cluster.				
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 in wide				
	through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in3. RBM 316,800.				
CAB	All steel low cab forward, BBC 70.7 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.				
Equipment	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror, AM/FM CD stereo radio. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass.				
ELECTRICAL 12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.					
OPTIONS	See last page for options				
	NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.				

PAGE 10.2

OAL

200.5

224.0

241.5

267.5

AF

43.1

43.1

43.1

43.1

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

CA*

Inch 176.0 153.5 196.6

86.5

CE*

110.0 153.1

127.5 170.6

* Effective CA & CE are CA or CE less BOC

129.6

Unit WB

Inch 109.0

Inch 132.5

Inch 150.0

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

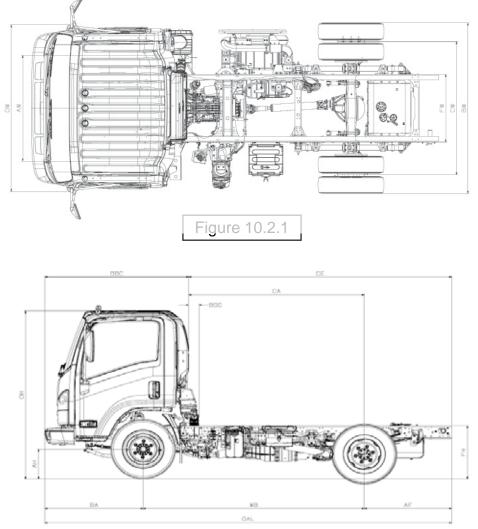


Figure 10.2.2

Dimension Constants:

Code	Inches	Code	Inches
AH	7.5	BW	83.3
AW	65.6	CW	65.0
BA	48.3	FW	33.5
BBC	70.7	OH	90.8
BOC	7.7/10.2	OW	81.3
FH	31.1		

* BOC 7.7 in. w/ 109.0 and 132.5 wb BOC 10.2 in. w/ 150.0 and 176.0 wb

Vertical Exhaust Option Dimensions:

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

V ariasi	0 011400				
Unit	WB	EFF CA*	EFF CE*	OAL	AF
Inch	109.0	62.5	105.6	200.5	43.1
Inch	132.5	86.0	153.1	224.0	43.1
Inch	150.0	103.5	146.6	241.5	43.1
Inch	176.0	129.5	172.6	267.5	43.1

* Effective CA & CE listed are standard CA or CE less vertical exhaust BOC of 24 inches. Vertical Exhaust BOC = 24 inches

In-Frame Tank

14,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T31003	109.0 in.	EB4	lb.	3907	2057	5964	8536
T32003	132.5 in.	FNJ	lb.	3999	2054	6053	8447
T33003	150.0 in.	FWH	lb.	4061	2034	6095	8405
T34003	176.0 in.	FNW	lb.	4123	2027	6150	8350

Side Mounted Tank (Aux. Tank)

14,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T34003	176.0 in.	FNW	lb.	4258	1903	6161	8339

Vehicle Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum	14,500 lbs.
GAWR, Front	5,360 lbs.
GAWR, Rear	9,880 lbs.

Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

	Weights for Options								
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.							
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100							
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0							
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0							
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0							
ATG	Keyless entry	3/0							
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0							
AJG	Suspension seat	18/0							
KO5	Block Heater (cord)	1/0							
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0							
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0							
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0							
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3 / 0							
G7M	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0							
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19/0							
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2 / 0							
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0 / 0							
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab	(7)							
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0							
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0							
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0							
9W8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	6/0							
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0							
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0							
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 5 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0							
UZF	Back up alarm	0 / 2							
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0							

Frame and Crossmember Specifications

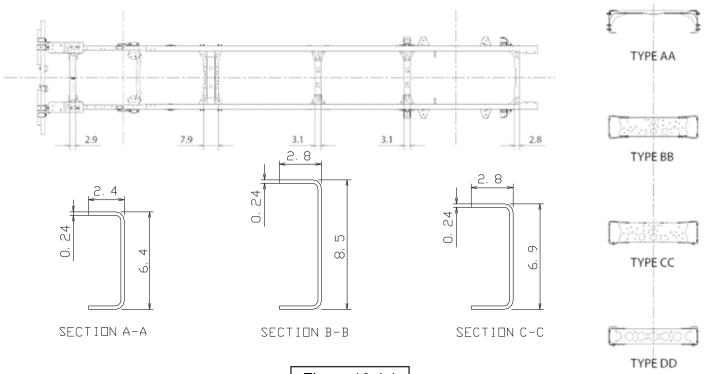


Figure 10.4.1

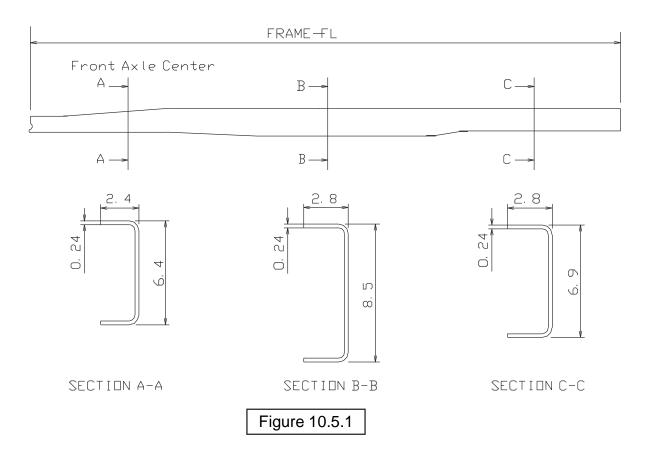
Wheelbase	Frame		Crossmember Type/Location								
	Thickness	В	С	D E F G					G		
109	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.5	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.9	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

Figure 10.4.2

Dimensions in inches

^B **10.4**

Frame Chart

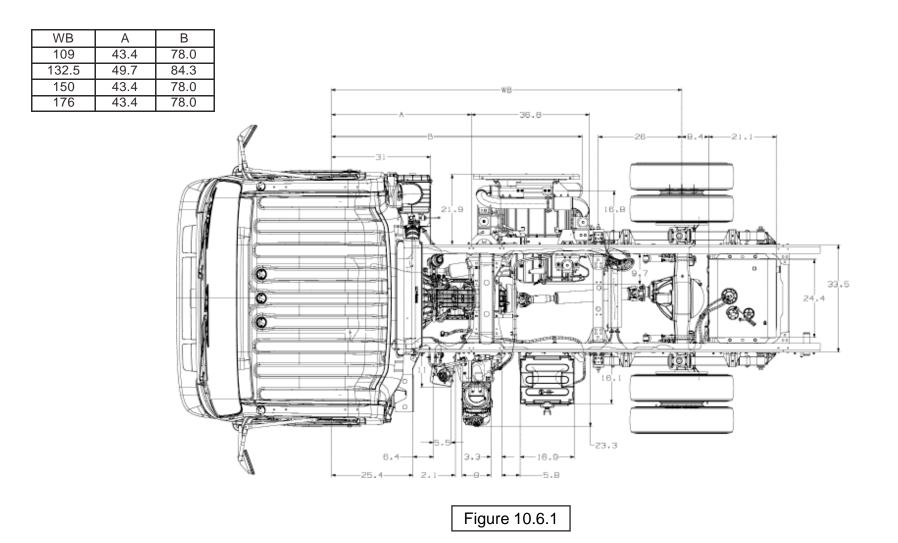


Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24

Figure 10.5.2



4500HD Diesel Standard Cab - Top View



4500HD Diesel Standard Cab - Left Side View

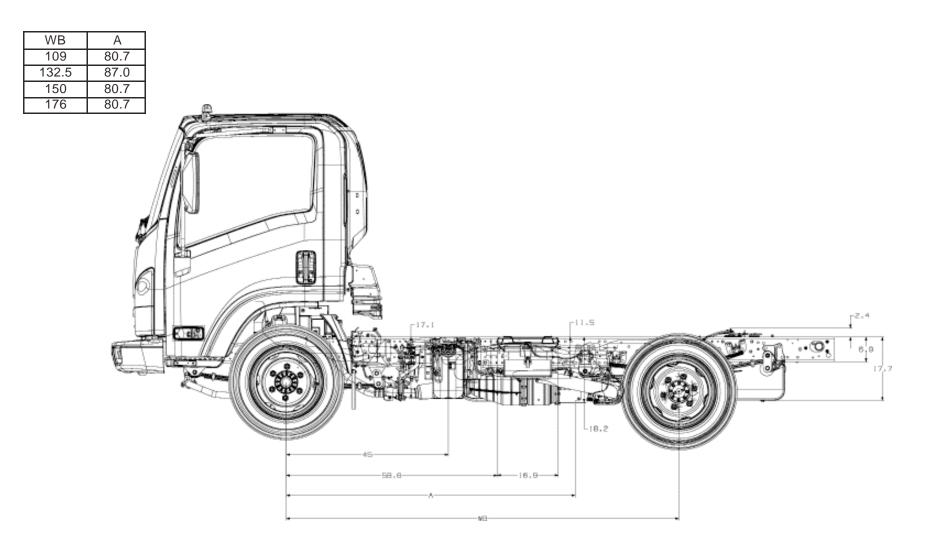


Figure 10.7.1

Dimensions in inches

^B **10.7**

4500HD Diesel Standard Cab - Right Side View

WB	А
109	44.0
132.5	50.3
150	44.0
176	44.0

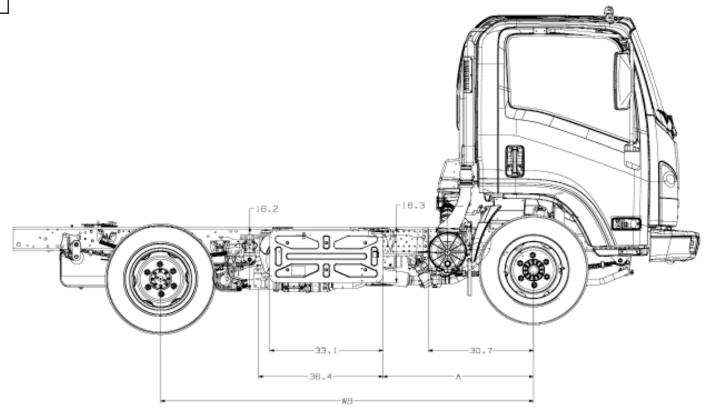


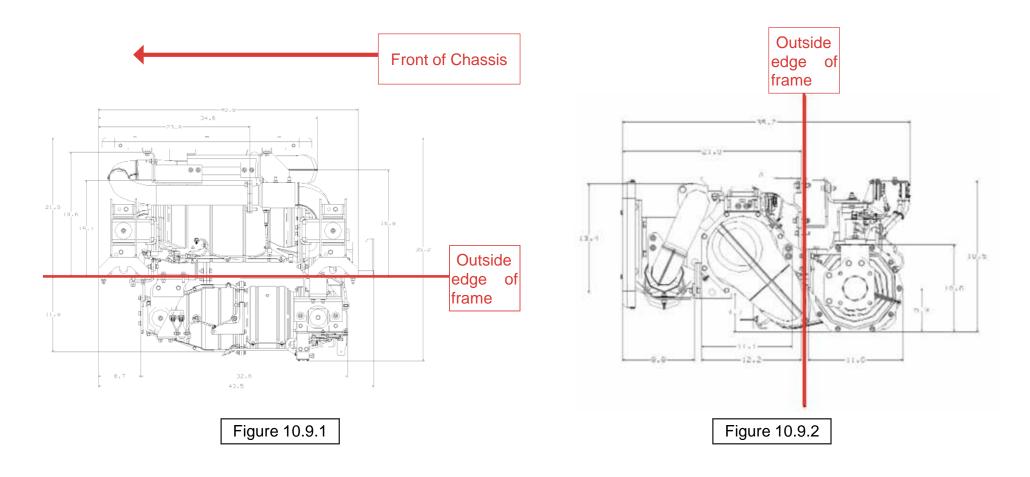
Figure 10.8.1

Dimensions in inches

^B **10.8**



SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC



Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 150 Wheelbase

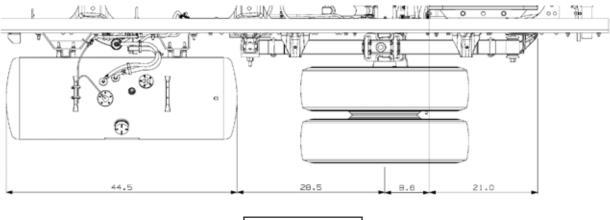
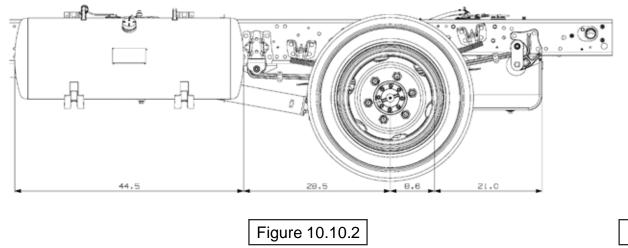
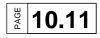


Figure 10.10.1





Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase

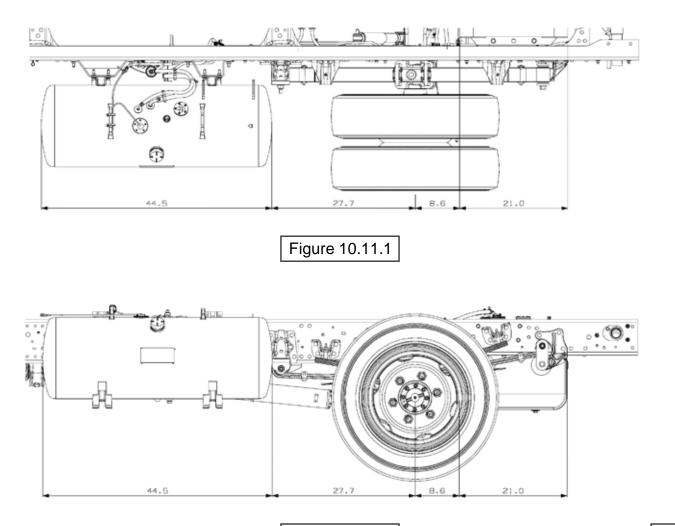


Figure 10.11.2



Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank on

<u>T34003 ONLY</u>

Side View 176 Wheelbase

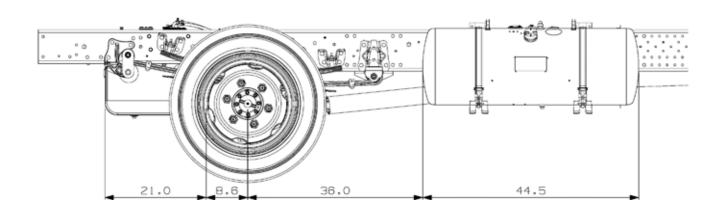
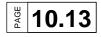


Figure 10.12.1



Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

(150 and 176 WB, LH rail only)

Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel Tank

<u>(176 WB only, RH rail only)</u>

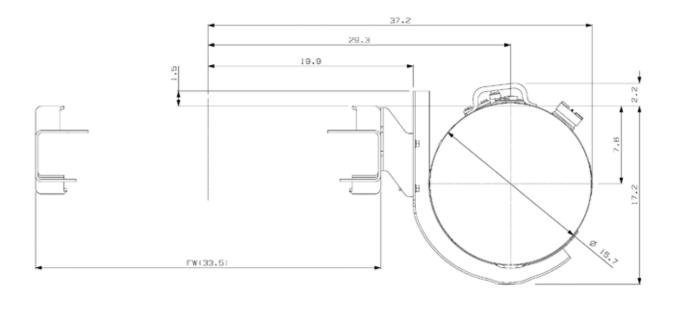


Figure 10.13.1

10.14

<u>Cab Tilt</u>

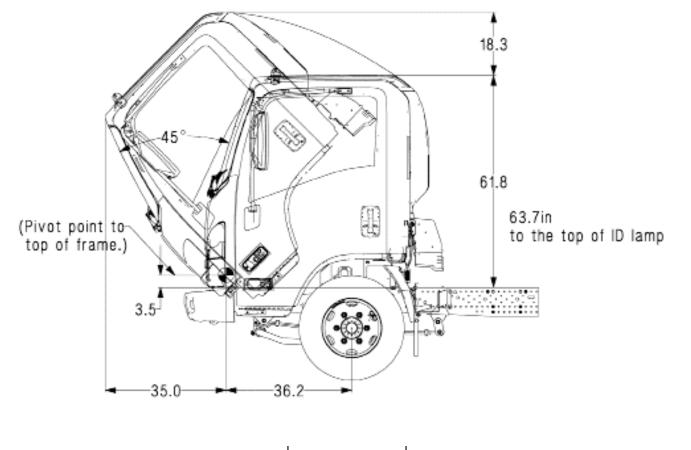


Figure 10.14.1

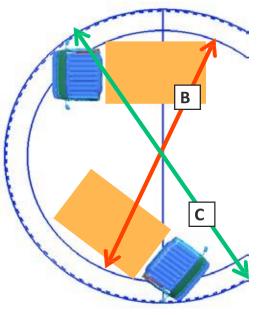
TURNING DIAMETERS

The LCF Diesel steering also features a 49.5 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=Minimum turning diameter curb to curb

C=Minimum turning diameter wall to wall

WB	B curb to curb	C (ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	31.5	37.1
132.0	38.7	44.0
150.0	42.7	48.9
176.0	51.2	56.4



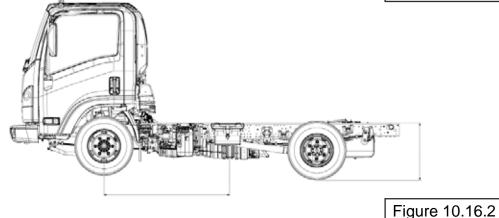
LCF Diesel Turning Circle Diagram

Figure 10.15.1

Center of Gravity

Horizo	Horizontal and Vertical CG of Chassis									
		Н	Н							
WB	V	in frame	side							
		tank	tank							
110	22.2	36.2	N/A							
132.5	22.1	42.7	N/A							
150	22.0	47.7	N/A							
176	22.0	55.0	50.3							

Figure 10.16.1



The maximum vertical center of gravity specified below must not be exceeded at maximum GVWR and rated front and rear GAWR. The Center of Gravity (CG) maximum is 63" (1600 mm) above the ground. (LCF Cab Chassis and LCF Stripped Chassis)

NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us on GMUpfitter.com.

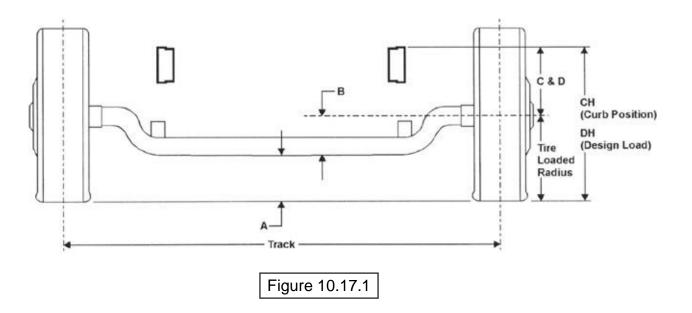
* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

Dimensions in inches

PAGE

10.16

Front Axle Chart



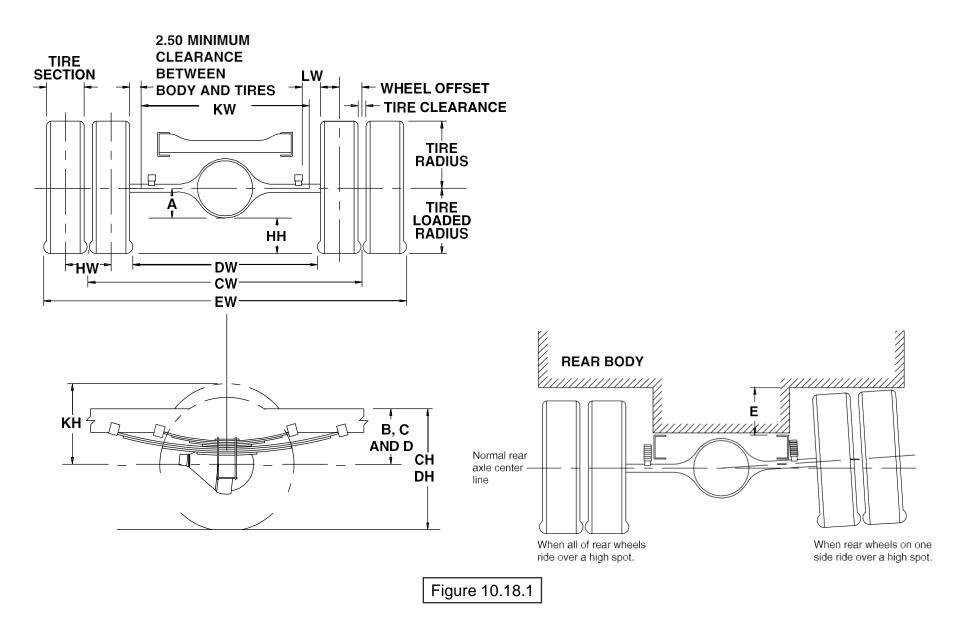
Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
215/85R 16-E	14,500 lbs.	5,360 lbs.	7.5	6.6	12.8	11.7	27.4	25.8	65.5	14.6	14.1

Figure 10.17.2

Rear Axle Chart



^{By} **10.18**



		Defi	nitions
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	ΕW	Maximum Rear Width:
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.		Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.	HH	Rear Tire Clearance:
			Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
Е	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the	НW	Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire
	top of the frame at the vertical centerline of the rear axle, when		bounce as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the
	rear wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		rear tire when one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		
CH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and	CW	Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicles:
	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle		Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	at curb position.		
	Rear Frame Height:		
DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and		
	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at		
	design load.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance	1	See Tire Chart for Values
L		1	

Figure 10.19.1

Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions							
CW = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A					
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B					
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches					
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches					
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance LW = 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs							

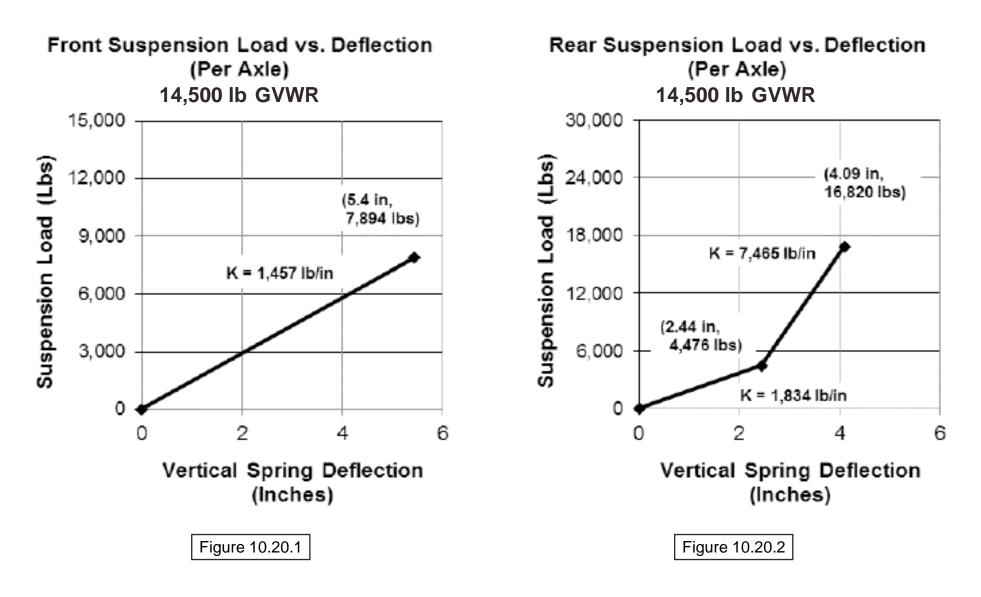
NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Figure 10.19.2

	Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
2	215/85R 16-E	9,880 lbs.	65.0	6.5	9.3	15.4	13.0	7.8

Figure 10.19.3

4500HD Suspension Deflection Charts



10.20



Tire and Disc Wheel Chart – 4500HD

Tire

	Tire L	oad Limit and Co	Id Inflation Press	Maximum Tire Lo			
Tire Size	ze Single Lbs. PSI		Dual		Front	Front Rear	
			Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual	
215/85R-16E	3,315	85	3,115	85	6,630	12,460	14,500

Figure 10.21.1

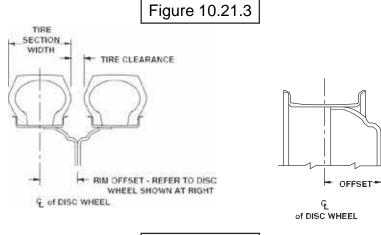
	GVWR (Lbs.)		Tire R	adius				
Tire Size		Loaded		Unloaded		Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width		Width
215/85R 16-E	14,500	14.1	14.1	14.6	14.6	8.2	1.8	6.0

Disc Wheel

Figure 10.21.2

Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
16 x 6 K	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ft-lb. (440 №m)	6.46	5.0	0.37	5º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

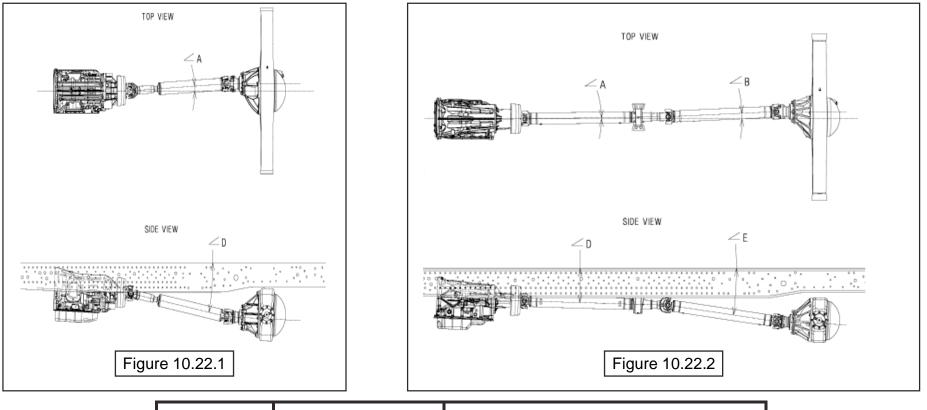


Dimensions in inches

Figure 10.21.4



Propeller Shaft



	WheelBase	Тор	View	Side View				
L	(in.)	∠A	∠B	∠D	∠E	Trans	Rear Axle	
L	109	2.5°	-	10.6º	-	2.5°	2.5°	
L	132.5	0°	2.7°	5.3°	7.4°	2.5°	2.5°	
	150.0	0°	2.7°	2.6°	8.0°	2.5°	2.5°	
	176	0°	1.8º	2.1°	5.4°	2.5°	2.5°	

Notes: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.



Propeller Shaft

Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2
Trans. Type	6A/T	6A/T	6A/T	6A/T
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"
Thickness	0.0906"	0.0906''	0.0906''	0.0906"
Length	36.69"	16.97"	34.29"	43.47"
Туре	А	В	В	В
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.25"	3.25"	3.25"
Thickness	N/A	0.0906"	0.0906''	0.0906''
Length	N/A	33.78"	34.17"	50.71"
Туре	N/A	С	С	С

Figure 10.23.1

Description	Illustration
1st shaft in 1-piece driveline	
1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	
	1st shaft in 1-piece driveline 1st shaft in 2-piece driveline

Figure 10.23.2



Brake System Diagram 14,500 GVW

Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.

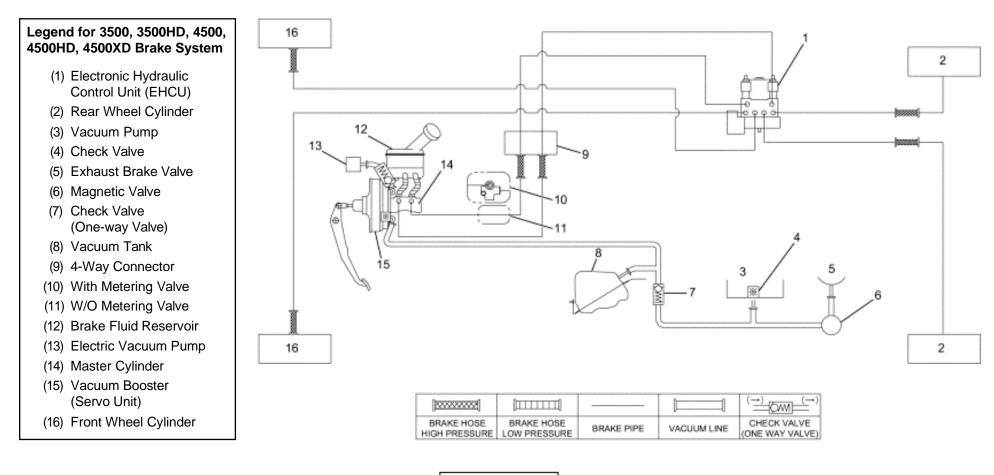
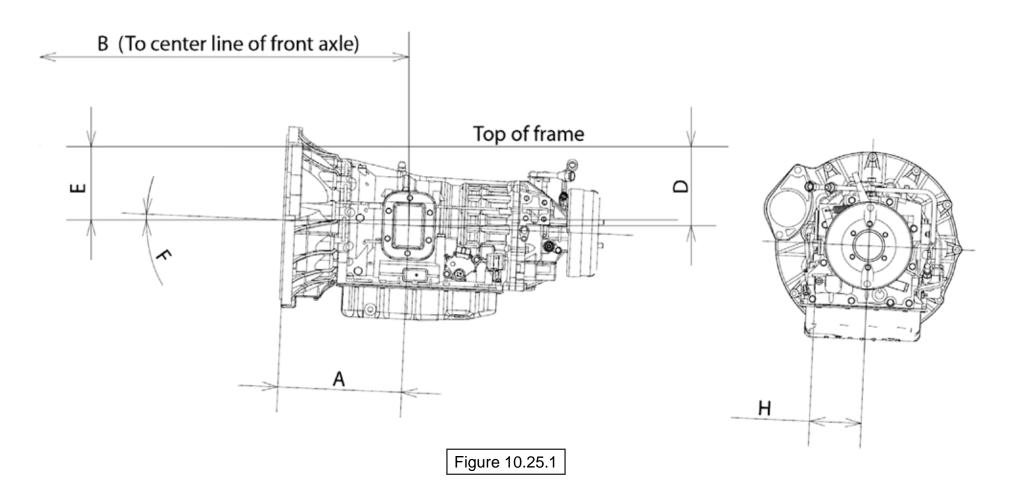


Figure 10.24.1

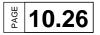


PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information



Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin 465	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	0	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 10.25.2



Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM.

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the transmission from the stationary mode.

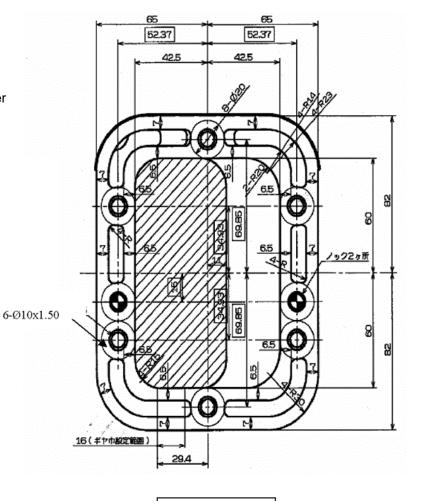


Figure 10.26.1

Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

In-Frame Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill

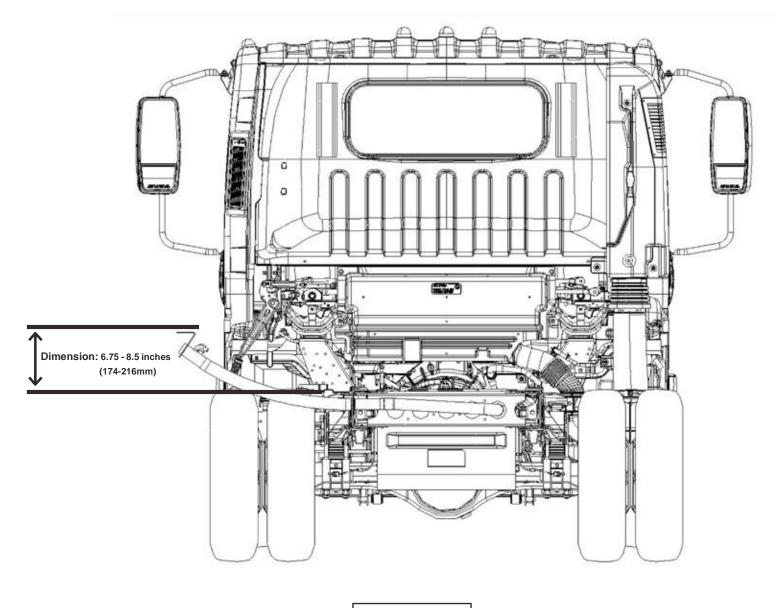


Figure 10.28.1

⁸ **10.28**

Top View Fuel Fill

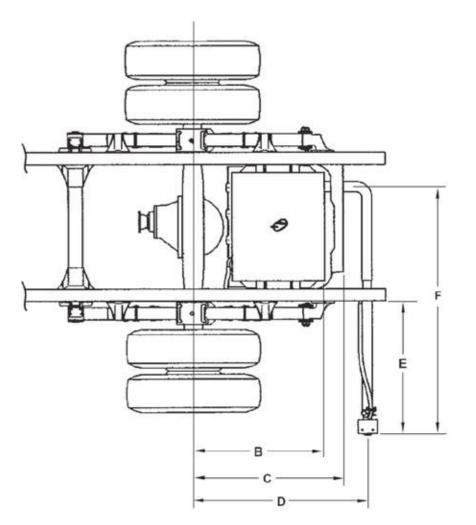


Figure 10.29.1

Dimensions:

B = 29.75 inches (756 mm)

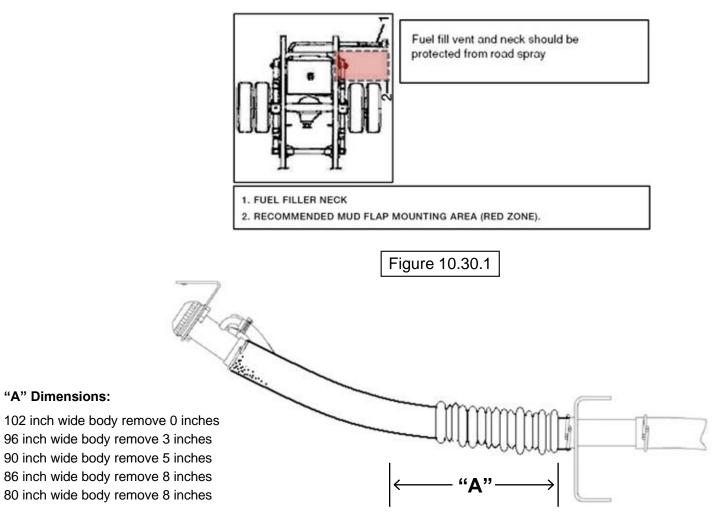
C = 34.00 inches (863 mm)

D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514 mm)



Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 10.30.2

"A" Dimensions:

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door , the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

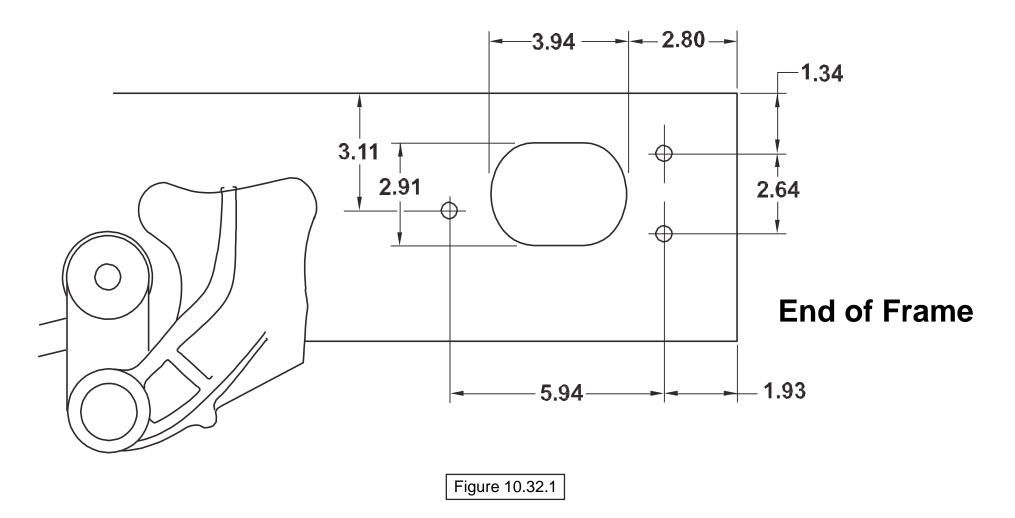
Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 10.31.1

PAGE

10.31

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole



Dimensions in inches

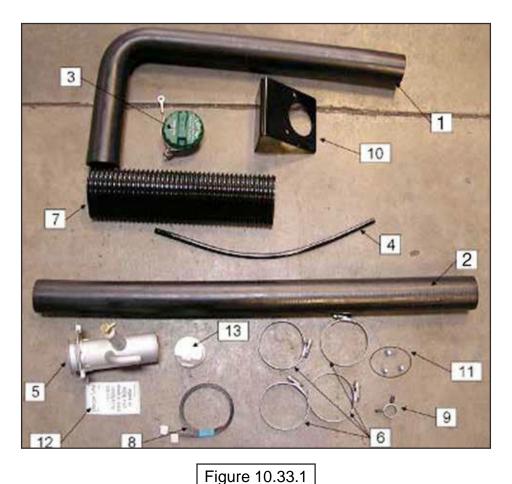
⁸ **10.32**



4500HD Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

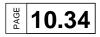
Parts Kit: There is a parts kit for the Chevrolet LCF diesel product. Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis (3500HD, 4500HD, 4500HD, 5500XD). Parts list is shown in *Figure 10.33.2*. Parts photos are shown in *Figure 10.33.1*.



FUEL FILLER KIT									
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY						
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	**	1						
2	HOSE: FUELFILLER	**	1						
3	CAP: FILLER	**	1						
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	**	1						
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	**	1						
6	CLIP: JOINT	**	4						
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	**	1						
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	**	2						
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	**	1						
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	**	1						
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	**	3						
12	CAUTION PLATE	**	1						
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	**	1						

** See Dealer for all part numbers.

Figure 10.33.2



Installation Instructions and Considerations

The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is located on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 10.34.1*. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figure 10.34.2*.



Figure 10.34.1



Figure 10.34.2

The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16"and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 10.34.3* to the right.

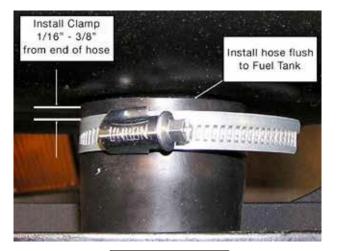
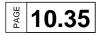
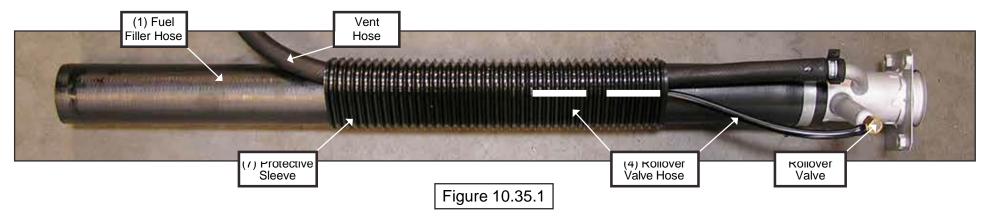


Figure 10.34.3



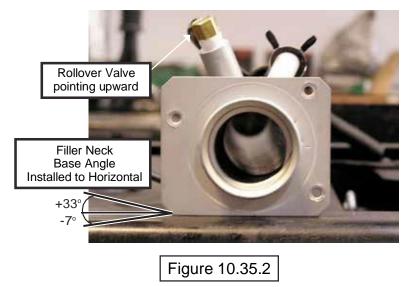
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 10.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 10.35.2* for the proper orientation.



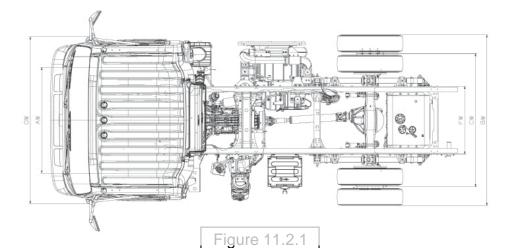


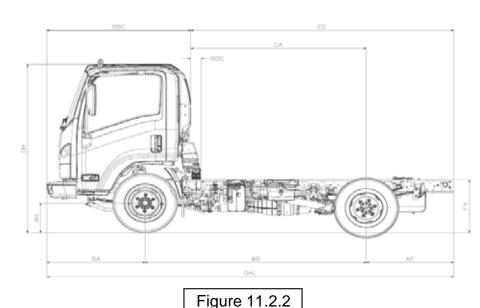
4500XD Diesel Specifications

MODEL	4500XD Diesel
GVWR	16,000 lbs.
WB	109 in, 132.5 in, 150 in. 176 in.
ENGINE	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/317 CID (5.19 liters)
HP (Gross)	215 HP @ 2500 RPM w/ Automatic Transmission
Torque (Gross)	452 lb/ft torque @ 1850 RPM w/ Automatic Transmission
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 in ² . radiator; 7 blade 20.1 in diameter fan with viscous drive. Cold weather
	starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check. Engine warning system with audible warning for low oil pressure,
	high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function. Rear engine cover.
TRANSMISSION	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fifth and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th.
	PTO capability with automatic torque converter lockup in stationary PTO mode.
STEERING	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.
FRONT AXLE	Reverse Elliot I" -Beam rated at 6,830 lbs.
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.
GAWR	6,630 lbs.
REAR AXLE	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 11,020 lbs.
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.
GAWR	11,020 lbs.
WHEELS	19.5x6.0-K 6 hole disc wheels, painted white
TIRES	225/70R-19.5 F (12 pr) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season, front and rear.
BRAKES	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD
	(Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-ad just outboard mounted
	drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust brake is standard and is
	vacuum operated. 4 channel anti-lock brake system.
FUEL TANK	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail behind rear axle. Fuel water separator with indicator light on instrument cluster.
FRAME	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 in wide
	through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in3. RBM 316,800.
САВ	All steel low cab forward, BBC 70.7 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.
Equipment	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power
	windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass.
ELECTRICAL	12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.
OPTIONS	See last page for options
	NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.

⁸ **11.2**

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings





In-Frame	Tank											
16000 lb.	6000 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model											
Chassis C	urb and Max	kimum Pa	yload W	eights								
Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload					
T41003	109.0 in	EB4	lb.	4103	2290	6393	9607					
T42003	132.5 in	FNJ	lb.	4194	2288	6482	9518					
T43003	150.0 in	FWH	lb.	4256	2267	6523	9477					
T44003	176.0 in	FNW	lb.	4296	2283	6579	9421					

Side Mounted Tank

16,000 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	RPO	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload
T44003	176.0 in	FNW	lb.	4430	2160	6590	9410

Vertical Exhaust Option Dimensions:

5:

Unit	WB	EFF CA*	EFF CE*	OAL	AF
Inch	109.0	62.5	105.6	200.5	43.1
Inch	132.5	86.0	153.1	224.0	43.1
Inch	150.0	103.5	146.6	241.5	43.1
Inch	176.0	129.5	172.6	267.5	43.1

* Effective CA & CE listed are standard CA or CE less vertical exhaust BOC of 24 inches. Vertical Exhaust BOC = 24 inches

Variab	e Chassi	s Dimens	ions:			Di
Unit	WB	CA*	CE*	OAL	AF	C
Inch	109.0	86.5	129.6	200.5	43.1	A
Inch	132.5	110.0	153.1	224.0	43.1	A
Inch	150.0	127.5	170.6	241.5	43.1	B
Inch	176.0	153.5	196.6	267.5	43.1	В
*		0 OF				B
Ellec	clive CA	& CE a	e CA &	CE less	BOC	l FI

Dimen sion Constants: code Inches Code Inches λΗ 7.5 BW 833 65 ١W 65.6 CW FW 33.5 ЗA 48.4 92.4 BBC 70.7 OH 30C 7.7 OW 81.3 FH 33.0

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Vehicle Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum	16,000 lbs.
GAWR, Front	6,660 lbs.
GAWR. Rear	11.020 lbs.

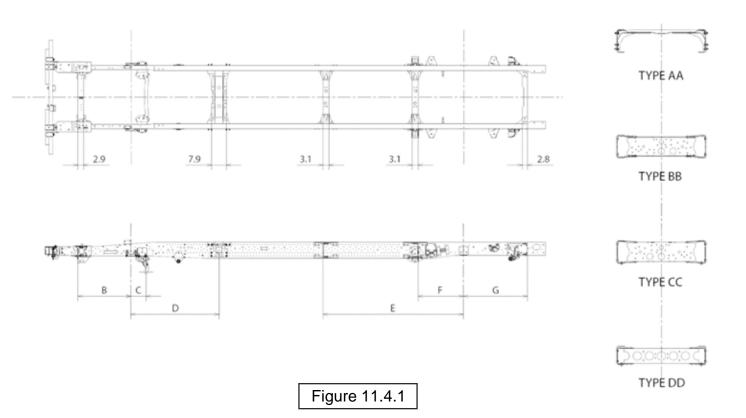
Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

	Weights for Options								
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.							
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100							
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0							
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0							
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0							
ATG	Keyless entry	3/0							
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0							
AJG	Suspension seat	18 / 0							
KO5	Block Heater (cord)	1/0							
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0							
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0							
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0							
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3/0							
G7M	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0							
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	2/0							
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	0/0							
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	(7) 1/0							
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab	1/0							
ΡΤΟ	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0							
DB8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	6/0							
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0							
9W8		3/0							
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	0/0							
UL5	Bននៃខេត្តទានអាការ AM/FM/CD Radio	0 / 2							
KQN	£ស្នកាខាតជាទាំងពីរutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	1/0							
UZF									
V22									
SEO (1)	Option Description	w/e power windows and power door locks Lbs.							
00	Standard model specifications								
04	Standard model specifications with power windows and power door locks	Standard chassis weight includes these features							
54	In rail fuel tank with power windows, power door locks and air conditioning	80 / 0							
64	In rail fuel tank with power windows, power door locks, air conditioning and LSD (3)	80 / 15							
74	Side mounted fuel tank w/power windows, power door locks and air conditioning (5)	215/124							
84	Side mounted fuel tank w/power windows, power door locks, air conditioning and LSD (3) (5)	215/109							

Frame and Crossmember Specifications



Wheelbase	Frame				C	rossmen	nber Type/L	ocation			
	Thickness	В	B C D		E		F		G		
109	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.5	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	57.9	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	8.2	AA	46.5	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

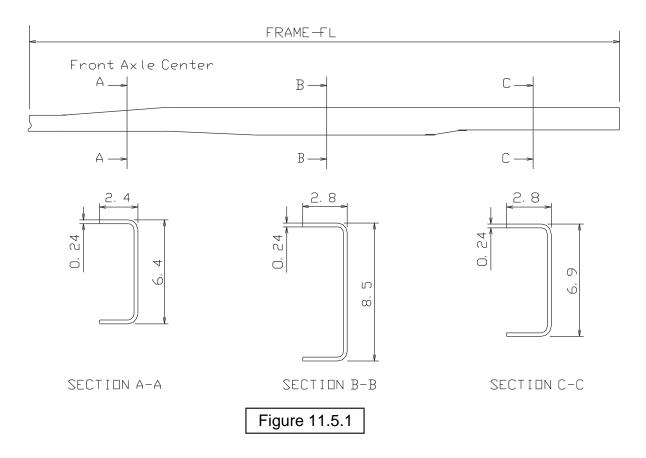
Figure 11.4.2

Dimensions in inches

^B **11.4**



Frame Chart

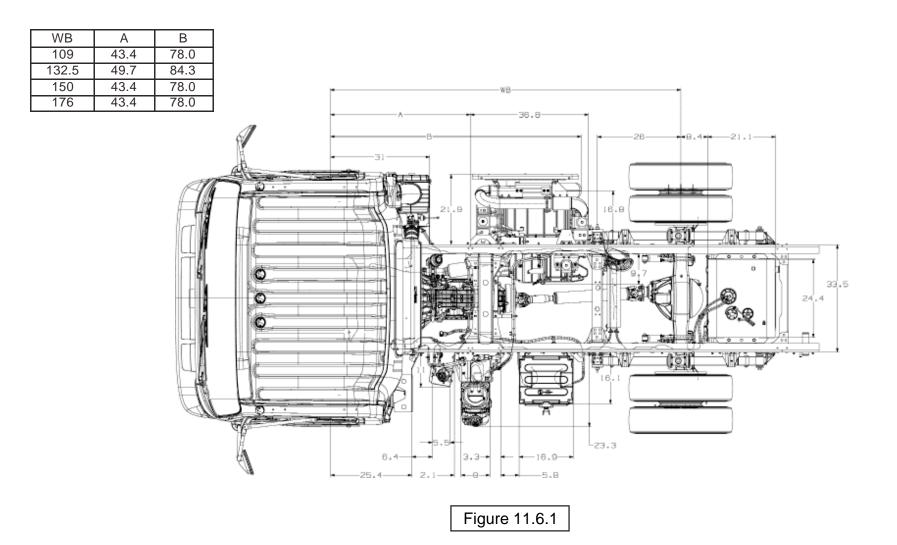


Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24

Figure 11.5.2

^{Byee} 11.6

4500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Top View



4500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Left Side View

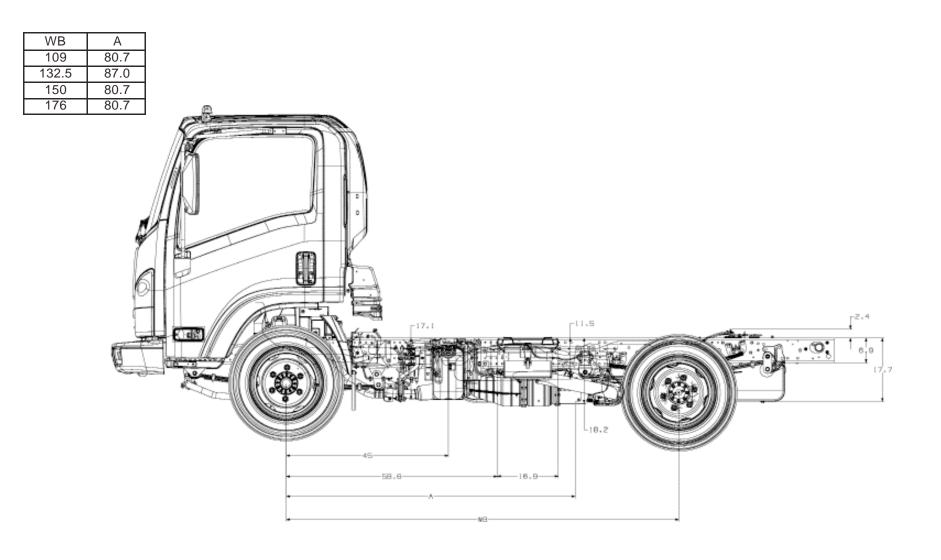


Figure 11.7.1

Dimensions in inches

^{Bed} **11.7**

4500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Right Side View

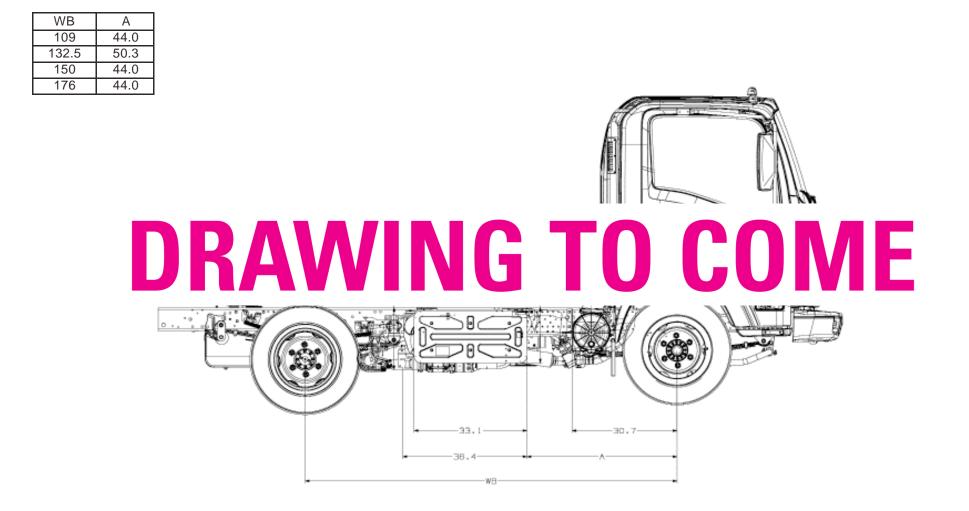


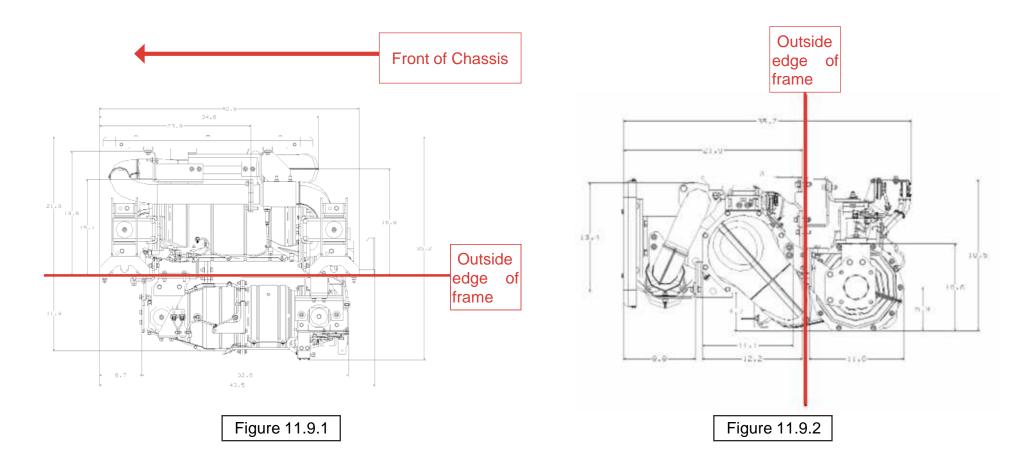
Figure 11.8.1

Dimensions in inches

11.8



SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC



Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 150 Wheelbase

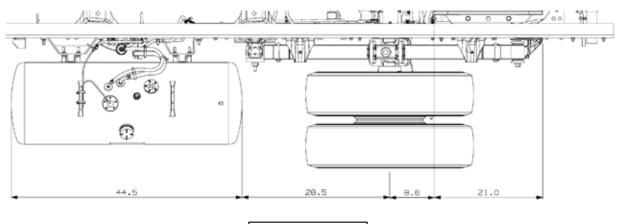
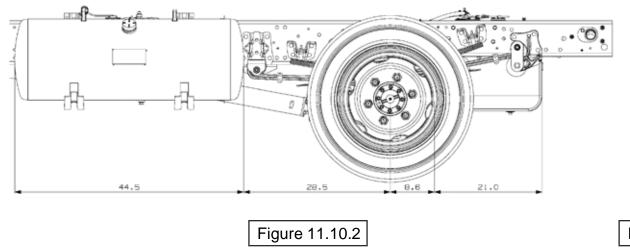
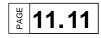


Figure 11.10.1

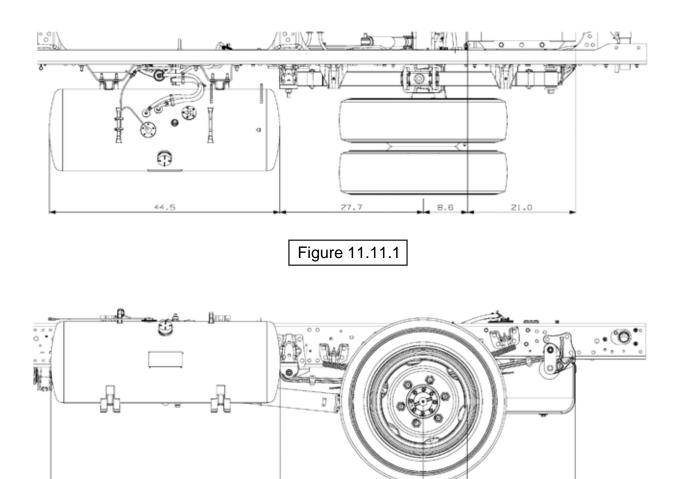


44.5



Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase

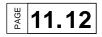


27.7

Figure 11.11.2

8.6

21.0



Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank

<u>T44003 ONLY</u>

Side View 176 Wheelbase

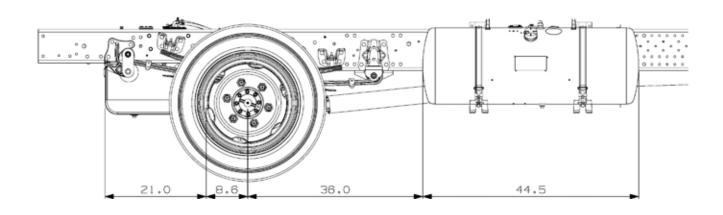
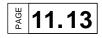


Figure 11.12.1



Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

(150 and 176 WB, LH rail only)

Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel Tank

<u>(176 WB only, RH rail only)</u>

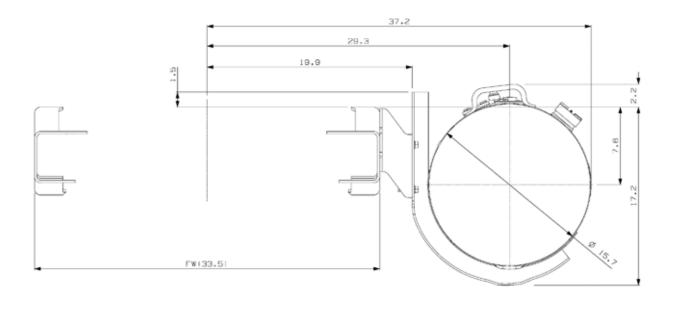


Figure 11.13.1

<u>Cab Tilt</u>

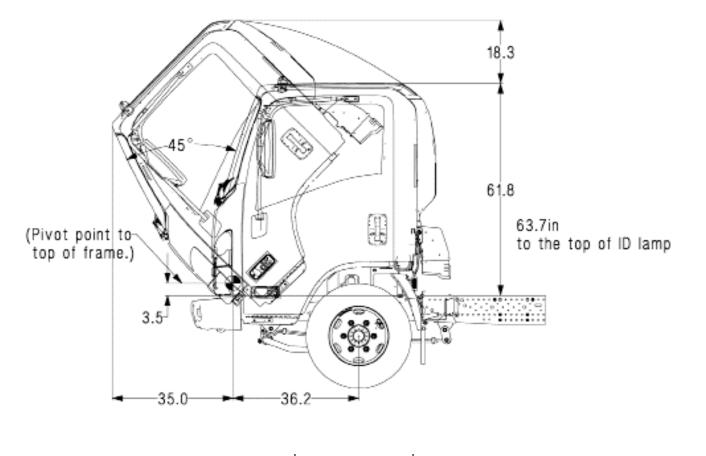


Figure 11.14.1

Dimensions in inches

^{Bed} **11.14**

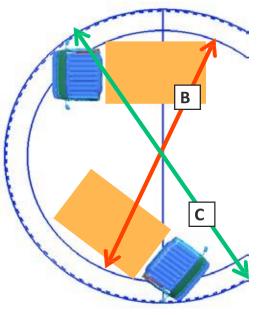
TURNING DIAMETERS

The LCF Diesel steering also features a 49.5 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=Minimum turning diameter curb to curb

C=Minimum turning diameter wall to wall

WB	B curb to curb	C (ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	32.8	38.7
132.0	40.0	44.9
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1



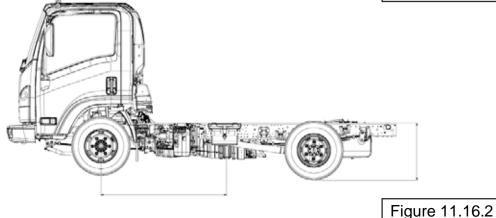
LCF Diesel Turning Circle Diagram

Figure 11.15.1

Center of Gravity

Horizontal and Vertical CG of Chassis							
		Н	Н				
WB	V	in frame	side				
		tank	tank				
110	23.5	38.4	N/A				
132.5	23.3	44.9	N/A				
150	23.3	49.9	N/A				
176	23.3	57.2	52.5				

Figure 11.16.1



The maximum vertical center of gravity specified below must not be exceeded at maximum GVWR and rated front and rear GAWR. The Center of Gravity (CG) maximum is 63" (1600 mm) above the ground. (LCF Cab Chassis and LCF Stripped Chassis)

NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

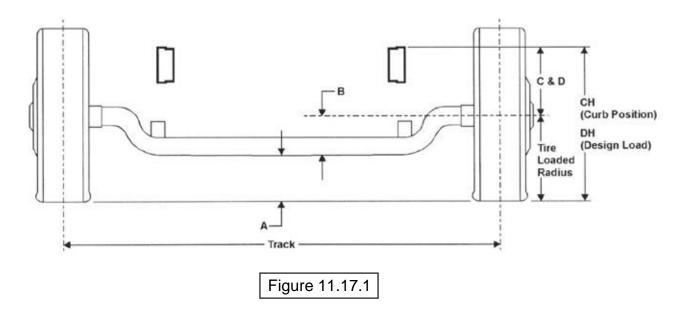
The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us at GMUpfitter.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

Revision: 05/04/21

11.16

Front Axle Chart



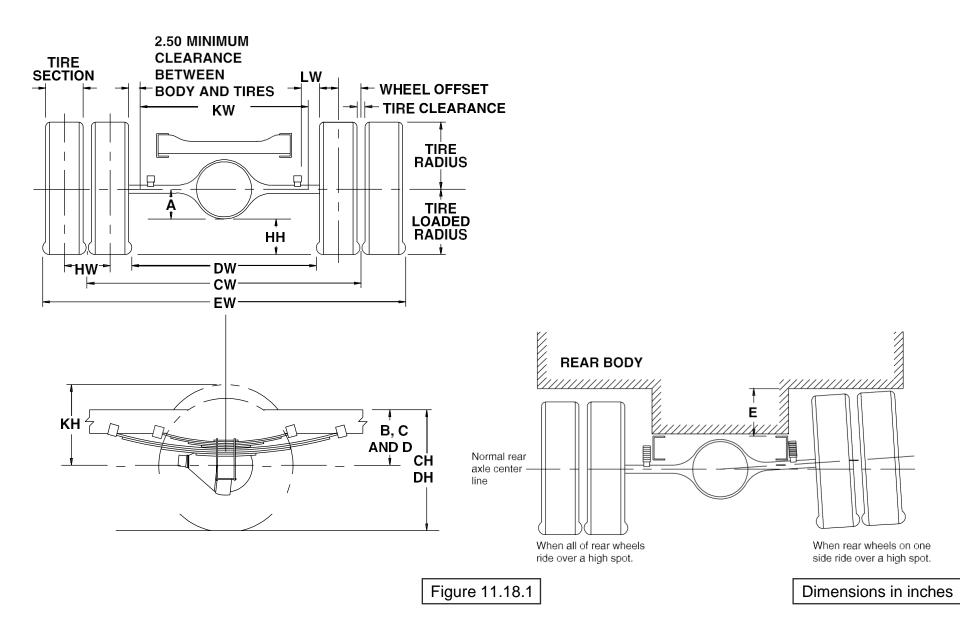
Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

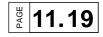
Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
225/70R 19.5F	16,000 lbs.	6,630 lbs.	8.3	6.6	13	11.5	29	26.4	65.5	16	14.93

Figure 11.17.2

Rear Axle Chart



by the second se



		D	Definitions
			Rear Frame Height:
A	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
C	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	ΕW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗH	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
E	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	ΗW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
CI	H Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Chart for values.

Figure 11.19.1

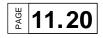
	Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions						
СМ	/ = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A				
СН	= Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B				
DH	= Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches				
DW	= Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches				
ΕV	I = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs				

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Figure 11.19.2

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R 19.5F	11,020 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.3	13.4	8.4

Figure 11.19.3



Tire and Disc Wheel Chart – 4500XD

Tire

	Tire Load Limit and Cold Inflation Pressures					Maximum Tire Load Limits (lbs.)		
Tire Size	Single		Dual		Front Rear		GVWR (Lbs.)	
	Lbs.	PSI	Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual		
225/70R 19.5F	3,315	85	3,115	90	6,900	12,980	16,000	

Figure 11.20.1

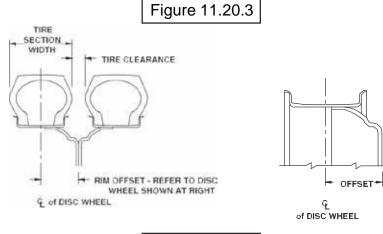
		Tire Radius						
Tire Size	GVWR (Lbs.)	Loa	ed Unloa		aded	Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width		Width
225/70R 19.5F	16,000	14.93	14.98	16	16	8.7	1.3	6.0

Figure 11.20.2

Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
19.5 x 6.00	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	15º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

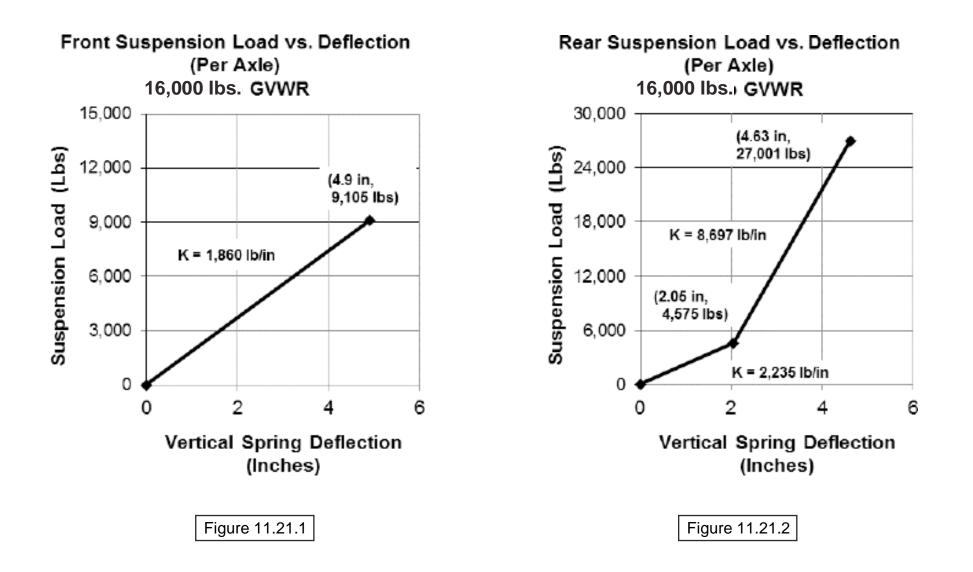
Disc Wheel



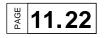
Dimensions in inches

Figure 11.20.4

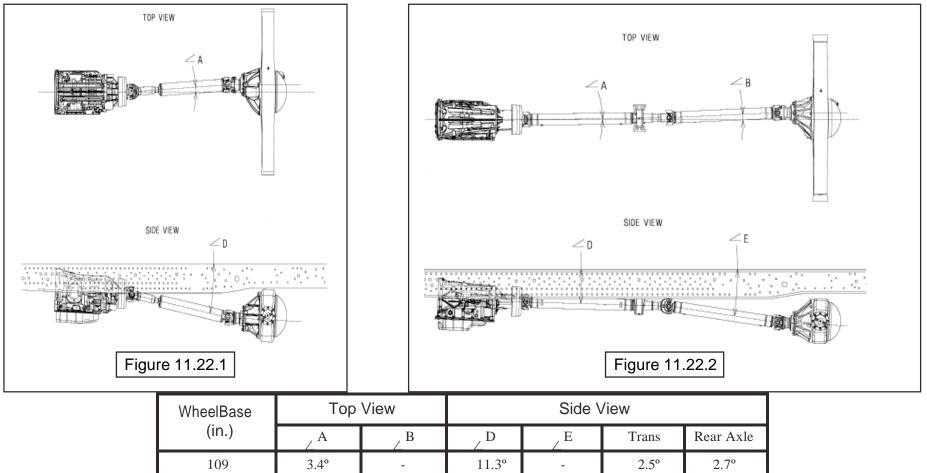
4500XD Suspension Deflection Charts



[₩] 11.21



Propeller Shaft

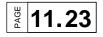


109	3.4°	-	11.3°	-	2.5°	2.7°
132.5	0°	3.3°	5.3°	7.7°	2.5°	2.7°
150	0°	3.2°	2.6°	8.0°	2.5°	2.7°
176	0°	2.2°	2.1°	5.6°	2.5°	2.7°

Figure 11.22.3

Notes: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.



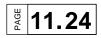
Propeller Shaft

Trans. Type		6 Automatic. Trar	nsmission	
Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	35.7	22.91	40.24	49.69
Туре	A	В	В	В
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	N/A	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	N/A	36.16	36.53	52.93
Туре	N/A	С	С	С
Shaft #3 O.D.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thickness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Length	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Туре	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Figure 11.23.1

Type A 1st shaft in 1-piece driveline	and many the set
Type B 1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Type C 2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	

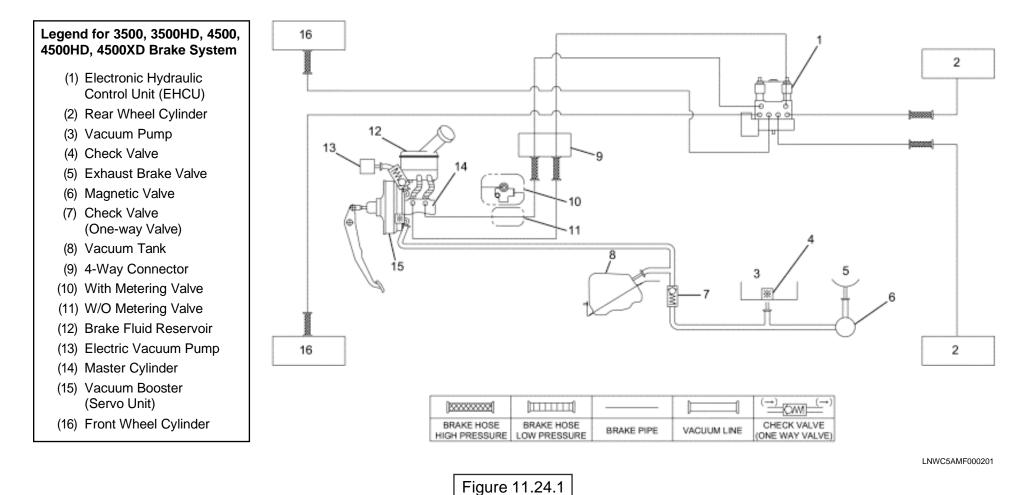
Figure 11.23.2

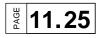


Brake System Diagram 16,000 GVW

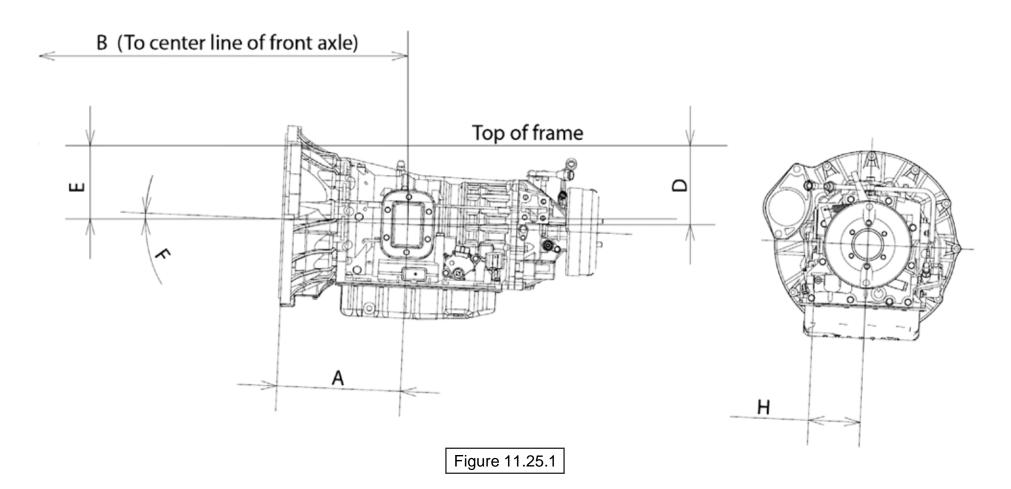
Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.





PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information



Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin 465	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	0	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 11.25.2

<u>Opening Diagram</u>

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM.

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the transmission from the stationary mode.

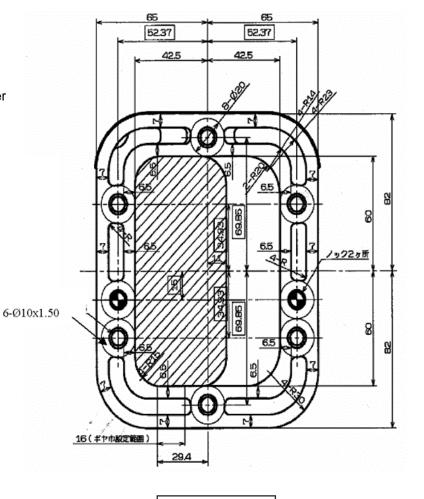


Figure 11.26.1

Additional PTO Functions

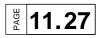
For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.





In-Frame Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill

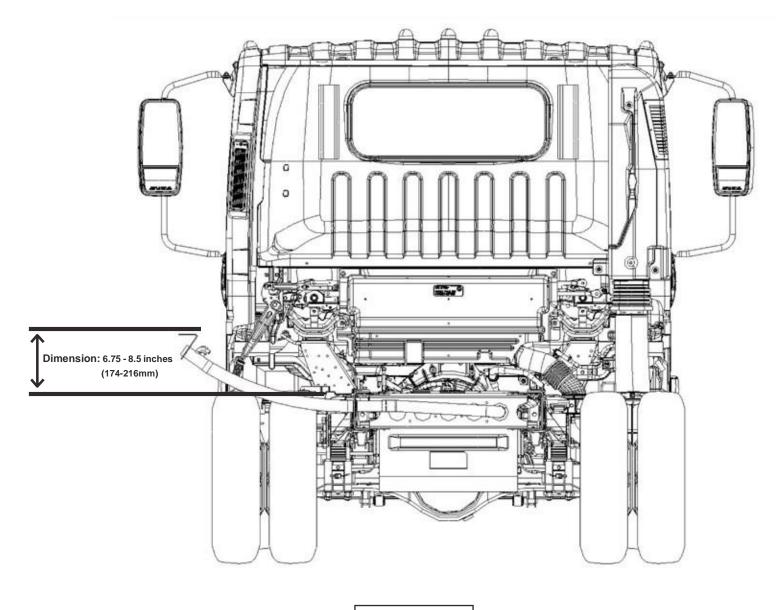


Figure 11.28.1

[₩] 11.28

Top View Fuel Fill

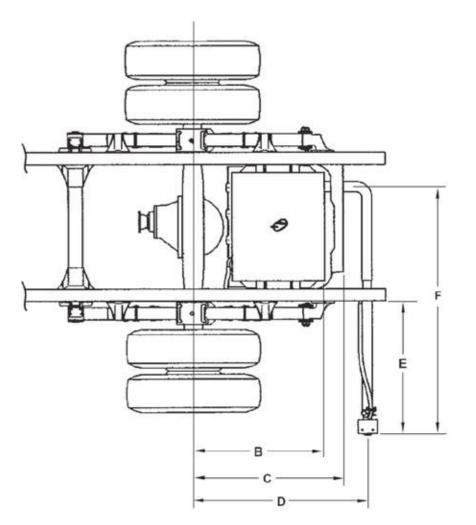


Figure 11.29.1

Dimensions:

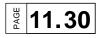
B = 29.75 inches (756 mm)

C = 34.00 inches (863 mm)

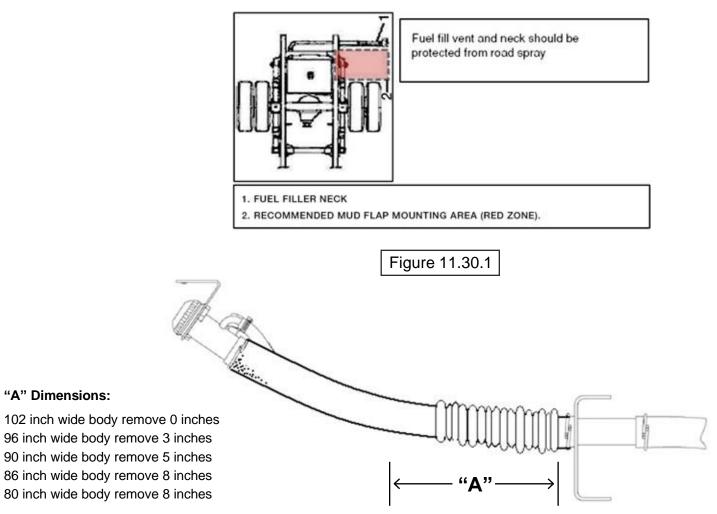
D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514 mm)





Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 11.30.2

"A" Dimensions:

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

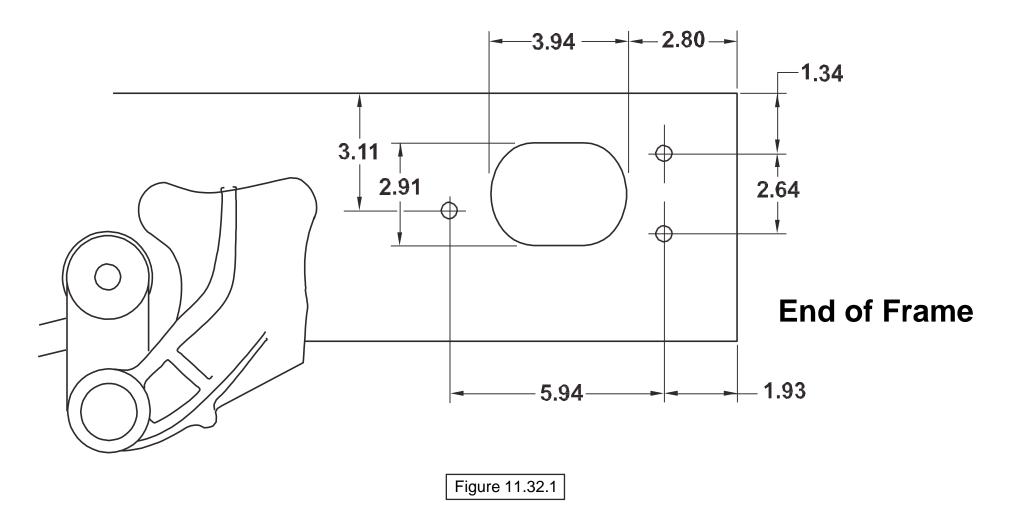
4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door, the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 11.31.1

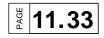
⁸ 11.31

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole



Dimensions in inches

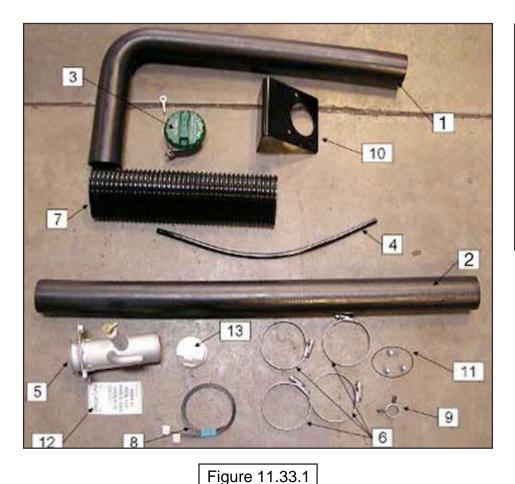
∛ 11.32



4500XD Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

Parts Kit: There is a parts kit for the Chevrolet LCF diesel products. Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis (3500HD, 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD). Parts list is shown in *Figure 33.33.2*. Parts photos are shown in *Figure 11.33.1*.



FUEL FILLER KIT							
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY				
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	**	1				
2	HOSE: FUELFILLER	**	1				
3	CAP: FILLER	**	1				
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	**	1				
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	**	1				
6	CLIP: JOINT	**	4				
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	**	1				
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	**	2				
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	**	1				
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	**	1				
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	**	3				
12	CAUTION PLATE	**	1				
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	**	1				

** See Dealer for all part numbers.

Figure 11.33.2

Installation Instructions and Considerations

The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is located on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 11.34.1*. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figure 11.34.2*.



Figure 11.34.1



Figure 11.34.2

The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16"and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 11.34.3* to the right.

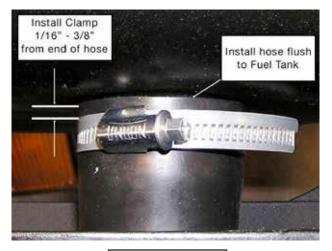
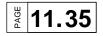
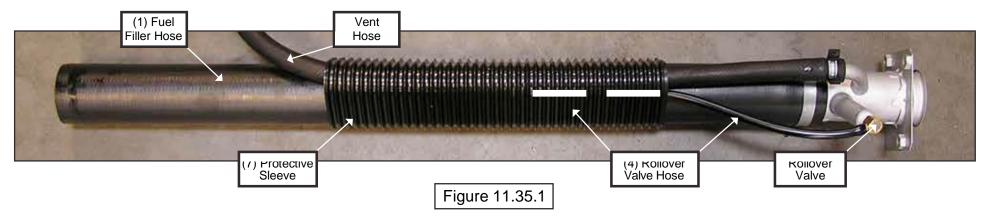


Figure 11.34.3



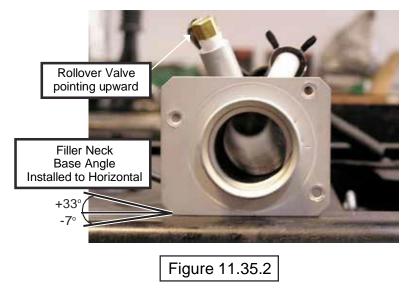
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 11.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 11.35.2* for the proper orientation.





5500HD Diesel Specifications

Model	5500HD								
GVWR	17,950 lbs.								
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in., 200 in.*								
Engine	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.								
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/317 CID (5.19 liters)								
HP (Gross)	215HP/2500 RPM w/Automatic Transmission								
Torque (Gross) 452 lb ft torque/1850 RPM w/ Automatic Transmission									
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 square in ² . radiator; 7 blade 20.1 in diameter fan with viscous drive.								
	Cold weather starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check. Engine warning system with audible								
	warning for low oil pressure, high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function.								
	Rear engine cover.								
Transmission	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fifth and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th,								
	PTO capability with automatic torque converter lockup in stationary PTO mode.								
Steering	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.								
Front Axle	Reverse Elliot I" -Beam rated at 6,830 lbs.								
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.								
GAŴR	6,830 lbs.								
Rear Axle	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.								
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.								
GAWR	12,980 lbs.								
Wheels	19.5x6.0-K 6 hole disc wheels, painted white.								
Tires	225/70R-19.5E (12 pr) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season tread front and rear.								
Brakes	Dual circuit power assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning								
	of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is mechanical, cable actuated,								
	internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust brake is standard and is vacuum operated.								
	4 channel antilock brake system.								
Fuel Tank	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail behind rear axle. Fuel water separator with indicator light.								
Frame	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 in wide through the total length of								
	the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 7.20 in 3. RBM 316,800.								
Cab	All steel low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 450 mechanical tilt with torsion assist.								
Equipment	TRICOT breathabke cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat.								
	Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column.								
	Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass.								
Electrical	12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.								
Options	See last page for options								
	NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.								



Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

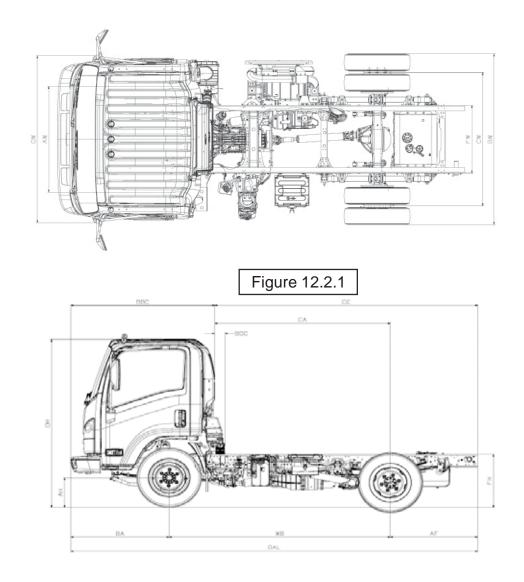


Figure 12.2.2

In-Fram	e Tank								
17,950	b. GVWF	R Automa	tic Tra	ansmi	ssion l	Model			
	s Curb ar								
Model				-	Fron		ear	Total	Payload
T5100	3 EB4	109.	0 in	lb.	4132	2 23	57	6489	11461
T5200	3 FNJ	132.	5 in	lb.	4221	23	61	6582	11368
T5300	3 FWF	1 150.	0 in	lb.	4286	5 23	42	6628	11322
T5400	3 FNW	/ 176.	0 in	lb.	4324	1 23	62	6686	11264
T5500	3 EM2	200.	0 in	lb.	4487	7 25	24	7011	10939
Side Mo	ounted T	ank							
17,950	lb. GVWF	R Automa	atic Tra	ansmi	ssion	Model			
Chassis	s Curb ar	nd Maxim	num Pa	ayload	d Weig	hts			
Model				-	Front	_	ar	Total	Payload
T5400	3 FNW	176.	0 in	lb.	4458	3 22		6696	11254
Vertica	lExhaust	Option D	imens	ions:					
	eChassis								
Unit	WB I	EFF CA*	EFF	CE*	OA	LA	F		
Inch	109.0	62.5	1	05.6	200).5 43	3.1		
Inch	132.5	86.0	1	53.1	224	1.0 43	3.1		
Inch	150.0	103.5	1	46.6	241	.5 43	3.1		
Inch	176.0	129.5	1	72.6	267	7.5 43	3.1		
* Effec	tive CA	& CE lis	sted a	ire st	andar	d CA c	or CE		
	ertical e				inche	es.			
Vertica	l Exhaus	t BOC = 2	24 incł	nes					
Variable	e Chassi		sions:						
Unit	WB	CA*	CE*	0	AL	AF			
Inch		86.5			00.5	43.1			
Inch	132.5				24.0	43.1			
Inch	150.0	-			-	43.1			
Inch	176.0	153.5			67.5	43.1			
Inch	200.0	177.5	220.	62	91.5	43.1			
* Effec	tive CA	&CE ar	e CA	& CE	less	BOC			
Dimensi	on Consta	ants:							
Code In	ches Cod	le Inches							
AH	7.5	BW	83.3						
AW	65.6	CW	65						
BA	48.4	FW	33.5						
BBC	70.7	OH	92.4						
BOC	7.7	OW	81.3						
FH	33.0								



Vehicle Weight Limits

Vehicle Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum 17,950 lbs.

GAWR, Front 6,830 lbs.

GAWR, Rear 12,980 lbs.

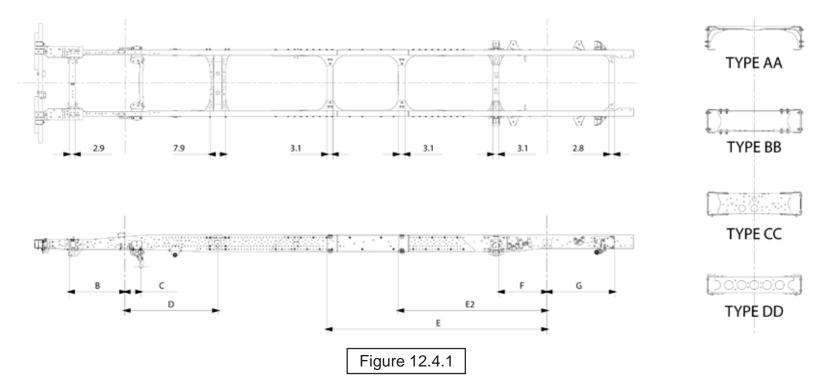
Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

	Weights for Options						
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.					
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100					
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0					
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0					
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0					
ATG	Keyless entry	3/0					
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0					
AJG	Suspension seat	18/0					
K05	Block Heater (cord)	1/0					
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0					
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0					
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0					
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3/0					
G7M	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0					
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19 / 0					
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2/0					
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0					
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab	(7)					
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0					
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0					
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102'' wide body	1/0					
9W8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	6/0					
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0					
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0					
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0					
UZF	Back up alarm	0/2					
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0					

Frame and Crossmember Specifications



Wheelbase	Frame		Crossmember Type/Location										
	Thickness	В	С		D		E	E	2	I	=	(G
109	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5		-		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	57.5		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	57.9		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	74.4		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
200	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	98.4	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

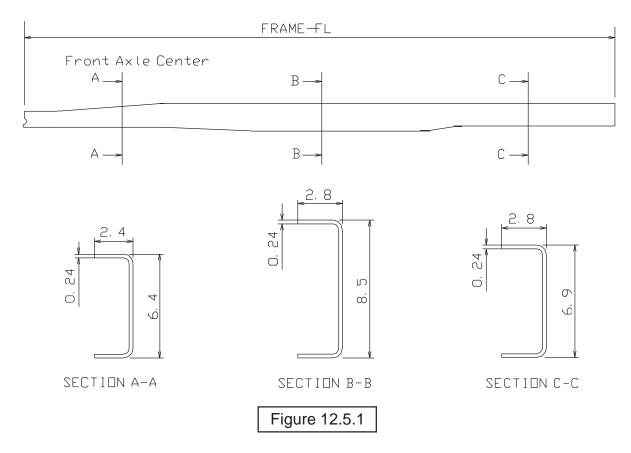
Figure 12.4.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

^{by} **12.4**



Frame Chart

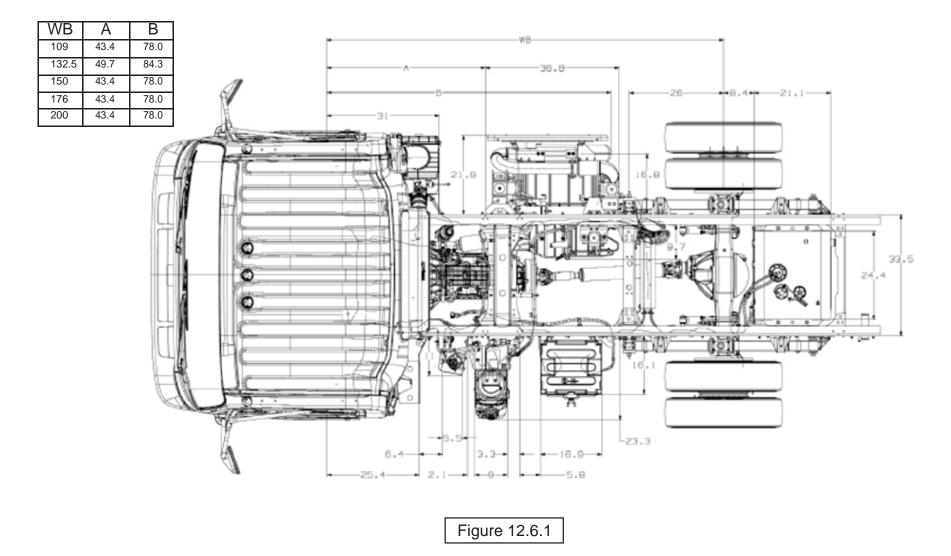


Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24
200.0	273.8	0.24

Figure 12.5.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

5500HD Diesel Standard Cab Top View



Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 12.6

5500HD Diesel Standard Cab -Left Side View

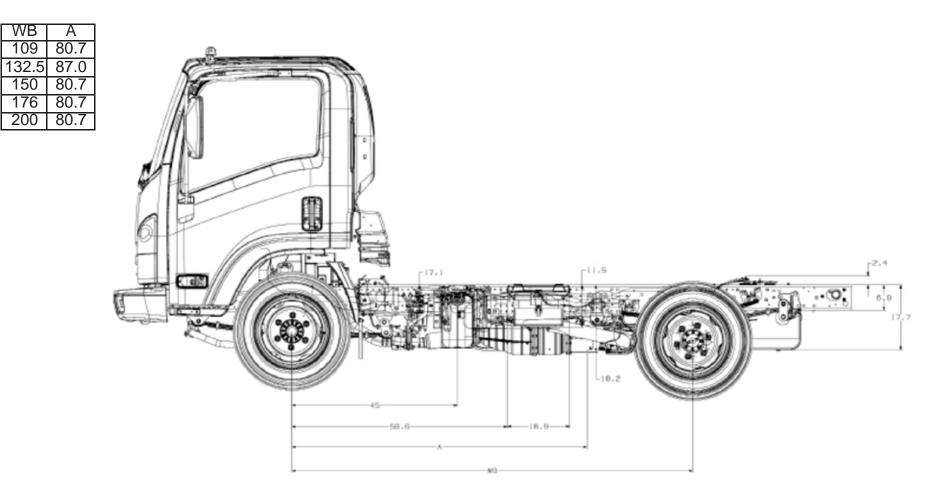


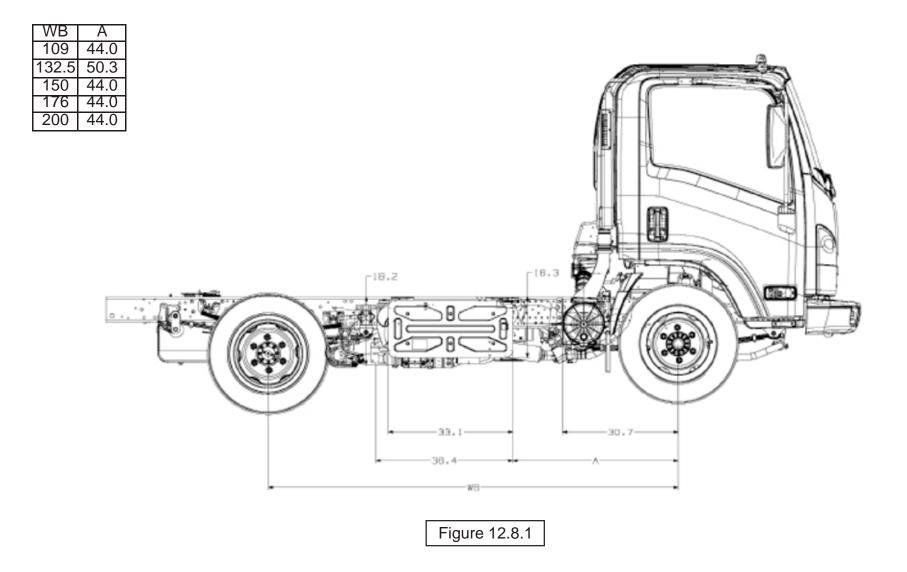
Figure 12.7.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] **12.7**

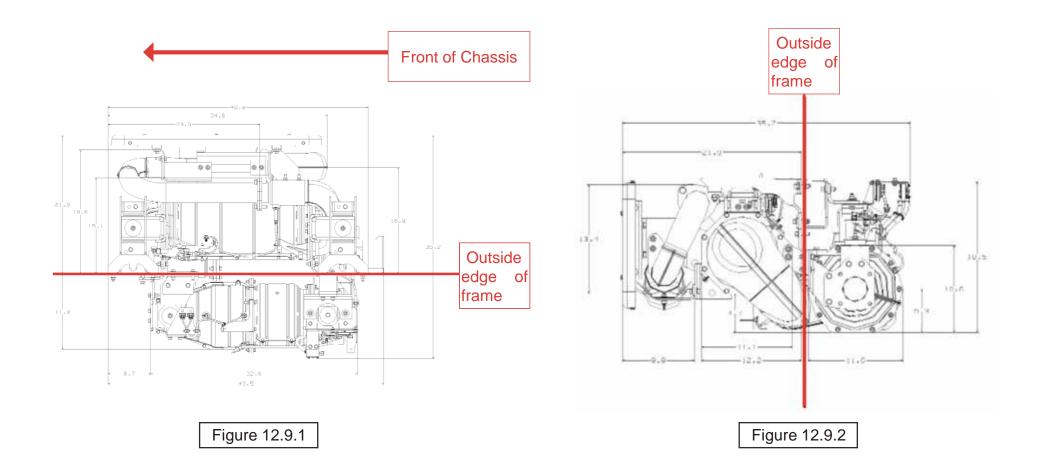
^{Byg} **12.8**

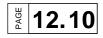
5500HD Diesel Standard Cab Right Side View





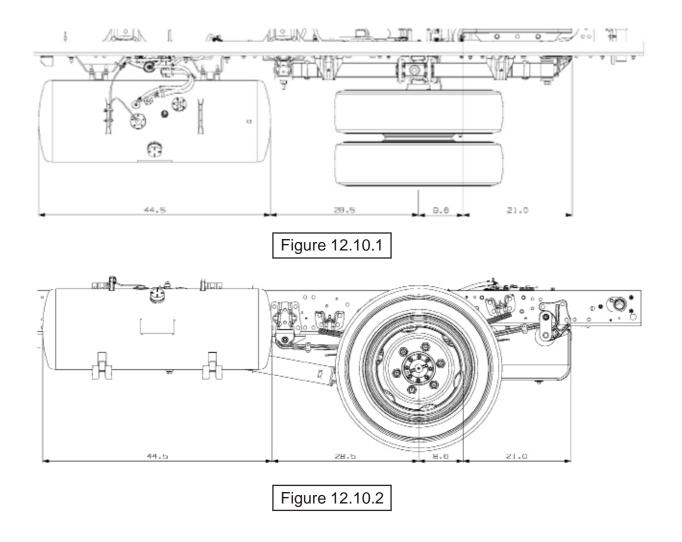
SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC





Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

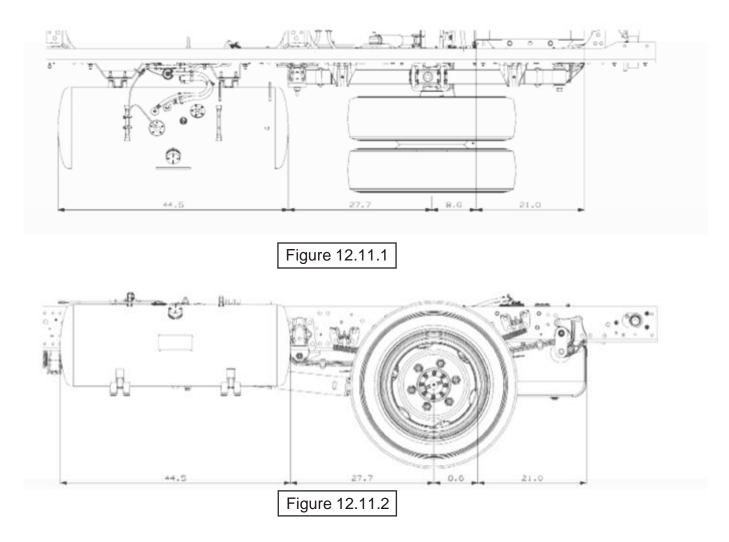
Side View 150 Wheelbase

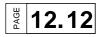




Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase





Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank

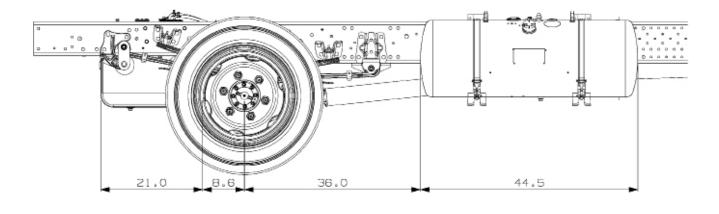


Figure 12.12.1

Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel tank RPO NLX (150 and 176 wb LH rail only)

Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel tank (176 wb only RH rail only)

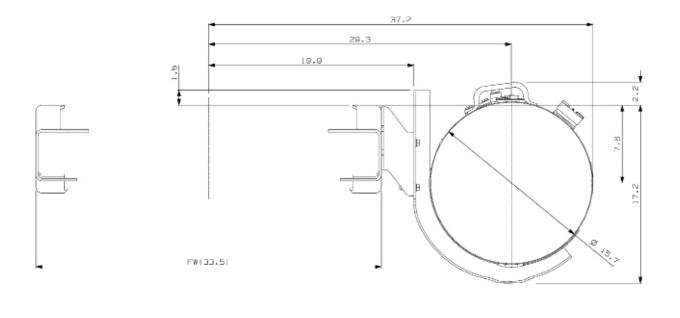
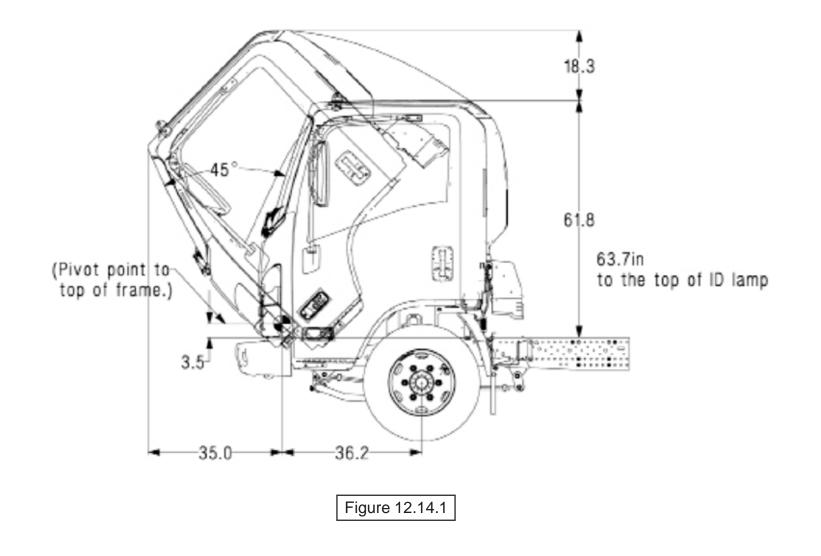


Figure 12.13.1

<u>Cab Tilt</u>



Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] **12.14**

Turning Diameters

TURNING DIAMETERS

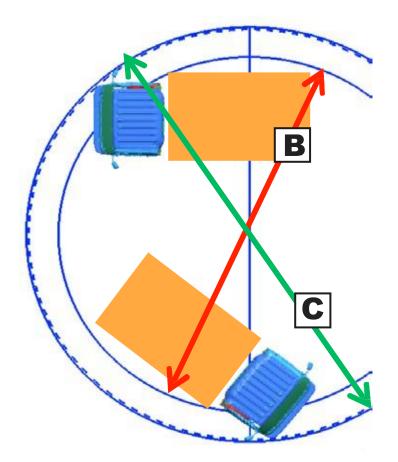
The LCF Series Diesel steering also features a 46.50 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Series Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER CURB TO CURB

C=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER WALL TO WALL

Turning Diameters (design value)

WB	В	С
	curb to curb	(ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	32.8	38.7
132.0	40.0	44.9
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1
200.0	61.0	67.2
212.0	66.0	73.0



Center of Gravity

Horiz	Horizontal and Vertical CG of Chassis										
		Н	Н								
WB	V	in frame	side								
		tank	tank								
109	23.5	38.4	N/A								
132.5	23.3	44.9	N/A								
150	23.3	49.9	N/A								
176	23.3	57.2	52.5								
200	23.3	64.5	N/A								

Center of Gravity

The center of gravity of the chassis cab.

Figure 12.16.1

The maximum vertical center of gravity specified be- low must not be exceeded at maximum GVWR and rated front and rear GAWR. The Center of Gravity (CG) maximum is 63" (1600 mm) above the ground. (LCF Cab Chassis and LCF Stripped Chassis).

Figure 12.16.2

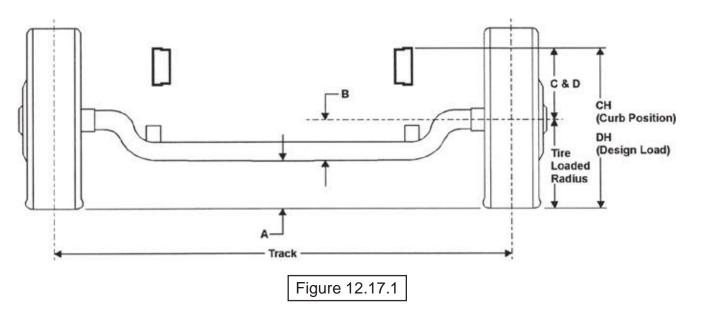
NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the N Series chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us on gmupfitters.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

^{Bog} **12.17**

Front Axle Chart



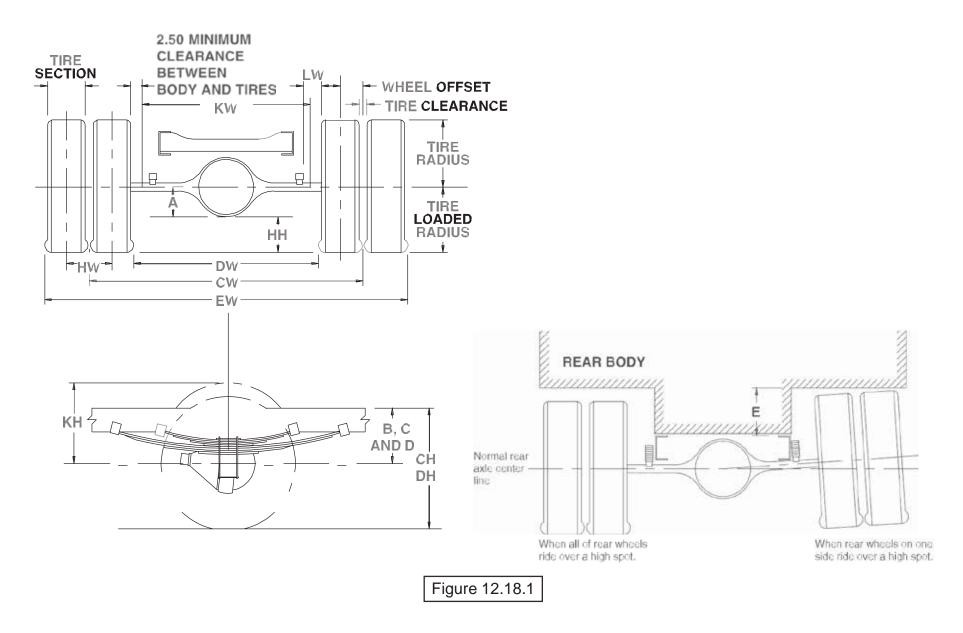
Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

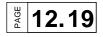
ſ	Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
											Unload	Load
	225/70R 19.5F	17,950 lbs.	6,830 lbs.	8.3	6.6	13	11.5	29	26.4	65.5	16	14.93

Figure 12.17.2

Rear Axle Chart



^{Byee} **12.18**



Definitions

			Rear Frame Height:
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗН	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
E	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	НW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
СН	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance	1	See Chart for values.
L	Г		

Figure 12.19.1

Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions								
CW = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A						
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B						
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches						
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches						
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs						

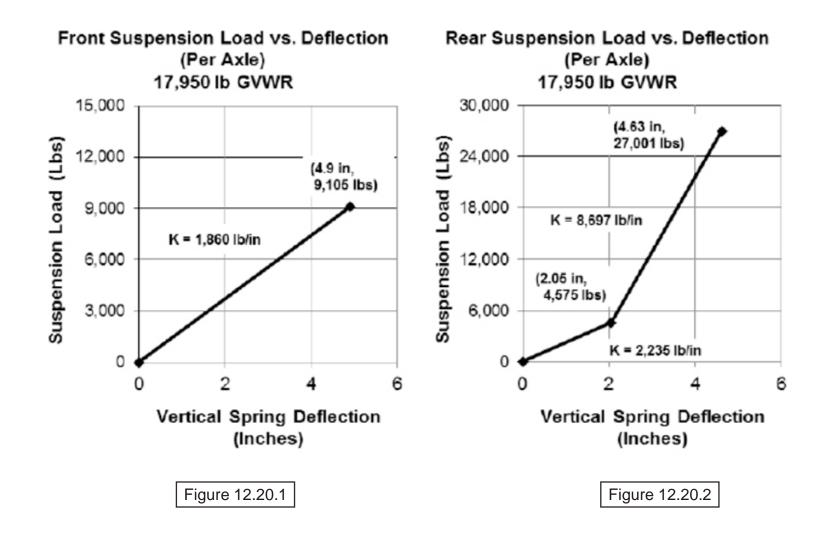
Figure 12.19.2

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R 19.5F	12,980 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.3	13.4	8.4

Figure 12.19.3

5500HD Suspension Deflection Charts



12.20



Tire and Disc Wheel Chart

Tire Coad Limit and Cold Inflation Pressures Maximum Tire Load Limits (Ibs.)									
Tire Size	Single		Dual		Front	Rear	GVWR (Lbs.)		
	Lbs.	PSI	Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual			
225/70R 19.5F	3,450	90	3,245	90	7,280	13,660	17,950		

Figure 12.21.1

			Tire R	adius				
Tire Size	GVWR (Lbs.)	Loa	ded	Unlo	aded	Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width		Width
225/70R 19.5F	17,950	14.91	14.96	16.00	16.00	8.7	1.3	6.0

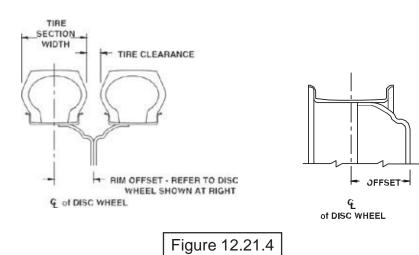
Figure 12.21.2

Disc Wheel

Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
19.5 x 6.00 K	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	5º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

Figure 12.21.3

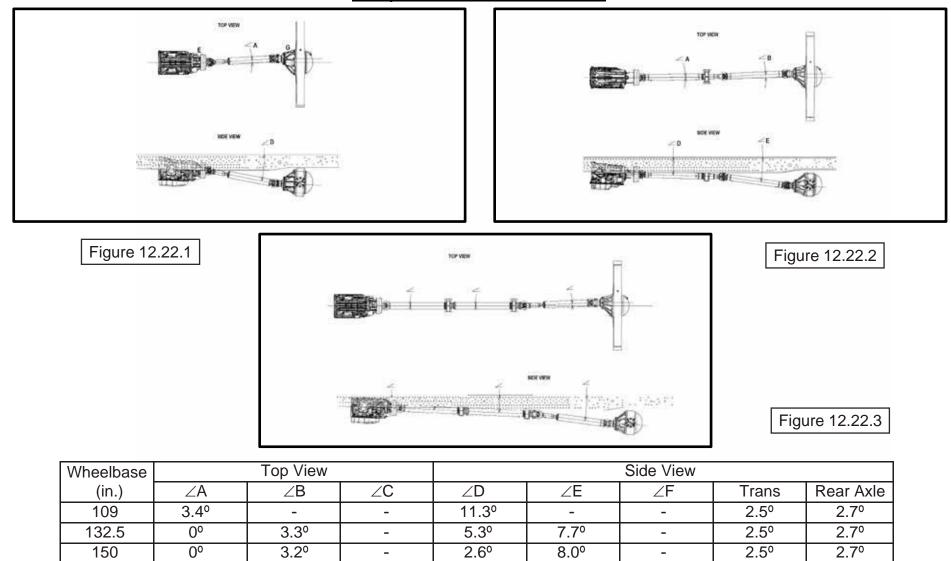


Note: Dimensions in inches

Revision: 05/04/21

^{BV} **12.22**

Propeller Shaft 5500HD



Notes: 1. Angles privuded in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

_

2.20

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.

2.10

2.10

5.6°

0.00

_

5.6°

176

200

00

00

2.20

00

2.7°

2.7°

2.5°

2.5°



Automatic Transmission

Trans. Type		6 Automatic. Tra	ansmission		
Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176	200
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2	3
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	35.7	22.91	40.24	49.69	49.69
Туре	A	В	В	В	В
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	N/A	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	N/A	36.16	36.53	52.93	24.00
Туре	N/A	С	С	С	В
Shaft #3 O.D.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.54
Thickness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.126
Length	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	52.93
Туре	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	С

Figure 12.23.1

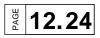
Туре	Description	Illustration
Туре А	1st shaft in 1-piece driveline	
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	

Figure 12.23.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

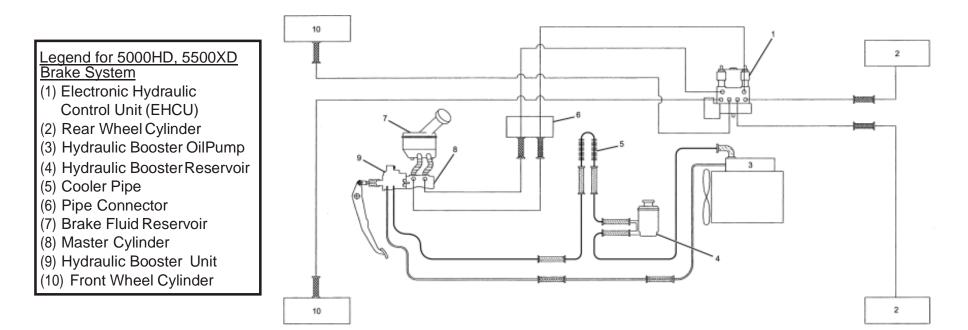
2021 Chevrolet LCF

Revision: 05/04/21



Brake System Diagram, Hydraulic Brake Booster

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.



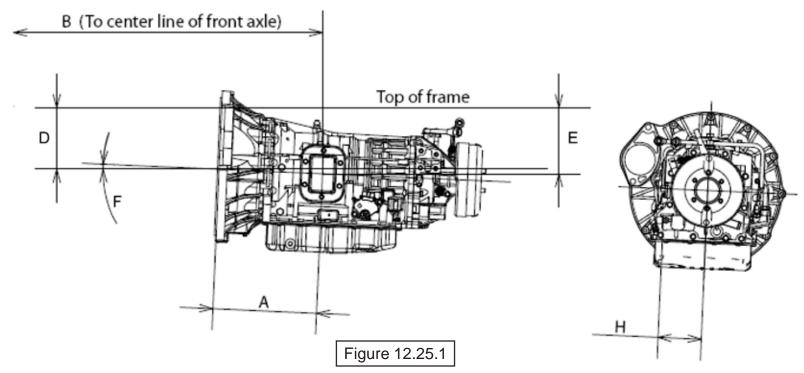
[200000000]	[111111]		<u>[500000000</u>]		
BRAKE HOSE HIGH PRESSURE	BRAKE HOSE LOW PRESSURE	BRAKE PIPE	HYDRAULIC HOSE (SUPPLY)	HYDRAULIC HOSE (RETURN/SUCTION)	HYDRAULIC PIPE (RETURN/SUCTION)

Figure 12.24.1



PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION



Γ	Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
		Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
	Aisin (1)	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	00	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 12.25.2

12.26

Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function.

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the trasmission from the stationary mode.

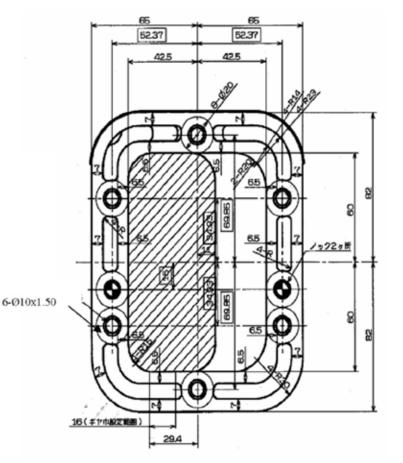


Figure 12.26.1

Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

^{by} **12.27**

Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill

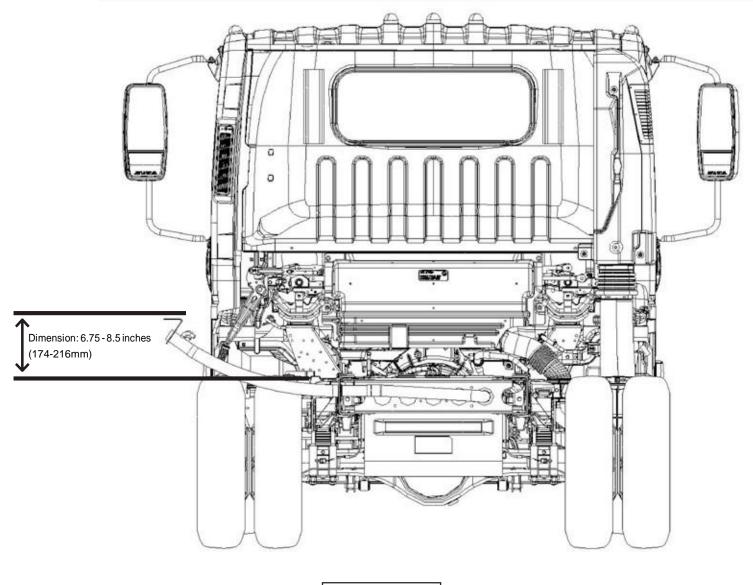


Figure 12.28.1

[₩] 12.28

Top View Fuel Fill

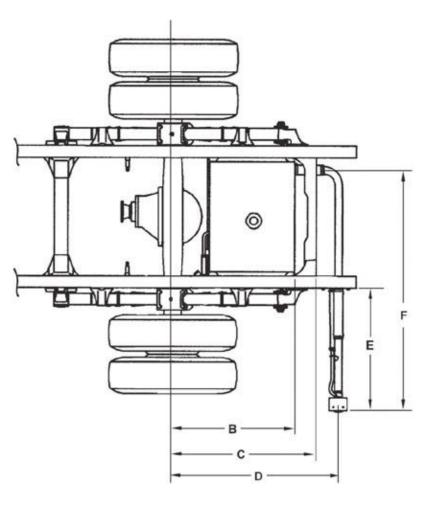


Figure 12.29.1

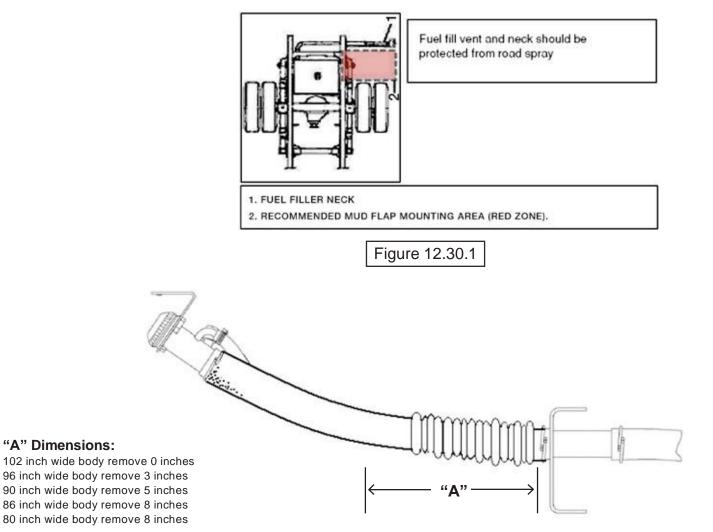
Dimensions:

B = 29.75 inches (756 mm) C = 34.00 inches (863 mm) D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514mm)



Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 12.30.2

"A" Dimensions:



Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door, the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 12.31.1

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole

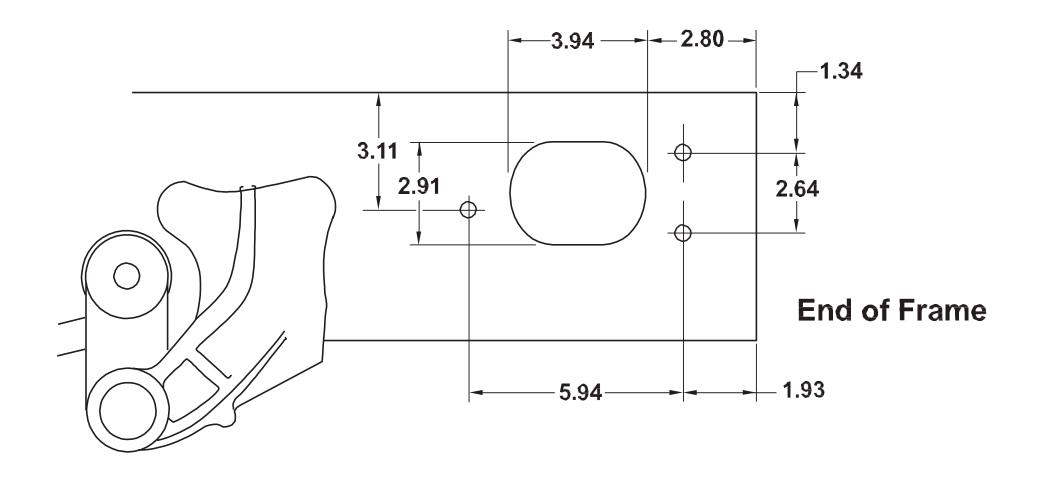


Figure 12.32.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

⁸ 12.32



5500HD-Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

PARTS KIT: This a kit for the Chevrolet LCF diesel products. Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis 3500HD, 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD. Parts list is shown in **FIGURE 12.31.2**. Parts photos are shown in **FIGURE 12.31.1**.



FUEL FILLER KIT						
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY			
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1			
2	HOSE: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1			
3	CAP: FILLER	See Dealer	1			
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	See Dealer	1			
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1			
6	CLIP: JOINT	See Dealer	4			
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	See Dealer	1			
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	See Dealer	2			
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	See Dealer	1			
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1			
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	3			
12	CAUTION PLATE	See Dealer	1			
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	See Dealer	1			

Figure 12.33.2

Figure 12.33.1

Installation Instructions and Considerations:

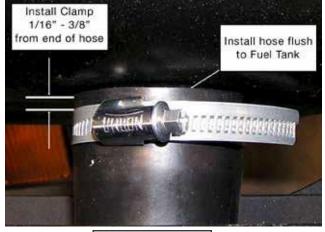
The fuel tank shutter valve (13) was a new component for 2011 model year. This component is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in **FIGURE 12.34.1**. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in **FIGURES 12.34.2**.

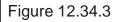


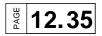
Figure 12.34.1



The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in FIGURE 12.34.3 below.

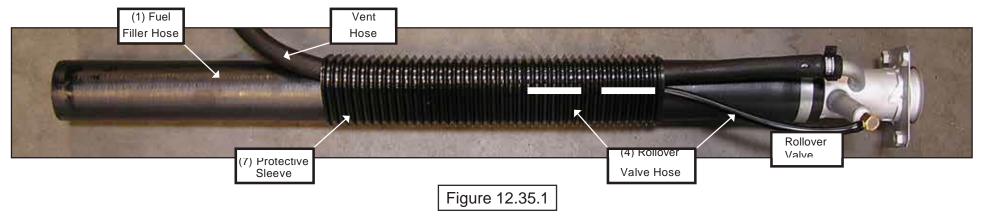






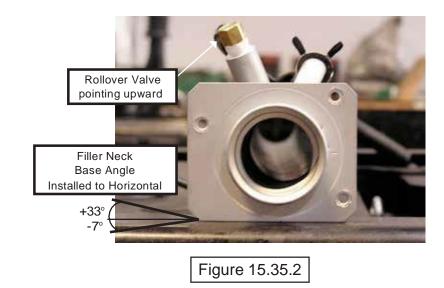
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 12.35.1*.



Filler Neck Installation:

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See *Figure 12.35.2*. for the proper orientation.



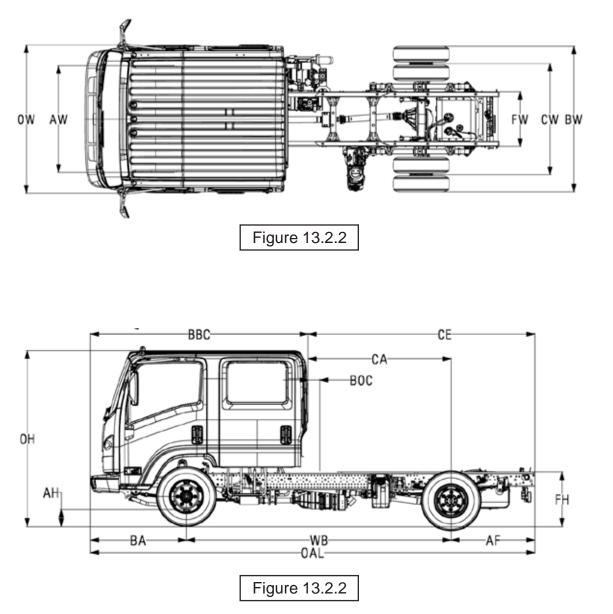


4500XD Diesel Specifications

Model	4500XD Diesel Crew Cab						
GVWR	16,000 lbs.						
WB	150 in, 176 in.						
Engine	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.						
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/317 CID (5.19 liters)						
HP(Gross)	215 HP @ 2,500 rpm						
Torque(Gross)	452 lb-ft torque @ 1,850 rpm						
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 square in ² . radiator; 7 blade 20.1 in diameter fan with viscous drive.						
	Cold weather starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check. Engine warning system with audible warning for low oil						
	pressure, high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function.						
Transmission	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fifth and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in						
	2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, PTO capability automatic torque converter lockup in stationary PTO mode.						
Steering	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.						
Front Axle	Reverse Elliot "I"-Beam rated at 6,830 lbs.						
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.						
GAWR	6,630 lbs.						
Rear Axle	Full-floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 11,020 lb.						
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.						
GAWR	11,020 lbs.						
Wheels	19.5 x 6.0-K 6-hole disc wheels, painted white.						
Tires	225/70R-19.5F (12 ply) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel-belted radials, all-season front and rear						
	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load proportioning of						
Brakes	the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical,						
	cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust brake is standard and is vacuum operated.						
	4 channel anti-lock brake system.						
Fuel Tank	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail behind rear axle. Fuel water separator with indicator light.						
Frame	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches wide through the total length of the frame.						
	Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 11.89 in., RBM 523,160.						
Cab	All-steel 7 passenger low cab forward BBC 109.9 in.						
	Tricot breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat.						
Equipment	Four passenger rear bench seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column.						
	Power windows and door locks, front floor mats, tinted glass.						
Electrical	12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.						
Options	See last page for options.						

NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings



4500XD Variable Chassis Dimensions:

Unit	WB	CA*	CE*	OAL	AF
Inch	150	88.5	131.6	241.5	43.1
Inch	176	114.5	157.6	267.5	43.1
* Effe	ective	CA & CE a	re CA o	r CE les	s BOC.

4500XD Dimension Constants:

Code	Inches	Code	Inches
AH	7.5	BW	83.3
AW	65.6	CW	65
BA	48.3	FW	33.5
BBC	109.9	OH	92.4
BOC	5.3	OW	81.3
FH	33.0		

4500XD In-Frame Tank

16,000 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model Chassis Cab and Maximum Payload Weights Model RPO WB Unit Front Rear Total Payload

T43043 EE3	150 in	lb.	4610	2485	7095	8905
T44043 FNR	176 in	lb.	4683	2477	7160	8840

^{Bog} **13.2**



Vehicle Weight Limits

Vehicle Weight Limits: 4500XD

GVWR Designed Maximum 16,000 lbs.

GAWR, Front 6,630 lbs.

GAWR, Rear 11,020 lbs.

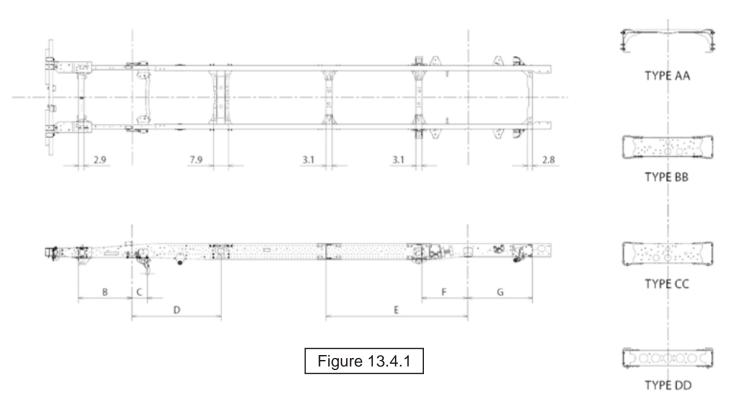
Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight includes standard equipment and fuel. Does not include driver, passenger, payload, body or special equipment.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload, driver and passengers and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

	Weights for Options						
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.					
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0					
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0					
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0					
ATG	Keyless entry	3 / 0					
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0					
K05	Block Heater (cord)	1/0					
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0					
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0					
KQ3	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0					
BD6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3 / 0					
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19 / 0					
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2 / 0					
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0					
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0					
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0					
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0					
9W8	Seat covers crew cab	9/2					
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0					
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0					
KGN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0					
UZF	Back up alarm	0 / 2					
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0					

Frame and Crossmember Specifications



Wheelbase	Frame	Crossmember Type/Location					
	Thick	В	С	D	E	F	G
150.0	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA 465	BB 57.9	CC 24.2	DD 33.8
176.0	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA 46.5	BB 74.4	CC 24.2	DD 33.8

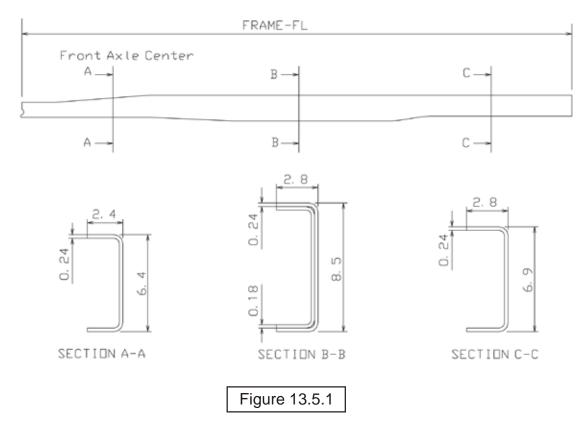
Figure 13.4.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 13.4



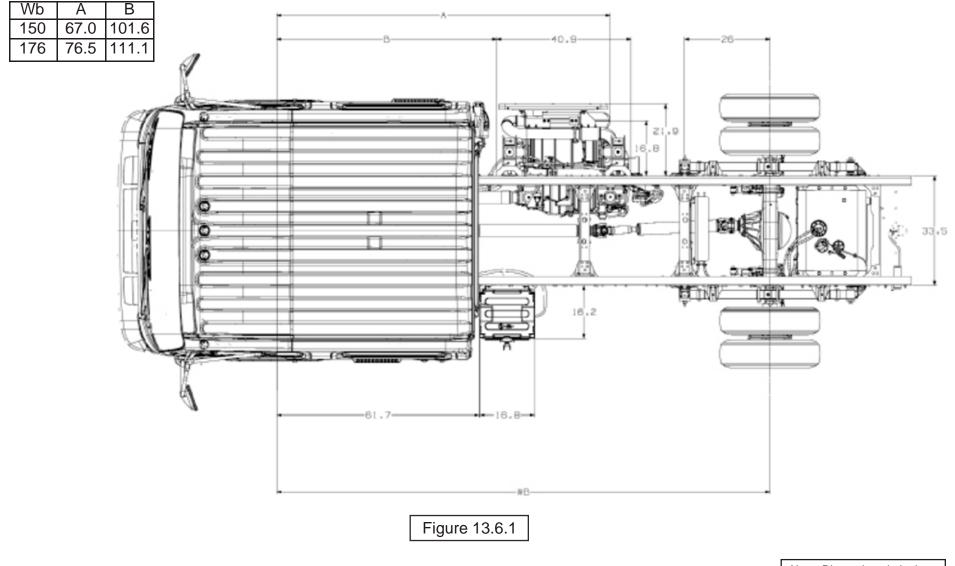
Frame Chart



Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
150.0	223.8	0.24 + 0.18
176.0	249.8	0.24 + 0.18

Figure 13.5.2

4500XD Diesel Standard Cab Top View



Note: Dimensions in inches

^{By} **13.6**

^{by} 13.7

4500XD Diesel Standard Cab Left Side View

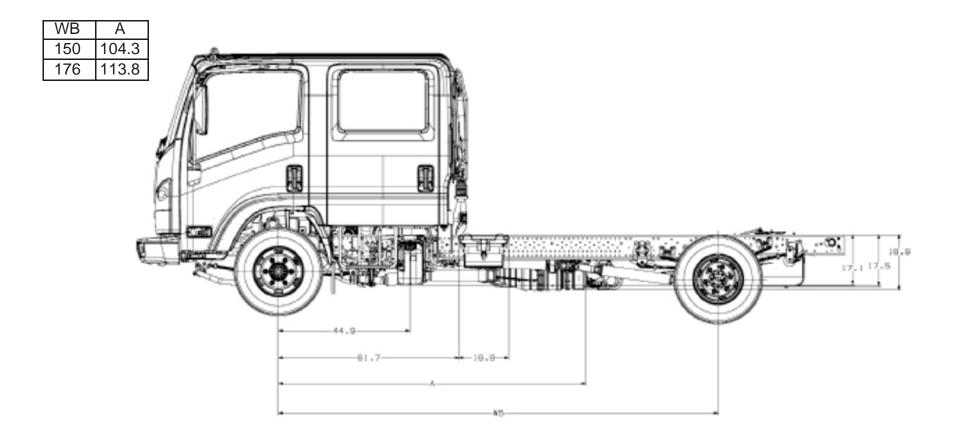


Figure 13.7.1



4500XD Diesel Standard Cab Right Side View

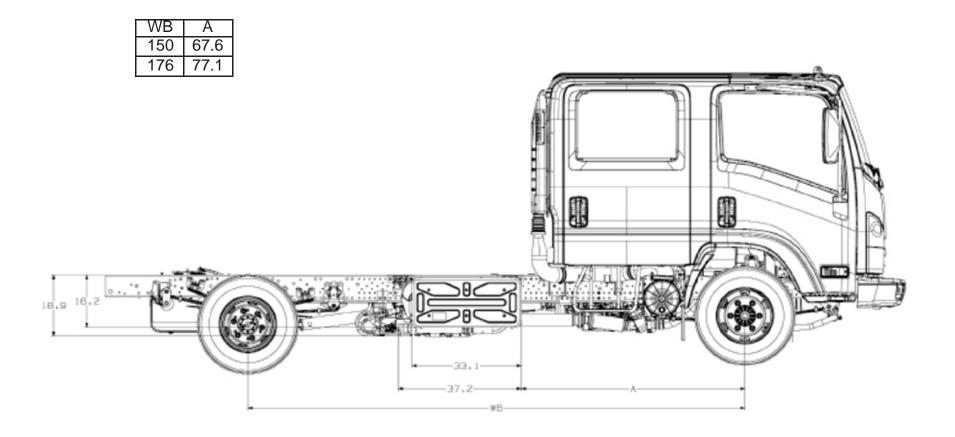
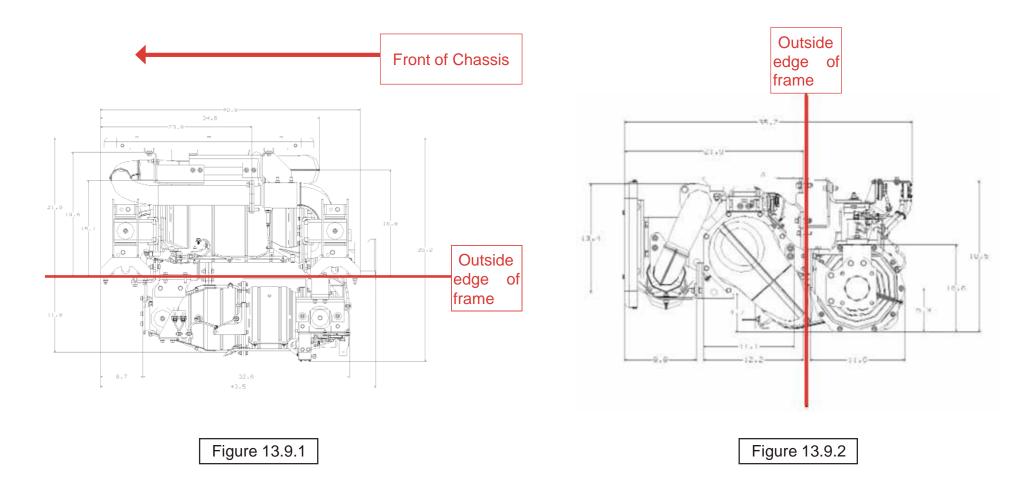
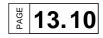


Figure 13.8.1



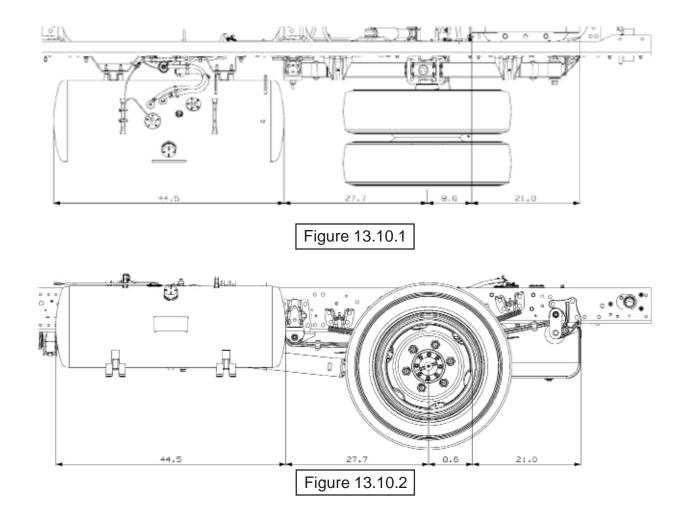
SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC





Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

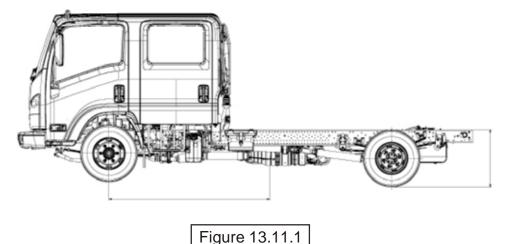
Side View 176 Wheelbase



PAGE 13.1

CENTER OF GRAVITY

Но	rizontal a	nd Vertical C	G of Chas	sis
		4500XD		
	WB	V	Н	
	150	25.3	50.9	
	176	25.3	58.8	



The center of gravity of the completed vehicle with a full load should not exceed 63 inches above ground level for the 16,000 lbs. GVWR, and must be located horizon-tally between the centerlines of the front and rear axles.

NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us on gmupfitter.com.

*With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

Turning Diameters

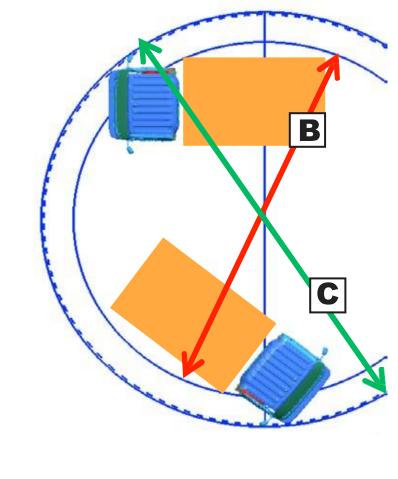
TURNING DIAMETERS

The LCF Series Diesel steering also features a 46.50 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Series Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER CURB TO CURB

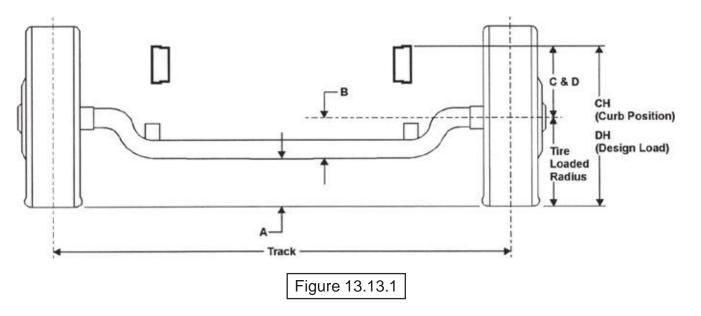
C=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER WALL TO WALL

4500X	D	
WB	В	С
	CURB TO CURB	(FT. WALL TO WALL (FT.)
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1
ß		



T3.13

Front Axle Chart 4500XD



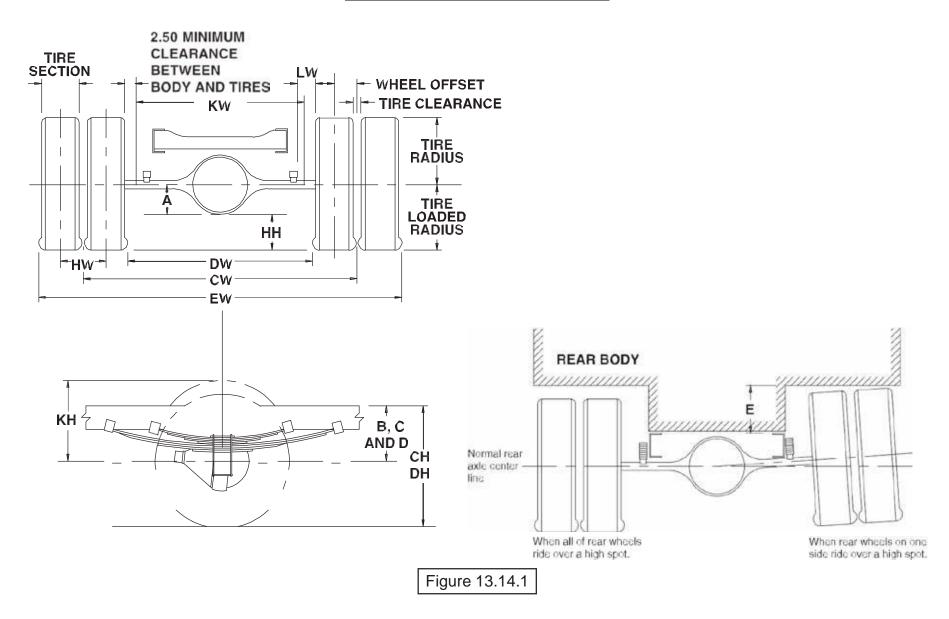
Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
225/70R 19.5F	16,000 lbs.	6,630 lbs.	8.6	6.6	12.3	11.5	28.4	26.7	65.5	16.1	15.24

Figure 13.13.2

Rear Axle Chart 4500XD



[№] 13.14



Definitions

			Rear Frame Height:
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗН	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
E	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	ΗW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
СН	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance	11	See Chart for values.
L	Г		

Figure 13.15.1

Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions							
CW = Track HH = Tire loaded radius – A							
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B					
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches					
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches					
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs					

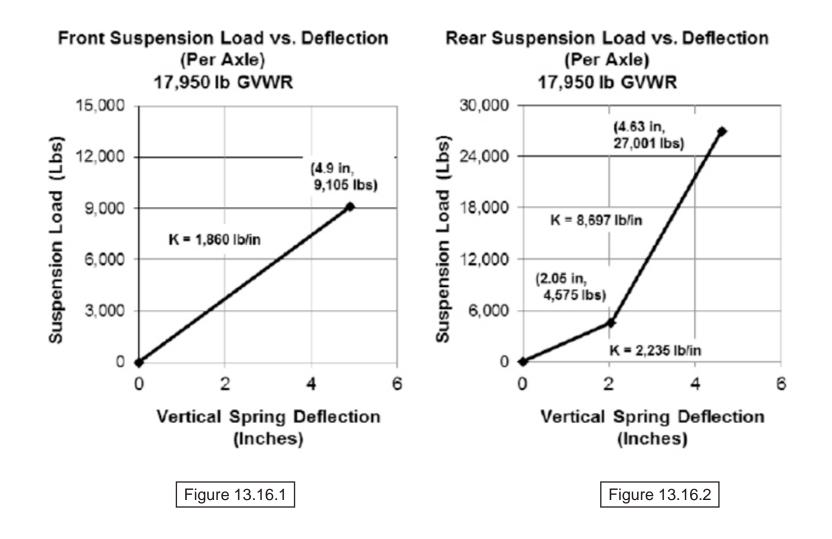
Figure 13.15.2

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

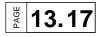
Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R-19.5F	11,020 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.5	13.4	8.4

Figure 13.15.3

4500XD Suspension Deflection Charts



∛ 13.16



Tire and Disc Wheel Chart 4500XD

lire							
Tire Size	Sin	gle	Dual		Front	Rear	GVWR (Lbs.)
	Lbs.	PSI	Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual	
225/70R 19.5F	3,315	85	3,115	85	6,630	12,460	16,000

Figure 13.17.1

		Tire Radius						
Tire Size	GVWR (Lbs.)	Loa	ded	Unlo	aded	Tire Section	Tire Clearance	Design Rim
		Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width		Width
225/70R 19.5F	16,000	14.93	14.98	16	16	8.7	1.3	6.0

Figure 13.17.2

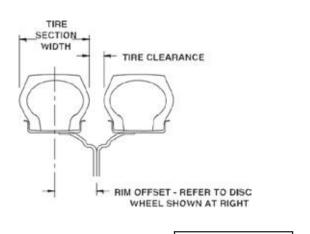
Disc Wheel

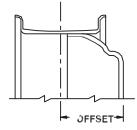
Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. Nut Size*	Rear Stud Size*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg.
19.5 x 6.00	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm) BUD HEX	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	15º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

Figure 13.17.3

Figure 13.17.4

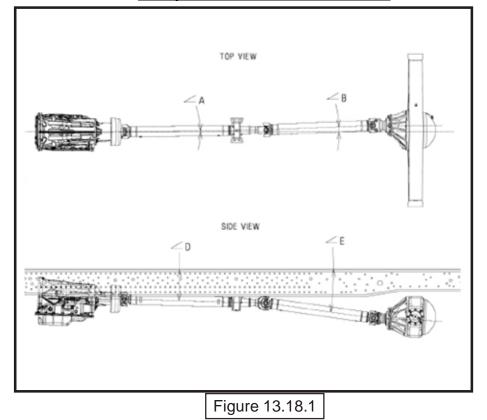




Note: Dimensions in inches

Revision: 05/04/21

Propeller Shaft 4500XD



WheelBase	Top View			Side View			
(in.)	∠A	∠B	∠D	∠E	Trans	Rear Axle	
150	0°	2.7°	2.6°	8.0°	2.5°	2.5°	
176	0°	1.8°	2.1°	5.4°	2.5°	2.5°	

Figure 13.18.2

NOTES 1. Angles privuded in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard equipment, fuel but no driver, body, or payload.

Automatic Transmission	Automotio	Trans	:
	Automatic	iransm	ISSION

	4500XD							
Trans. Type	6 Automatic. Transmission							
Wheelbase	150	176						
No. of Shafts	2	2						
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54						
Thickness	0.126	0.126						
Length	40.24	49.69						
Туре	В	В						
Shaft #2 O.D.	3.54	3.54						
Thickness	0.126	0.126						
Length	36.53	52.93						
Туре	O	С						

Figure 13.19.1

Туре	Description	Illustration
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	

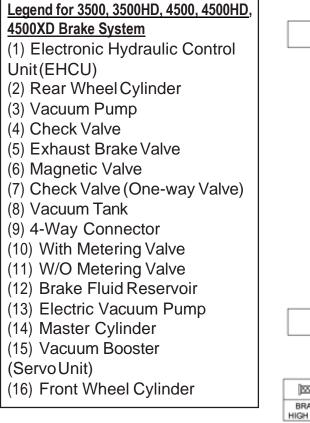
Figure 13.19.2



Brake System Diagram, 16,000 GVW

Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to introduction section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.



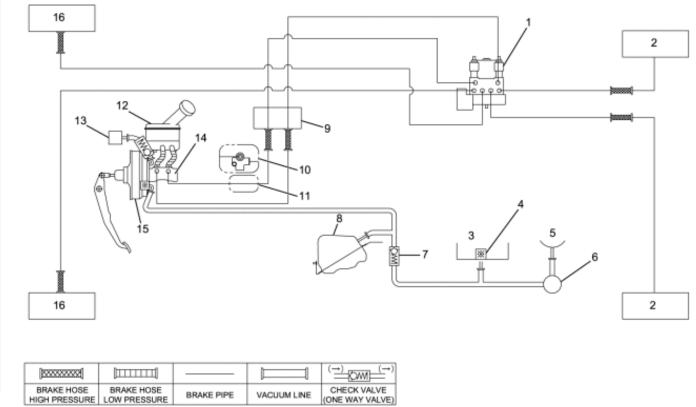
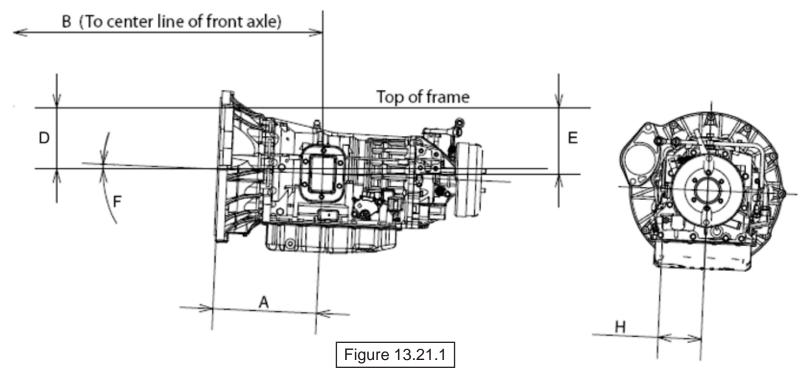


Figure 13.20.1



PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION



Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin (1)	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	00	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 13.21.2

₹ 13.22

Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function.

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the trasmission from the stationary mode.

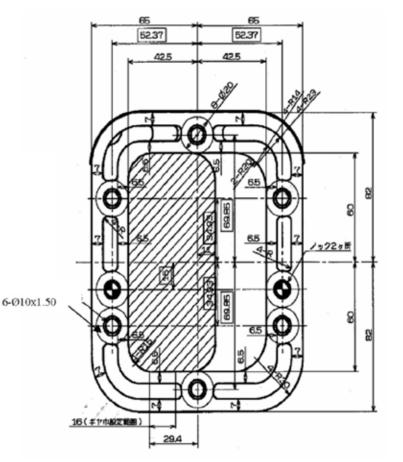


Figure 13.22.1

Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

^{Bog} 13.23

Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill

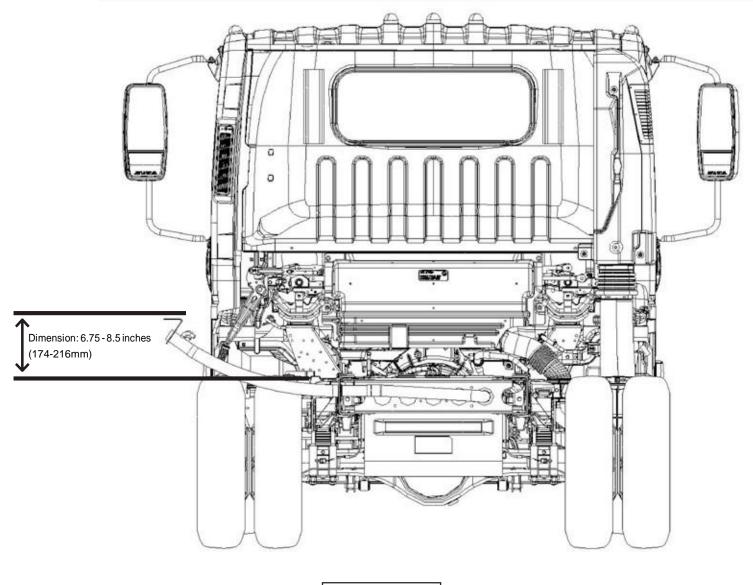


Figure 13.24.1



Top View Fuel Fill

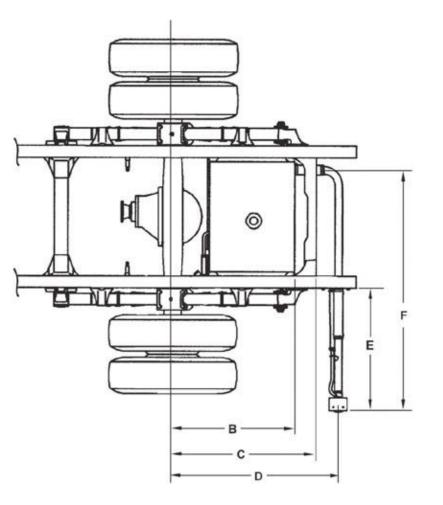


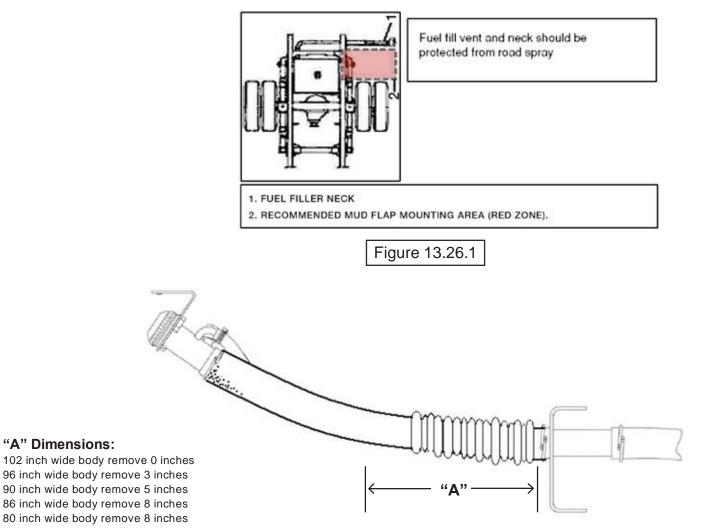
Figure 13.25.1

Dimensions:

B = 29.75 inches (756 mm) C = 34.00 inches (863 mm) D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514mm)

Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 13.26.2

"A" Dimensions:



Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door, the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 13.27.1

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole

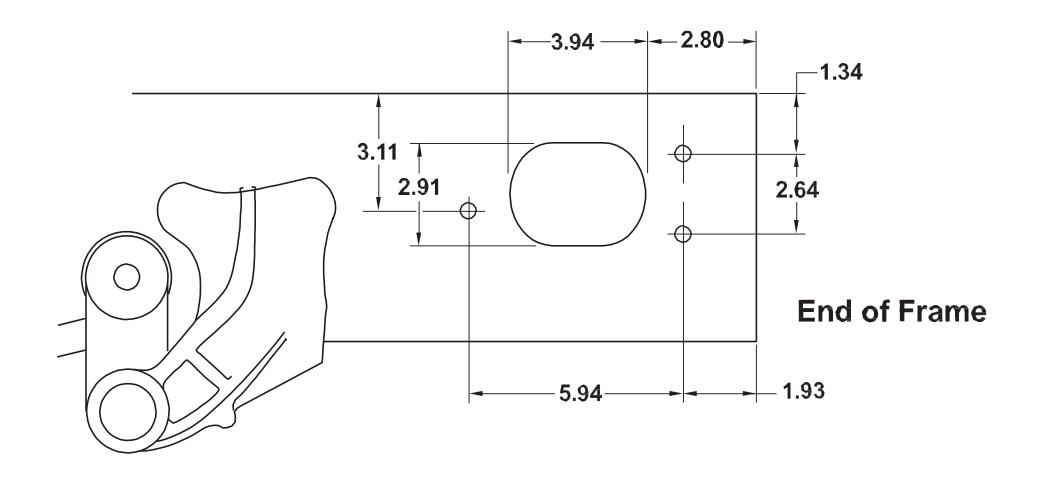


Figure 13.28.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

∛ 13.28



4500XD-Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

PARTS KIT: This a kit for the Chevrolet LCF diesel products. Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis 3500HD, 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD. Parts list is shown in **FIGURE 13.29.2**. Parts photos are shown in **FIGURE 13.29.1**.



FUEL FILLER KIT				
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY	
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1	
2	HOSE: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1	
3	CAP: FILLER	See Dealer	1	
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	See Dealer	1	
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1	
6	CLIP: JOINT	See Dealer	4	
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	See Dealer	1	
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	See Dealer	2	
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	See Dealer	1	
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1	
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	3	
12	CAUTION PLATE	See Dealer	1	
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	See Dealer	1	

Figure 13.29.2

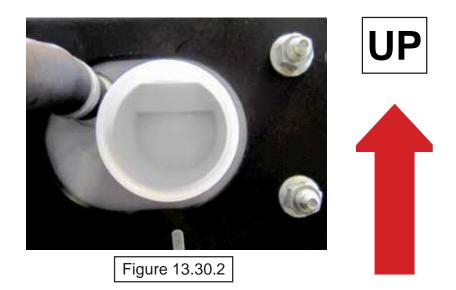
Figure 13.29.1

Installation Instructions and Considerations:

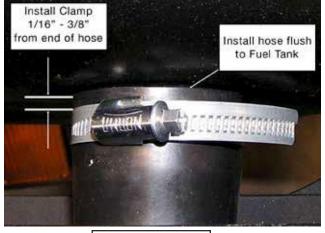
The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 13.30.1*. This valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figures 13.30.2*.

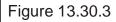


Figure 13.30.1



The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 13.30.3* below.

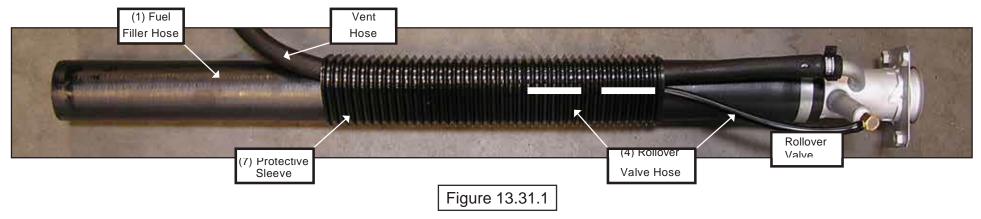






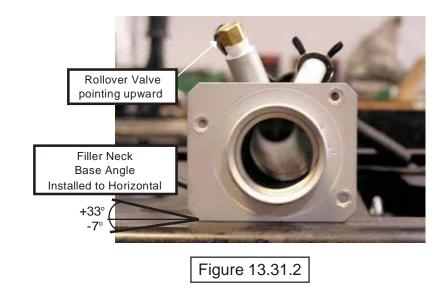
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in *Figure 13.31.1*.



Filler Neck Installation:

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See **FIGURE 13.31.2**. for the proper orientation.



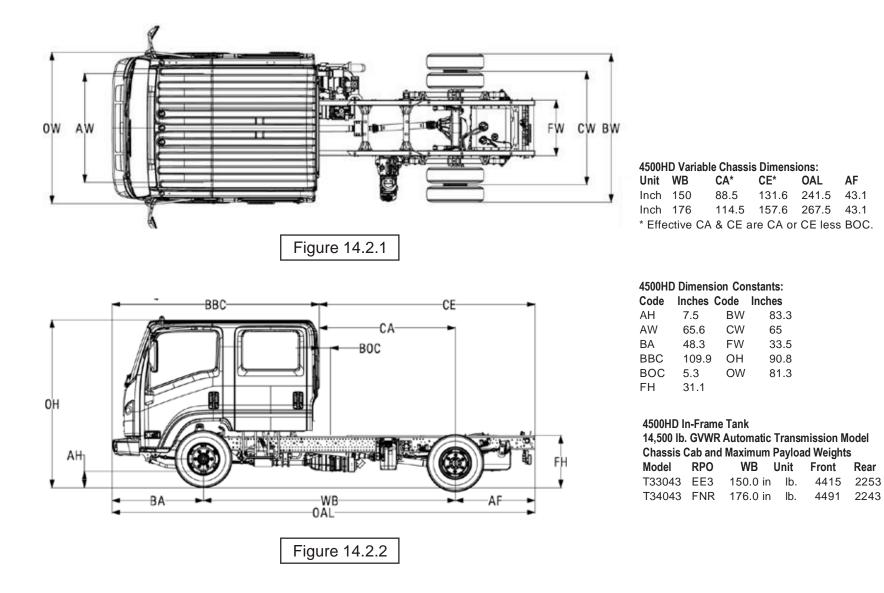


4500HD, 5500HD Crew Cab Diesel Specifications

Model	4500HD Diesel Crew Cab	5500HD Diesel Crew Cab				
GVWR	14,500 lbs.	17,950 lbs.				
WB	150 in, 176 in.					
Engine	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.					
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/3	317 CID (5.19 liters)				
HP(Gross)	215 HI	P @ 2,500 rpm				
Torque(Gross)	452 lb-ft to	orque @ 1,850 rpm				
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 square in ² .	radiator; 7 blade 20.1 in diameter fan with viscous drive.				
	Cold weather starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level chec	ck. Engine warning system with audible warning for low oil				
	pressure, high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine c	ruise control function.				
Transmission	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fif	th and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in				
	2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, PTO capability automatic tor	que converter lockup in stationary PTO mode.				
Steering	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1	ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.				
Front Axle	Reverse Elliot "I"-	-Beam rated at 6,830 lbs.				
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf s	prings with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.				
GAWR	5,360 lbs.	6,830 lbs.				
Rear Axle	Full-floating single speed wit	h hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lb.				
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy mul	lti-leaf springs and shock absorbers.				
GAWR	9,880 lbs.	12,980 lbs.				
Wheels	16 x 6.0-K 6-hole disc wheels					
Tires	215/85R 16-E (10 pr) (LRR) Low Rolling Resistancetubeless stee	el-belted radials, all-season front and rear. 225/70R-19.5E (12 ply)				
Brakes	tion) system for load proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-ad just outboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding	Dual circuit vacuum assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribu- tion) system for load proportioning of Brakes the brake system front disc and self-adjust butboard mounted drum rear. The parking brake is a mechanical, cable actuated, internal spanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust brake is standard and is vacuum operated. 4 channel anti-lock brake system				
Fuel Tank	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail beh	nind rear axle. Fuel water separator with indicator light.				
Frame	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 inches w	ride through the total length of the frame.				
	Yield strength 44,000 psi, section modulus 1	1.89 in., RBM 523,160.				
Cab	All-steel 7 passenger low ca	ab forward BBC 109.9 in.				
	Tricot breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat	with two occupant passenger seat.				
Equipment	Four passenger rear bench seat. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, front floor mats, tinted glass.					
Electrical	12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries, 75	0 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.				

NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings



Total

6668

6734

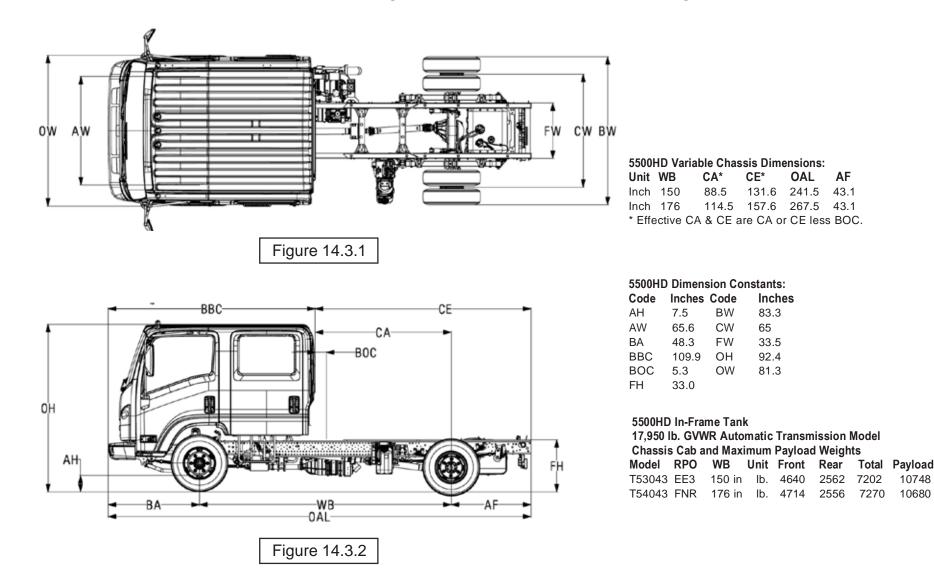
Payload

7832

7766

₹ 14.2

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings



₹ 14.3



Vehicle Weight Limits

Vehicle Weight Limits:	4500HD
GVWR Designed Maximum	14,500 lbs.
GAWR, Front	5,360 lbs.
GAWR, Rear	9,880 lbs.

2200HD		
17,950 lbs.		
6,380 lbs.		
12,980 lbs.		

FFAALID

Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight includes standard equipment and fuel. Does not include driver, passenger, payload, body or special equipment.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload, driver and passengers and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

	Weights for Options				
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.			
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0			
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0			
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0			
ATG	Keyless entry	3 / 0			
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0			
K05	Block Heater (cord)	1/0			
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0 / 0			
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0			
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0			
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3 / 0			
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19 / 0			
КРК	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2 / 0			
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0			
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0			
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0			
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0			
9W8	Seat covers crew cab	9 / 2			
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0			
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0			
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0			
UZF	Back up alarm	0/2			
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0			

Weights for Options				
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.		
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0		
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0		
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0		
ATG	Keyless entry	3 / 0		
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0		
K05	Block Heater (cord)	1/0		
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0		
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0		
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0		
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3/0		
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19 / 0		
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2/0		
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0		
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0		
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0		
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0		
9W8	Seat covers crew cab	9/2		
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0		
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0		
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0		
UZF	Back up alarm	0/2		
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0		

Frame and Crossmember Specifications

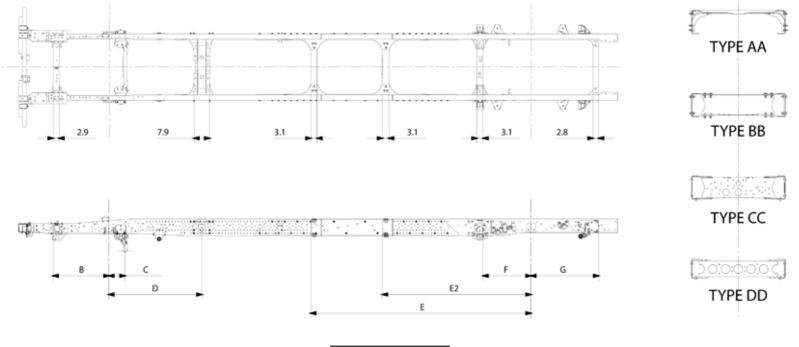


Figure 14.5.1

Wheelbase	Frame	Crossmember Type/Location					
	Thick	В	С	D	E	F	G
150.0	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA 465	BB 57.9	CC 24.2	DD 33.8
176.0	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA 46.5	BB 74.4	CC 24.2	DD 33.8

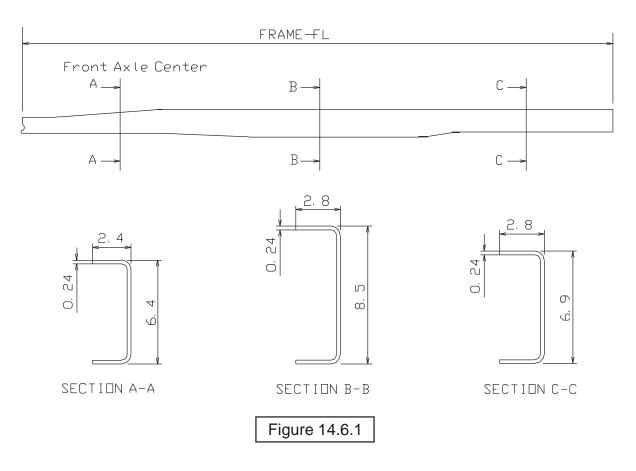
Figure 14.5.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 14.5



Frame Chart

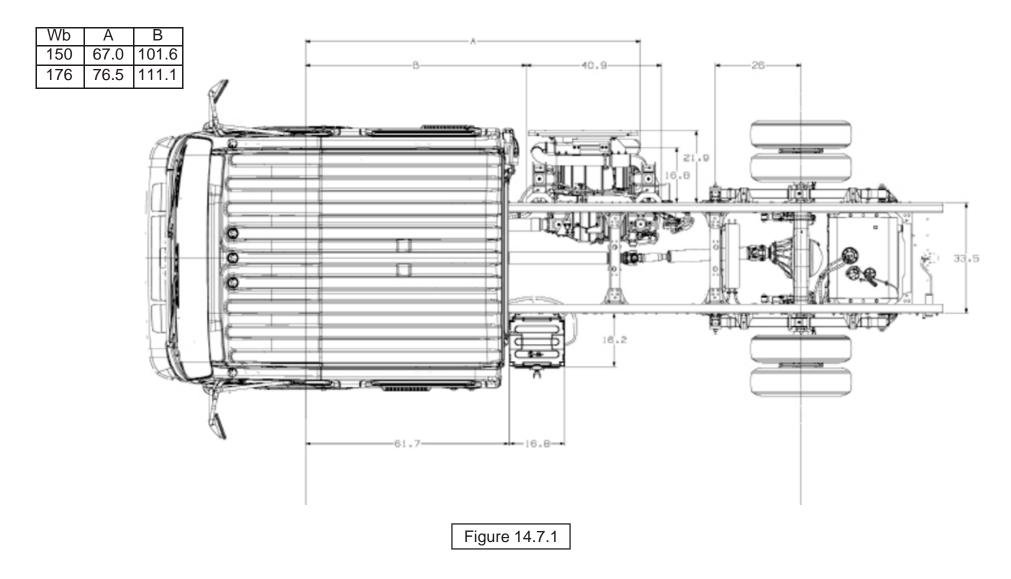


Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
150.0	223.8	0.24 + 0.18
176.0	249.8	0.24 + 0.18

Figure 14.6.2

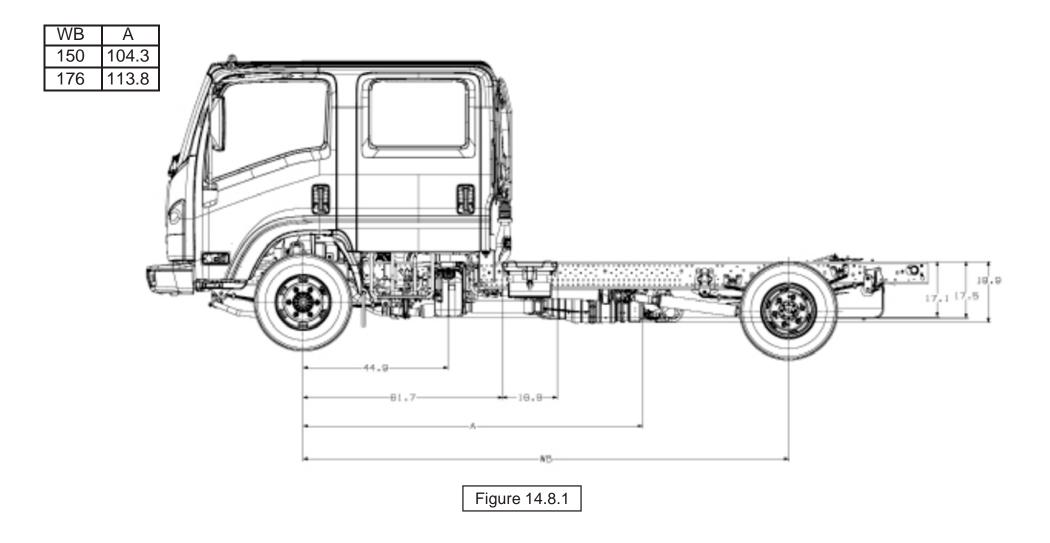


4500HD, 5500HD Diesel Standard Crew Cab Top View



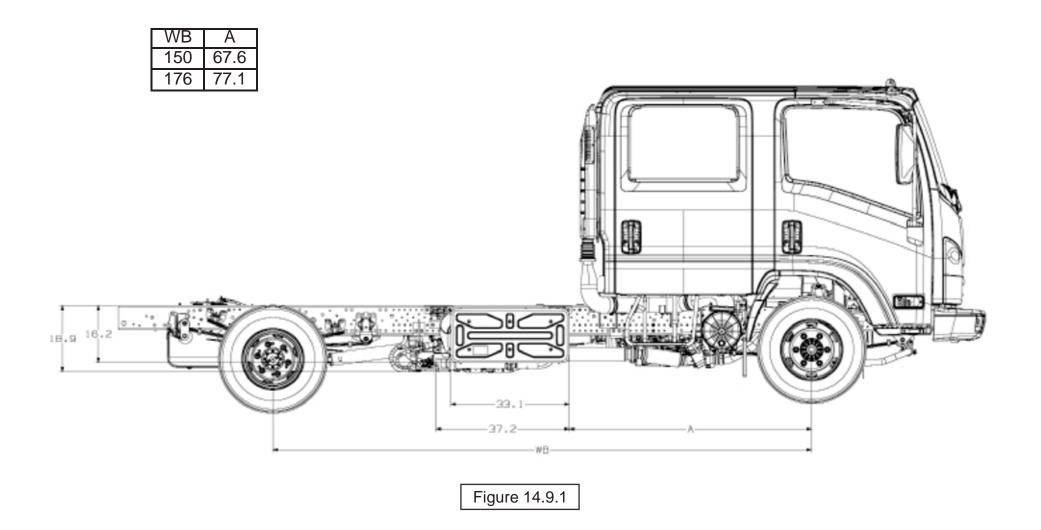


4500HD, 5500HD Diesel Standard Crew Cab Left Side View

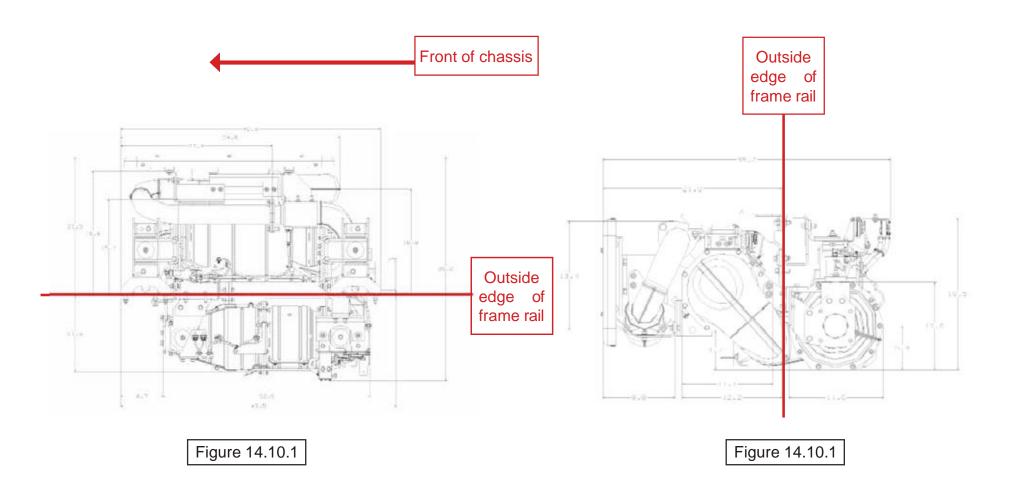




4500HD, 5500HD Diesel Standard Cab Right Side View



<u>SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC</u>



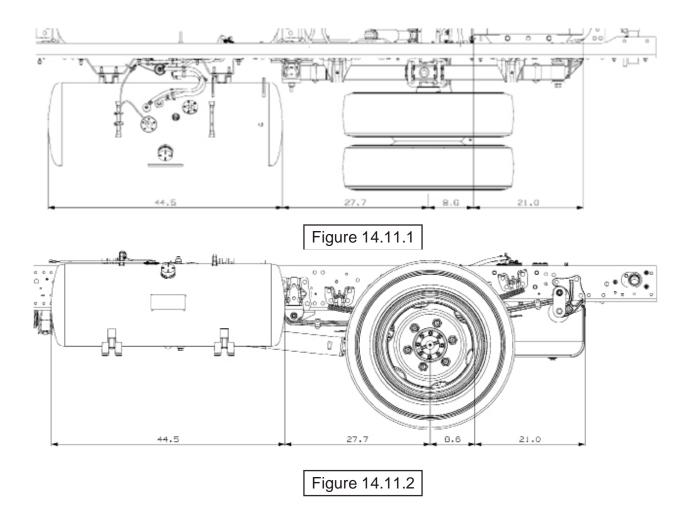
Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 14.10



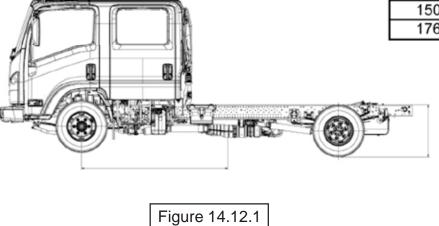
Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase



Center of Gravity

Horizontal and Vertical CG of Chassis					
	4500HD			5500HD	
WB	V	Н	WB	V	н
150	24.3	48.3	150	25.3	50.9
176	24.2	55.7	176	25.3	58.8



The center of gravity of the completed vehicle with a full load should not exceed 63 inches above ground level for the 14,500 lbs. and 17,950 lbs. GVWR, and must be located horizontally between the centerlines of the front and rear axles.

NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Upfitter site.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the LCF Series chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitter Engineering. Contact us on gmupfitter.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

Note: Dimensions in inches

PAGE

14.

Turning Diameters

TURNING DIAMETERS

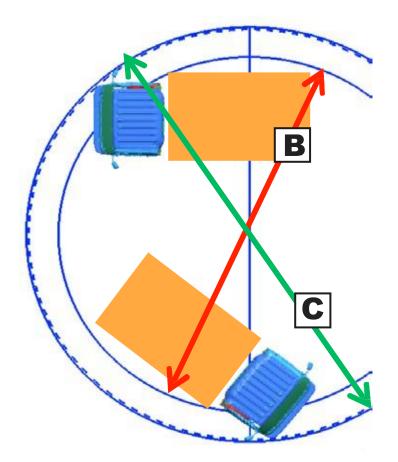
The LCF Series Diesel steering also features a 46.50 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Series Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER CURB TO CURB

C=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER WALL TO WALL

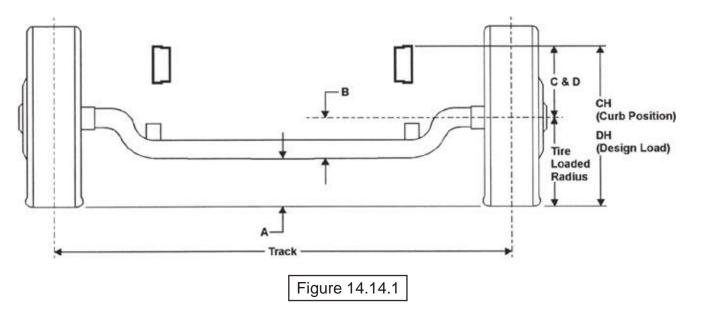
Turning Diameters (design value)

WB	В	С
	curb to curb	(ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	32.8	38.7
132.0	40.0	44.9
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1
200.0	61.0	67.2
212.0	66.0	73.0



14.14

Front Axle Chart 4500HD



Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

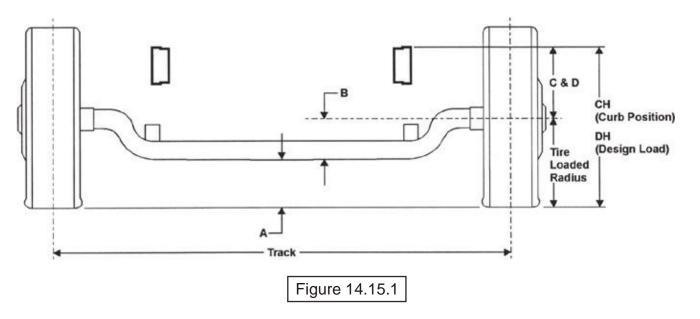
- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
215/85R 16E	14,500 lbs.	5,360 lbs.	7.5	6.6	11.9	11.7	26.5	25.8	65.5	14.6	14.1

Figure 14.14.2

^{BV J}

Front Axle Chart 5500HD



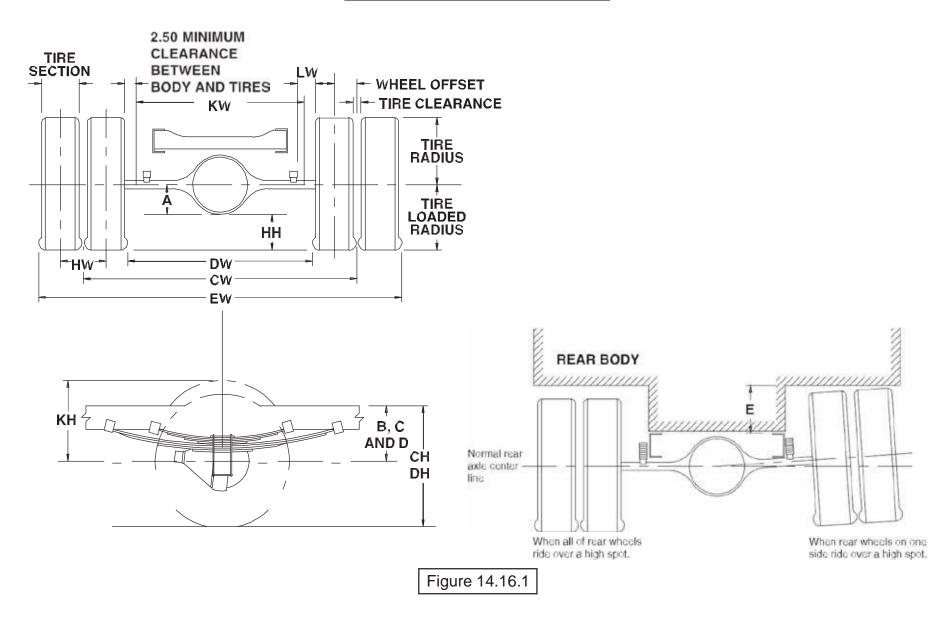
Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

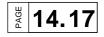
Tire	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	Radius
										Unload	Load
225/70R 19.5F	17,950 lbs.	6,830 lbs.	8.6	6.6	12.3	11.5	28.4	26.7	65.5	16.1	15.24

Figure 14.15.2

Rear Axle Chart 4500HD



№ 14.16



Definitions

			Rear Frame Height:
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗН	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
E	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	НW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
СН	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Chart for values.
L	' Г		

Figure 14.17.1

Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions									
CW = Track	ΗH	= Tire loaded radius – A							
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B							
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches							
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches							
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs							

Figure 14.17.2

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
215/85R-16E	9,880 lbs.	65.0	6.5	9.3	15.3	13.0	7.8

Figure 14.17.3

Rear Axle Chart 5500HD

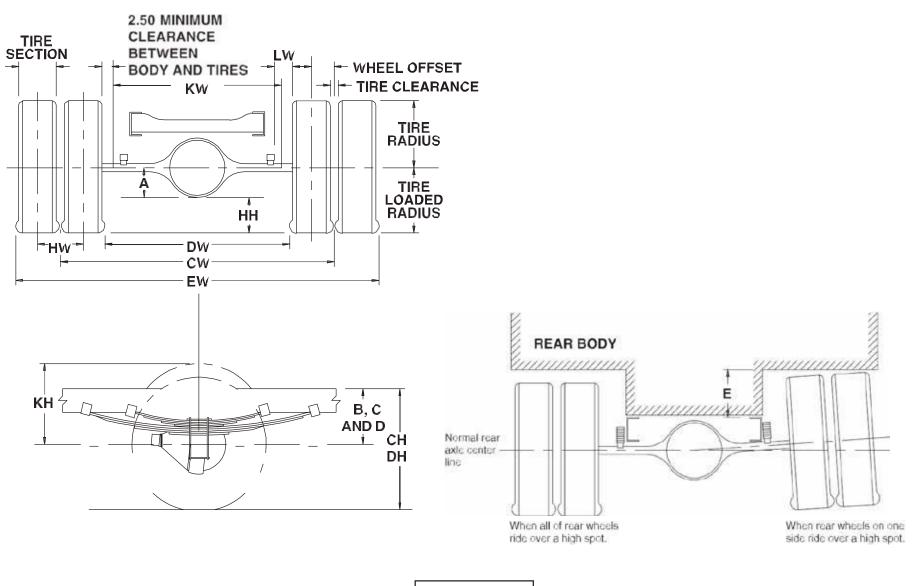
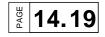


Figure 14.18.1





Definitions

			Rear Frame Height:
А	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗH	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the		Distance between the centerlines of the minimum distance required for tire bounce
Е	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	ΗW	as measured from the centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
СН	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb		
	position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance	1 1	See Chart for values.
L			

Figure 14.19.1

Formulas for Calculati	Formulas for Calculating Rear Width and Height Dimensions									
CW = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A								
CH = Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B								
DH = Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches								
DW = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches								
EW = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs								

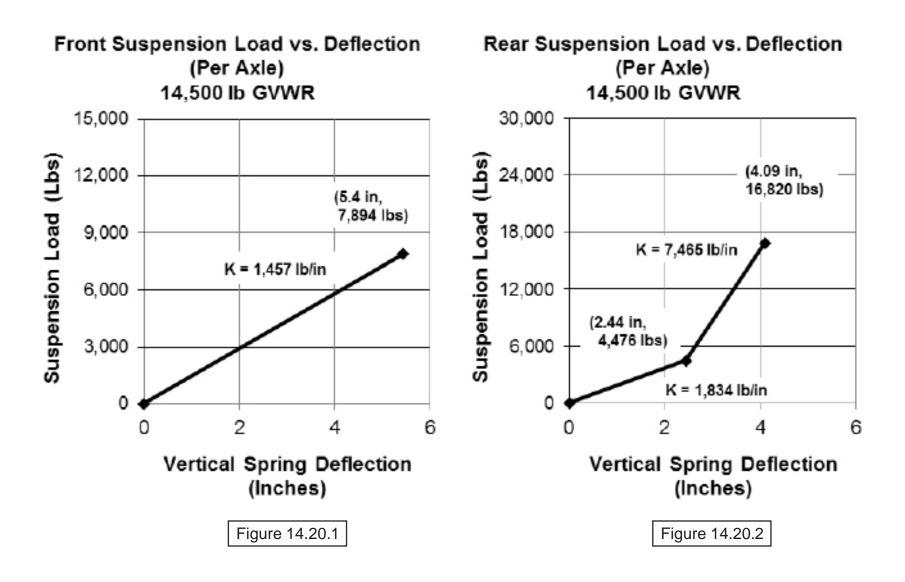
Figure 14.19.2

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R-19.5F	12,980 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.5	13.4	8.4

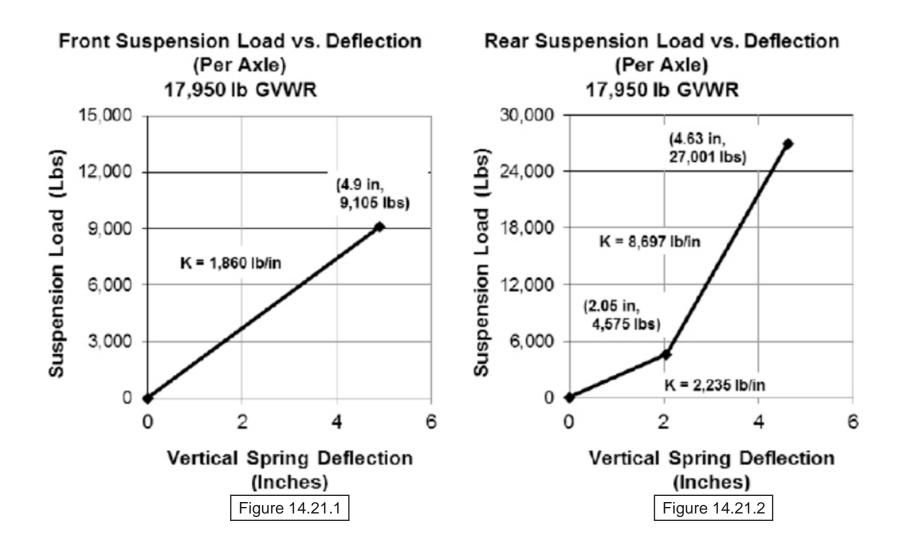
Figure 14.19.3

4500HD Suspension Deflection Charts





5500HD Suspension Deflection Charts





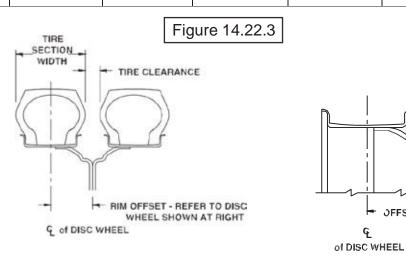


Tire and Disc Wheel Chart 4500HD

		Tire Load	Limit and Co	old Inflat	ion Pressures	6	Maximum 7	Tire Load Lim	its (Ibs.)		
Tire Size		Singl	е		D	ual	From	t	Rear	G	VWR (Lbs.)
		Lbs.	PSI		Lbs.	PSI	2 Single	4 Dual			
215/85R 16	θE 2,	680	80		2,470	80	5,360		9,880		14,500
	·	·			Fig	ure 14.22.1	·	·		·	
Tire Radius				Tire Seet	ion						
Tire Size	GVWF	R (Lbs.)	Loa	aded	ι ι	Jnloaded	Tire Sect		Tire Clearance		Design Rim Width
			Front	Rear	Front	Rear	vvidtn				width
215/85R 16	6E 14	,500	14.1	14.1	14.6	14.6	8.2		18		6.0
isc Wheel					Fig	ure 14.22.2					
Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. I Size		Rear Stud Size•	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickness	Rim Type	Material Mfg
16.6 x 6 K	6 JIS	8.75	1.614 (41 mr BUD H	n)	0.8268 (21 mm) SQUARE	289 ftlb. (392 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.39	5º DC	Steel TOPY

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

Tire



Note: Dimensions in inches

Figure 14.22.4

JFFSET-

Revision: 05/04/21

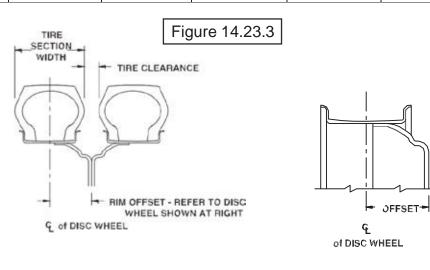


Tire and Disc Wheel Chart 5500HD

		Tire Load	Limit and Col	d Inflation	Pressures	6	Maximum 1	Fire Load Lin	nits (Ibs.)			
Tire Size		Single	e		D	ual	Fron	t	Rear	G	/WR (Lbs.)	
		Lbs.	PSI		Lbs.	PSI	2 Single		4 Dual			
225/70R 19	.5F 3,	450	90	3,	245	90	6,900		12,980		17,950	
					Fig	ure 14.23.1						
				Tir	re Radius		Tire Seat	ion			Desta Dise	
Tire Size	GVWF	R (Lbs.)	Loaded		ι	Jnloaded	Tire Sect		Tire Clearance		Design Rim Width	
			Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width					
225/70R 19	.5F 17	,950	14.93	14.98	16	16	8.7		1.3		6.0	
isc Wheel					Fig	ure 14.23.2						
Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. N Size•		ear Stud Size•	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickness	Rim Type	Material Mfg	
19.5x 6.00	6 JIS	8.75	1.6142 (41 mm BUD HE) (2'	8268 1 mm) UARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	15 º DC	Steel TOPY	

*O.D. Wrench Sizes

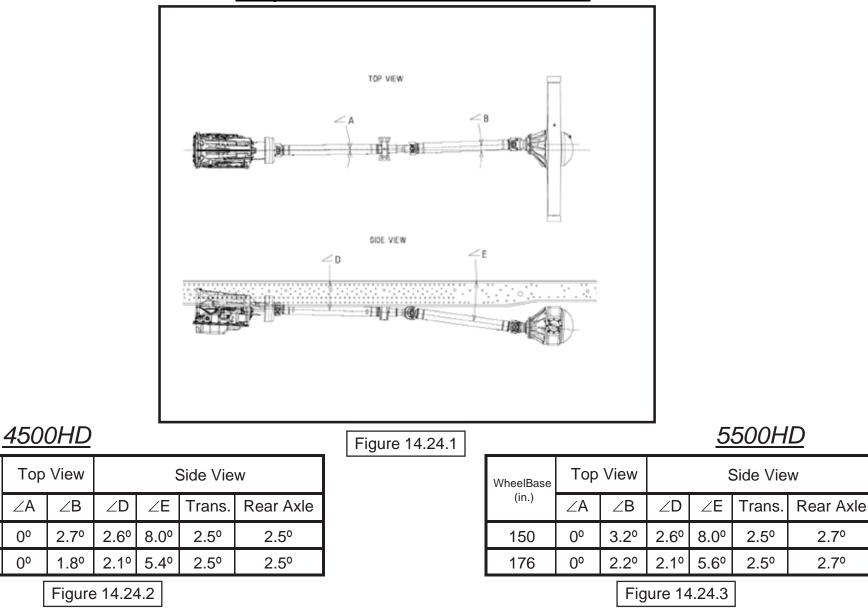
Tire



Note: Dimensions in inches

Figure 14.23.4

Propeller Shaft 4500HD, 5500HD



Note: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard fuel but no driver, body, or payload

WheelBase

(in.)

150

176





Automatic Transmission

	4500HD								
Trans. Type	6 Automatic	Transmission							
Wheel base	150	176							
No. of Shafts	2	2							
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.25*	3.25"							
Thickness	0.0906"	0.0906*							
Length	34.25 [»]	43.74"							
Туре	В	В							
Shaft #2 O.D.	3.25*	3.25*							
Thickness	0.0906"	0.0906*							
Length	34.17"	50.71*							
Туре	С	C							

Figure 14.25.1

	5500HD								
Trans. Type	6 Automatic.	Transmission							
Wheelbase	150	176							
No. of Shafts	2	2							
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54							
Thickness	0.126	0.126							
Length	40.24	49.69							
Туре	В	В							
Shaft #2 O.D.	3.54	3.54							
Thickness	0.126	0.126							
Length	36.53	52.93							
Туре	0	С							

Figure 14.25.2

Туре	Description	Illustration
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	

Figure 14.25.3



Brake System Diagram 14,500 GVW

Vacuum Over Hydraulic

Please refer to introduction section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.

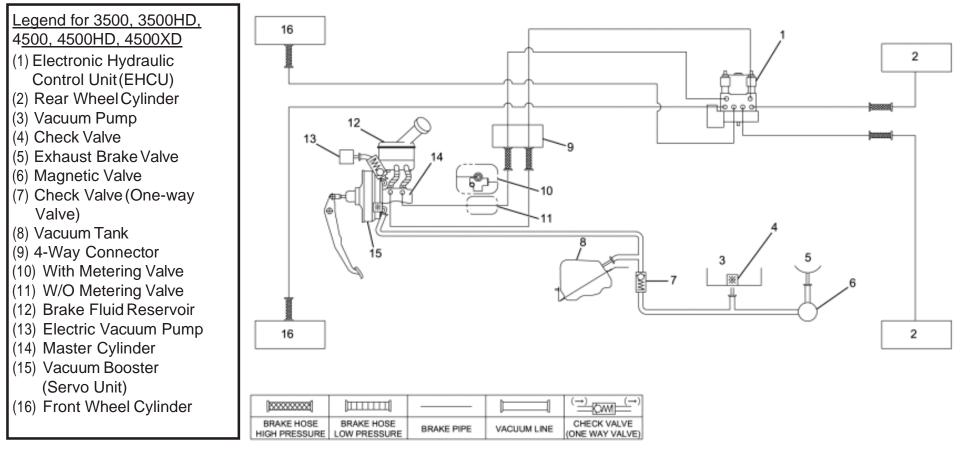


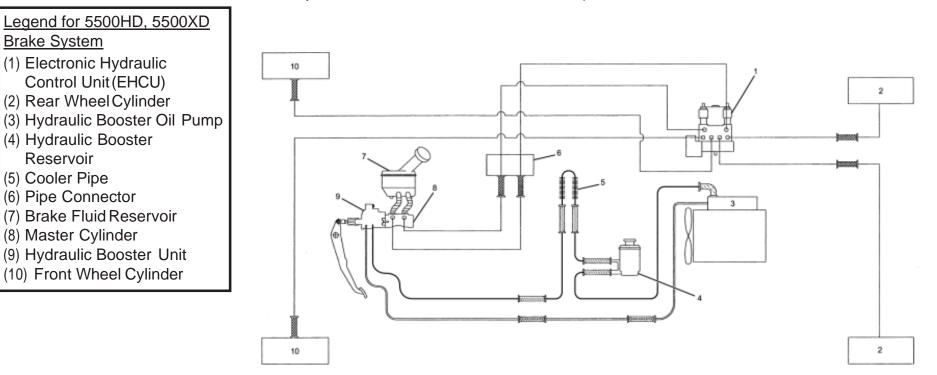
Figure 14.26.1



Brake System Diagram 17,950 GVW

Full Hydraulic

Please refer to introduction section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.



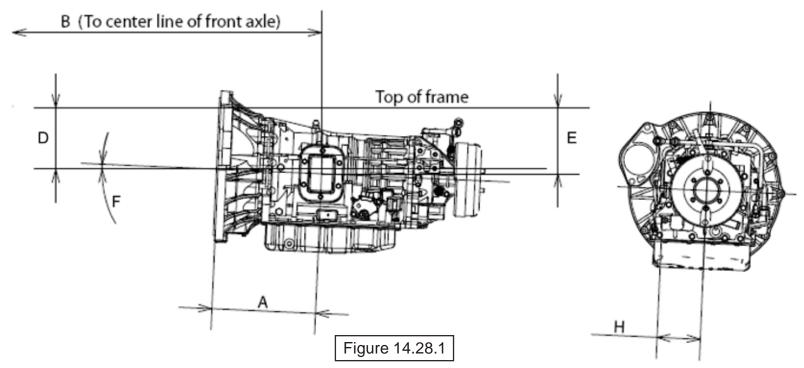
	[]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]		[<u>50000000</u>]		
BRAKE HOSE HIGH PRESSURE	BRAKE HOSE LOW PRESSURE	BRAKE PIPE		HYDRAULIC HOSE (RETURN/SUCTION)	HYDRAULIC PIPE (RETURN/SUCTION)

Figure 14.27.1



PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION



Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin (1)	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	00	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 14.28.2

14.29

Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function.

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the trasmission from the stationary mode.

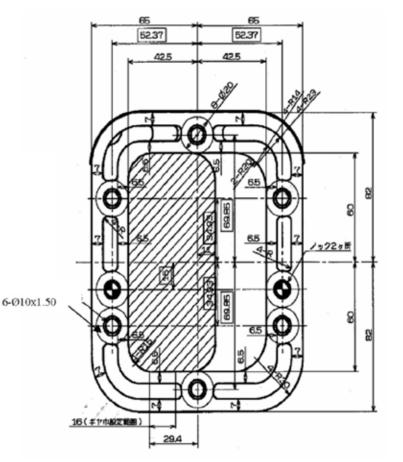


Figure 14.29.1

Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

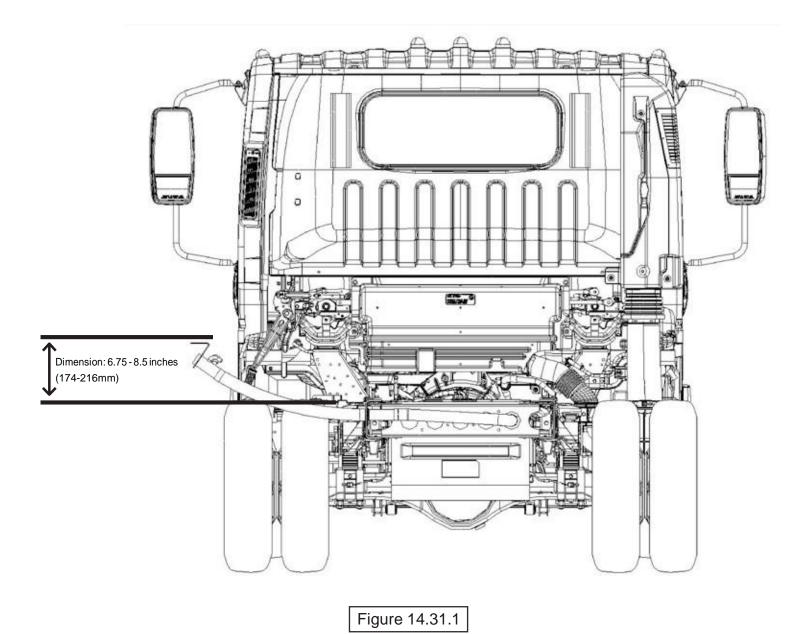
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Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill



[₿] 14.31

Top View Fuel Fill

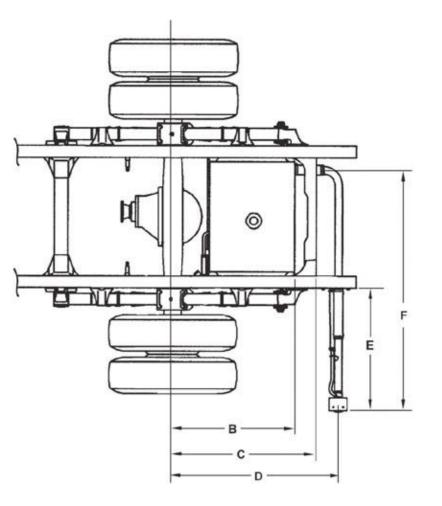


Figure 14.32.1

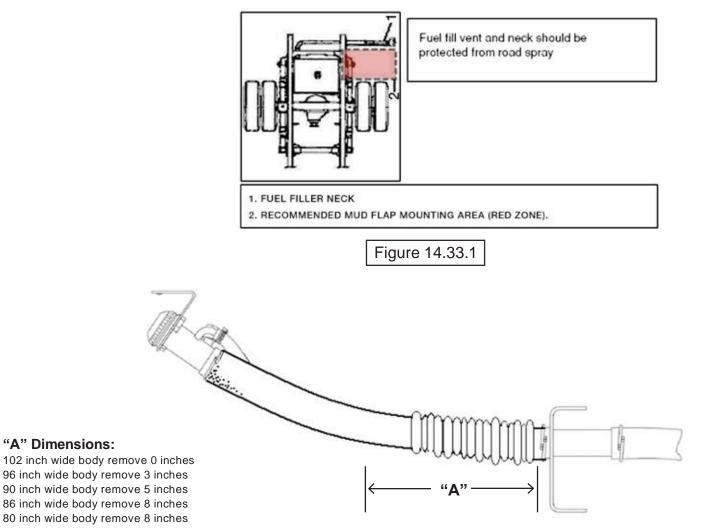
Dimensions:

B = 29.75 inches (756 mm) C = 34.00 inches (863 mm) D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514mm)



Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 14.33.2

"A" Dimensions:



Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door, the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 14.34.1

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole

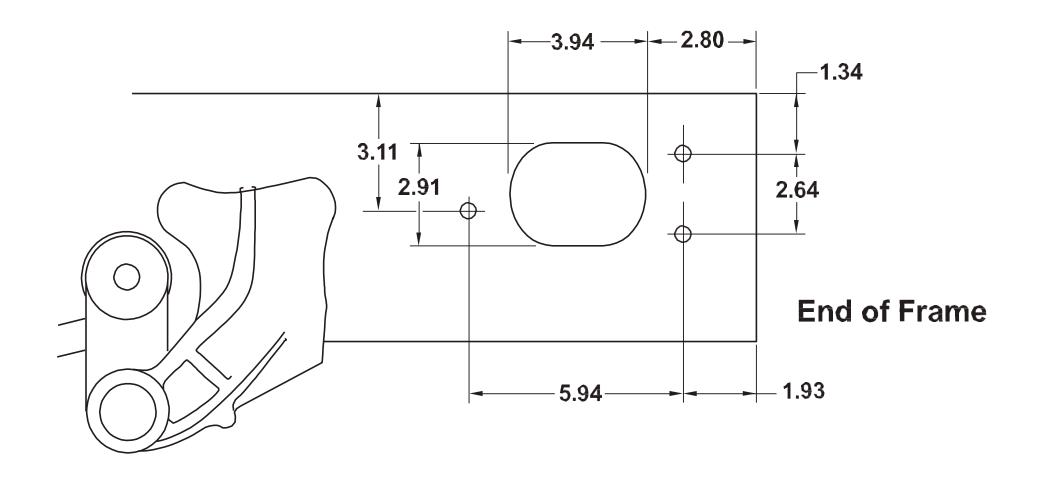
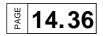


Figure 14.35.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

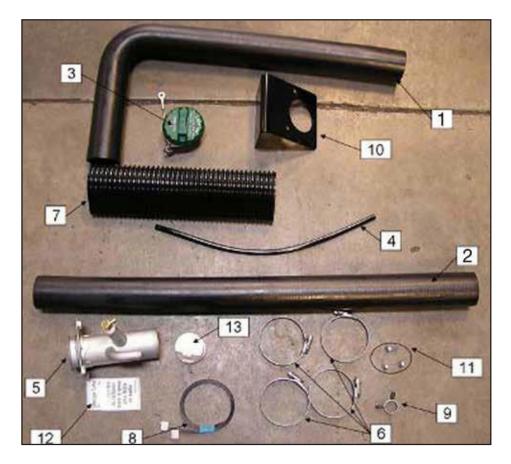
∛ 14.35



LCF-Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

PARTS KIT: Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD. Parts list is shown in *Figure 14.36.2*. Parts photos are shown in *Figure 14.36.1*.



	FUEL FILLER KIT		
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1
2	HOSE: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1
3	CAP: FILLER	See Dealer	1
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	See Dealer	1
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1
6	CLIP: JOINT	See Dealer	4
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	See Dealer	1
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	See Dealer	2
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	See Dealer	1
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	3
12	CAUTION PLATE	See Dealer	1
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	See Dealer	1

Figure 14.36.2

Figure 14.36.1

Installation Instructions and Considerations:

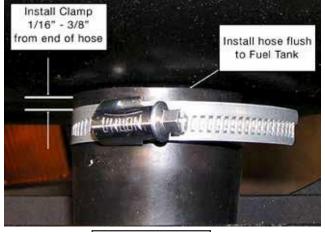
The fuel tank shutter valve (13) was a new component for 2011 model year. This component is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is on the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in *Figure 14.37.1.* This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in *Figures 14.37.2.*



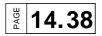
Figure 14.37.1



The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in *Figure 14.37.3* below.

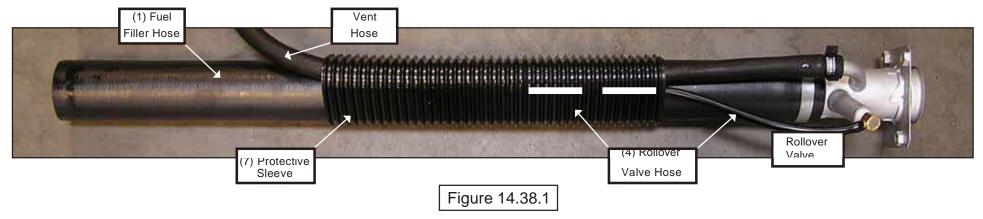






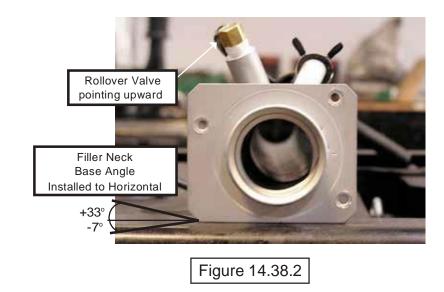
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in **FIGURE 14.38.1**.



Filler Neck Installation:

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See **FIGURE 14.38.2**. for the proper orientation.





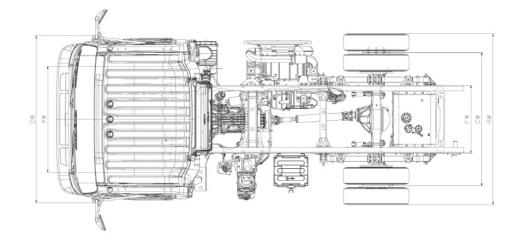
5500XD Diesel Specification

Model	5500XD									
GVWR	19,500 lbs.									
WB	109 in., 132.5 in., 150 in., 176 in., 200 in., 212 in									
Engine	Isuzu 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, turbocharged, intercooled, direct injection diesel.									
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC/317 CID (5.19 liters)									
HP (Gross)	215 HP/2500 RPM w auto transmission									
Torque (Gross)	452 lb ft torque/1850 RPM w auto transmission									
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 564 square in. radiator; 7 blade 20.1in diameter fan with viscous drive.									
	Cold weather starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check switch and light. Engine warning system with audible									
	warning for low oil pressure, high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function.									
	Rear engine cover.									
Transmission	Aisin A465 6 speed automatic transmission with fifth and sixth gear overdrive with lock up in 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, PTO									
	capability.									
Steering	Integral power steering 18.8-20.9:1 ratio. Tilt and telescoping steering column.									
Front Axle	Reverse Elliot "I" -Beam rated at 7,275 lbs.									
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers.									
GAWR	7,275 lbs.									
Rear Axle	Full floating single speed with hypoid gearing rated at 14,550 lbs.									
Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs and shock absorbers.									
GAWR	13,660 lbs.									
Wheels	19.5x6.0-K 6 hole disc wheels, painted white.									
Tires	225/70R-19.5E (12 pr) LRR (Low Rolling Resistance) tubeless steel belted radials, all season tread front and rear.									
Brakes	Dual circuit power assisted hydraulic service brakes with EBD (Electronic Brake Distribution) system for load									
	proportioning of the brake system front disc and self-adjust outboard mounted drum rear. The parking									
	brake is mechanical, cable actuated, internal expanding drum type, transmission mounted. The exhaust									
	brake is standard and is vacum operated. 4 channell anti-lock brake system.									
Fuel Tank	30 gal. rectangular steel fuel tank mounted in frame rail behind rear axle. Fuel water separator with dash mounted indicator light.									
Frame	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail 33.5 in wide through the total length of the frame. Yield strength 44,000 psi,									
	section modulus 7.20 in ³ . RBM 316,800.									
Cab	All steel low cab forward, BBC 70.9 in, 45° mechanical tilt with torsion assist.									
	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back driver's seat with two occupant passenger seat.									
Equipment	Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column.									
	Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass, AM/FM CD stereo radio.									
Electrical	12 Volt, negative ground, dual Delco maintenance free batteries, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.									
Options	See last page for options.									

NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.

₹ 15.2

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings



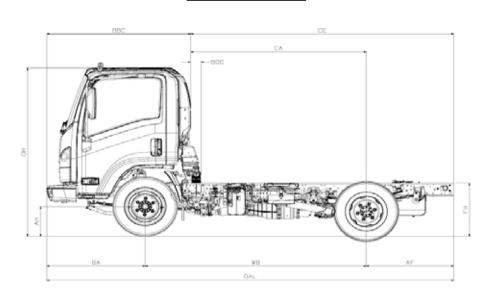


Figure 15.2.2

Figure 15.2.1

In-Frame	Tank	
10 500 lb	GVWP	Automatic Transmission Model

19,300 ID. GVI	19,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model											
Chassis Curb	and Maxi	mum Paylo	ad Wei	ights								
Eng. Mode	RPO	WB	Unit	Front	Rear	Total	Payload					
T61003	EB4	109.0 in	lb.	4145	2480	6625	12875					
T62003	FNJ	132.5 in	lb.	4237	2484	6721	12779					
T63003	FWH	150.0 in	lb.	4299	2466	6765	12735					
T64003	FNR	176.0 in	lb.	4361	2463	6824	12676					
T65003	EMZ	200.0 in	lb.	4524	2662	7186	12314					
T66003	EL5	212.0 in	lb.	4534	2672	7206	12294					

Side Mounted Tank

19,500 lb. GVWR Automatic Transmission Model

Chassis Curb and Maximum Payload Weights

Model	WB	Unit	Front	Rear	Total F	ayload
NU4	176.0 in	lb.	4496	2340	6836	12664

Vertical Exhaust Option Dimensions:

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

Unit	WB	EFF CA*	EFF CE*	OAL	AF
Inch	109.0	62.5	105.6	200.5	43.1
Inch	132.5	86.0	153.1	224.0	43.1
Inch	150.0	103.5	146.6	241.5	43.1
Inch	176.0	129.5	172.6	267.5	43.1

* Effective CA & CE listed are standard CA or CE less vertical exhaust BOC of 24 inches.

Vertical Exhaust BOC = 24 inches

Variable Chassis Dimensions:

			05*	~ ~ ~		Dimens	sionConst	tants:		
Unit	WB	CA*	CE*	OAL	AF	Code	Inches	Code	Inches	
Inch	109.0	86.5	129.6	200.5	43.1	AH	7.5	BW	83.3	
Inch	132.5	110.0	153.1	224 0	43.1					
						AW	65.6	CW	65	
Inch	150.0	127.5	170.6	241.5	43.1	BA	48.3	FW	33.5	
Inch	176.0	153.5	196.6	267.5	43.1					
					-	BBC	70.7	ОН	92.4	
Inch	200.0	177.5	220.6	291.5	43.1	BOC	77	OW	81.3	
Inch	212.0	189.5	232.6	303.5	43.1			011	01.0	
	-				-	FH	33.0			
Ellec	ctive CA d	x u⊏ are (CA or CE	less BUC	•					



Truck Weight Limits

Truck Weight Limits:

GVWR Designed Maximum 19,500 lbs.

GAWR, Front 7,275 lbs.

GAWR, Rear 13,660 lbs.

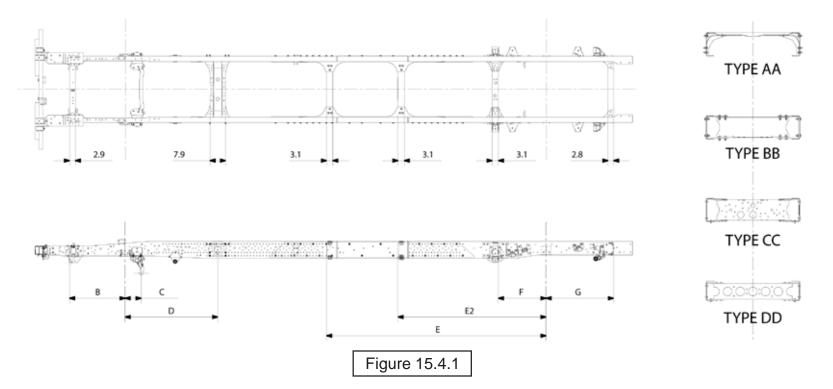
Technical Notes:

Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel, but no driver or payload.

Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR

	Weights for Options	
RPO (1)	Option Description	Front / Rear Lbs.
NPV	Cross rail horizontal DPF/SCR with vertical exhaust (8)	100 / 100
9D2	Speed Limited to 58 MPH	0/0
9C2	Speed Limited to 65 MPH	0/0
9E2	Speed Limited to 68 MPH	0/0
AIG	Keyless entry	3/0
9B9	Speed Limited to 70 MPH	0/0
15K	Suspension seat	18/0
K05	Block Heater (cord)	1/0
KPG	Locking DEF tank cap	0/0
UIZ	AM/FM/CD Radio with Ax input/USB port and Bluetooth	0/0
KQN	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 5 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0
DB6	Heated dual remote control mirrors (15" head)	3/0
IF4	Air Deflector roof mounted (not available in Crew Cab)	64 / 0
MTE	Fire Extinguisher and Triangle Kit mounted in rear organizer	19/0
KPK	Engine Oil Pan Heater (120v 300w)	2/0
KPJ	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP (4)	0/0
NLX	33 Gallon Additional Diesel Fuel Tank mounted on LH side 150, 176 wb, std. cab	(7)
PTO	PTO Enable Switch and Engine Idle Up Switch recommended for PTO and Idle applications only (2)	1/0
DB8	Heated Mirrors	1/0
TBD	Mirror Bracket for 102" wide body	1/0
9W8	Seat Covers Standard Cab (9)	6/0
IX2	Rear Body Dome Lamp Switch (6)	1/0
UL5	Delete Standard AM/FM/CD Radio	3/0
KQJ	Engine Idle Shutdown (Timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0/0
UZF	Back up alarm	0/2
V22	Chrome Grille	1/0

Frame and Crossmember Specifications



Wheelbase	Frame						Crossmemb	er Type/Lo	cation				
	Thickness		С	[D		E	E	2	F		G	
109	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	-		-		CC	24.2	DD	33.8
132.5	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	57.5		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
150	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	57.9		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
176	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	74.4		-	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
200	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	98.4	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8
212	0.24	28.3	7.9	AA	46.5	BB	110.4	BB	74.4	CC	24.2	DD	33.8

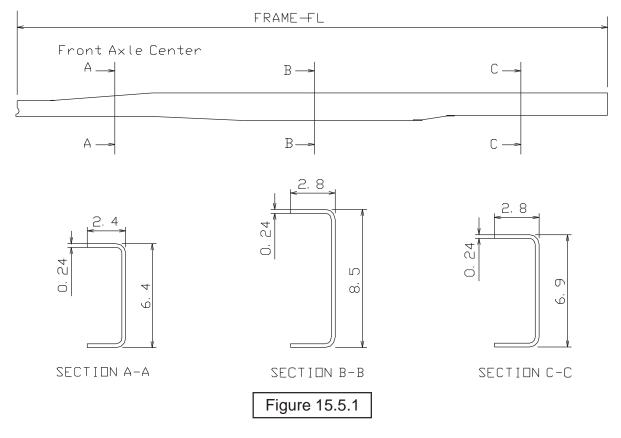
Figure 15.4.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 15.4



Frame Chart



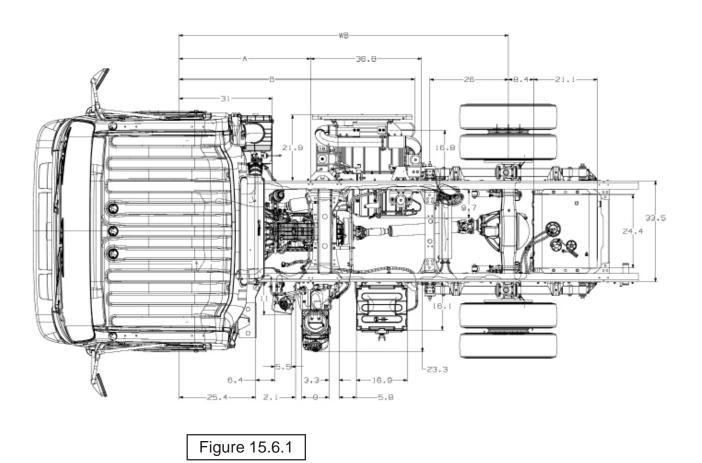
Wheelbase	Frame FL	Frame Thickness
109.0	182.5	0.24
132.5	206.1	0.24
150.0	223.8	0.24
176.0	249.8	0.24
200.0	273.8	0.24
212.0	285.8	0.24

Figure	15.5.2

^{BVE} **15.6**

5500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Top View

WB	А	В
109	43.4	78.0
132.5	49.7	84.3
150	43.4	78.0
176	43.4	78.0
200	43.4	78.0
212	43.4	78.0



5500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Left Side View

WB	A
109	80.7
132.5	87.0
150	80.7
176	80.7
200	80.7
212	80.7

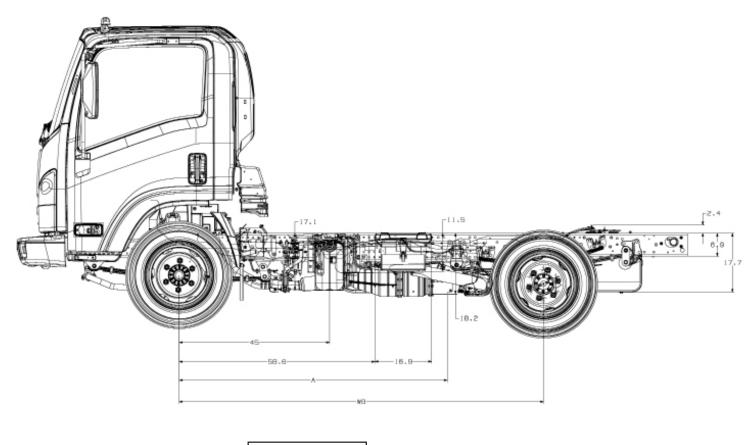
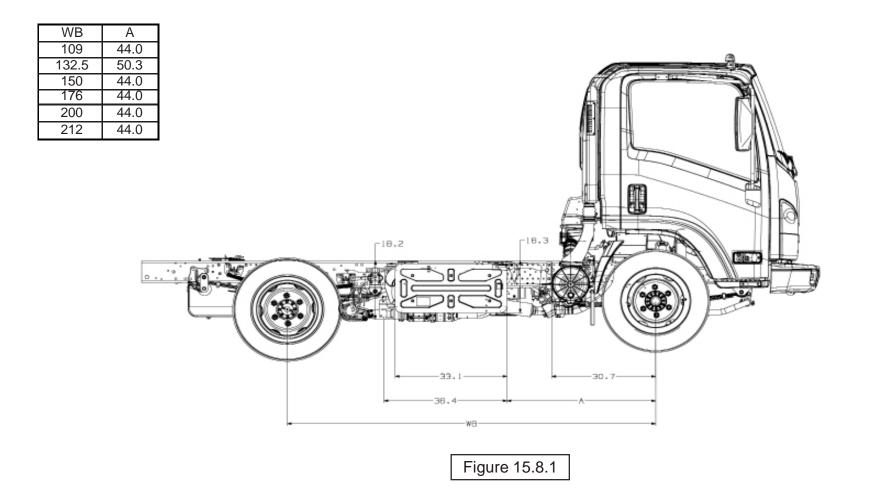


Figure 15.7.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 15.7

5500XD Diesel Standard Cab - Right Side View



Note: Dimensions in inches

[₩] 15.8



SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC

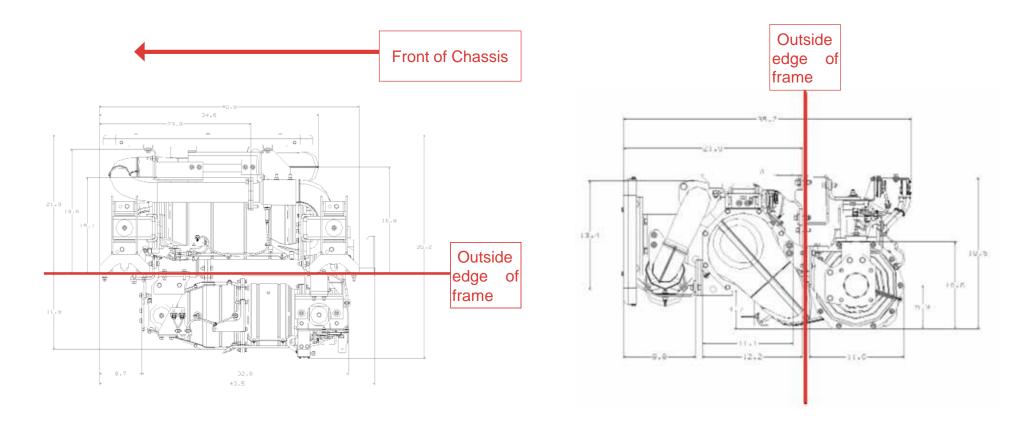
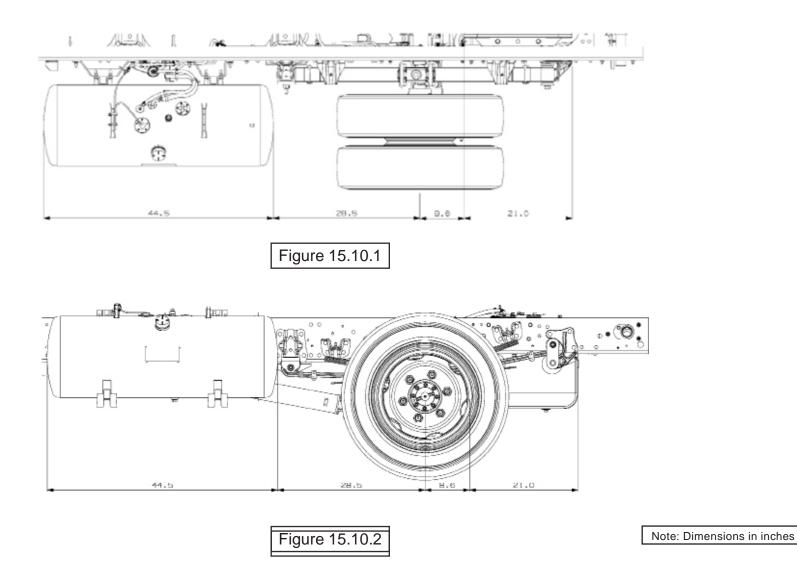


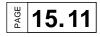
Figure 15.9.1

Figure 15.9.2

Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

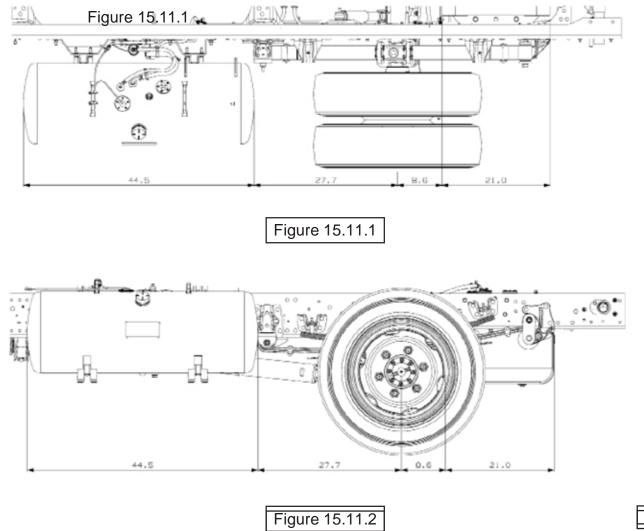
Side View 150 Wheelbase

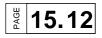




Option Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank RPO NLX

Side View 176 Wheelbase





Option Side Fuel Tank in place of the Standard In Rail Fuel Tank on RPO NL7

Side View 176 Wheelbase

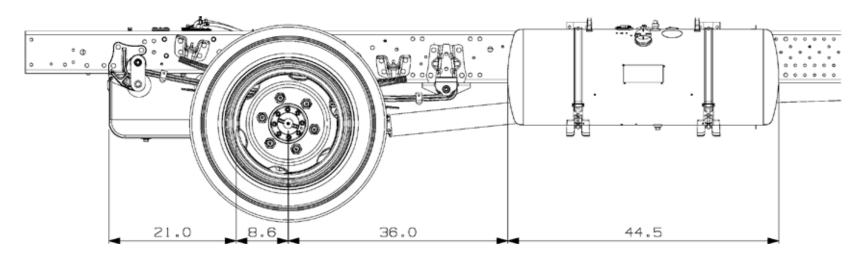
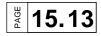


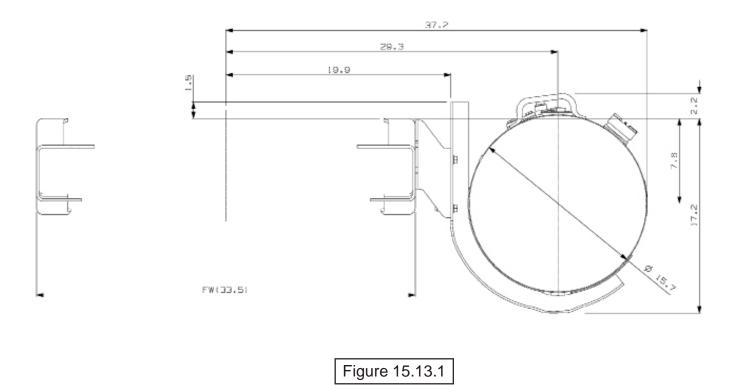
Figure 15.12.1

Note: Dimensions in inches



Optional Side Fuel Tank in addition to the Standard In Rail Fuel tank RPO NLX (150 and 176 wb LH rail only).

Optional Side Fuel Tank replacing standard In Rail Fuel tank RPO NL7 (176 wb only RH rail only)



Note: Dimensions in inches

<u>Cab Tilt</u>

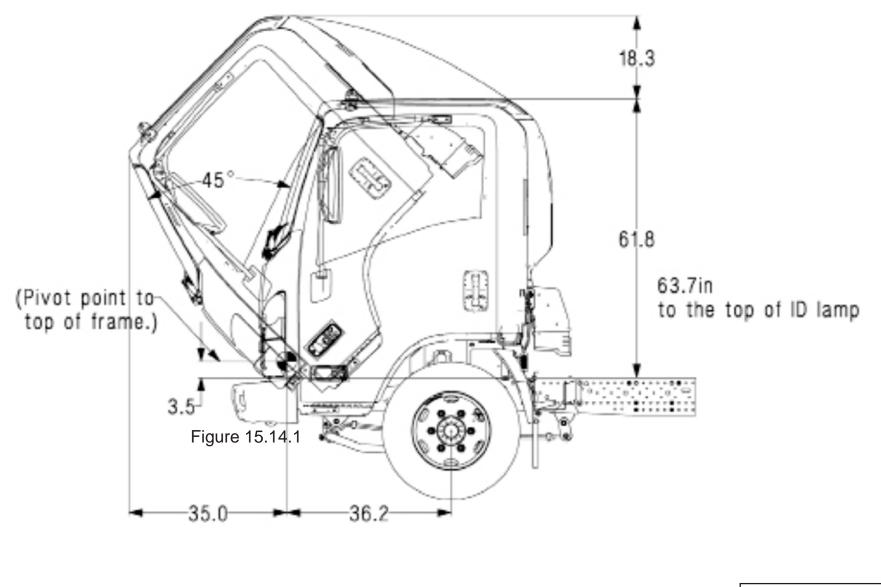


Figure 15.14.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

^{Be d} 15.14

Turning Diameters

TURNING DIAMETERS

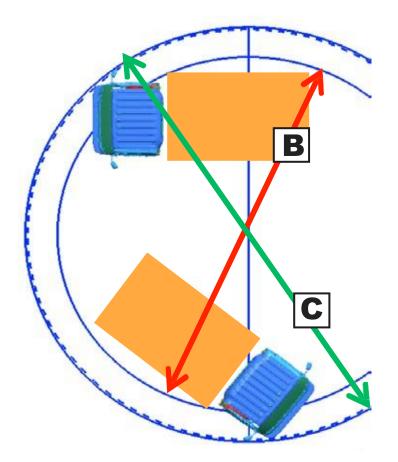
The LCF Series Diesel steering also features a 46.50 inside wheel cut angle. This, coupled with the integral power steering, makes the LCF Series Diesel an extremely maneuverable truck.

B=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER CURB TO CURB

C=MINIMUM TURNING DIAMETER WALL TO WALL

Turning Diameters (design value)

WB	В	С
	curb to curb	(ft. wall to wall (ft.)
109.0	32.8	38.7
132.0	40.0	44.9
150.0	45.3	50.2
176.0	52.5	58.1
200.0	61.0	67.2
212.0	66.0	73.0



[№] 15.15

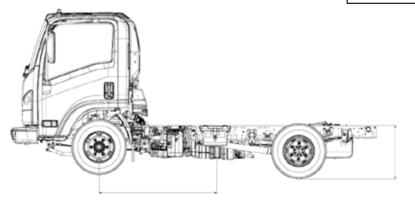
Center of Gravity

Horiz	ontal and Vertical	CG of Chassis	
		Н	Н
WB	V	in frame	side
		tank	tank
110	23.4	38	N/A
132.5	23.3	44.6	N/A
150	23.4	49.5	N/A
176	23.4	61.4	56.7
200	23.4	73.3	N/A
212	23.2	85.2	N/A

Center of Gravity

The center of gravity of the chassis cab.

Figure 15.16.1



The maximum vertical center of gravity specified be- low must not be exceeded at maximum GVWR and rated front and rear GAWR. The Center of Gravity (CG) maximum is 63" (1600 mm) above the ground.(LCF Cab Chassis and LCF Stripped Chassis).

Figure 15.16.2

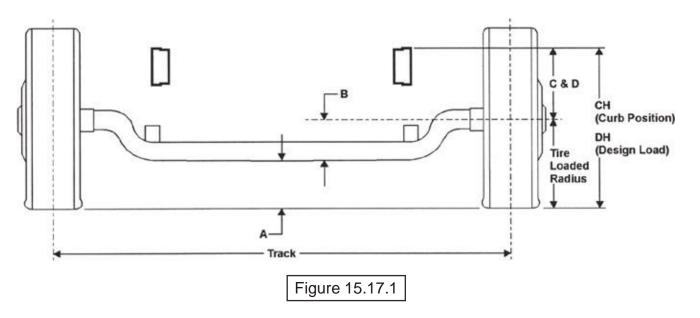
NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet LCF Incomplete Vehicle Document and the GM Body Builders Guide.

The maximum dimensions for a body installed on the N Series chassis are 102 inches wide (outside*) by 91 inches high (inside). Any larger body applications must be approved by GM Upfitters Engineering. Contact us on gmupfitter.com.

* With 102 inches wide mirror brackets installed in place of standard mirror brackets

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Front Axle Chart



Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

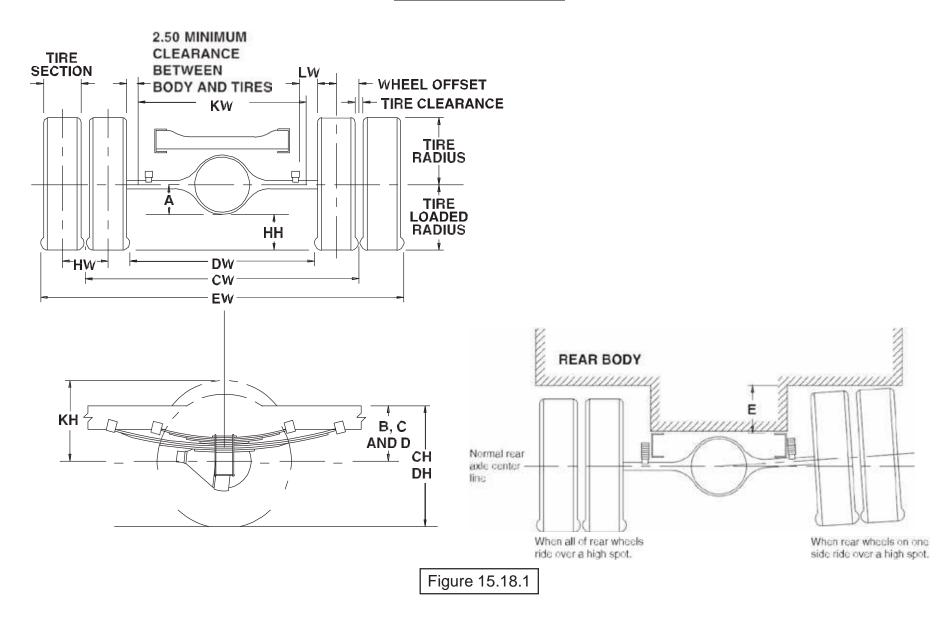
- A = Tire Loaded Radius B
- C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position
- D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load
- CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius
- DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

Tire	GVWR	GAWR	Α	В	С	D	СН	DH	Track	Tire F	ladius
										Unload	Load
225/70R 19.5F	19,500 lbs.	7,275 lbs.	8.3	6.6	12.3	11.5	28.3	26.4	65.5	16	14.91

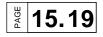
Figure 15.17.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

Rear Axle Chart



^{Byde} **15.18**



Definitions

	Definiti	ons	
			Rear Frame Height:
A	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.	DH	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the ground-line
			through the centerline of the rear axle at design load.
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.	DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.	EW	Maximum Rear Width:
			Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surface of the rear tires.
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.		Rear Tire Clearance:
		ΗH	Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.
	Rear Tire Clearance:		Dual Tire Spacing:
	Minimum clearance required for tires and chain measured from the	ΗW	Distance between the centerlines of the tires in a set of dual tires.
Е	top of the frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear	KW	Tire Bounce Clearance:
	wheels on one side ride over a high spot.		Minimum distance required for tire bounce as measured from the centerline of the
			rear axle and the top of the rear tire when one wheel rides over a high spot.
	Rear Frame Height:		Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle:
СН	Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and the	CW	Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels measured at the ground-line.
	ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb position.		
	Tire Section, Tire Radius, Tire Loaded Radius, Tire Clearance		See Tire Chart for values.
L			

Figure 15.19.1

	Formulas for Calculati	ng R	ear Width and Height Dimensions
CW	/ = Track	HH	= Tire loaded radius – A
СН	= Tire loaded radius + C	JH	= KH – B
DH	= Tire loaded radius + D	KH	= Tire radius + 3.00 inches
DW	I = Track + 2 tire sections – tire clearance	KW	= DW - 5.00 inches
ΕW	<pre>/ = Track + 2 tire sections + tire clearance</pre>	LW	= 1.00-inch minimum clearance between tires and springs

NOTE: Track and overall width may vary with optional equipment.

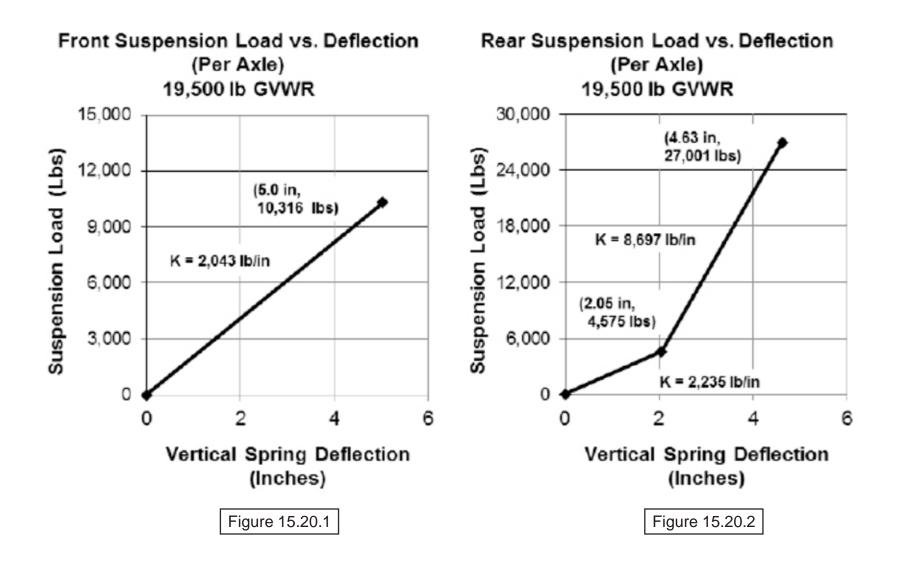
Figure 15.19.2

Tire	GAWR	Track CW	Α	В	С	D	E
225/70R 19.5F	13,660 lbs.	65.0	7.7	9.3	15.6	13.4	8.4

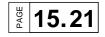
Figure 15.19.2

Note: Dimensions in inches

5500XD Suspension Deflection Charts



₹ 15.20



Tire and Disc Wheel Chart

				Id Inflation Pre			Maximum Tir	re Load Limi	· · ·			
Tire Size		Single			Dual		Front		Rear	G	GVWR (Lbs.)	
		Lbs.	PSI	Lt		PSI	2 Single		4 Dual			
225/70R 19.	5F	3,640	95	3,4	415	95	7,280		13,660		19,500	
					Fig	ure 15.21.1						
				Tire Ra								
Tire Size	GVV	VR (Lbs.)	Load			nloaded	Tire Sectio	n	Tire Clearance		Design Rim	
			Front	Rear	Front	Rear	Width				Width	
225/70R 19.	5F	19,500	14.91	14.96	16.00	16.00	8.7		1.3		6.0	
					Fig	ure 15.21.2						
isc Wheel		-						Ι				
Wheel Size	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Dia.	Ft./Rr. N Size		Stud ize*	Nut/Stud Torque Specs.	Inner Circle	Outside Offset	Disc Thickeness	Rim Type	Material Mfg	
		Dia.	1.61		8268	opecs.		011301	Thekeness			
19.5 x 6.00 K	6 JIS	8.75	(41 m BUD I	nm) (21	mm) UARE	325 ftlb. (440 N•m)	6.46	5.0	0.35	15º DC	Steel TOPY	
D.D. Wrench Size	es					45.04.0						
					Fig	ure 15.21.3						
			SECTI WIDT	N -	E CLEARANCE	E						
			S	26	\geq			Ą				
			_		FFSET - REFE			JFFSET-				
			G	of DISC WHEEL	HEEL SHOWN	AT HIGHT	ભ					

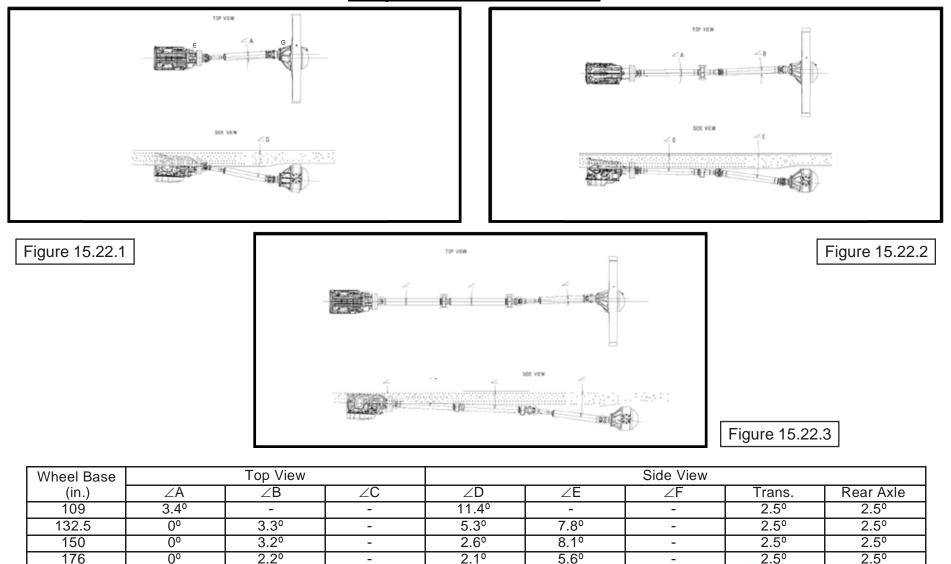
Tire

Revision: 05/04/21

Note: Dimensions in inches



Propeller Shaft 5500XD



Note: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2.20

2.20

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard fuel but no driver, body, or payload.

2.10

2.10

0.00

0.0°

5.6°

5.6°

2.5°

2.5°

200

212

00

00

00

00

2.5°

2.5°



Automatic Transmission

Trans. Type		6 Autor	natic. Transmission			
Wheelbase	109	132.5	150	176	200	212
No. of Shafts	1	2	2	2	2	2
Shaft #1 O.D.	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	37.00	22.91	40.24	49.69	49.69	49.69
Туре	A	В	В	В	В	В
Shaft #2 O.D.	N/A	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54
Thickness	N/A	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
Length	N/A	36.13	36.50	52.90	24.00	36.00
Туре	N/A	С	С	С	В	В
Shaft #3 O.D.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.54	3.54
Thickness	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.126	0.126
Length	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	52.90	52.90
Туре	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	С	С

Figure 15.23.1

Туре	Description	Illustration
Туре А	1st shaft in 1-piece driveline	
Туре В	1st shaft in 2-piece driveline	
Туре С	2nd shaft in 2-piece driveline	

2021 Chevrolet LCF

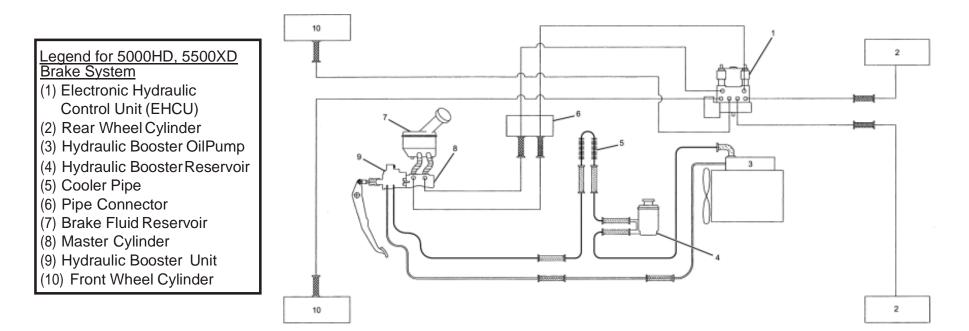
Note: Dimensions in inches

Revision: 05/04/21



Brake System Diagram, Hydraulic Brake Booster

Please refer to Introduction Section of book for antilock system cautions and wheelbase modification requirements.



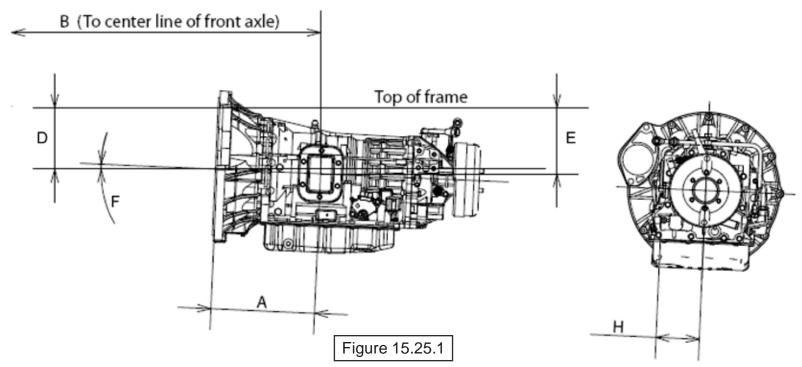
[3333333333]	[111111]		[<u>500000000</u>]	<u></u>	
BRAKE HOSE HIGH PRESSURE	BRAKE HOSE LOW PRESSURE	BRAKE PIPE	HYDRAULIC HOSE (SUPPLY)	HYDRAULIC HOSE (RETURN/SUCTION)	 HYDRAULIC PIPE (RETURN/SUCTION)

Figure 15.24.1



PTO Location, Drive Gear and Opening Information

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION



Trans.	Opening	Bolt	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	н	PTO Drive Gear	Ratio of PTO Drv.	No. of	Pitch	Helix	Max. Output Torque
	Location	Pattern								Location	Gear Spd. to Eng. Spd.	Teeth		Angle	
Aisin (1)	Left	(Dr 2)	12.35	36.89	0	7.85	7.31	2.5°	5.16	PTO Gear	1:1 with turbine	69	N/A	00	134 lbsft. @ 1,700 RPM

Figure 15.25.2

Note: Dimensions in inches



Opening Diagram

Aisin A460 Automatic Torque Converter Lock Up Function.

In either the Stationary Preset PTO Mode or Stationary Variable PTO Mode, when engine rpm exceeds 1200 RPM, the torque converter will lock up. The engine rpm can not be modified and the lockup function cannot be turned off. Please not that with PTO applications that operate around 1200 RPM, the transmission software holds the torque converter in lockup until engine speed falls below 1100 RPM

The lock up function will cancel if the transmission shift lever is moved from the park or neutral positions which will remove the trasmission from the stationary mode.

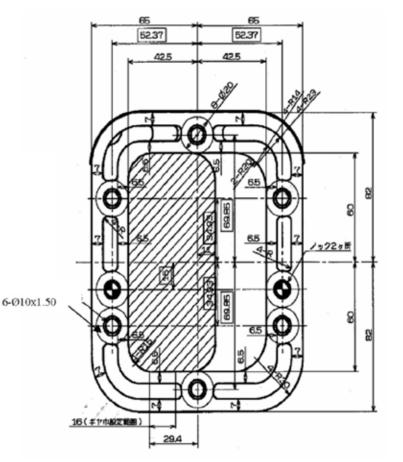


Figure 15.26.1

Additional PTO Functions

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be inhibited (Example Airport Ground Support vehicles).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO stationary mode (Example Lawn care and carpet cleaning).

For certain applications the Automatic regeneration function can be enabled in the PTO mobile mode (Example Line painting).

Please refer to the PTO section of the BBG (section 17) for further details.

₫ 15.27

Diesel Fuel Fill

Installation Instructions

- 1. Disconnect battery.
- 2. Loosen hose from the tie downs. Remove caps from plate on rail.
- 3. Install hoses onto the plate.
- 4. Extend hose out from the driver side of the rail to body rail.
- 5. The filler neck must be mounted to allow the fill plate bracket to be parallel to the frame horizontal.
- 6. Cover with protector wrap and secure with tie wraps.
- 7. Filler hose is set for 102 inches outside width body.
- 8. Filler neck (dimension A) must be between 6.85 inches and 8.5 inches above frame.
- 9. Secure the filler plate to the bottom of the body and check for leaks.
- 10. Ensure that fill hose does not sag, creating an area where the fuel could pool in the fill hose.
- 11. Reconnect battery.

Rear View Fuel Fill

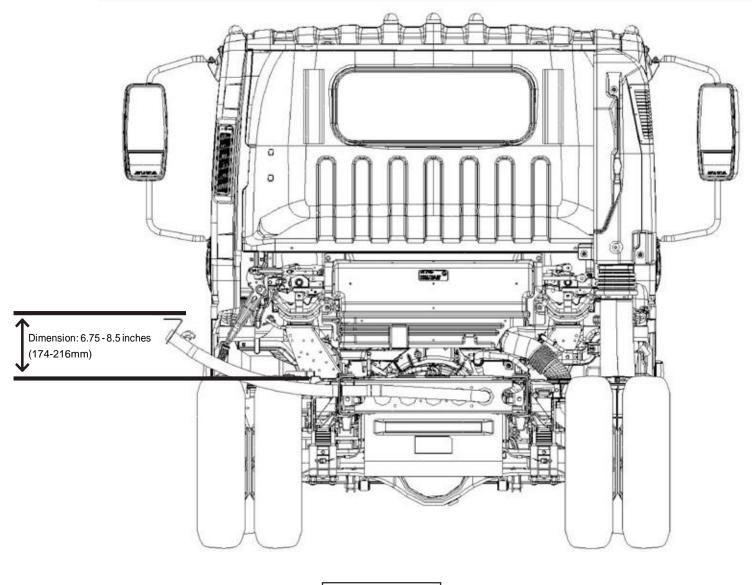


Figure 15.28.1



Top View Fuel Fill

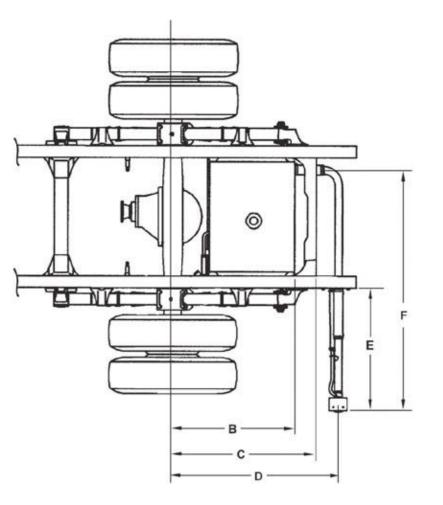


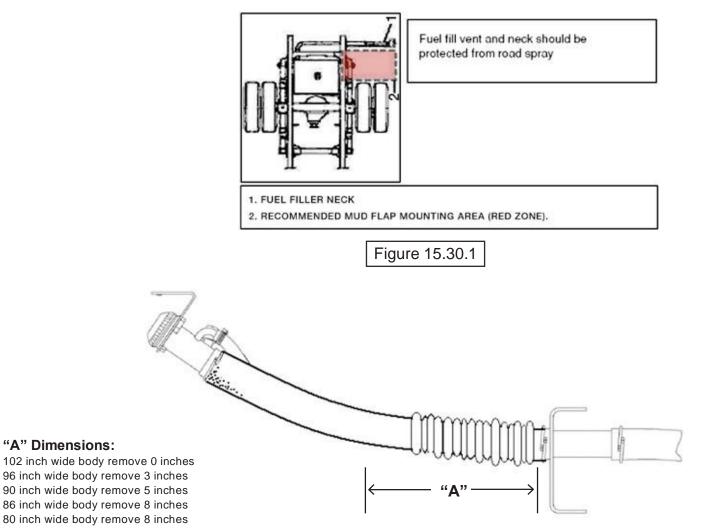
Figure 15.29.1

Dimensions:

B = 29.75 inches (756 mm) C = 34.00 inches (863 mm) D = 39.29 inches (998 mm) E = 33.86 inches (860 mm)

F = 59.60 inches (1,514mm)

Hose Modification for Various Width Bodies and Fuel Fill Vent Protection



NOTE: Shorten hose by "A Dimension" based on chart at left.

Figure 15.30.2

"A" Dimensions:



Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel Label

Per EPA Title 40, Part 86, 86:007—35(c), The decal illustrated below must be installed on the vehicle. The decal is included in the fuel fill parts box.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DECAL PLACEMENT:

1. The decal must be placed as close as possible to the fuel inlet and be clearly visible.

2. The decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel cap to avoid corrosion by possible contact with fuel.

3. The decal may be placed on aerodynamic fairings, bodies, etc. as long as the decal is clearly visible and in close proximity to the fuel inlet.

4. For installed bodies that have a fuel door, the decal should be placed above or to the side of the fuel door.

Thoroughly clean the area of all grease, dirt, etc. before application of the decal. Apply the decal at room temperature, 65° to 75° F.

Figure 15.31.1

Through the Rail Fuel Fill Frame Hole

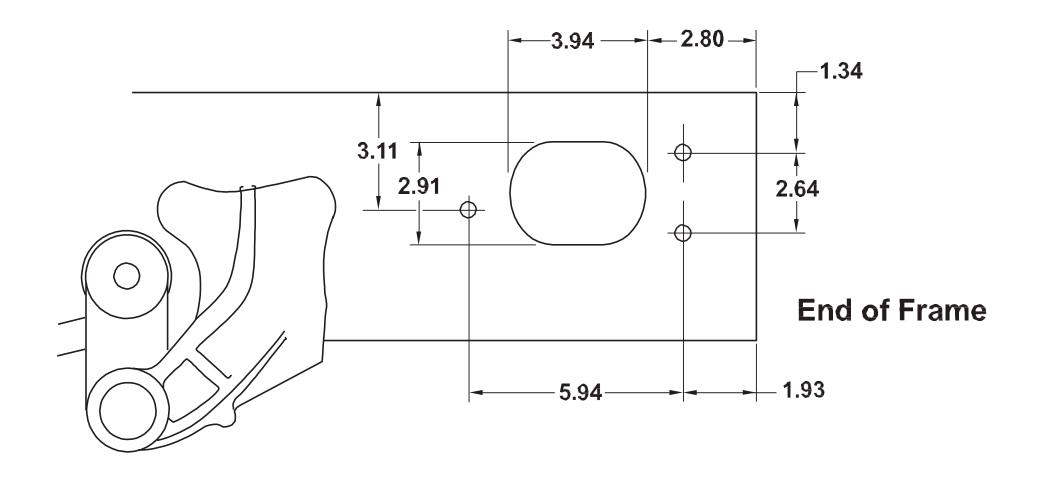


Figure 15.32.1

Note: Dimensions in inches

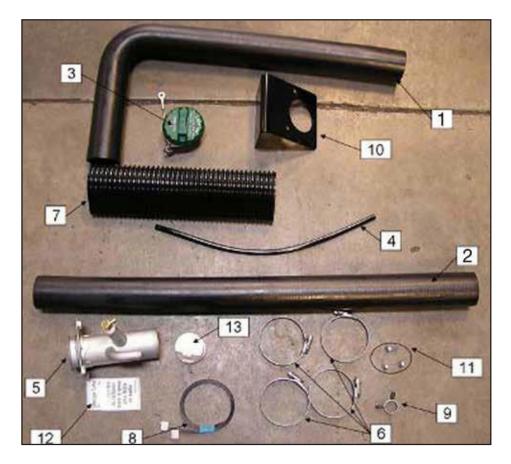
∛ 15.32



LCF-Diesel Fuel Filler Kit Instructions

Please review these instructions prior to installation of the fuel filler kit.

PARTS KIT: Fuel filler kit shown below is used for 14,500 lb and higher GVWR chassis 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD. Parts list is shown in **FIGURE 15.32.2.** Parts photos are shown in **FIGURE 15.32.1.**



	FUEL FILLER KIT		
ITEM #	PART NAME	PART #	QTY
1	HOSE: FUEL FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1
2	HOSE: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1
3	CAP: FILLER	See Dealer	1
4	HOSE: ROLL-OVER VALVE	See Dealer	1
5	NECK ASM: FUEL FILLER	See Dealer	1
6	CLIP: JOINT	See Dealer	4
7	PROTECTOR: FILLER HOSE	See Dealer	1
8	CLIP: BAND, HOSE FIXING	See Dealer	2
9	CLIP: RUBBER, HOSE	See Dealer	1
10	BRACKET: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	1
11	SCREW: FILLER NECK	See Dealer	3
12	CAUTION PLATE	See Dealer	1
13	SHUTTER: FUEL TANK	See Dealer	1

Figure 15.33.2

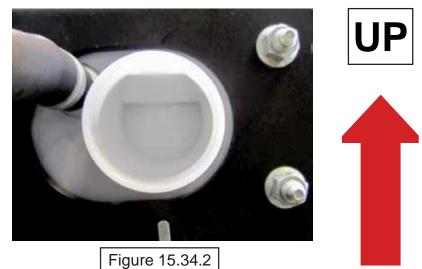
Figure 15.33.1

Installation Instructions and Considerations:

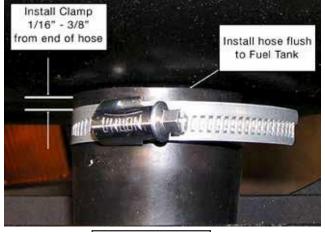
The fuel tank shutter valve (13) is meant to improve fuel splash-back performance of the fuel system. This valve (13) is relocated on the fuel tank inlet to the inlet (outboard side) of the fuel filler neck bulkhead assemble that is bolted to the left hand frame rail as shown in **FIGURE 15.34.1**. This plastic valve snaps into place in the inlet of the frame mounted fuel pipe. The valve should be installed so that the plastic clip is at the top of the valve, so that the flap door opens up, as shown in **FIGURE 15.34.2**.

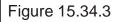


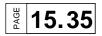
Figure 15.34.1



The fuel filler hose should be installed flush against the tank. The clamp should be installed between 1/16" and 3/8" from the tank. This is shown in FIGURE 15.34.3 below.

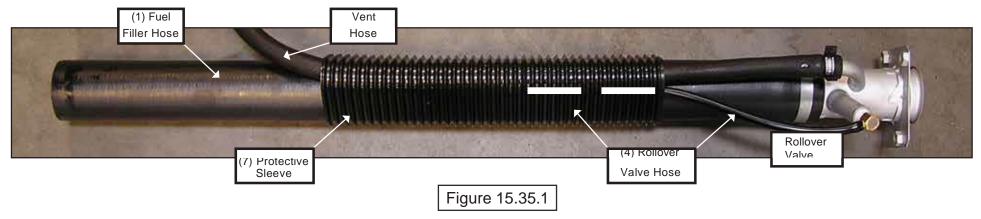






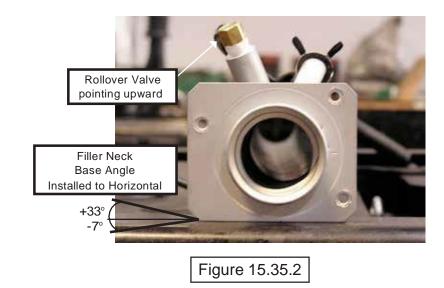
Roll-Over Valve Tubing

The roll-over valve has a hose attachment that will make this valve less sensitive to water intrusion. In order for the valve to work properly, it is critical that the hose be installed to the rollover valve. The proper assembly of the outer hose is shown in **FIGURE 15.35.1**.

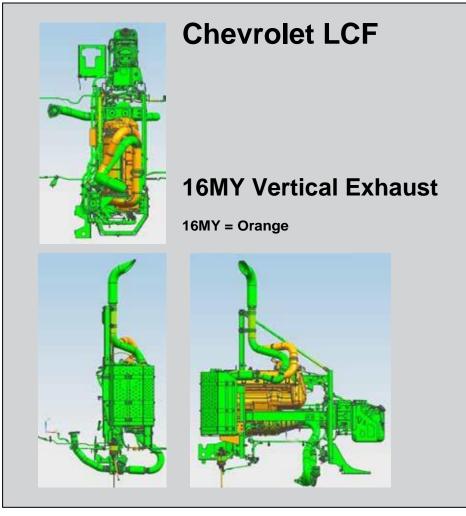


Filler Neck Installation:

The fuel filler neck (5) must be installed with the proper orientation on the body. The neck should be installed with the roll-over valve pointing upward, with the bottom edge of the neck oriented parallel to the ground, plus 33 to minus 7 degrees. See **FIGURE 15.35.2**. for the proper orientation.



Vertical Exhaust LCF Diesel Only



- Available on 4500HD, 4500XD, 5500HD, 5500XD
- Vertical exhaust is available on 109, 132.5, 150, 176, 200, and 212 inch wheelbases
- Option Code NPV
- Not available with 6.0L Gas Engine
- · Available as a port installed option only
- Available with Automatic transmission only
- Available with in rail fuel tank only
- · Available with single cab only

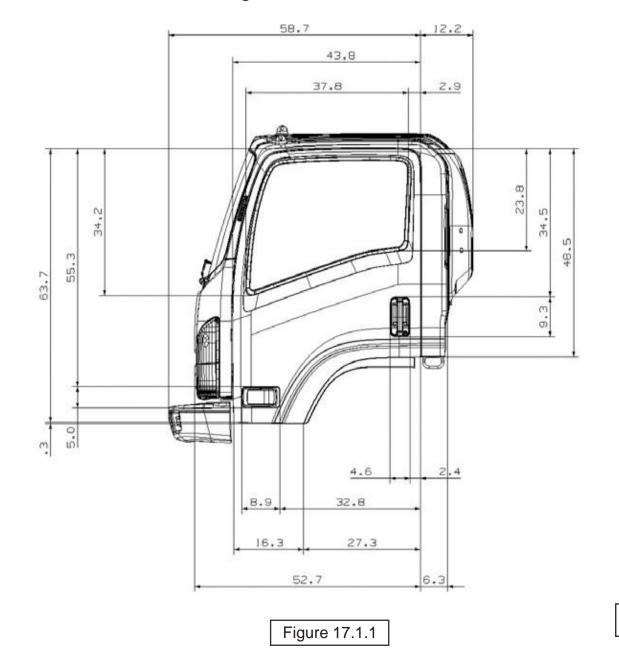
₹ 16.1

DRAWING TO COME

PAGE

16.2

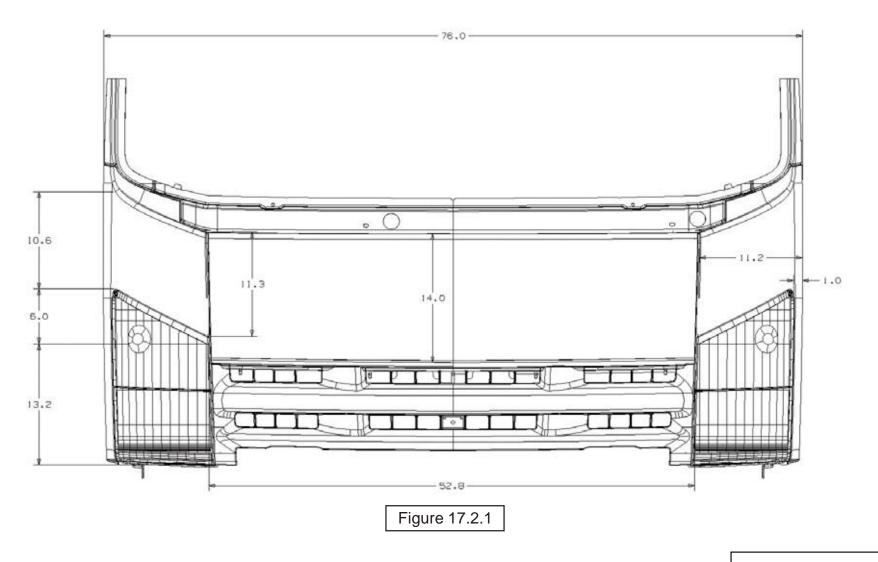
Single Cab – Side View



Dimensions in inches

^B **17.1**

Single Cab – Front View

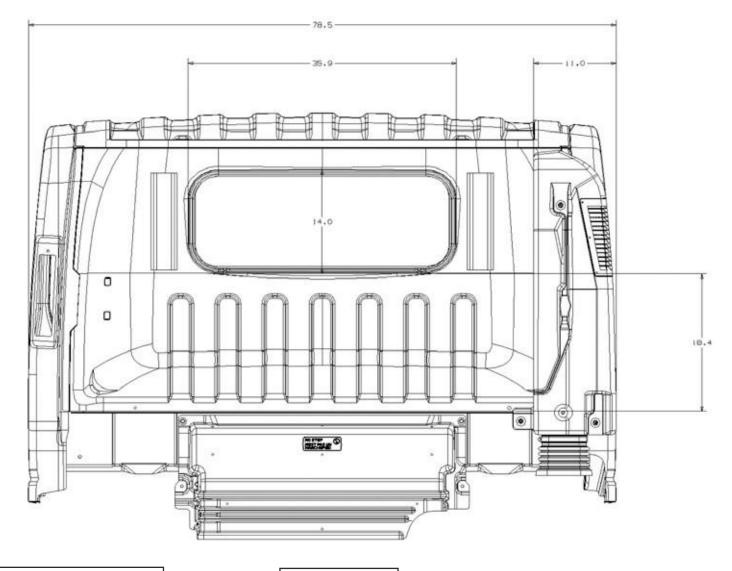


Dimensions in inches

[₩] 17.2

^B 17.3

Single Cab – Rear View



Note:

Top of window to top of roof 7.64 inches Top of window to cab top of roof lights 9.64 inches Figure 17.3.1

Crew Cab – Cab Side View

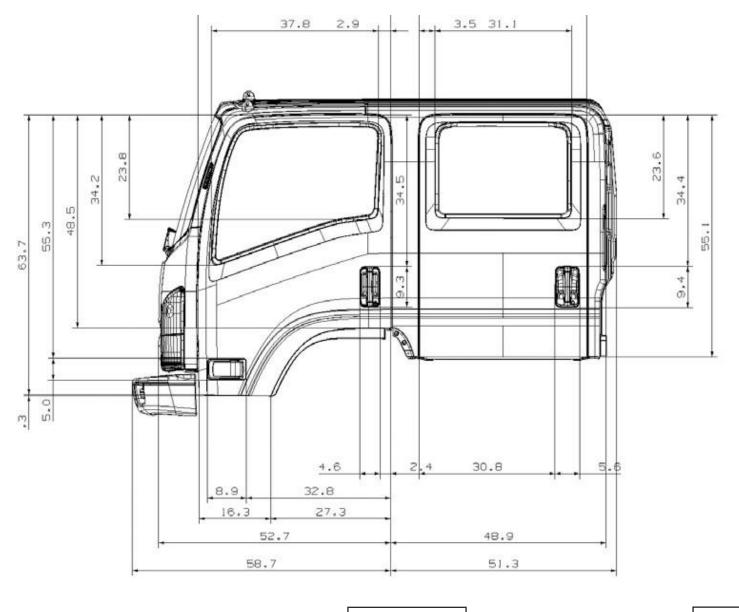


Figure 17.4.1

Dimensions in inches

^{Bed} **17.4**

^{Bed} 17.5

Crew Cab - Front View

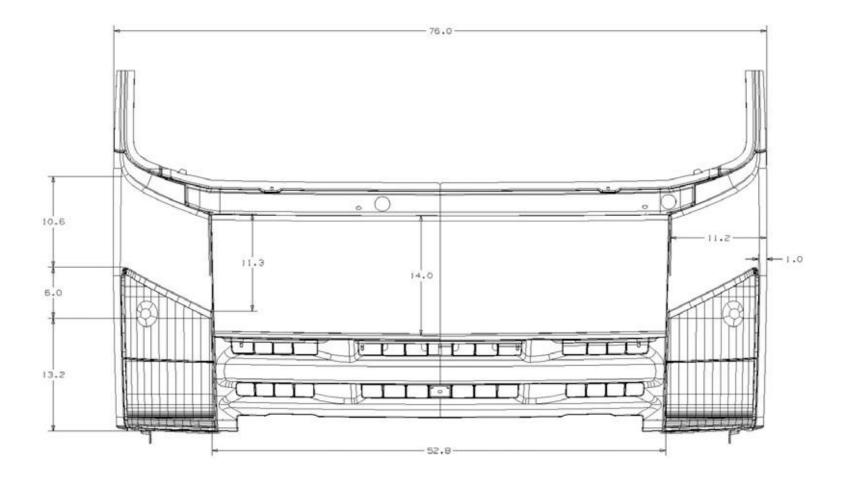


Figure 17.5.1

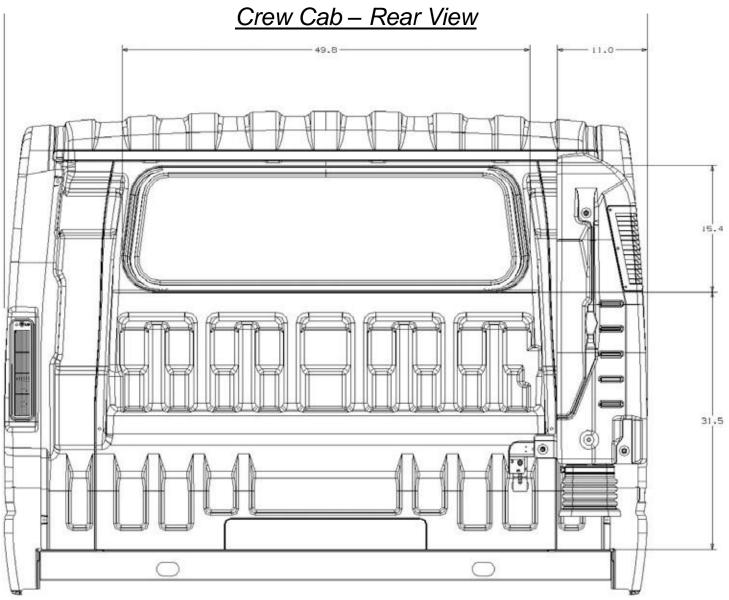
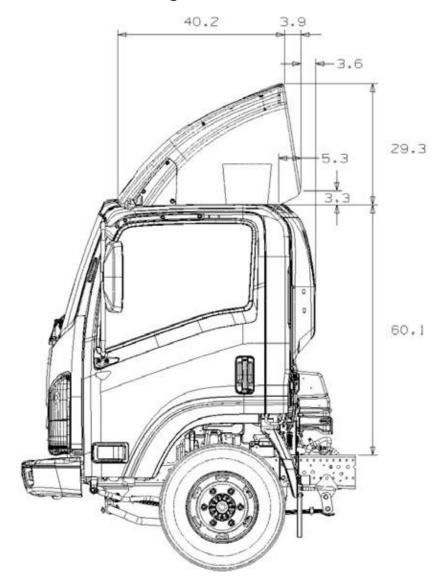


Figure 17.6.1

Single Cab - Front and Side View (Air Shield on Single Cab only)



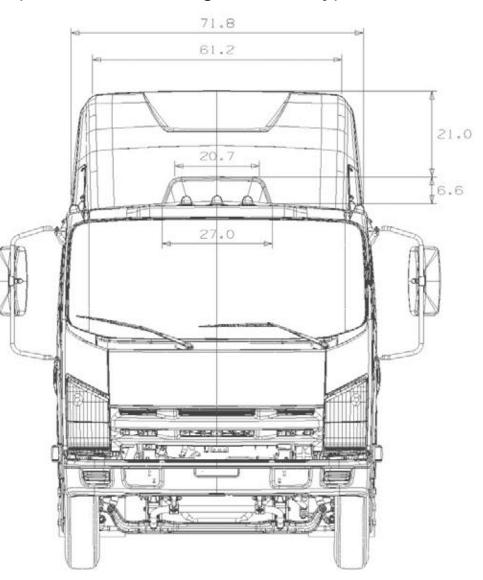


Figure 17.7.1

6500XD Diesel Specifications

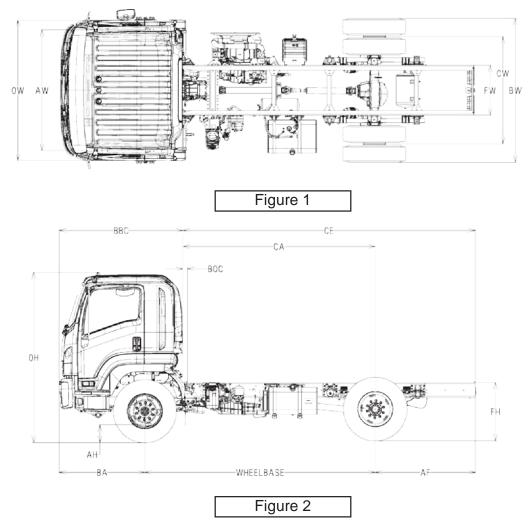
Model	6500XD					
GVWR/GCWR	25,950 lbs. / 30,000 lbs.					
WB	152 in., 170 in., 188 in., 200 in., 212 in., 224 in., 236 in., 248 in.					
Engine	Chevrolet 4-cylinder, in-line 4-cycle, Turbocharged, Intercooled, Direct injection diesel.					
Model/Displacement	4HK1-TC / 317 CID (5.2 liters)					
HP (Gross)	215 HP at 2500 RPM					
Torque (Gross)	520 ft-lb. torque at 1600 RPM with automatic transmission					
Equipment	Dry element air cleaner with vertical intake; 2 rows 679 in ² radiator; 9 blade 20.1in diameter fan with viscous drive. Cold weather starting device and an oil cooler. Engine oil level check switch and light. Engine warning system with audible warning for low oil pressure, high coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function, coolant temperature, and low coolant level. Engine cruise control function.					
Transmission	Allison 2550 RDS 6 speed automatic transmission. A single PTO opening on the left hand side of the transmission with a maximum torque value of 250 lb-ft.					
Steering	Integral power steering. Tilt and Telescoping steering column. Steering ratio of 22.4:1					
Front GAWR	11R22.5G tires - 12,000 lbs.; 255/70R22.5H tires - 11,000 lbs.					
Front Axle	Dana E-1254W reverse Elliot "I"-Beam type steer axle rated at 12,000 lbs.					
Front Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy tapered leaf springs with stabilizer bar and shock absorbers, rated at 12,000 lbs.					
Rear GAWR	19,000 lbs.					
Rear Axle	Dana S19-140 single-speed, 19,000 lbs. capacity drive axle.					
Rear Suspension	Semi-elliptical steel alloy multi-leaf springs rated at 21,000 lbs.					
	Air spring suspension with single leveling valve, dual shock absorbers, and an in cab dump/fill switch rated at 23,000 lbs.					
Wheels	22.5 x 8.25 inch 10 hole disc wheels					
Tires	Low rolling resistance tubeless steel belted radials, premium highway tread front tread and premium highway traction rear tread.					
Brakes	Dual circuit S-CAM drum air service brakes with 4 channel anti-lock brake system. An air operated exhaust brake, air controlled parking brake, heated air dryer, and automatic slack adjusters are standard.					
Fuel Tank	50 / 100 gal. (depending on chassis wheelbase) rectangular aluminum fuel tank mounted on left hand frame. Includes a fuel water separator with indicator light.					
Frame	Ladder type channel section straight frame rail, 33.5 in wide along the total length of the frame. Yield strength 80,000 psi; Section Modulus 12.69 cub. In, RBM 1,015,000 lb-in					
Cab	All steel low cab forward, BBC 81.5 in, 45 degree mechanical tilt with torsion assist.					
Cab Equipment	TRICOT breathable cloth covered high back air ride driver's seat with rigid passenger seat and center seat with fold down back. Dual cab mounted exterior mirrors with integral convex mirror. Tilt and telescoping steering column. Power windows and door locks, floor mats, tinted glass, AM/FM/CD stereo radio with Bluetooth. Rear body dome lamp switch.					
Electrical	12 Volt, negative ground, dual maintenance free batteries with threaded posts, 750 CCA each, 140 Amp alternator with integral regulator.					
Options	See page 6 for options					

NOTE: These selected specifications are subject to change without notice.

PAGE 18.2

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

Multi-Leaf Suspension



CHASSIS DIMENSIONS (in)							
MODEL	WB	CA[1]	CE[2]	AF	FL	OAL	
MT1	152	127	192.9	65.9	270.5	274.4	
MT2	170	145	220	75	297.6	301.5	
MT3	188	163	247	84.1	324.6	328.5	
MT4	200	175	264.9	90	342.5	346.4	
MT5	212	187	283.1	96.1	360.6	364.6	
MT6	224	199	301	102	378.5	382.5	
MT7	236	211	319.1	108.1	396.7	400.6	
MT8	248	223	337	114	414.6	418.5	
DIMENSION CONSTANTS (in)							
	81.1						
	56.5						
	81.5						
	3						
	96						
	72.2						
	33.5						
	93.5						
	255/70R22.5H						
	7.7						
	39.9						
	39.2						
	36.4						
OH = Overall height (without clearance lights) 112						110.2	

Notes:

[1] Effective CA is CA less BOC.

[2] Effective CE is CE less BOC.

[3] Measured at the end of the frame from the top of the frame to the ground at curb weight.

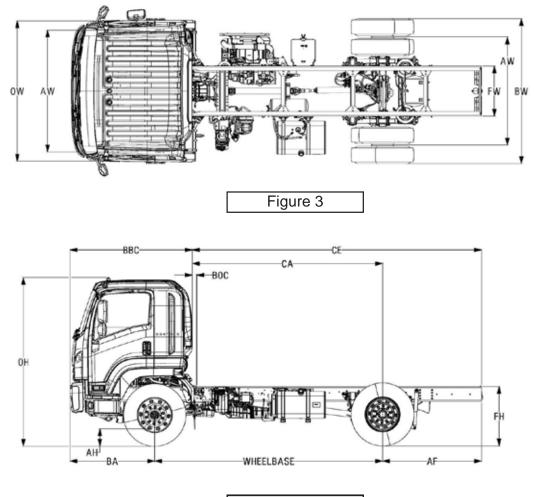
[4] Measured at the rear axle from the top of the frame to the ground with the chassis at curb

[5] Measured at the rear axle from the top of the frame to the ground with the chassis loaded to GVWR.



Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

Air Spring Suspension



CHASSIS DIMENSIONS (in)								
MODEL	WB	CA[1]	CE[2]	AF	FL	OAL		
MT1	152	127	192.9	65.9	270.5	274.4		
MT2	170	145	220	75	297.6	301.5		
MT3	188	163	247	84.1	324.6	328.5		
MT4	200	175	264.9	90	342.5	346.4		
MT5	212	187	283.1	96.1	360.6	364.6		
MT6	224	199	301	102	378.5	382.5		
MT7	236	211	319.1	108.1	396.7	400.6		
MT8	248	223	337	114	414.6	418.5		
DIMENSION CONSTANTS (in)								
	81.1							
	56.5							
	81.5							
	3							
	96							
	72.2							
	33.5							
	93.5							
	255/70R22.5H							
	7.7							
	35.9							
	35.9							
	35.9							
0	107							

Notes:

[1] Effective CA is CA less BOC.

[2] Effective CE is CE less BOC.

[3] Measured at the end of the frame from the top of the frame to the ground at curb weight.

[4] Measured at the rear axle from the top of the frame to the ground with the chassis at curb

[5] Measured at the rear axle from the top of the frame to the ground with the chassis loaded to GVWR.

Figure 4



Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

Multi-leaf Suspension

	VEHICLE WEIGHT LIMITS			
Rating	Tire	Capacity		
GVWR Designed Maximum	All tire options	25,950 lb		
GCWR Combined Maximum	All tire options	30,000 lb		
Front GAWR	11R22.5G tires	12,000 lb		
FIOIL GAVER	255/70R22.5H tires	11,000 lb		
Rear GAWR	All tire options	19,000 lb		

FINAL WEIGHT CHART PENDING

Notes:

[1] Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel, but no driver or payload.

[2] Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

Vehicle Weights, Dimensions and Ratings

Air-spring Suspension

	VEHICLE WEIGHT LIMITS									
	Rating	Tire	Capacity							
	GVWR Designed Maximum	All tire options	25,950 lb							
	GCWR Combined Maximum	All tire options	30,000 lb							
	Front GAWR	11R22.5G tires	12,000 lb							
L	FIOILGAWR	255/70R22.5H tires	11,000 lb							
	Rear GAWR	All tire options	19,000 lb							

FINAL WEIGHT CHART PENDING

Notes:

[1] Chassis Curb Weight reflects standard equipment and fuel, but no driver or payload.

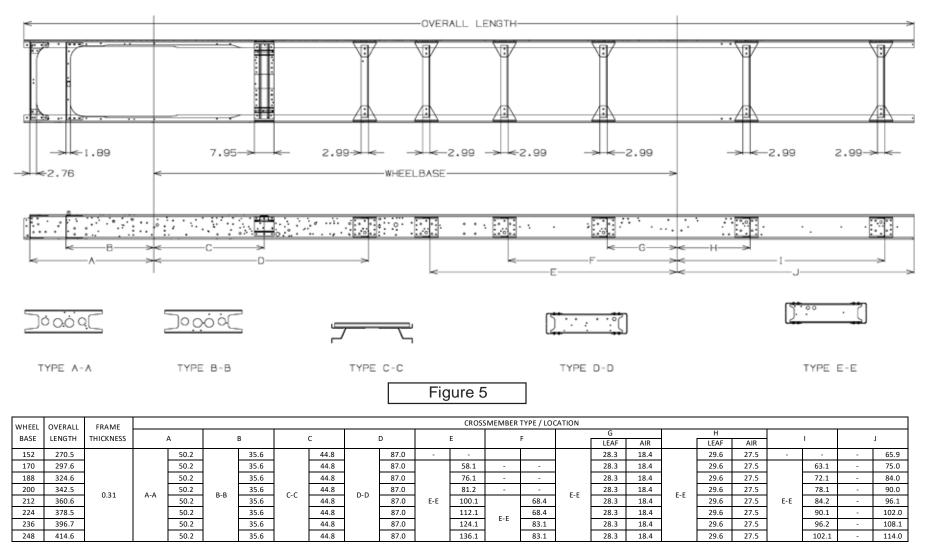
2021 Chevrolet LCF

[2] Maximum Payload Weight is the allowed maximum for equipment, body, payload and driver and is calculated by subtracting chassis curb weight from the GVWR.

Optional Equipment Weights

	OPTION WEIGHTS	
Code	Description	Front / Rear (Ibs)
10Z	Spartan Modification Center Ship Thru Code	0 / 0
I1L	Speed limited to 58 MPH	0 / 0
I2L	Speed limited to 65 MPH	0 / 0
I3L	Speed limited to 68 MPH	0 / 0
I4L	Speed limited to 70 MPH	0 / 0
I4K	Keyless entry	1/0
I3Z	Spare keys (2 additional, 4 keys in total)	0 / 0
IY9	Engine idle shutdown (timer set at 3 minutes for engine shutdown)	0 / 0
19A	Engine idle shutdown (timer set at 5 minutes for engine shutdown)	0 / 0
I2Q	96" wide heated mirrors (flat & convex)	1 / 0
I3Q	96" wide heated remote mirrors (heated flat & convex, remote flat only)	2 / 0
I4Q	102" wide standard mirror heads	2 / 0
15Q	102" wide heated mirrors (flat & convex)	2/0
I6Q	102" wide heated remote mirrors (heated flat & convex, remote flat only)	3 / 0
IF6	Fire extinguisher (2.5 lbs) and triangle kit	22 / 0
I8P	Fire extinguisher (5 lbs) and triangle kit	27 / 0
15W	Engine oil pan heater with receptacle (125V 300W)	3 / 0
I3W	Cold Weather Package I (includes block heater with receptacle and heated fuel filter)	2/0
I3V	Cold Weather Package II (includes block heater + oil pan heater with receptacle and heated fuel filter)	4 / 0
IH2	Engine emergency shutdown system HWT, LWL, LOP	0 / 0
IL9	PTO enable switch and engine idle up switch recommended for PTO and idle applications only	0 / 0
IV8	Seat covers	6 / 0
UZF	Back up alarm	0 / 1
V22	Chrome grille	1 / 0
I4H	CAN interface converter	0 / 0
I6K	Lockable DEF fill cap	0 / 0
I5L	Lockable DEF fill cap (all keyed alike on multiple chassis ordered together)	0 / 0
17V	Aluminum wheels: 4 aluminum wheels + 2 steel rear inner wheels	0 / -112
18V	Aluminum wheels: 6 aluminum wheels	-56 / -112
IY4	Delete radio	-3 / 0
I1V	Audio system with 7" diagonal color touch screen	2/0
12V	Audio system with 7" diagonal color touch screen with backup camera (camera shipped loose)	2/2
17L	High visibility seat belt (red color, driver seat only)	0 / 0
18L	High visibility seat belt (red color, driver and RH passenger seat only)	0 / 0
14V	Forward collision and lane departure warning (Mobileye)	2/0

Frame and Crossmember Specifications

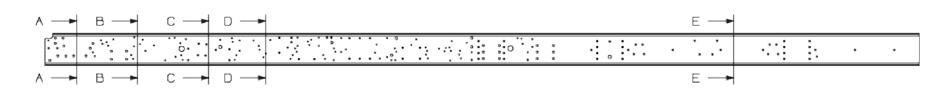


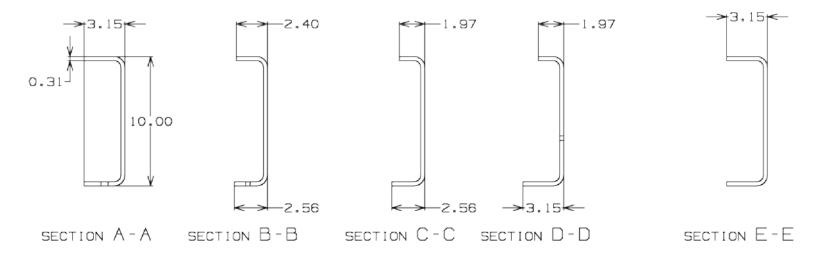
NOTE: Dimensions in inches



Frame Chart



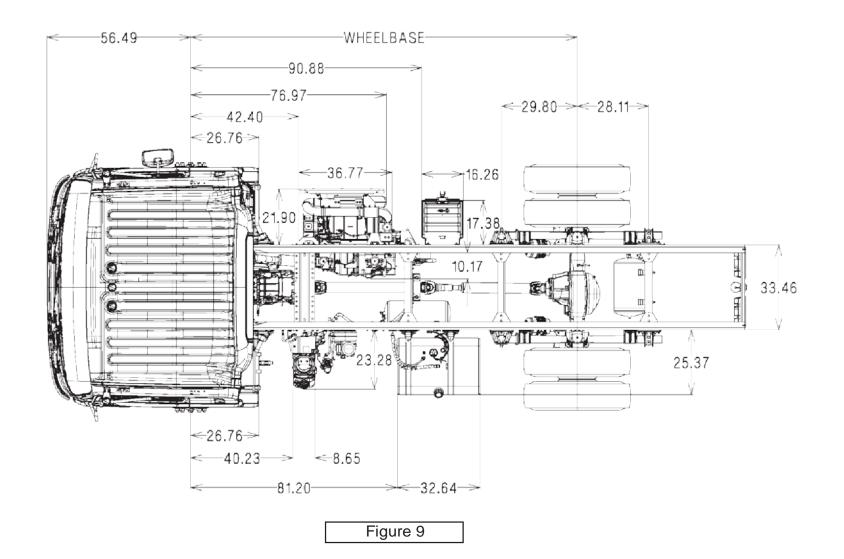




Wheelbase	Frame Length	
152	270.5	0.315
170	297.6	0.315
188	324.6	0.315
200	342.5	0.315
212	360.6	0.315
224	378.5	0.315
236	396.7	0.315
248	414.6	0.315
	Figure 8	Note: Dimensions in inches

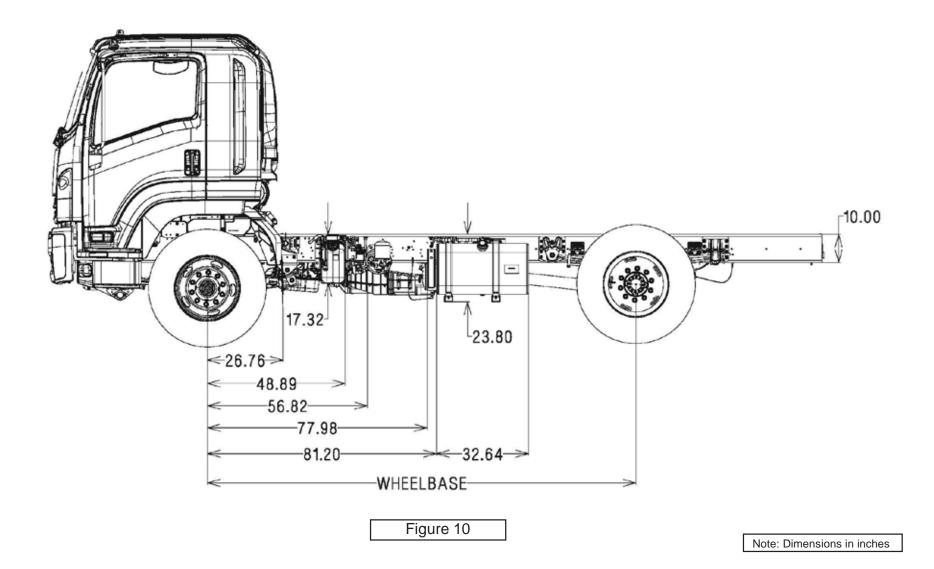
18.9

Diesel Multi-Leaf Spring Suspension - Top View





Diesel Multi-Leaf Spring Suspension - Left Side View



18.11

Diesel Multi-Leaf Spring Suspension - Right Side View

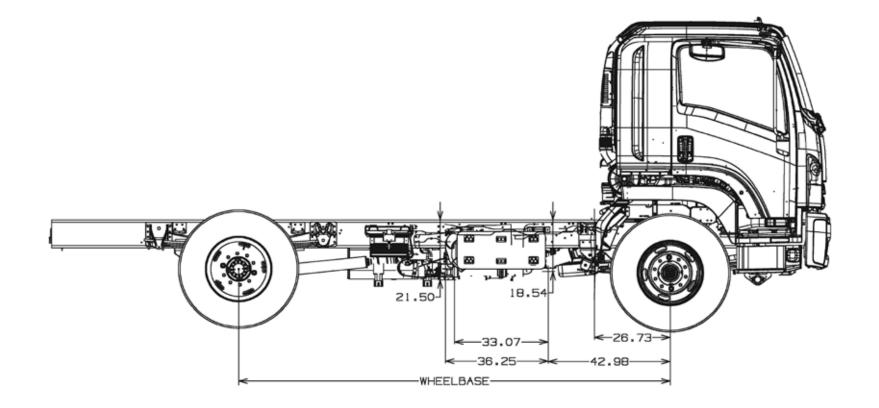
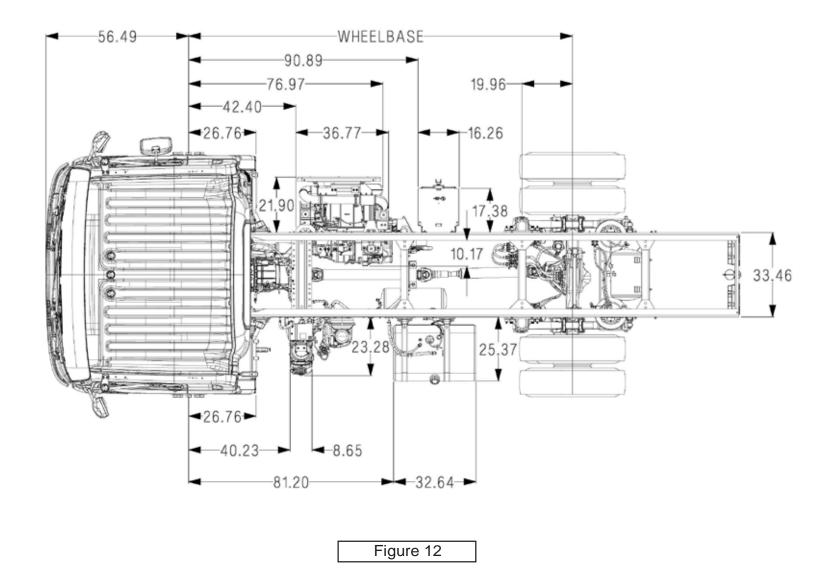


Figure 11

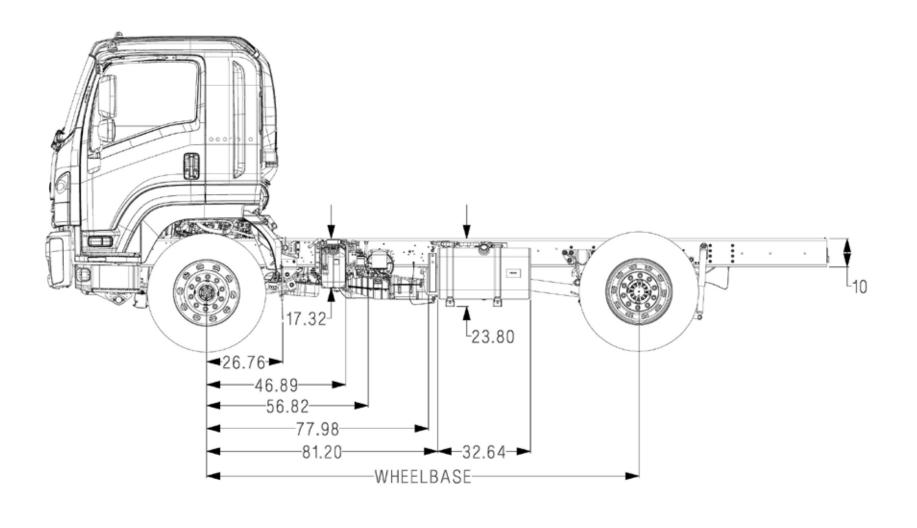
Diesel Air Spring Suspension - Top View



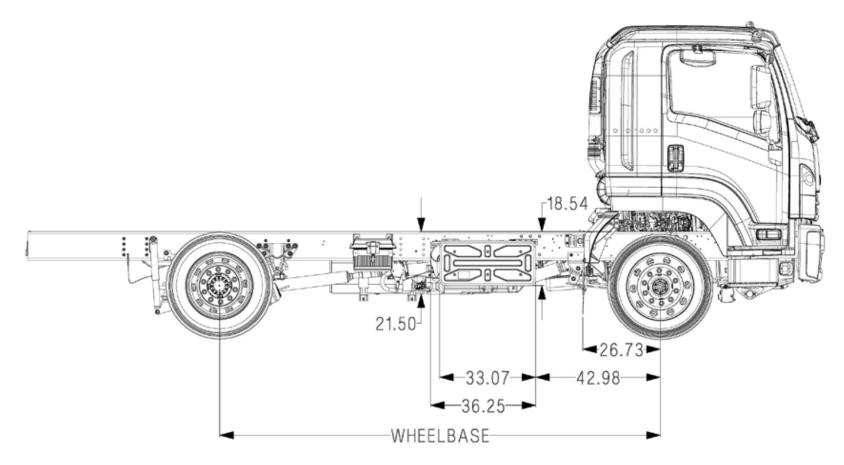
[⊮] 18.12

^{by} **18.13**

Diesel Air Spring Suspension - Driver Side View



Diesel Air Spring Suspension - Passenger Side View



Note: Chassis shown with 255/70R22.5H tires

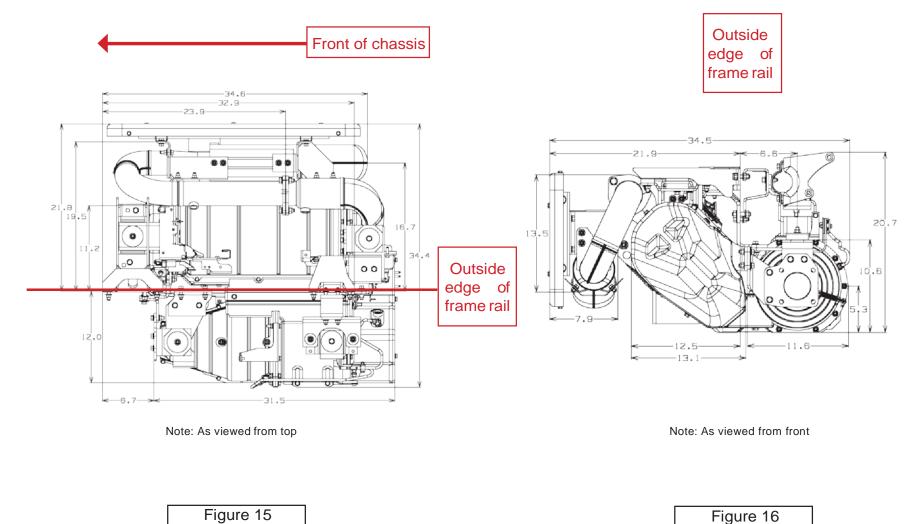
Figure 14

₫ 18.14



Exhaust System Dimensions

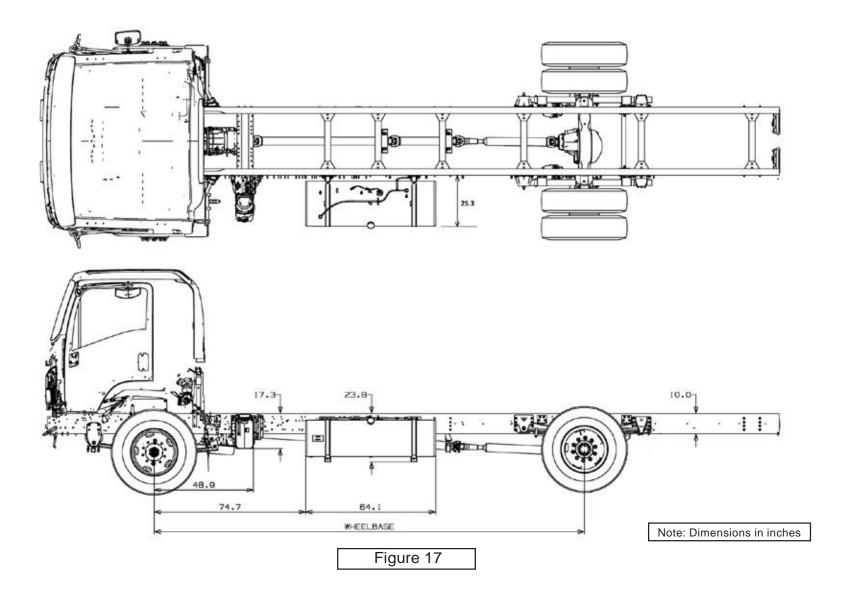
<u>SCR / DPF 4HK1-TC</u>



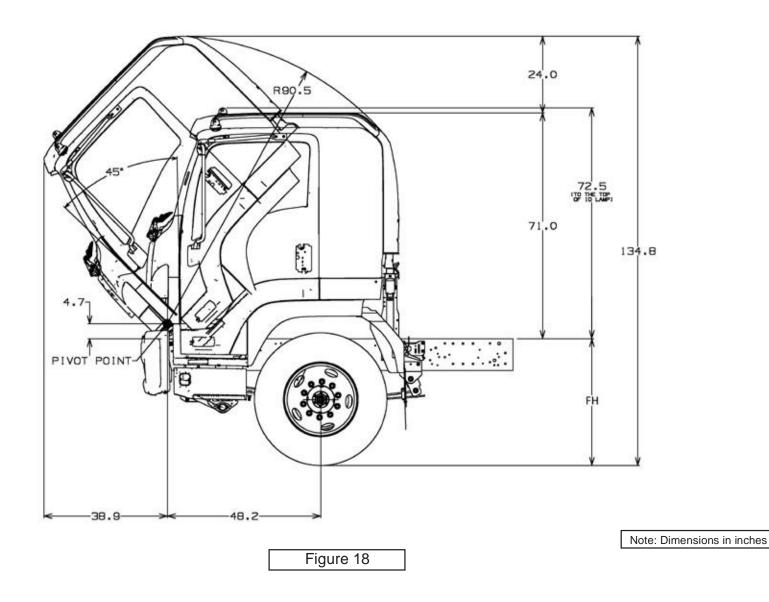
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18.16

Fuel Tank Dimensions - 100 Gallon Tank



<u>Cab Tilt</u>



2021 Chevrolet LCF

^B **18.17**

Turning Diameter



diameter curb to curb

diameter wall to wall

B= Minimum turning

Figure 19

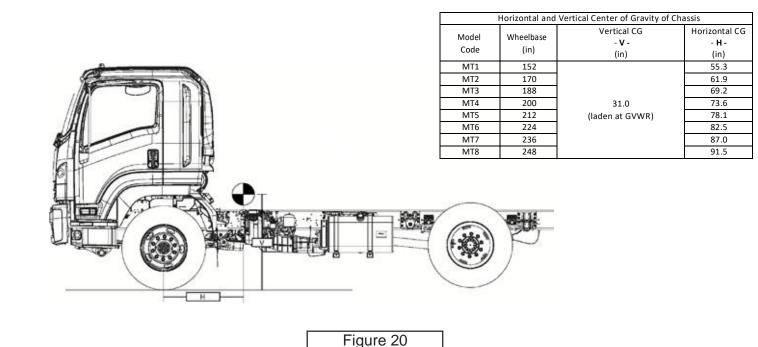
Wheelbase	in	152	170	188	200	212	224	236	248
CurbtoCurb	ft	43.7	47.4	51.8	54.7	56.5	59.3	62.2	65.0
WALL-TO-WALL (Bumper)	ft	48.7	52.5	56.9	59.9	61.7	64.6	67.5	70.3
WALLTOWALL (96" Mirrors)	ft	48.6	52.5	56.9	59.8	61.6	64.5	67.3	70.2
WALLTOWALL (102" Mirrors)	ft	49.0	52.9	57.2	60.2	62.0	64.8	67.7	70.6

2021 Chevrolet LCF

Revision: 05/04/21

The 6500XD Diesel steering features a 50 degree inside wheel cut angle.

Center of Gravity



NOTE: The Final Manufacturer must ensure that the combined vertical center of gravity of the chassis, body, and available payload at full GVW does not exceed the maximum vertical center of gravity outlined in the Chevrolet Incomplete Vehicle Document (IVD).

The maximum vertical center of gravity of the total vehicle at maximum GVWR is not to exceed 70 inches (1778 mm) above the ground. If a higher completed vehicle vertical center of gravity is required, please contact Chevrolet Commercial Truck application engineering.

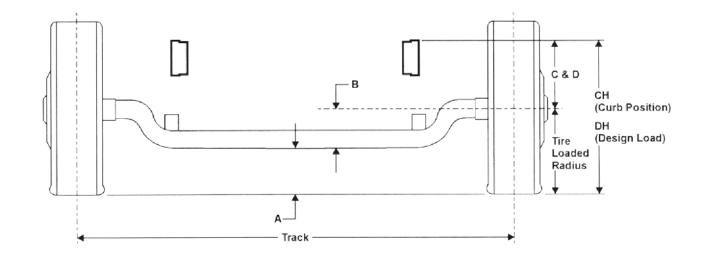
Note: Dimensions in inches

PAGE

18.19

18.20

Front Axle Chart



Formulas for calculating height dimensions:

A = Tire Loaded Ra	dius – B
--------------------	----------

C = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Curb Position

D = Centerline of Axle to Top of Frame Rail at Design Load

CH = C + Tire Unloaded Radius

DH = D + Tire Loaded Radius

TIRE	GVWR	GAWR	А	В	С	D	СН	DH	TRACK
11R22.5G	25,950 lb.	12,000 lb.	10.0	9.4	20.0	18.6	40.8	38.0	81.4
255/70R22.5H	25,950 lb.	11,000 lb.	7.7	9.4	20.0	18.6	38.3	35.7	81.4

Figure 21

[₩] 18.21

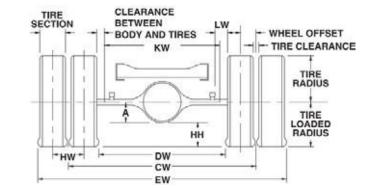
Rear Axle Chart

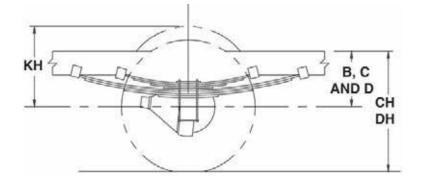
efinition	-						
A	Centerline of axle to bottom of axle bowl.						
В	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at metal-to-metal position.						
С	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at curb position.						
D	Centerline of axle to top of frame rail at design load.						
	Rear Tire Clearance: Minimum clearance required for tires measured from the top of the						
E	frame at the vehicle centerline of the rear axle, when rear wheels on one side ride over a high						
	spot.						
СН	Rear Frame Height (Curb Load): Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and						
CII	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at curb position.						
DH	Rear Frame Height (Design Load): Vertical distance between the normal top of frame rail and						
υn	the ground-line through the centerline of the rear axle at design position.						
DW	Minimum distance between the inner surfaces of the rear tires.						
514/	Minimum Rear Width: Overall width of the vehicle measured at the outermost surfaces of the						
EW	rear tires.						
HH	Rear Tire Clearance: Minimum clearance between the rear axle and the ground-line.						
HW	Dual Tire Spacing: Distance between the centerlines of the tires in a set of dual tires.						
1/11	Tire Bounce Clearance: Minimum distance required for tire bounce as measured from the						
КН	centerline of the rear axle and the top of the rear tire when one wheel rides over a high spot.						
0.17	Track Dual Rear Wheel Vehicle: Distance between the centerlines of the dual wheels						
CW	measured at the ground-line.						
KW	Clearance between body and tires.						
quations							
СН	= Tire loaded radius + C						
DH	= Tire loaded radius + D						
DW	= CW + 2 tire sections - tire clearance						
EW	= CW + 2 tire sections + tire clearance						
HH	= Tire loaded radius - A						
JH	= KH - B						
КН	= Tire radius + 3.0 inches						
KW	= DW - 5.0 inches						
LW	= 1.0 inch minimum clearance between tires and springs						

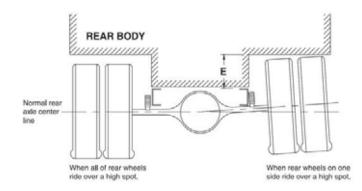
SUSPENSIO TYPE	TIRE SIZE	CW	А	В	С	D	E ^[1]
MULTI-LEA	11R22.5G	72.1	8.1	13.8	20.8	17.9	11.4
WIOLTI-LEF	255/70R22.5H						10.8
AIR SPRIN	11R22.5G			45.7	10.0	10.0	5.0
AIR SPRIN	255/70R22.5H			15.7	18.6	18.6	3.2

Notes:

[1] Includes 2.5" of tire chain clearance

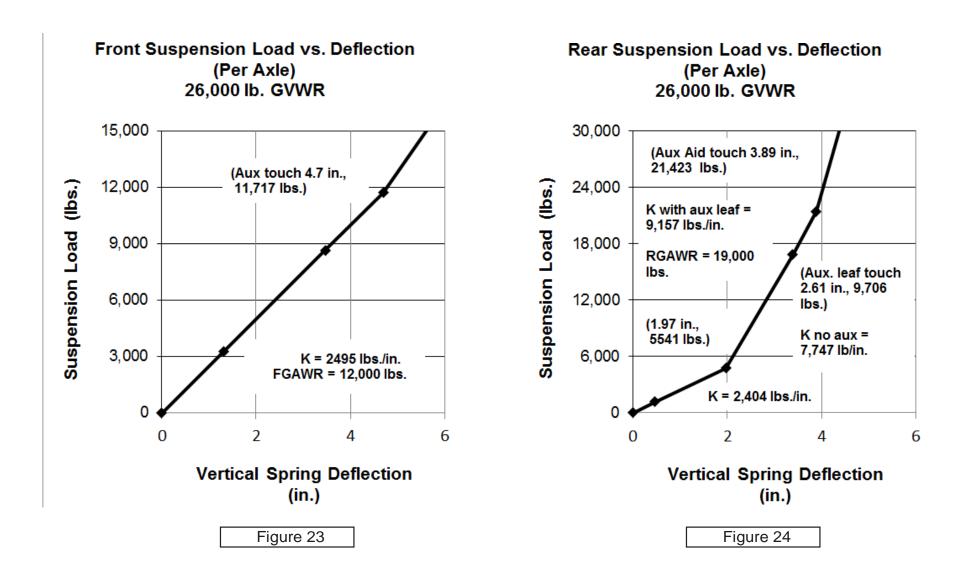






18.22

Multi-leaf Spring Suspension Deflection Charts





Tire and Disc Wheel Chart

Tire											
Brand	Size	Revolutions Per Mile	Max Load (I	l Per Tire b)	Cold Inflation Pressure	GVWR (lb)		dius n)	Loaded Section Width	Tire Clearance	Design Rim Width
		T CT WINC	Single	Dual	(psi)	(10)	Loaded	Unloaded	(in)	(in)	(in)
Bridgestone	11R22.5G	500	6175	5840	105	25,950	19.4	20.8	12.3	0.92	8.25
Continental	11R22.5G	498	6175	5840	105	25,950	19.4	20.8	12.0	0.20	8.25
Yokohama RY023 (Front Tire)	255/70R22.5	570	5510	5070	120	25,950 _[1]	17.1	18.25	10	2.83	7.5
Yokohama TY303 (Drive Tire)	255/70R22.5	563	5510	5070	120	25,950	17.3	18.5	10	2.83	7.5

Disc Wheel

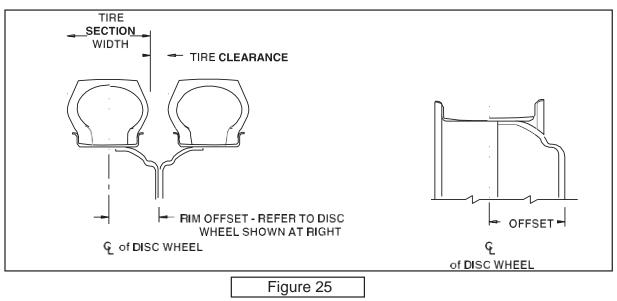
Brand	Size (in.)	Material	Rim Type	Bolt Holes	Bolt Circle Diameter (in)	Front & Rear Nut Size _[2]	Front & Rear Stud Size	Nut/Stud Torque Specs (ft-lb)	Inner Circle (in)	Wheel Outside Offset (in)	Disc Thickness (in)
Accuride	22.5 x 8.25	2-piece welded steel	Hub-piloted, dual- mounting, 15º tubeless	10-Hole	11.25	33mm Hex	M22 x 1.5	475 (644 N-m)	8.66	6.60	0.437
Alcoa _[3]	22.5 x 8.25	1-piece aluminum	Hub-piloted, dual- mounting, 15º tubeless	10-Hole	11.25	33mm Hex	M22 x 1.5	475 (644 N-m)	8.66	6.60	0.748

NOTES:

[1] Front GAWR is reduced to 11,000 lb. with 255/70R22.5H tires equipped.

[2] Outside dimension wrench size

[3] Aluminum wheel options will include (4) wheel spacers to prevent dissimilar metal corrosion





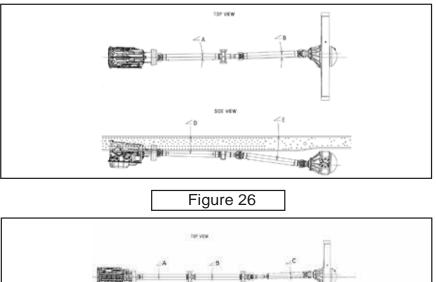




Figure 27

Wheel Base		Top View		Side View					
(in.)	∠A	∠B	∠C	∠D	∠E	∠F	∠Trans.	∠Rear Axle	
152	0	0.6	n/a	4.9	8.20	n/a	4	4.3	
170	0	0.4	n/a	5.2	5.6	n/a	4	4.3	
188	0	0.5	n/a	4.6	4.7	n/a	4	4.3	
200	0	0	0.4	5.2	4.4	3.4	4	4.3	
212	0	0	0.5	3.1	4.8	4.3	4	4.3	
224	0	0	0.6	3.1	3.3	4.5	4	4.3	
236	0	0	0.4	3.1	3.6	3.4	4	4.3	
248	0	0	0.4	3.1	2.7	3.4	4	4.3	

Note: 1. Angles provided in table are relative to the frame angle. Please take this into consideration for service measurements.

2. Driveline angles are based on the chassis curb weight which includes standard fuel but no driver, body, or payload.



Propeller Shaft Lengths

Wheel Base	152	170	188	200	212	224	236	248
No. of Shafts	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Shaft #1 O.D.	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Ihickness	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Length	43.0	43.0	67.9	43.0	67.9	67.9	67.9	67.9
Туре	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Shaft #2 O.D.	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Ihickness	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	09.5
Length	41.2	58.9	51.8	31.7	31.7	43.7	41.1	52.9
Туре	В	B	В	A	A	A	A	A
Shaft #3 O.D.	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Thickness	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Length	N/A	N/A	N/A	57.3	44.3	44.3	58.9	58.9
Туре	N/A	N/A	N/A	В	В	В	В	В

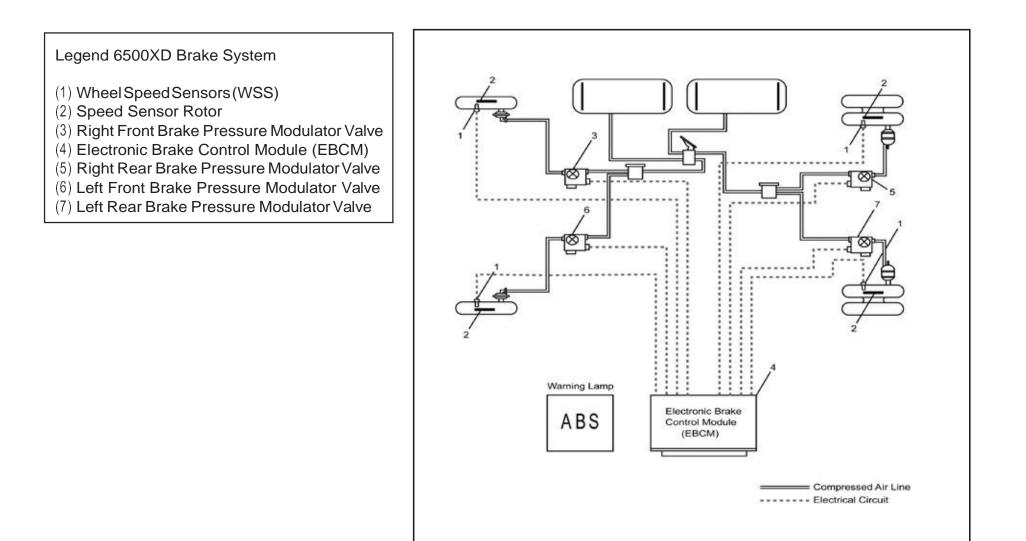
Figure 28

Туре	Description	Illustration			
Туре А	1st shaft in 2 or 3-Piece Driveline 2nd shaft in 3-Piece Driveline				
Туре В	2nd shaft in 2-piece Driveline 3rd shaft in 3-Piece Driveline				

Figure 29



Brake System Diagram



^{Byde} 19.1

Paint Code Chart

EXTERIOR PAINT CODE INFORMATION

GM Ordering Color Name Exterior	AKZO NOBEL CODE	DUPONT CODE	NEXA COLOR CODE	PPG CODE	SHERWIN WILLIAMS/ MARTIN SENOUR	SPIES HECKER CODE	STANDOX CODE	PANTONE (1)
White	FLNA40156	729	729	91508	729	729	729	7541C
Wheatland Yellow	FLNA10182	812	812	83931	812	812	812	137C
Dark Woodland Green	FLNA60181	807	807	48339	807	807	807	3308C
Cardinal Red	ISU736	736	736	75097	736	736	736	202C
Dark Blue	ISU695	695	695	909649	695	695	695	655C
Black	ISU508	508	508	N/A	508	508	508	Black 6C

(1) The Pantone colors listed are the closest Pantone color numbers to the OEMpaint colors and are given for reference only

Figure 19.1.1